

# PHYS12 CH:22.5 When Radiation Heals

## Medical Applications of Radioactivity

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# Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Medical Imaging
- 3 Radiation Effects on Cells
- 4 Radiation Therapy
- 5 Radiation Dosage
- 6 Summary

## The Paradox of Radiation

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Understanding this paradox requires understanding cells, DNA, and targeted destruction.

# Learning Objectives

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  - **22.5:** Describe the ionizing effects of radiation and how they can be used for medical treatment

## 22.5 Seeing the Invisible

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- ② **Radiation depends on the nucleus, not the molecule** - we can tag compounds with radioactive isotopes

### The Universal Tool

Put a radioactive isotope in a drug. Track where the drug goes. See what's happening inside the body.

## 22.5 The Tagged Compound

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### Radiopharmaceutical

A compound tagged with a radioactive isotope and used for medical purposes.

#### How it works:

- Drug concentrates in specific organs or tissues
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- Detectors outside the body track the location and concentration
- Computer creates an image showing function, not just structure

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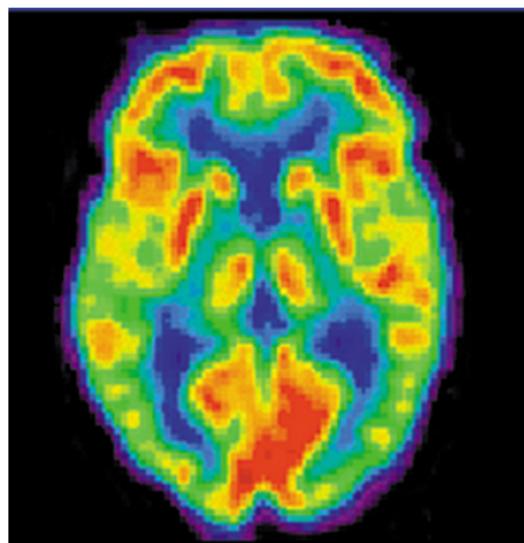
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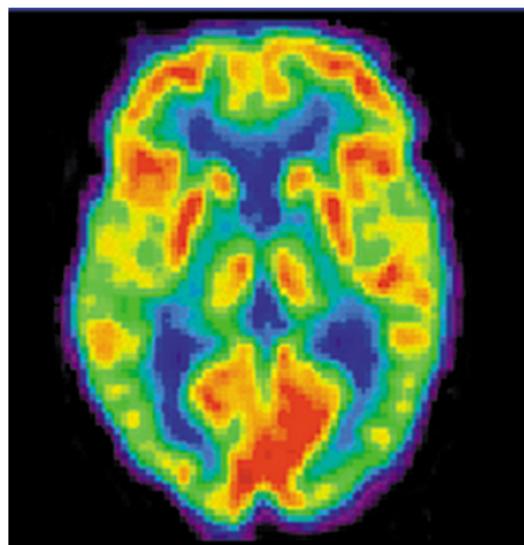
### The Mental Model

Each isotope is like a specialized spy, reporting from specific locations in the body.

## 22.5 Brain Imaging with Radiopharmaceuticals

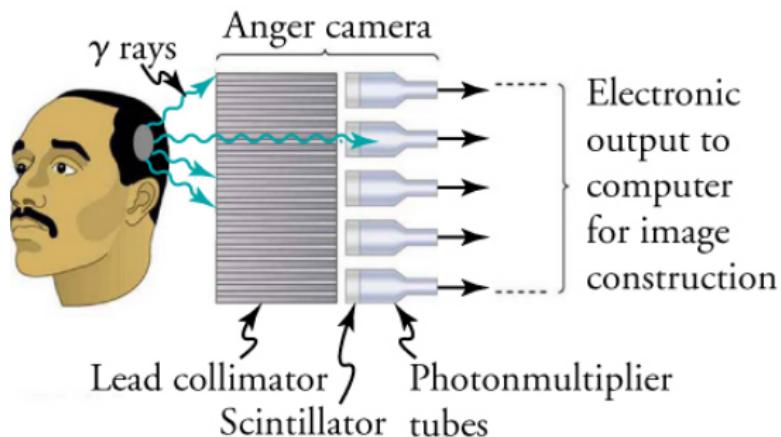


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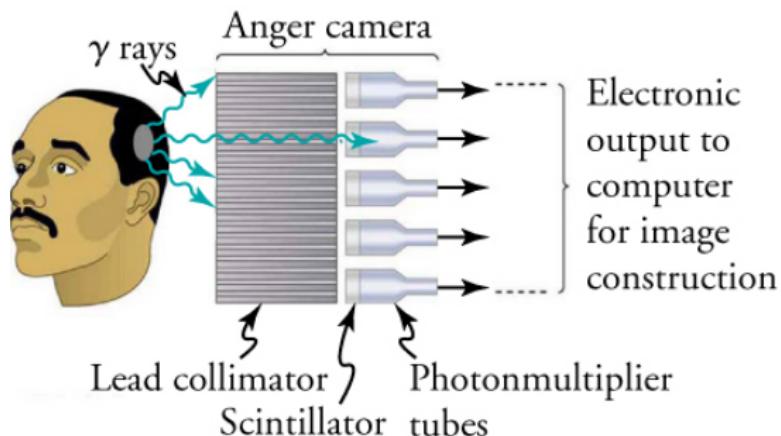


Brain scan of patient with Alzheimer's disease using a radiopharmaceutical.

## 22.5 The Anger Camera



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### Components:

- Lead collimator narrows gamma ray beams
- Scintillator converts gamma rays to visible light
- Photomultipliers convert light to electrical signals
- Computer creates image from detector array

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  - Trade-off: Better 3D detail, but lower spatial resolution

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### **Positron Emission Tomography (PET):**

Uses isotopes that emit positrons ( $\beta^+$  particles).

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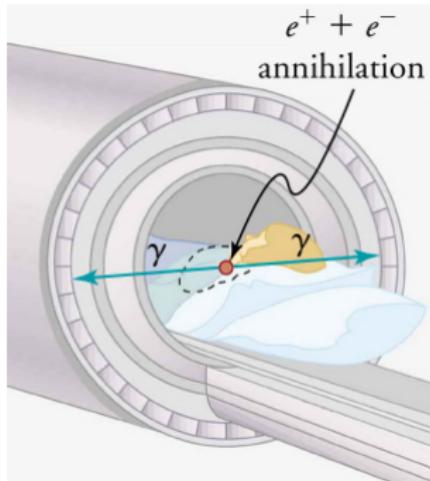
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### The Universal Law

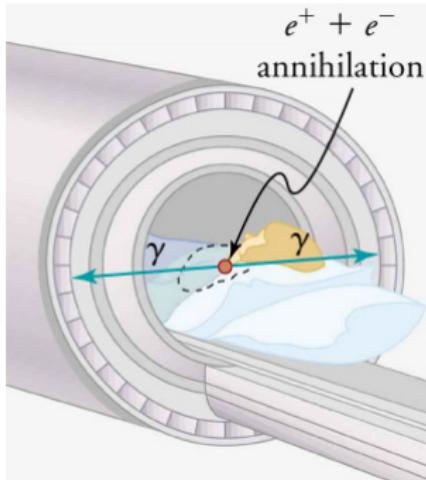
$$E = mc^2$$

Mass converts to **energy**: electron mass = 0.511 MeV per gamma ray.

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Detectors on opposite sides detect simultaneous 0.511 MeV photons, pinpointing annihilation location.

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### Real-World: Mapping Thought

PET can show which parts of brain activate when you speak, close your eyes, or solve math problems.

## 22.5 The Double-Edged Sword

## The Paradox

## **Ionizing radiation:**

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### The Paradox

#### **Ionizing radiation:**

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### The Universal Truth

All effects of ionizing radiation come from one source:

**Damage to DNA molecules inside cells.**

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## The Mental Model

DNA is like the source code for your body. Radiation introduces bugs. The cell tries to debug.

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### Civilian View vs. Reality

**Civilian:** "Radiation always causes cancer."

**Physicist:** "Radiation damages DNA. Outcome depends on dose, cell type, and repair ability."

## 22.5 Why Radiation Kills Cancer

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This is why radiation can both cause and cure cancer.

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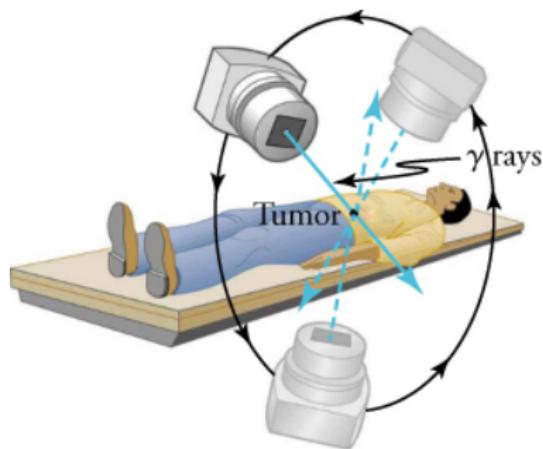
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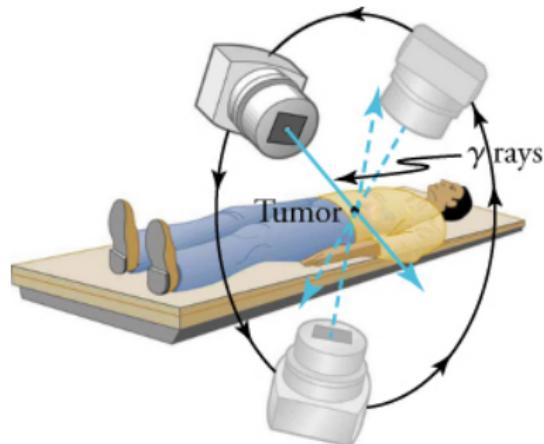
### The Trade-off

Radiation doesn't distinguish cancer from normal cells - only rapidly dividing from slowly dividing.

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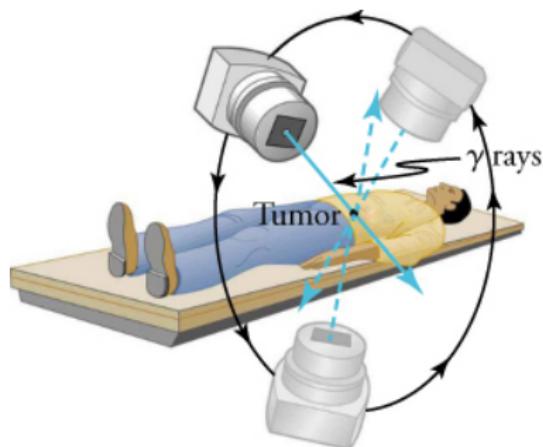


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- Tumor receives high dose from all directions
- Surrounding tissue receives low dose from each beam

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- ⑥ Radiation destroys cancer cells locally

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### The Limit

Technique is limited by tolerable damage to organs that process and eliminate the radiopharmaceutical.

## 22.5 Measuring Damage

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**Key point:** Must specify which tissue received the dose.

- Whole-body dose
- Localized dose (e.g., forearm)

# Attempt: Radiation Dose Calculation

## The Challenge (3 min, silent)

A 60.0-kg person is exposed to ionizing radiation over their entire body and absorbs 1.80 J of energy.

### Given:

- Mass = 60.0 kg
- Energy absorbed = 1.80 J

### Find: Whole-body radiation dose in rads

*Can you calculate the dose? Work silently.*

# Compare: Dose Calculation

**Turn and talk (2 min):**

- ① What formula relates **energy**, mass, and dose?
- ② How do you convert J/kg to rads?
- ③ What conversion factor did you use?

# Compare: Dose Calculation

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**Name wheel:** One pair share your approach (not your answer).

# Reveal: The Dose

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$$\text{Dose} = \frac{0.0300 \text{ J/kg}}{0.01 \text{ J/kg per rad}} = \boxed{3.00 \text{ rad}}$$

**Check:** 1.80 J over 60 kg is small energy per mass, so low rad dose.  
Reasonable!

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### Relative Biological Effectiveness (RBE)

Number expressing relative damage from a given type of radiation.

- X-rays,  $\gamma$  rays: RBE  $\approx 1$
- Beta particles: RBE  $\approx 1\text{-}2$
- Alpha particles: RBE  $\approx 10\text{-}20$
- Neutrons: RBE  $\approx 3\text{-}10$

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### Civilian View vs. Reality

**Civilian:** "Alpha is safe - can't penetrate skin."

**Physicist:** "Alpha is safe OUTSIDE. Deadly INSIDE."

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### The Mental Model

Rads measure **energy** deposited. Rems measure biological damage.

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### Dose Levels

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### Key Point

Dose spread over time allows repair. Same total dose over weeks causes less damage than in one day.

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- **500+ rem:** Usually fatal within weeks without treatment

### Context

Average background radiation:  $\sim 0.3$  rem/year

Chest X-ray:  $\sim 0.01$  rem

CT scan:  $\sim 1$  rem

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- ⑥ Radiotherapy maximizes therapeutic ratio through targeting
- ⑦ Dose units: rad (energy), RBE (effectiveness), rem (biological damage)

# Key Equations

$$1 \text{ rad} = 0.01 \text{ J/kg} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{rem} = \text{rad} \times \text{RBE} \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Therapeutic Ratio} = \frac{\text{Abnormal cells killed}}{\text{Normal cells killed}} \quad (3)$$

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Physics doesn't just explain the universe - it saves lives.

# Homework

Complete the assigned problems  
posted on the LMS