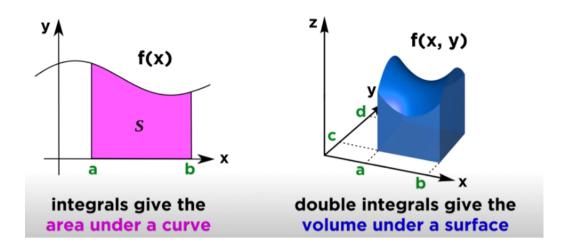
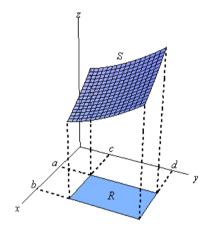
## Double & Triple Integral Calculus I

Sunday, 30 June 2024 6:47 pm



Also, we will initially assume that  $f(x,y) \ge 0$  although this doesn't really have to be the case. Let's start out with the graph of the surface S given by graphing f(x,y) over the rectangle R.



$$\operatorname{Volume} = \iint\limits_{R} f\left(x,y
ight) \, dA$$

## Fubini's Theorem

If  $f\left(x,y
ight)$  is continuous on  $R=\left[a,b
ight] imes\left[c,d
ight]$  then,

$$\iint\limits_R f(x,y) \ dA = \int_a^b \int_c^d f(x,y) \ dy \, dx = \int_c^d \int_a^b f(x,y) \ dx \, dy$$

These integrals are called iterated integrals

4. Compute the following double integrals. a) 
$$\int_0^3 \int_0^4 (4x+3y) \ dx \ dy$$
 b)  $\int_0^2 \int_0^3 (x^2+y^2) \ dy \ dx$  c)  $\int_0^1 \int_0^2 (x^2y) \ dx \ dy$  d)  $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 y \ e^{xy} \ dx \ dy$ 

5. Find the triple integrals of the function over

- a)  $f(x,y,z) = x^2 + 5y^2 z$ , W is the rectangular box  $0 \le x \le 2, -1 \le y \le 1$ ,
- b) h(x, y, z) = ax + by + cz, W is the rectangular box  $0 \le x \le 1$ ,  $0 \le y \le 1$ ,  $0 \le z \le 2.$
- c)  $f(x,y,z) = \sin x \cos(y+z)$ , W is the cube  $0 \le x \le \pi$ ,  $0 \le y \le \pi$ ,  $0 \le z \le \pi$
- d)  $f(x, y, z) = e^{-x-y-z}$  W is the rectangular box with corners at (0, 0, 0), (a, 0, 0), (0, b, 0), and (0, 0, c).