# Outbreaks in Toronto: Examining Disease Outbreaks Trends Between 2020 to 2024\*

An exploration of the location and frequency of disease outbreaks in Toronto between the years 2020 and 2024

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First sentence. Second sentence. Third sentence. Fourth sentence.

#### 1 Introduction

You can and should cross-reference sections and sub-sections.

The remainder of this paper is structured as follows. Section 2...

#### 2 Data

Some of our data is of penguins (?@fig-bills), from Horst, Hill, and Gorman (2020).

Talk more about it.

And also planes (?@fig-planes). (You can change the height and width, but don't worry about doing that until you have finished every other aspect of the paper - Quarto will try to make it look nice and the defaults usually work well once you have enough text.)

Talk way more about it.

<sup>\*</sup>Code and data are available at: https://github.com/MSindhuPriya/toronto\_outbreaks.

#### 3 Model

The goal of our modelling strategy is twofold. Firstly,...

Here we briefly describe the Bayesian analysis model used to investigate... Background details and diagnostics are included in Appendix B.

#### 3.1 Model set-up

Define  $y_i$  as the number of seconds that the plane remained a loft. Then  $\beta_i$  is the wing length, both measured in millimeters.

$$y_i|\mu_i, \sigma \sim \text{Normal}(\mu_i, \sigma)$$
 (1)

$$\mu_i = \alpha + \beta_i + \gamma_i \tag{2}$$

$$\alpha \sim \text{Normal}(0, 2.5)$$
 (3)

$$\beta \sim \text{Normal}(0, 2.5)$$
 (4)

$$\gamma \sim \text{Normal}(0, 2.5)$$
 (5)

$$\sigma \sim \text{Exponential}(1)$$
 (6)

We run the model in R (R Core Team 2022) using the rstanarm package of Goodrich et al. (2022). We use the default priors from rstanarm.

#### 3.1.1 Model justification

We expect a positive relationship between the size of the wings and time spent aloft. In particular...

We can use maths by including latex between dollar signs, for instance  $\theta$ .

## 4 Results

Our results are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1: Explanatory models of flight time based on wing width and wing length

	First model
(Intercept)	5.08
	(0.00)
$outbreak\_settingHospital\text{-}Chronic\ Care$	-0.26
	(0.01)
$outbreak\_settingHospital-Psychiatric$	-2.41
	(0.03)
$outbreak\_setting LTCH$	0.99
	(0.00)
$outbreak\_settingRetirement\ Home$	0.00
	(0.00)
$outbreak\_setting Transitional\ Care$	-2.65
	(0.06)
Num.Obs.	3418
Log.Lik.	-97016.372
ELPD	-97095.1
ELPD s.e.	1621.8
LOOIC	194190.2
LOOIC s.e.	3243.6
WAIC	194190.0
RMSE	123.76

## 5 Discussion

#### 5.1 First discussion point

If my paper were 10 pages, then should be be at least 2.5 pages. The discussion is a chance to show off what you know and what you learnt from all this.

#### 5.2 Second discussion point

## 5.3 Third discussion point

## 5.4 Weaknesses and next steps

Weaknesses and next steps should also be included.

# **Appendix**

## A Additional data details

#### **B** Model details

#### **B.1** Posterior predictive check

In **?@fig-ppcheckandposteriorvsprior-1** we implement a posterior predictive check. This shows...

In **?@fig-ppcheckandposteriorvsprior-2** we compare the posterior with the prior. This shows...

Examining how the model fits, and is affected by, the data

Figure 1: ?(caption)

#### **B.2 Diagnostics**

?@fig-stanareyouokay-1 is a trace plot. It shows... This suggests...

?@fig-stanareyouokay-2 is a Rhat plot. It shows... This suggests...

Checking the convergence of the MCMC algorithm

Figure 2: ?(caption)

## References

- Goodrich, Ben, Jonah Gabry, Imad Ali, and Sam Brilleman. 2022. "Rstanarm: Bayesian Applied Regression Modeling via Stan." https://mc-stan.org/rstanarm/.
- Horst, Allison Marie, Alison Presmanes Hill, and Kristen B Gorman. 2020. Palmerpenguins: Palmer Archipelago (Antarctica) Penguin Data. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3960218.
- R Core Team. 2022. R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing. Vienna, Austria: R Foundation for Statistical Computing. https://www.R-project.org/.