Aim: Execute the following Linux commands: TTY Command, uname command, Date, cal, Whoami, Man, Pwd, Whatis, Fdisk, Sudo, Ifconfig, Chmod, Umask, Adduser, Ping, Hostname, Dpkg—l

Learning Outcome: Able to work Linux environment by using Linux commands.

Duration: 8 Hour.

List of Hardware/Software requirements:

- 1. Computer Desktop/Laptop
- 2. Linux Operating System

### Code/Program/Procedure (with comment):



✓ ttv

There is a command called tty that displays terminal-related information. prints the file name of the terminal connected to standard input.

Output:

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ tty
/dev/pts/0
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ sudo tty
/dev/pts/1
```

### uname

✓ uname

print information about the system.

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ uname
Linux
```

# date

✓ date

display the system date and time.

### Output:

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:-$ date
Monday 21 November 2022 11:25:16 AM IST
```

# cal

✓ cal

if not working type

sudo apt install ncal

#### Output:

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ cal
Command 'cal' not found, but can be installed with:
sudo apt install ncal
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ sudo apt install ncal
[sudo] password for mrpglu:
Reading package lists... Done
page 1
```

shows current month calendar as output

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ cal

November 2022

Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa

1 2 3 4 5

6 7 8 9 10 11 12

13 14 15 16 17 18 19

20 21 22 23 24 25 26

27 28 29 30
```

# whoami

✓ whoami

display the username of the current user.

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ whoami
mrpglu
```



✓ pwd

print the full system path os the current working directory to standard output.

### Output:

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ pwd
/home/mrpglu
```

## umask

✓ umask

Set permission mask.

### Output:

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ umask
0002
```

## hostname

✓ hostname

obtain the DNS name and set the system's hostname or NIS domain name.

Output:

```
manjeetjangra@lalitkumarkoli: $ hostname
lalitkumarkoli
```

# ping

√ ping google.com

contains the amount of time it takes for every packet to reach its destination and return.

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ ping google.com
PING google.com (142.250.67.174) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from bom12s07-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.67.174):
8 time=218 ms
```

# \* man

#### ✓ man man

it shows the manual pages of the command.

### Output:

```
MAN(1)

NAME

man - an interface to the system reference manuals

SYNOPSIS

man [man options] [[section] page ...] ...
man -k [apropos options] regexp ...
man -k [man options] [section] term ...
man -f [whatis options] page ...
man -l [man options] file ...
man -w|-W [man options] page ...
```

## whatis

#### ✓ whatis

used to get a one-line manual page descriptions.

### Output:

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ whatis sudo
sudo (8) - execute a command as another user
```

## fdisk

### √ fdisk --help

it is a command-line who show the options of disk.

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ fdisk
fdisk: bad usage
Try 'fdisk --help' for more information.
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ fdisk --help

Usage:
  fdisk [options] <disk> change partition table
  fdisk [options] -l [<disk>...] list partition table(s)

Display or manipulate a disk partition table.

Options:
  -b, --sector-size <size> physical and logical sector size
  -B, --protect-boot don't erase bootbits when creating
```

#### ✓ sudo fdisk -I

it is a command-line partition table editor for Linux.

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ sudo fdisk -l
[sudo] password for mrpglu:
Disk /dev/loop0: 4 KiB, 4096 bytes, 8 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
```

## sudo

#### ✓ sudo

for any command to be done with administrative or root privileges.

### Output:

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ sudo
usage: sudo -h | -K | -k | -V
usage: sudo -v [-ABknS] [-g group] [-h host] [-p prompt] [-u user]
usage: sudo -l [-ABknS] [-g group] [-h host] [-p prompt] [-U user] [-u
user] [command]
usage: sudo [-ABbEHknPS] [-r role] [-t type] [-C num] [-D directory] [-g
group] [-h host] [-p prompt] [-R directory] [-T timeout] [-u
user] [VAR=value] [-il-s] [<command>]
```

# ifconfig

### √ ifconfig

configure the kernel-resident network interfaces.

#### Output:

## chmod

### ✓ chmod gt.sh

to make a file executable and to change the permissions grated to it in Linux.

### Output:

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ chmod +x gt.sh
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$
```

## adduser

✓ adduser

add/create a new user.

#### Output:

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ adduser
adduser: Only root may add a user or group to the system.
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$
```

# dpkg -l

√ dpkg -

sorts thought a tree of Debian binary packages and creates a Packages file.

```
mrpglu@MRPGLU-virtual-machine:~$ dpkg -l
Desired=Unknown/Install/Remove/Purge/Hold
| Status=Not/Inst/Conf-files/Unpacked/halF-conf/Half-inst/trig-aWai
|/ Err?=(none)/Reinst-required (Status,Err: uppercase=bad)
||/ Name
                                          Version
ii accountsservice
                                          22.07.5-2ubuntu1.3
ii acl
                                          2.3.1-1
ii acpi-support
                                         0.144
ii acpid
                                          1:2.0.33-1ubuntu1
ii adduser
                                          3.118ubuntu5
ii adwaita-icon-theme
                                          41.0-1ubuntu1
ii aisleriot
                                         1:3.22.22-1
ii alsa-base
                                          1.0.25+dfsg-0ubuntu7
ii alsa-topology-conf
                                          1.2.5.1-2
ii alsa-ucm-conf
                                          1.2.6.3-1ubuntu1
ii alsa-utils
                                          1.2.6-1ubuntu1
   amd64-microcode
                                          3.20191218.1ubuntu2
```