Group HW4 (25 pts)

Everyone will submit one copy of this HW

1. Note that the Unicode for character A is 65. The expression 'A' + 1 evaluates to _____.

(16 pts) Multiple Choices Questions: 2 pts each.

These questions are multiple-choice questions that ask you to select one or more answer choices from a list of choices. A question may not specify the number of choices to select.

	a.	66
	b.	B
	c.	A1
	d.	Illegal expression
2.		hat the Unicode for character A is 65. The expression "A" + 1 evaluates to
		66
	b.	
		A1
	d.	Illegal expression
3.	Which	of the following is the correct statement to return JAVA?
		toUpperCase("Java")
		"Java".toUpperCase("Java")
		"Java".toUpperCase()
		String.toUpperCase("Java")
		Zunger effective (zuw.)
4.	Suppose s1 and s2 are two strings. Which of the following statements or expressions are	
	incorre	
		String $s3 = s1 - s2$;
		String $s = s1 + s2$;
		char c = s1[0];
	d.	char c = s1.charAt(s1.length());
5.	To check if a string s contains the prefix "Java", you may write	
	10 cmc	ek ii a saing s contains the pretix vava , you may write
	a. if (s.startsWith("Java"))
	b. if (s.indexOf("Java") == 0)
		s.substring(0, 4).equals("Java"))
	d. if (s.charAt(0) == 'J' && s.charAt(1) == 'a' && s.charAt(2) == 'v' && s.charAt(3) == 'a' && s.charAt(2) == 'b' && s.charAt(3) == 'b' &
	'a')	
6.	Which of the following are valid specifiers for the printf statement?	
		are the second are the specimens for the printer suitement.
	a.	%4c
	b.	%10b
	c.	%6d
	d.	%8.2d

- 7. The statement System.out.printf("%3.1f", 1234.56) outputs _____.
 - a. 123.4
 - b. 123.5
 - c. 1234.6
 - d. 1234.56
- 8. The statement System.out.printf("%10s", 123456) outputs___. (Note: * represents a space)
 - a. 123456****
 - b. 23456****
 - c. 12345****
 - d. ****123456

(9 pts) Coding Exercise Question: The Triangle Class

Problem Description:

Design a class named <u>Triangle</u> that extends <u>GeometricObject</u>. The class contains:

- Three <u>double</u> data fields named <u>side1</u>, <u>side2</u>, and <u>side3</u> with default values 1.0 to denote three sides of the triangle.
- A no-arg constructor that creates a default triangle.
- A constructor that creates a triangle with the specified side1, side2, and side3.
- The accessor methods for all three data fields.
- A method named <u>getArea()</u> that returns the area of this triangle.
- A method named getPerimeter() that returns the perimeter of this triangle.
- A method named <u>toString()</u> that returns a string description for the triangle.

Implement it to return the three sides. The toString()
method is implemented as follows:

```
return "Triangle: side1 = " + side1 + " side2 = " + side2 +
   " side3 = " + side3;
```

Draw the UML diagram that involves the classes <u>Triangle</u> and <u>GeometricObject</u>. Implement the class. Write a test program that creates a <u>Triangle</u> object with sides <u>1</u>, 1.5, <u>1</u>, color <u>yellow</u> and <u>filled true</u>, and displays the area, perimeter, color, and whether filled or not.

Design: (Draw the UML class diagram here)

Coding: (Copy and Paste Source Code here. Template is provided.)

```
public class ExerciseTriangle {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Triangle triangle = new Triangle(1, 1.5, 1);
    triangle.setColor("yellow");
    triangle.setFilled(true);
    System.out.println(triangle);
    System.out.println("The area is " + triangle.getArea());
    System.out.println("The perimeter is "
     + triangle.getPerimeter());
    System.out.println(triangle);
  }
}
class GeometricObject {
  // Copy code from the link below:
  // https://liveexample.pearsoncmg.com/html/SimpleGeometricObject.html
class Triangle extends GeometricObject {
  // Implement it
```

Testing: (Paste the screenshot of your result here.)