

Git Basics Lab – From Local Folder to GitHub Push

This is a simple hands-on guide used during Day- 3 DevOps training. The goal is to help understand how Git works in real projects using Git Bash. Follow each section step-by-step and commands along with the trainer.

What you will learn in this lab

By the end of this practice session you should be able to:

- Create a working folder from terminal
 - Turn a normal folder into a Git repository
 - Track files using Git
 - Save versions using commit
 - Connect your local project with GitHub
 - Push code from your system to GitHub
-

1 . Check whether Git is installed

Open **Git Bash** and type:

```
git --version
```

If a version number appears, Git is ready to use.

2 . Set your Git username and email (first time only)

Git needs your identity before allowing commits.

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"  
git config --global user.email "youremail@gmail.com"
```

You only need to do this once on your laptop.

3 . Create a working folder

```
mkdir devops_project  
cd devops_project
```

This will create a new folder and move you inside it.

4 . Create and edit a file

Create a basic file:

```
touch index.html
```

Open it in nano editor:

```
nano index.html
```

Add some sample content:

```
<h1>Hello DevOps</h1>
```

Save and exit using:

- CTRL + O → Enter
 - CTRL + X
-

5 . Start Git inside the folder

```
git init
```

Now your folder is a Git repository.

6 . Check current file status

```
git status
```

This shows which files are new or modified.

7 . Add files to staging area

```
git add .
```

This prepares your files for commit.

8 . Save your first version (commit)

```
git commit -m "Day3 first commit"
```

A commit is like saving a checkpoint of your project.

9 . Create a repository on GitHub

Go to GitHub and:

- 1 . Click **New Repository**
 - 2 . Repository name: devops-day 3
 - 3 . Select Public
 - 4 . Do not add README file
 - 5 . Click Create Repository
-

1 0 . Link local project with GitHub

Copy your repository URL and run:

```
git branch -M main  
git remote add origin https://github.com/USERNAME/devops-day3.git
```

Replace USERNAME with your GitHub username.

1 1 . Push code to GitHub

```
git push -u origin main
```

Refresh your GitHub page to confirm the files are uploaded.

Practice activity for students

Try creating another folder and repeat the process:

```
mkdir practice
cd practice
touch about.html
git init
git add .
git commit -m "practice commit"
```

This helps you understand the workflow better.

Common issues students face

Git asking for identity

Run:

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
git config --global user.email "youremail@gmail.com"
```

Repository not found

- Make sure the repo exists on GitHub
- Check spelling of repo name

Push failed with refs spec error

- You need at least one commit before pushing
-

Quick recap

Basic Git flow used in class:

Create folder → Create file → git init → git add → git commit → connect GitHub → git push

This is the same workflow followed in many beginner DevOps projects.