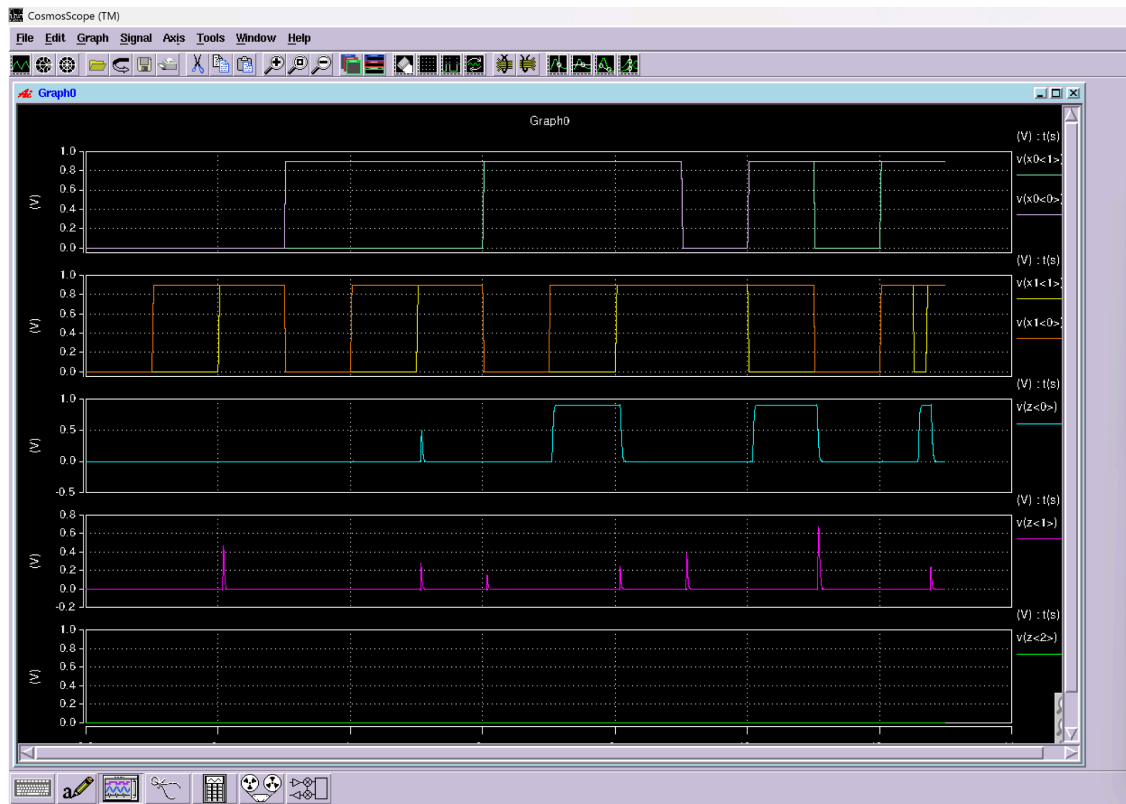


Milestone 2 Report

Testing: After testing the individual blocks, we decided to develop two separate test benches with fixed weights and different input combinations to test the main functionality as well as worst case scenarios.

Waveforms:

Test 1: Weights fixed at $W00 = 2'b11$, $W10 = 2'b01$, $W20 = 2'b11$



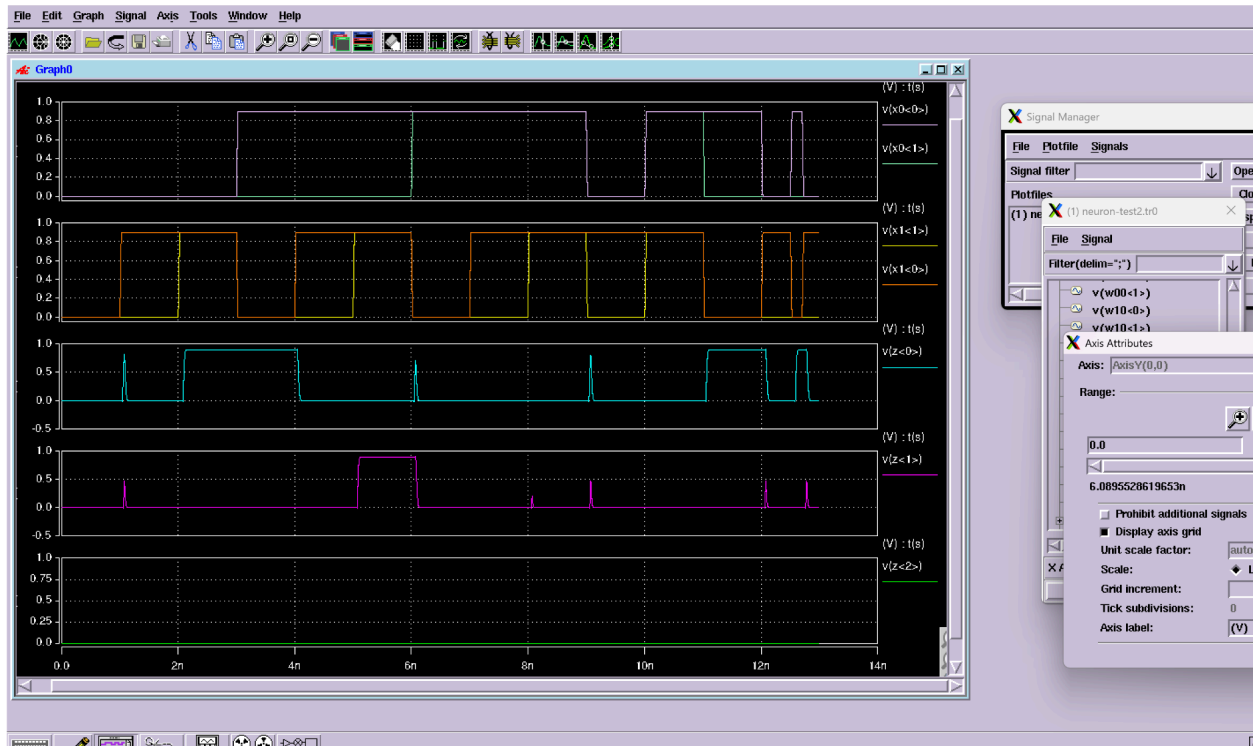
Test Case ID	Time Range	Input Combination ([x0,x1,w00,w10,w20])	$y_0 = x_1 - x_0 - 1$	Expected z0	Actual z0 (from sim)	Pass/Fail	Notes
T1-1	0-1 ns	([0, 0, -1, +1, -1])	(0 - 0 - 1 = -1)	0	0	Pass	Baseline case; output correctly low.

T1-2	1–2 ns	([0, +1, -1, +1, -1])	(+1 - 0 - 1 = 0)	0	0	Pass	ReLU boundary; $y_0=0$ so z_0 remains 0.
T1-3	2–3 ns	([0, -1, -1, +1, -1])	(-1 - 0 - 1 = -2)	0	0	Pass	This is the case you asked about: $0 \cdot (-1) +$ $(-1) \cdot (+1) + (-1)$ $= -2 \Rightarrow$ negative, so z_0 must be 0. Your waveform (staying low) is correct.
T1-4	3–4 ns	([+1, 0, -1, +1, -1])	(0 - (+1) - 1 = -2)	0	0	Pass	Positive x_0 alone isn't enough to overcome bias; z_0 low.
T1-5	4–5 ns	([+1, +1, -1, +1, -1])	(+1 - (+1) - 1 = -1)	0	0	Pass	Sum is negative; ReLU clamps to zero.
T1-6	5–6 ns	([+1, -1, -1, +1, -1])	(-1 - (+1) - 1 = -3)	0	0	Pass	Most negative y_0 ; z_0 correctly stays 0.
T1-7	6–7 ns	([-1, 0, -1, +1, -1])	(0 - (-1) - 1 = 0)	0	0	Pass	Another boundary $y_0=0$; z_0 still 0.
T1-8	7–8 ns	([-1, +1, -1, +1, -1])	(+1 - (-1) - 1 = +1)	1	1 ($z_0 > \approx$ 0.9 V)	Pass	The only combination that should give a HIGH z_0 . Waveform shows $z_0 >$ high for this full interval.

Test ID	Time Range	Inputs ([x0,x1])	y_0	Expected z0	Actual z0	Pass/Fail	Notes
T1-10	9–10 ns	[0, −1]	−2	0	0	Pass	Settles low; no false high before worst-case edge.
T1-11	10–11 ns	[−1, +1]	+1	1	1	Pass	Worst-case simultaneous change into the only positive y_0 state; z0 goes high and stays high despite ringing.
T1-12	11–12 ns	[+1, 0]	−2	0	0	Pass	Worst-case simultaneous change back to negative y_0 ; z0 returns low.

Test ID	Time Range	Inputs ([x0,x1])	y_0	Expected z0	Actual z0	Pass/Fail	Notes
T1-13	12.0–12.5 ns	[−1, −1]	−1	0	0	Pass	Baseline low before pulse.
T1-14	12.5–12.7 ns	[−1, +1]	+1	1	1	Pass	Short high pulse on z0 as expected; only in this sub-ns window.
T1-15	12.7–13.0 ns	[−1, −1]	−1	0	0	Pass	Output returns low; no extra spurious pulses.

Test 2: All inputs with fixed weights $W00 = 1$, $W10 = -1$, $W20 = 0$

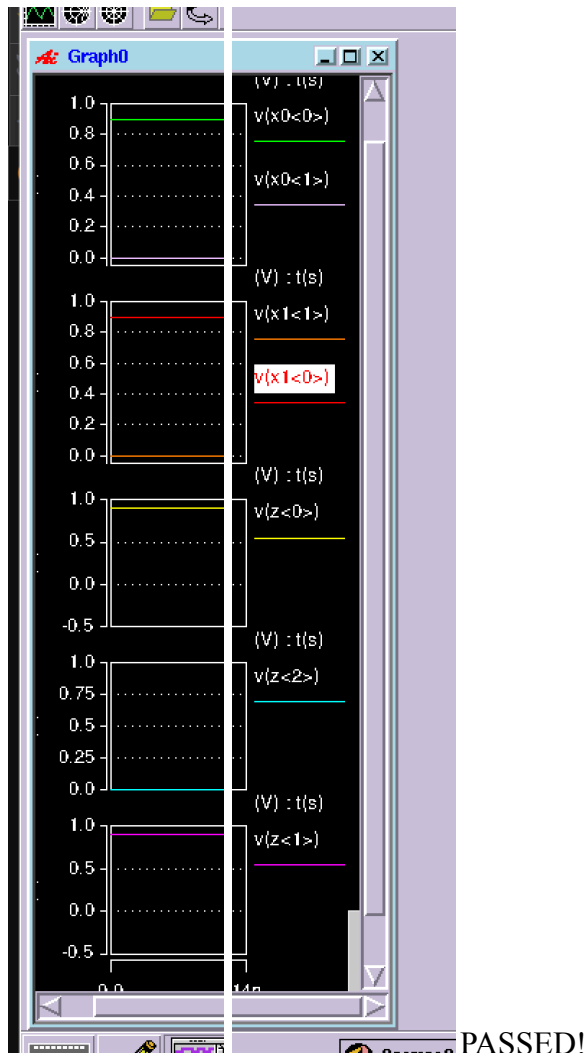


Test ID	Time Range	Inputs ([x0,x1,w00,w10,w20])	$y_0 = x_0 - x_1$	Expected z0	Actual z0	Pass/Fail	Notes
T2-1	0–1 ns	[0, 0, +1, -1, 0]	0	0	0	Pass	Baseline 0/0, z0 low.
T2-2	1–2 ns	[0, +1, +1, -1, 0]	-1	0	0	Pass	Negative $y_0 \rightarrow z0=0$.
T2-3	2–3 ns	[0, -1, +1, -1, 0]	+1	1	1	Pass	First positive case; z0 high during 2–3 ns interval.
T2-4	3–4 ns	[+1, 0, +1, -1, 0]	+1	1	1	Pass	Second positive case; $x_0 > x_1$ gives z0 high.

T2-5	4–5 ns	[+1, +1, +1, -1, 0]	0	0	0	Pass	Boundary $y_0=0$; z_0 returns low.
T2-6	5–6 ns	[+1, -1, +1, -1, 0]	+2	2	2	Pass	Largest positive y_0 ; 3-bit output is 010
T2-7	6–7 ns	[-1, 0, +1, -1, 0]	-1	0	0	Pass	Negative sum; z_0 low.
T2-8	7–8 ns	[-1, +1, +1, -1, 0]	-2	0	0	Pass	More negative; still clamped.
T2-9	8–9 ns	[-1, -1, +1, -1, 0]	0	0	0	Pass	Equal inputs $\Rightarrow y_0=0$, z_0 low.

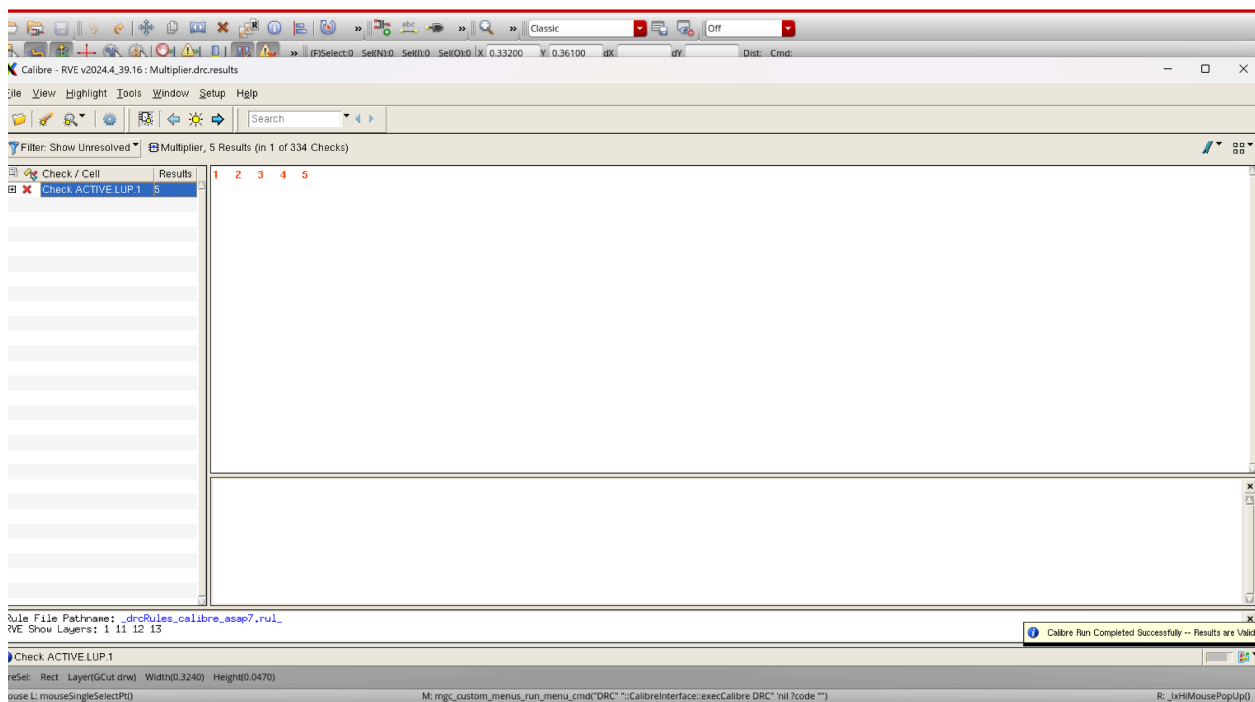
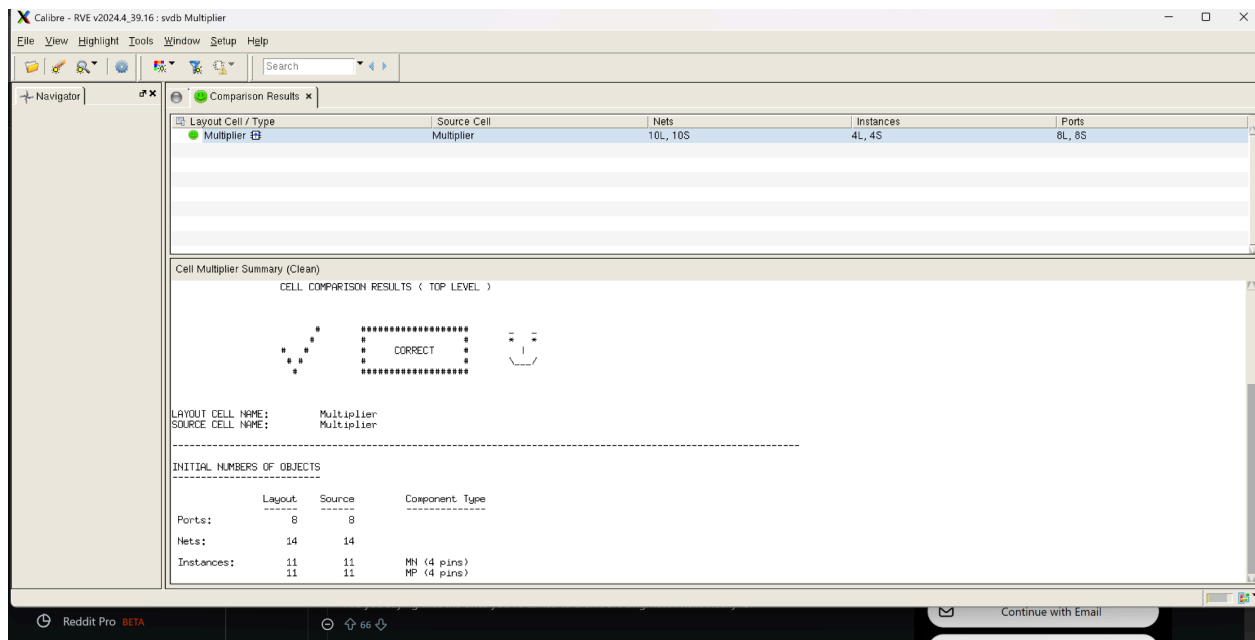
Test ID	Time Range	Inputs ([x0,x1])	$y_0 = x_0 - x_1$	Expected z_0	Actual z_0	Pass/Fail	Notes
T2-10	9–10 ns	[0, +1]	-1	0	0	Pass	Pre-transition negative case.
T2-11	10–11 ns	[-1, -1]	0	0	Matches waveform	Pass	Simultaneous transition
T2-12	11–12 ns	[-1, 0]	-1	0	0	Pass	Worst-case fall back to negative; z_0 low.

Also want to test if feeding $1 + 1 + 1$ into the multiplier, output Z0 goes to 011, so made a quick test bench just for this combination.

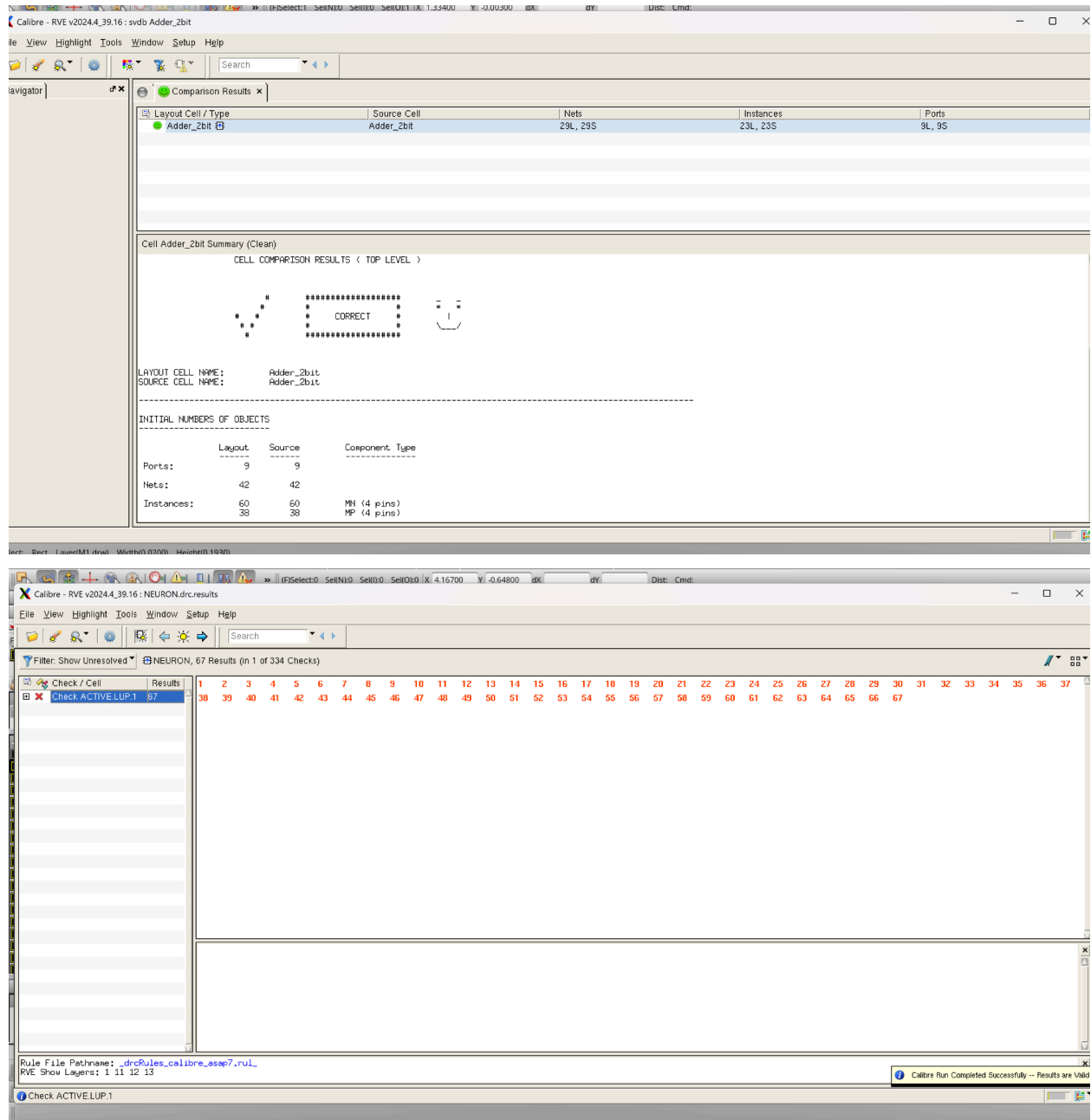


DRC and LVS:

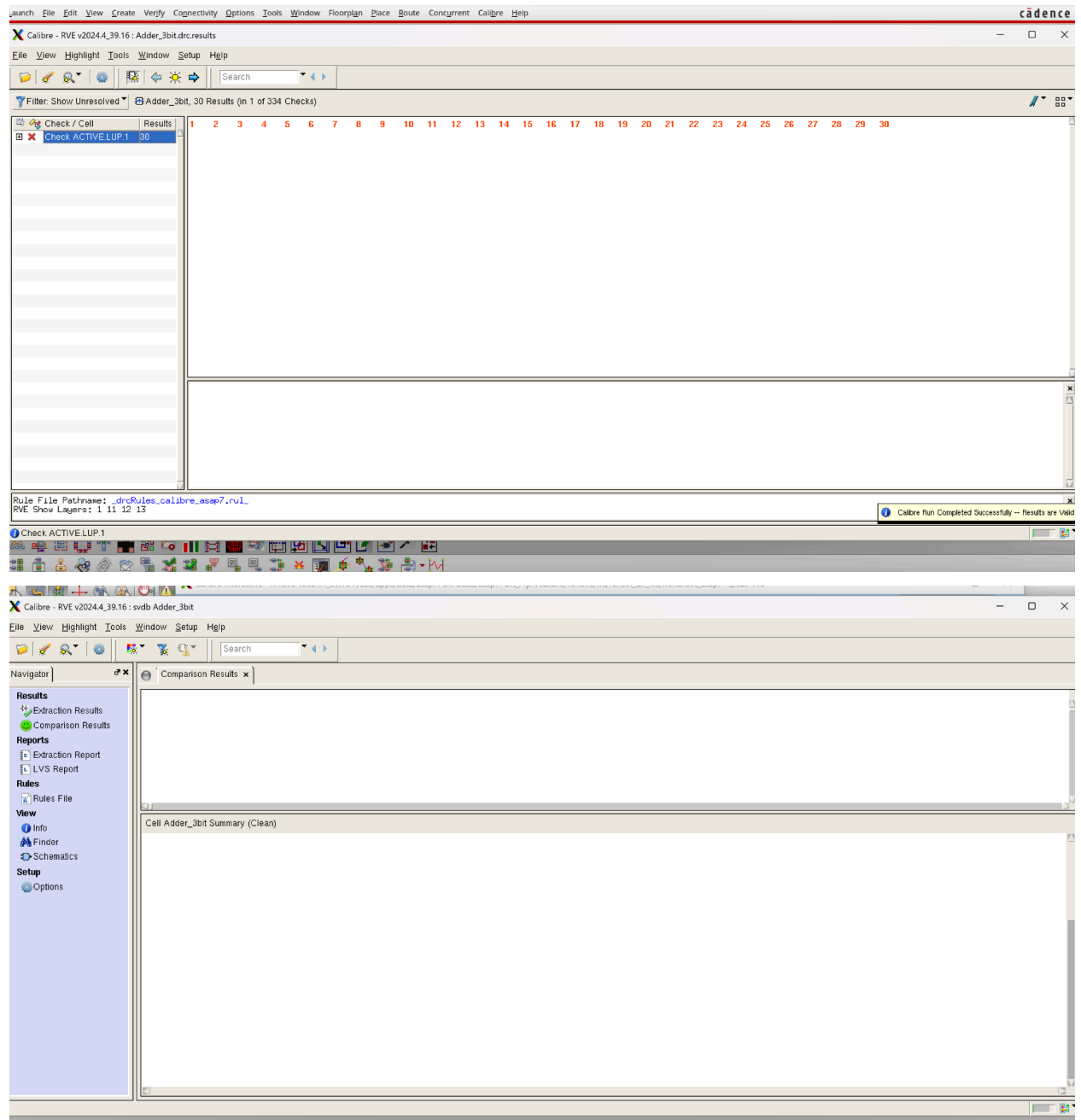
Multiplier:



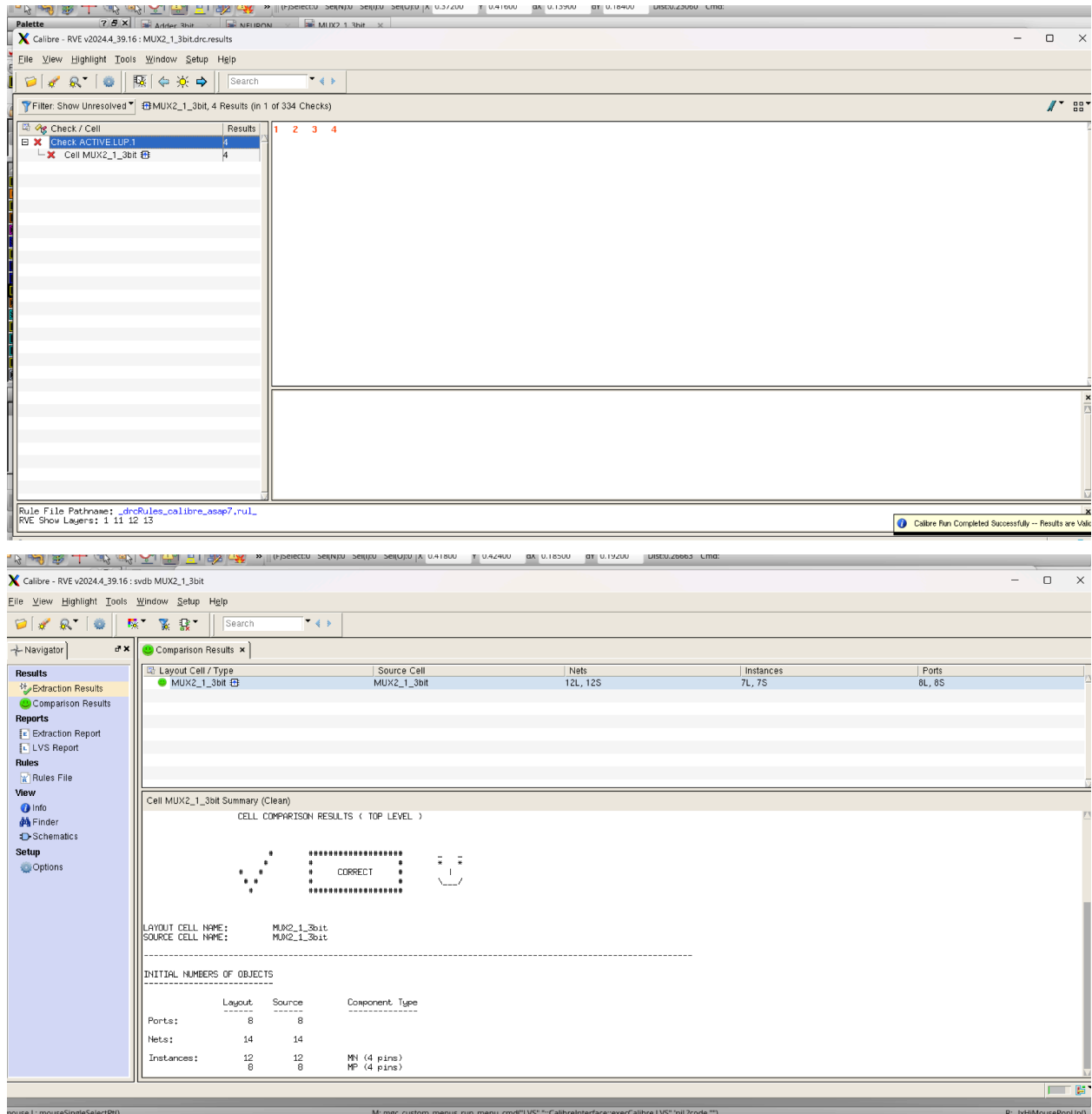
2 bit Adder:



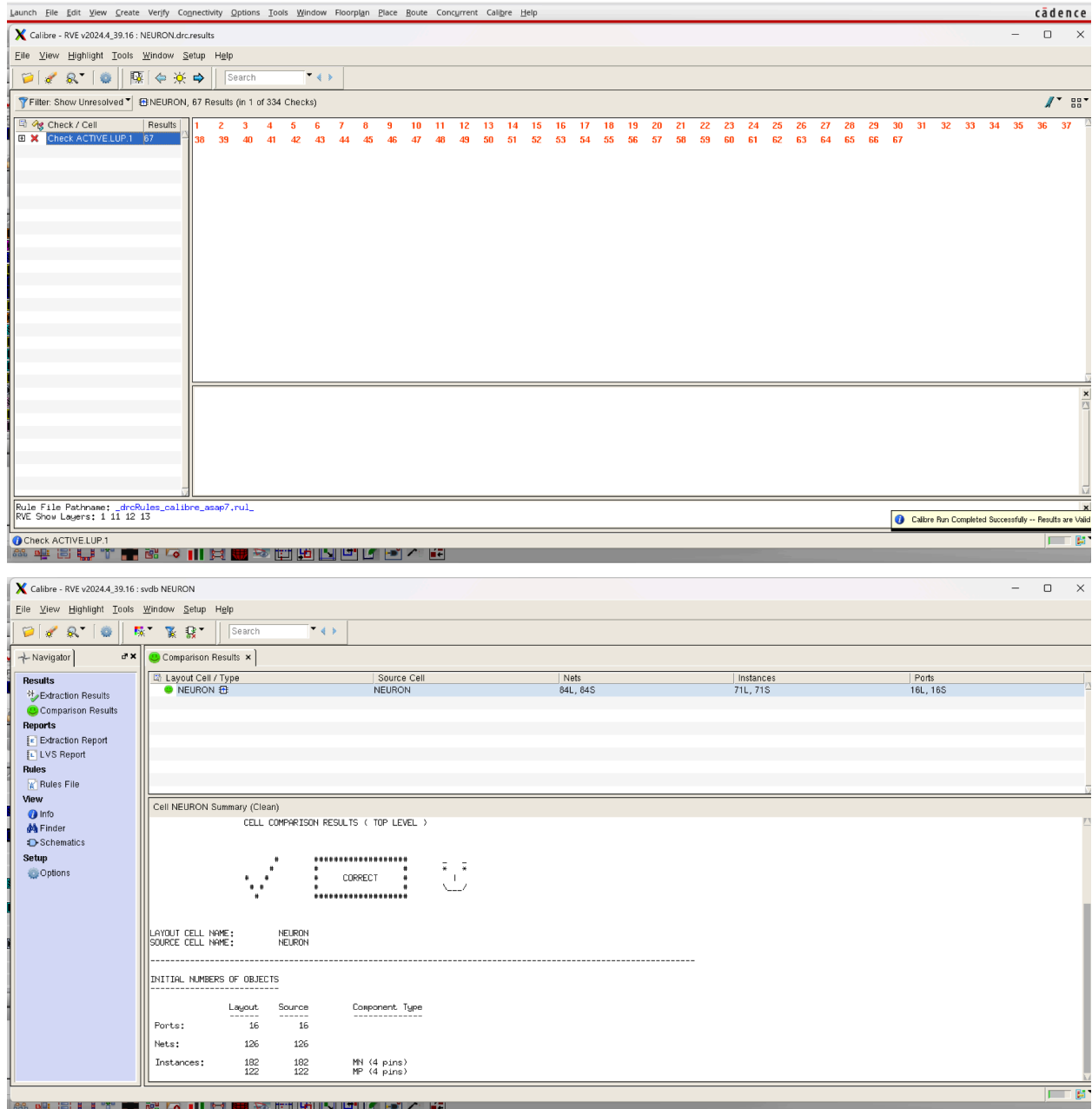
3-bit adder:



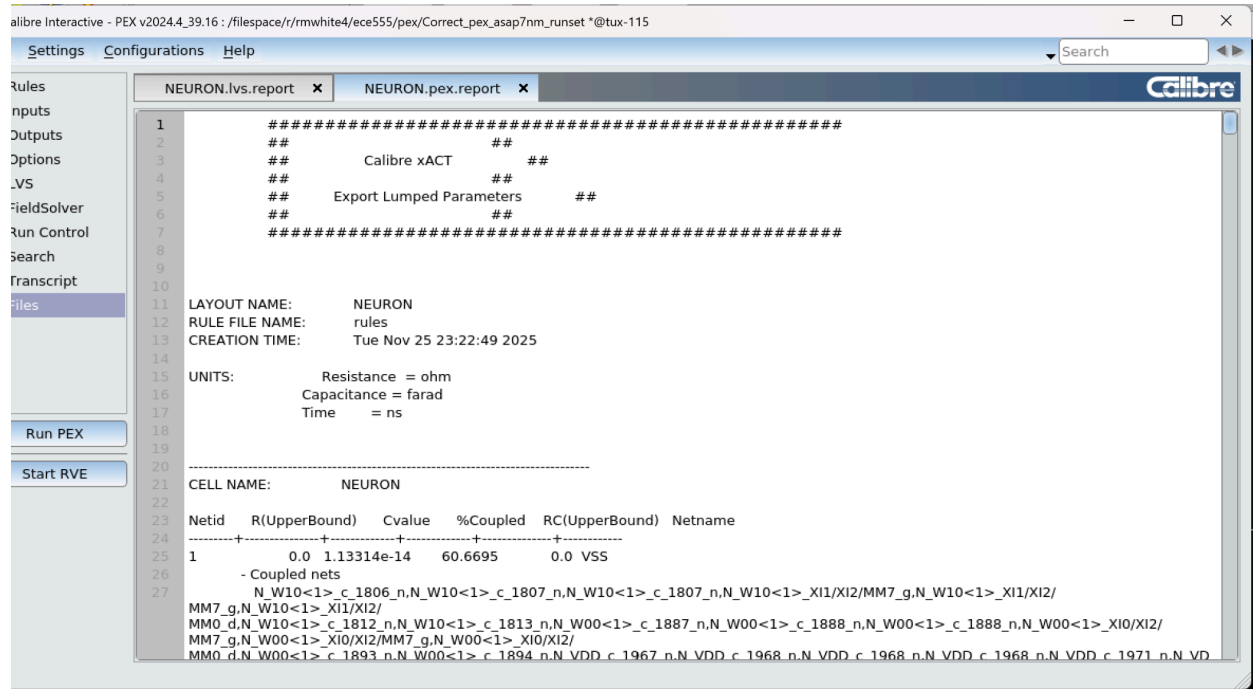
MUX:



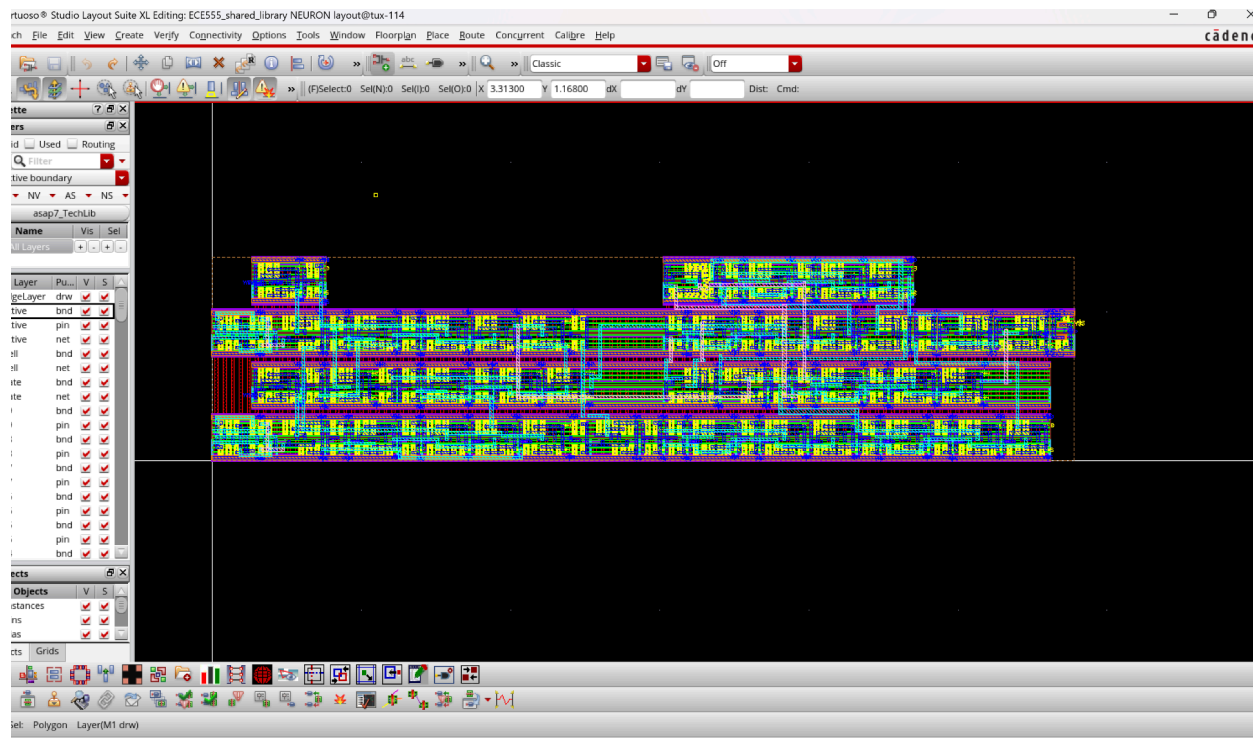
WHOLE NEURON:



Neuron extraction:



Layout:



Schematic:

