

Triple Integration: Cartesian

Thursday, 20 June 2024 4:13 pm

one integral

gives a **one dimensional**

two integrals

gives a **two dimensional**

three integrals

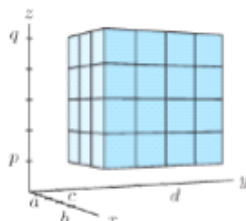
gives a **three dimensional**

four integrals

Section 16.3: Triple Integrals

A function of two-variables is integrated over a two-dimensional region \mathbb{R}^2 . A function of three variables, then, will be integrated over a three-dimensional solid in \mathbb{R}^3 . We will begin by considering the case where we are integrating a function $f(x, y, z)$ over a rectangular prism W .

We first slice the box up into subdivisions with volume $\Delta V = \Delta x \Delta y \Delta z$



We pick a point $(u_{ijk}, v_{ijk}, w_{ijk})$ in the ijk -th box, and we form the sum

$$\sum_{i,j,k} f(u_{ijk}, v_{ijk}, w_{ijk}) \Delta V.$$

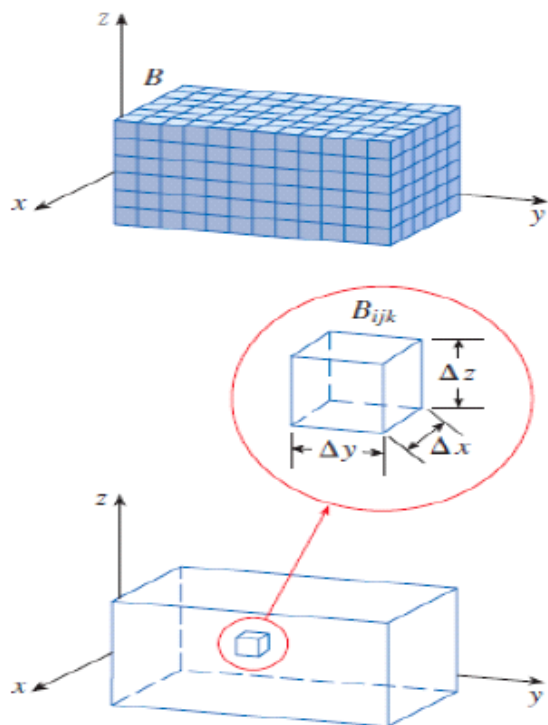
Then, much as before, we take the limit as Δx , Δy and $\Delta z \rightarrow 0$. If f is continuous, the sum converges to the *triple integral* of f over W :

$$\int_W f dV = \lim_{\Delta x, \Delta y, \Delta z \rightarrow 0} \sum_{i,j,k} f(u_{ijk}, v_{ijk}, w_{ijk}) \Delta x \Delta y \Delta z.$$

TRIPLE INTEGRAL AS AN ITERATED INTEGRAL :

$$\int_W f dV = \int_p^q \left(\int_c^d \left(\int_a^b f(x, y, z) dx \right) dy \right) dz,$$

where y and z are treated as constants in the innermost (dx) integral, and z is treated as a constant in the middle (dy) integral. Other orders of integration are possible.



Triple Integrals

Fubini's Theorem

Let $B = [a, b] \times [c, d] \times [r, s]$, then

$$\iiint_B f(x, y, z) \, dV = \int_r^s \int_c^d \int_a^b f(x, y, z) \, dx \, dy \, dz.$$

Note:

There are five other possible orders in which we can integrate, all of which give the same value, that is,

$$\iiint_B f(x, y, z) \, dV = \int_r^s \int_a^b \int_c^d f(x, y, z) \, dy \, dx \, dz.$$

Example 1

A cube C has sides of length 4 cm and is made of a material of variable density. If one corner is at the origin and the adjacent corners are on the positive x , y , and z axes, then the density at the point (x, y, z) is $\delta(x, y, z) = 1 + xyz$ gm/cm³. Find the mass of the cube.

2. $h(x, y, z) = ax + by + cz$, W is the rectangular box
 $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1, 0 \leq z \leq 2$.

Limits on Triple Integrals

- The limits for the outer integral are constants.
- The limits for the middle integral can involve only one variable (that in the outer integral).
- The limits for the inner integral can involve two variables (those on the two outer integrals).

Example: Set up an iterated integral to compute mass of a solid cone bounded by $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and $z = 3$, if the density is given by $\delta(x, y, z) = z$.

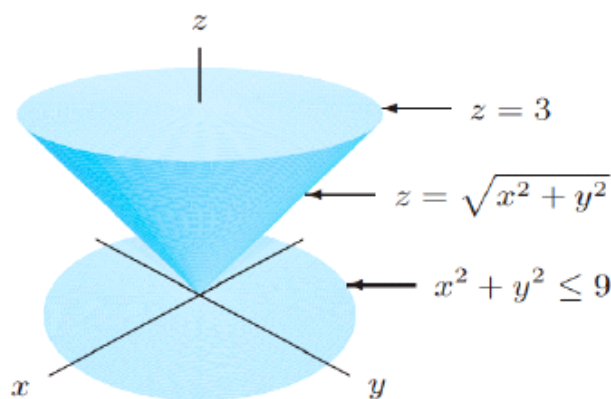


Figure 16.25