

Time Series Analysis of Litecoin Cryptocurrency in Python

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The following time series analysis is an update to the pre-existing analysis conducted in R, but this time done in Python. The data is sourced from Yahoo Finance.

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import yfinance as yf
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[2]: ltc = yf.download('LTC-USD', start='2011-01-01',
                        end='2022-03-10',
                        progress=False)
```

```
[3]: ltc.head()
```

```
[3]:
```

	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	Volume
Date						
2014-09-17	5.08589	5.17077	4.96595	5.05855	5.05855	3071840
2014-09-18	5.06543	5.06543	4.57996	4.68523	4.68523	4569260
2014-09-19	4.68729	4.75582	4.25435	4.32777	4.32777	3917450
2014-09-20	4.32920	4.61608	4.20219	4.28644	4.28644	5490660
2014-09-21	4.26307	4.30013	4.15499	4.24592	4.24592	2931220

Simple Returns

Simple returns are aggregated over assets, which is a “weighted sum of the returns of the individual assests in the portfolio” (Lewinson, 2020).

$$R_t = \frac{(P_t - P_{t-1})}{P_{t-1}} = \frac{P_t}{P_{t-1}} - 1$$

Log Returns

Log returns are aggregated over time.

$$r_t = \log\left(\frac{P_t}{P_{t-1}}\right) = \log(P_t) - \log(P_{t-1})$$

```
[4]: ltc.rename(columns = {'Adj Close': 'adj_close'}, inplace=True)
ltc['simple_rtn'] = ltc.adj_close.pct_change()
ltc['log_rtn'] = np.log(ltc.adj_close/ltc.adj_close.shift(1))
```

```
[5]: ltc.head()
```

```
[5]:
```

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Date						
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	simple_rtn	log_rtn
Date		
2014-09-17	NaN	NaN
2014-09-18	-0.073800	-0.076665
2014-09-19	-0.076295	-0.079363
2014-09-20	-0.009550	-0.009596
2014-09-21	-0.009453	-0.009498

```
[6]: # ltc.reset_index(inplace=True)
```

```
[7]: ltc.head()
# ltc['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(ltc['Date'])
```

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```
[8]: print('Number of Rows:', ltc.shape[0])
print('Number of Columns:', ltc.shape[1], '\n')

data_types = ltc.dtypes
data_types = pd.DataFrame(data_types)
data_types = data_types.assign(Null_Values =
                               ltc.isnull().sum())
data_types.reset_index(inplace = True)
data_types.rename(columns={0: 'Data Type',
                           'index': 'Column/Variable',
                           'Null_Values': '# of Nulls'})
```

Number of Rows: 2732

Number of Columns: 8

	Column/Variable	Data Type	# of Nulls
0	Open	float64	0
1	High	float64	0

2	Low	float64	0
3	Close	float64	0
4	adj_close	float64	0
5	Volume	int64	0
6	simple_rtn	float64	1
7	log_rtn	float64	1

Below, litecoin's historical prices (2015 - Present), simple returns, and log returns, respectively, are shown.

```
[9]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,1,figsize=(24,22), sharex=True)
ltc.adj_close.plot(ax=ax[0], color = 'black')
ax[0].set(title = 'Litecoin Time Series',
          ylabel = 'Price ($)')
ltc.simple_rtn.plot(ax=ax[1], color = 'black')
ax[1].set(xlabel = 'Date',
          ylabel = 'Simple Returns (%)')

ltc.log_rtn.plot(ax=ax[2], color = 'black')
ax[2].set(xlabel = 'Date',
          ylabel = 'Log Returns (%)')
plt.show()
```



