

ICS-202 Lab-04 Report

Mohammed Busaleh - 202158210

Exercise 2:

Code:

```
public class BalancedParentheses {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        //Create lists of parentheses
        ArrayList<String> open = new ArrayList<>();
        open.add("(");
        open.add("[");
        open.add("{");

        ArrayList<String> close = new ArrayList<>();
        close.add(")");
        close.add("]");
        close.add("}");

        // Takes the input, store it and removes the non-parentheses characters
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter your expression: ");
        StringBuilder expression = new StringBuilder(input.nextLine());
        for(int i = 0; i < expression.length(); i++){
            String letter = String.valueOf(expression.charAt(i));
            if(!close.contains(letter) || open.contains(letter)) {
                expression.delete(i, i + 1);
                i--;
            }
        }

        // Runs the function and shows whether the input is balanced or not
        if(isBalanced(expression.toString(), open, close))
            System.out.println("The expression is balanced");
        else
            System.out.println("The expression is not balanced");

        //FIN of main
    }
}
```

```
public static boolean isBalanced(String exp, ArrayList<String> open, ArrayList<String> close){
    LabStack<String> parentheses = new LabStack<>();

    for(int i = 0; i < exp.length(); i++){ //loops throw the parentheses
        String letter = String.valueOf(exp.charAt(i));
        if(open.contains(letter)) //The encountered parentheses is open
            parentheses.push(letter);
        else if (close.contains(letter) && !parentheses.isEmpty()) { //The encountered parentheses is close and the stack is not empty
            if(!close.indexOf(letter) == open.indexOf(parentheses.pop()))
                return false;
        }
        else //The encountered parentheses is close and the stack is empty
            return false;
    }

    return parentheses.isEmpty(); //After the loop checks if the stack is empty
}
```

Output:

```
Enter your expression: (5 * (2 + 3))
The expression is balanced
```

```
Enter your expression: 5 * (2 + 3)]
The expression is not balanced
```

```
Enter your expression: [5 * (3 + 2)]
The expression is not balanced
```

Exercise 3:

Code:

```
public class postfix {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        //Operators list  
        ArrayList<String> ops = new ArrayList<>();  
        ops.add("+");  
        ops.add("-");  
        ops.add("*");  
        ops.add("/");  
  
        //Read the expression and store it and make an iterator  
        LabStack<Integer> numsStack = new LabStack<>();  
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);  
        int num1, num2;  
        System.out.print("Write your postfix expression: ");  
        String exp = input.nextLine();  
        Scanner explit = new Scanner(exp);  
        boolean isValid = true;
```

```
        //Iterate over the expression  
        while(explit.hasNext() && isValid){  
            String c = explit.next();  
            try{  
                numsStack.push(Integer.valueOf(c)); //If the token is a number, store it in the stack  
            }  
            catch (Exception e){ //If the token is a sign, operate based on it  
                try{  
                    num2 = numsStack.pop();  
                    num1 = numsStack.pop();  
                    switch (ops.indexOf(c)) {  
                        case 0 -> numsStack.push(num1 + num2);  
                        case 1 -> numsStack.push(num1 - num2);  
                        case 2 -> numsStack.push(num1 * num2);  
                        case 3 -> numsStack.push(num1 / num2);  
                    }  
                }catch(Exception e1){  
                    System.out.println("The expression is not valid");  
                    isValid = false;  
                }  
            }  
            if(isValid)  
                System.out.println("The stack currently is: " + numsStack.toString());  
        }  
        if(isValid)  
            System.out.println(exp + " = " + numsStack.pop()); //Show result  
    }  
}
```

Output:

```
Write your postfix expression: 2 5 6 +  
The stack currently is: [2, 11]  
The stack currently is: [22]  
2 5 6 + * = 22
```

```
Write your postfix expression: 5 -  
The expression is not valid
```

Exercise 4:

Code:

```
public class StackReverse {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        LabStack<String> org = new LabStack<>();  
        LabQueue<String> reversed = new LabQueue<>();  
  
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.print("\nEnter your input: ");  
        String inp = input.nextLine();  
        Scanner reader = new Scanner(inp);  
  
        //Iterate over the input  
        while(reader.hasNext()){  
            org.push(reader.next());  
        }  
        System.out.print("\n    Your stack is:    " + org.toString());  
  
        //Store stack elements in a queue & back to the stack  
        while(!org.isEmpty()){  
            reversed.enqueue(org.pop());  
        }  
        while(!reversed.isEmpty()){  
            org.push(reversed.dequeue());  
        }  
  
        //Print reversed elements  
        System.out.println("\n\nYour Reversed stack is: " + org.toString());  
    }  
}
```

Output:

```
Enter your input:  1 2 3  
  
    Your stack is:    [1, 2, 3]  
  
Your Reversed stack is: [3, 2, 1]
```