ANALYSIS OF WOMEN SAFETY IN INDIAN CITIES ON TWEETS USING MACHINE LEARNING

¹Allam Sravani, ²Rottela Akhila, ³Kasetty Vamsi Krishna, ⁴Kureli Ashok Kumar, ⁵Uppara Vinod Kumar, ⁶V. Mallesi

¹²³⁴⁵B.Tech Student, ⁶Associate Professor

Department of CSE

Bheema Institute of Technology and Science, Adoni

ABSTRACT:

Women and girls have been experiencing a lot of violence and harassment in public places in various cities starting from stalking and leading to abuse harassment or abuse assault. This research paper basically focuses on the role of social media in promoting the safety of women in Indian cities with special reference to the role of social media websites and applications including Twitter platform Facebook and Instagram. This paper also focuses on how a sense of responsibility on part of Indian society can be developed the common Indian people so that we should focus on the safety of women surrounding them. Tweets on Twitter which usually contains images and text and also written messages and quotes which focus on the safety of women in Indian cities can be used to read a message amongst the Indian Youth Culture and educate people to take strict action and punish those who harass the women. Twitter and other Twitter handles which include hash tag messages that are widely spread across the whole globe sir as a platform for women to express their views about how they feel while we go out for work or travel in a public transport and what is the state of their mind when they are surrounded by unknown men and whether these women feel safe or not?

I.INTRODUCTION:

There are certain types of harassment and Violence that are very aggressive including staring and passing comments and these unacceptable practices are usually seen as a normal part of the urban life. There have

been several studies that have been conducted in cities across India and women report similar type of sexual harassment and passing off comments by other unknown people. The study that was conducted across most popular Metropolitan cities of India including Delhi, Mumbai and Pune, it was shown that 60 % of the women feel unsafe while going out to work or while travelling in public transport. Women have the right to the city which means that they can go freely whenever they want whether it be too an Educational Institute, or any other place women want to go. But women feel that they are unsafe in places like malls, shopping malls on their way to their job location because of the several unknown Eyes body shaming and harassing these women point Safety or lack of concrete consequences in the life of women is the main reason of harassment of girls. There are instances when the harassment of girls was done by their neighbours while they were on the way to school or there was a lack of safety that created a sense of fear in the minds of small girls who throughout their lifetime suffer due to that

one instance that happened in their lives where they were forced to do something unacceptable or was sexually harassed by one of their own neighbor or any other unknown person. Safest cities approach women safety from a perspective of women rights to the affect the city without fear of violence or sexual harassment. Rather than imposing restrictions on women that society usually imposes it is the duty of society to imprecise the need of protection of women and also recognizes that women and girls

also have a right same as men have to be safe in the City. Analysis of twitter texts collection also includes the name of people and name of women who stand up against sexual harassment and unethical behaviour of men in Indian cities which make them uncomfortable to walk freely. The data set that was obtained through Twitter about the status of women safety in Indian society was for the processed through machine learning algorithms for the purpose of smoothening the data by removing zero values and using Laplace and porter's theory is to developer method of analyzation of data and remove retweet and redundant data from the data set that is obtained so that a clear and original view of safety status

of women in Indian society is obtained.

Twitter in this modern era has emerged as a ultimate microblogging social network consisting over hundred million users and generate over five hundred million messages known as 'Tweets' every day. Twitter with such a massive audience has magnetized users to emit their perspective and judgemental about every existing issue and topic of internet, therefore twitter is an informative source for all the zones like institutions, companies and organizations. On the twitter, users will share their opinions and perspective in the tweets section. This tweet can only contain 140 characters, thus making the users to compact messages with their the help abbreviations, slang, shot forms, emoticons, etc. In addition to this, many people express their

opinions by using polysemy and sarcasm also. Hence twitter language can be termed as the unstructured. From the tweet, the sentiment behind the message is extracted. This extraction

is done by using the sentimental analysis procedure.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Contextual phrase-level polarity analysis using lexical affect scoring and syntactic ngrams:

We present a classifier to predict contextual polarity of subjective phrases in a sentence. Our

approach features lexical scoring derived from the Dictionary of Affect in Language (DAL) and

extended through WordNet, allowing us to automatially score the vast majority of words in our input avoiding the need for manual labeling. We augment lexical scoring with n-gram analysis to capture the effect of context. We combine DAL scores with syntactic constituents and then extract n-grams of constituents from all sentences. We also use the polarity of all syntactic constituents within the sentence as features. Our results show significant improvement over a majority class baseline as well as a more difficult baseline consisting of lexical n-grams.

2.2 Robust sentiment detection on twitter from biased and noisy data:

In this paper, we propose an approach to automatically detect sentiments on Twitter messages (tweets) that explores some characteristics of how tweets are written and meta-information of the words that compose these messages. Moreover, we leverage sources of noisy labels as our training data. These noisy labels were provided by a few sentiment detection websites over twitter data. In our experiments, we show that since our features are able to capture a more abstract representation of tweets, solution is more effective than previous ones and also more robust regarding biased and noisy data, which is the kind of data provided by these sources.

2.3 Sentiment classification on customer feedback data: noisy data, large feature vectors, and the role of linguistic analysis: We demonstrate that it is possible to perform automatic sentiment classification

in the very noisy domain of customer feedback data. We show that by using large feature vectors in combination with feature reduction, we can train linear support vector machines that achieve high classification accuracy on data that present classification challenges even for a human annotator. We also show that, surprisingly, the addition of deep linguistic analysis features to a set of surface level word n-gram features contributes consistently to classification accuracy in this domain.

2.4 Study of Twitter sentiment analysis using machine learning algorithms on Python:

Twitter is a platform widely used by people to express their opinions and display sentiments on

different occasions. Sentiment analysis is an approach to analyze data and retrieve sentiment that it embodies. Twitter sentiment analysis is an application of sentiment analysis on data from Twitter (tweets), in order to extract sentiments conveyed by the user. In the past decades, the research in this field has consistently grown. The reason behind this is the challenging format of

the tweets which makes the processing difficult. The tweet format is very small which generates a whole new dimension of problems like use of slang, abbreviations etc. In this paper, we aim to

review some papers regarding research in sentiment analysis on Twitter, describing the methodologies adopted and models applied, along with describing a generalized Python based approach.

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2.7 Sentiment classification on customer feedback data: noisy data, large feature vectors, and the role of linguistic analysis:

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surface level word n-gram features contributes consistently to classification accuracy in this domain.

III.SYSTEM ANALYSIS SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE: EXISTING SYSTEM:

People often express their views freely on social media about what they feel about the Indian society and the politicians that claim that Indian cities are safe for women. On social media websites people can freely Express their view point and women can share their experiences where they have faced abuse harassment or where we would have fight back against the abuse harassment that was imposed on them . The tweets about safety of women and stories of standing up against abuse harassment further motivates other women data on the same social media website or application like Twitter. Other women share these messages and tweets which further motivates other 5 men or 10 women to stand up and raise a voice against people who have made Indian cities and unsafe place for the women. In the recent years a large number of people have been attracted towards social media platforms like Facebook, . It is a common practice to extract the information from the data that is available on social networking through procedures of data extraction, data analysis and data interpretation methods. The accuracy of the Twitter analysis and prediction can be obtained by the use of behavioral analysis on the basis of social networks.

DISADVANTAGES:

- 1. Twitter and Instagram point and most of the people are using it to express their emotions and also their opinions about what they think about the Indian cities and Indian society.
- 2. There are several method of sentiment that can be categorized like

machine learning hybrid and lexicon-based learning.

3. Also there are another categorization Janta presented with categories of statistical, knowledge-based and age wise differentiation approaches

PROPOSED SYSTEM:

Women have the right to the city which means that they can go freely whenever they want whether it be too an Educational Institute, or any other place women want to go. But women feel that they are unsafe in places like malls, shopping malls on their way to their job location because of the several unknown Eyes body shaming and harassing these women point Safety or lack of concrete consequences in the life of women is the main reason of harassment of girls. There are instances when the harassment of girls was done by their neighbours while they were on the way to school or there was a lack of safety that created a sense of fear in the minds of small girls who throughout their lifetime suffer due to that one instance that happened in their lives where they were forced to do something unacceptable or was abusely harassed by one of their own neighbor or any other unknown person. Safest cities approach women safety from a perspective of women rights to the affect the city without fear of violence abuse or Rather harassment. than imposing restrictions on women that society usually imposes it is the duty of society to imprecise the need of protection of women and also recognizes that women and girls also have a right same as men have to be safe in the City.

ADVANTAGES:

1. Analysis of twitter texts collection also includes the name of people and name of women who stand up against abuse harassment and unethical behaviour of men

in Indian cities which make them uncomfortable to walk freely.

2. The data set that was obtained through Twitter about the status of women safety in Indian society.

FEASIBILITY STUDY

The feasibility of the project is analyzed in this phase and business proposal is put forth with a very general plan for the project and some cost estimates. During system analysis the feasibility study of the proposed system is to be carried out. This is to ensure that the proposed system is not a burden to the company. For feasibility analysis, some understanding of the major requirements for the system is essential.

Three key considerations involved in the feasibility analysis are,

- ECONOMICAL FEASIBILITY
- TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY
- SOCIAL FEASIBILITY

ECONOMICAL FEASIBILITY

This study is carried out to check the economic impact that the system will have on the organization. The amount of fund that the company can pour into the research and development of the system is limited. The expenditures must be justified. Thus the developed system as well within the budget and this was achieved because most of the technologies used are freely available. Only the customized products had to be purchased.

TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY

This study is carried out to check the technical feasibility, that is, the technical requirements of the system. Any system developed must not have a high demand on the available technical resources. This will lead to high demands on the available technical resources. This will lead to high demands being placed on the client. The developed system must have a modest requirement, as only minimal or null changes are required for implementing this system.

SOCIAL FEASIBILITY

The aspect of study is to check the level of acceptance of the system by the user. This includes the process of training the user to use the system efficiently. The user must not feel threatened by the system, instead must accept it as a necessity. The level of acceptance by the users solely depends on the methods that are employed to educate the user about the system and to make him familiar with it. His level of confidence must be raised so that he is also able to make some constructive criticism, which is welcomed, as he is the final user of the system.

IV.IMPLEMENTATION MODULES DESCRIPTION: TWITTER ANALYSIS

People communicate and share their opinion actively on social medias including Facebook and Twitter, Social network can be considered as a perfect platform to learn about people's opinion and sentiments regarding different events. There exists several opinion-oriented information gathering and analytics systems that aim to extract people's opinion regarding different topics.

IMPLEMENTATION OF SENTIMENTAL ANALYSIS OF TWEETS

Report the tweets picked up from Twitter API provided by Twitter itself. Due to the presence of Twitter API, there are many techniques available for sentimental analysis of data on Social media. In this project a set of available libraries has been used.

GRAPH

A Depressed interaction graph G_{-} is generated via some social graph

model, minimizing the distance between the real and Depressed interaction graphs. An interaction graph G is extracted from the input (real) social media data. An interaction graph represents how social network actors interact with each other [25], [26]. Entities and their interactions in social media are identified, and an interaction graph is built with a vertex set V, including entities, an edge set E representing interactions, and an attribute set A, which includes both vertex (entity) attributes and edge (interaction) attributes

Final Report

high, means that people have a lower interest in the topic and are not willing to haves a positive/negative side on it. This is also important to mention that depends on the data of the experiment we may get different results as people's opinion may change depending on the circumstances for example rape news it becomes the most trending news of the year in 2017. For some queries, the neutral tweets are more than 60% which clearly shows the limitation of the views. By above analysis that we have done, it an be clearly stated that Chennai is the safest city whereas Delhi is the unsafe city.

If the neutral tweets are significantly

V. CONCLUSION:

Throughout the research paper we have discussed about various machine learning algorithms that can help us to organize and analyze the huge amount of Twitter data obtained including millions of tweets and text messages shared every day. These machine learning algorithms are very effective and useful when it comes to analyzing of large amount of data including the SPC algorithm and linear algebraic Factor Model approaches which help to further categorize the data into meaningful groups. Support vector machines is yet another form of machine learning algorithm that is very popular in extracting Useful

information from the Twitter and get an idea about the status of women safety in Indian cities.

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