```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
     Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=True).
To predict if a customer will repay loan amount or not using decision tree algorithm
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
{\tt from \ sklearn.model\_selection \ import \ train\_test\_split}
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
df = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Copy of Decision_Tree_ Dataset.csv')
                                                               + Code
                                                                          + Text
len(df)
     1000
df.isnull().sum()
     1
                   0
                   0
                   0
     3
     4
                   0
                   0
     Unnamed: 5
     dtype: int64
df.duplicated().sum()
     0
df.nunique()
     1
                   369
                   917
     2
     3
                   614
     4
                   773
                   901
     sum
     Unnamed: 5
     dtype: int64
df.shape
     (1000, 6)
df.head()
           1
                  2
                       3
                             4
                                  sum
                                      Unnamed: 5
      0 201 10018 250 3046 13515
                                              yes
      1 205 10016 395
                         3044
                               13660
                                              yes
      2 257 10129 109
                         3251 13746
                                              yes
      3 246 10064 324
                         3137 13771
                                              yes
      4 117 10115 496 3094 13822
                                              yes
df = df.rename(columns= {'1':'Initial Payment', '2':'Last payment', '3': 'Credit score','4':'House number', 'Unnamed: 5':'Result' })
df.head()
```

	Initial Payment	Last payment	Credit score	House number	Result
0	201	10018	250	3046	yes
1	205	10016	395	3044	yes
2	257	10129	109	3251	yes
3	246	10064	324	3137	yes
4	117	10115	496	3094	yes

```
#spliting
X = df.drop('Result', axis=1)
y = df['Result']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size= 0.2, random_state=42)
#function to perform training with entrophy
clf_entrophy = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion = "entropy", random_state=100, max_depth=3, min_samples_leaf =5)
clf_entrophy.fit(X_train, y_train)
                                                                                                                                                                DecisionTreeClassifier
                            DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=3, min_samples_leaf=5,
                                                                                                                                               random_state=100)
y_pred = clf_entrophy.predict(X_test)
y_pred
                          array(['yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'No', 'No', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'yes', 'No', 'No', 'yes',
                                                             'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'Yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 
                                                           'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes'],
                                                               'No', 'No', 'No', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'yes', 'No', 'yes'],
                                                         dtvpe=object)
```

accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)

0.93

```
# Function to get user input for each feature
def get_user_input(prompt):
   return float(input(prompt + ": "))
# Get user input for new data
initial_payment = get_user_input('Enter Initial Payment')
last_payment = get_user_input('Enter Last Payment')
credit_score = get_user_input('Enter Credit Score')
house_number = get_user_input('Enter House Number')
# Create new data as a DataFrame
new_data = pd.DataFrame({
    'Initial Payment': [initial payment],
    'Last payment': [last_payment],
    'Credit score': [credit_score],
    'House number': [house_number]
})
# Make prediction for the new data
prediction = clf_entrophy.predict(new_data)
# Display the prediction
print("Prediction:", prediction[0])
     Enter Initial Payment: 567
     Enter Last Payment: 567
     Enter Credit Score: 567
     Enter House Number: 4322
     Prediction: yes
```

The bank can use this model to decide whether it should approve loan request from from a particular customer or not