

Stream Ciphers using TOA

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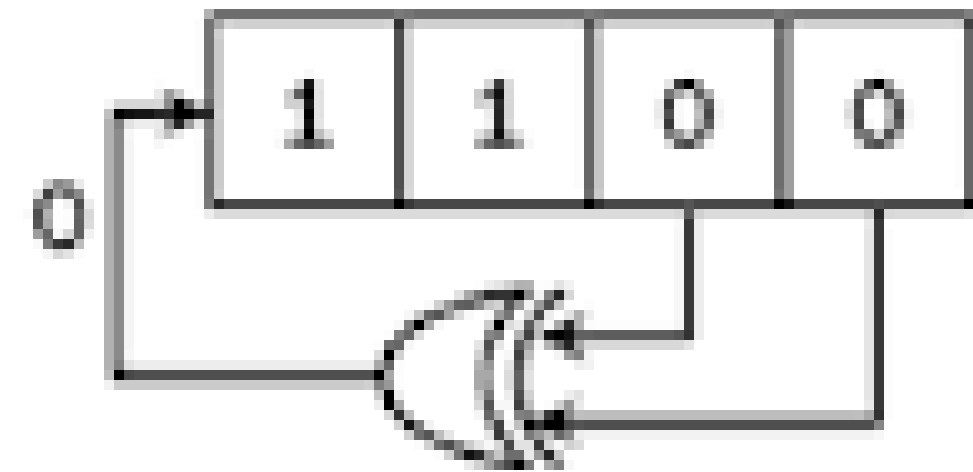


Stream Ciphers

- Symmetric encryption method.
- Generates a pseudorandom key stream to encrypt plaintext using XOR.
- Lightweight and efficient for real-time encryption.
- Suitable for hardware implementations

Linear Feedback Shift Register

- A shift register where the input bit is a linear function of its previous state.
- Feedback function is typically XOR of selected bits.
- Generates pseudorandom sequences
- Periodicity depends on the feedback function and register length.



Working of LFSRs

01

Registers

4-bit flip flops

02

Feedback Function

$x^4 + x^3 + 1$

03

Seed Value

Initialized with a seed value
(secret)

04

Generated Sequence

XORed with plaintext

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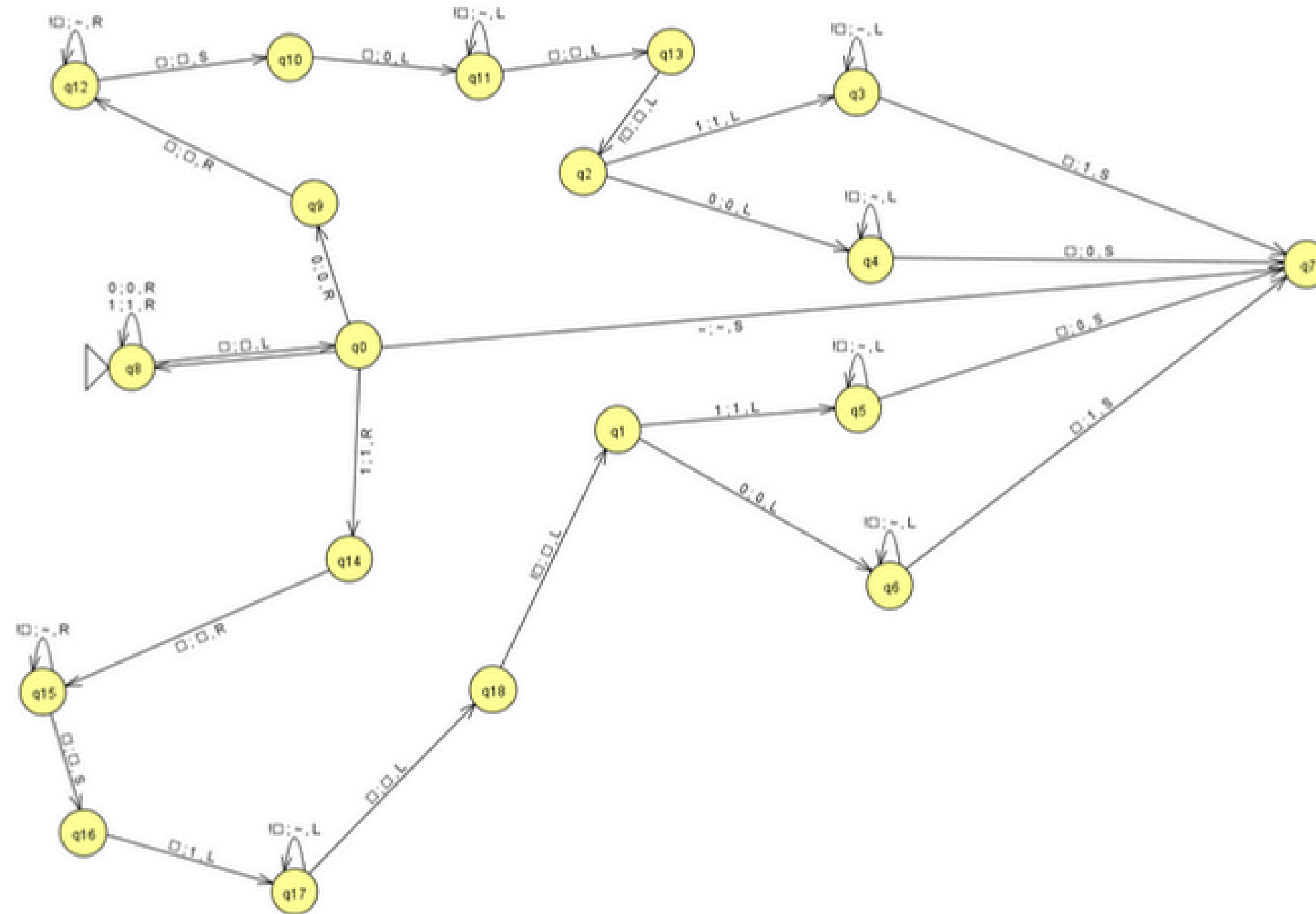
Initialized with a seed value (secret)

04

Generated Sequence

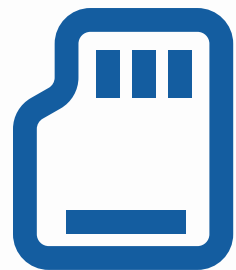
XORed with plaintext

Demonstration using JFLap



A5/1 Encryption

A5/1 is a stream cipher used to provide over-the-air communication privacy in the GSM cellular telephone standard.



Stream Cipher

Generates a pseudorandom key stream XOR-ed with plaintext to produce ciphertext.



Three LFSRs

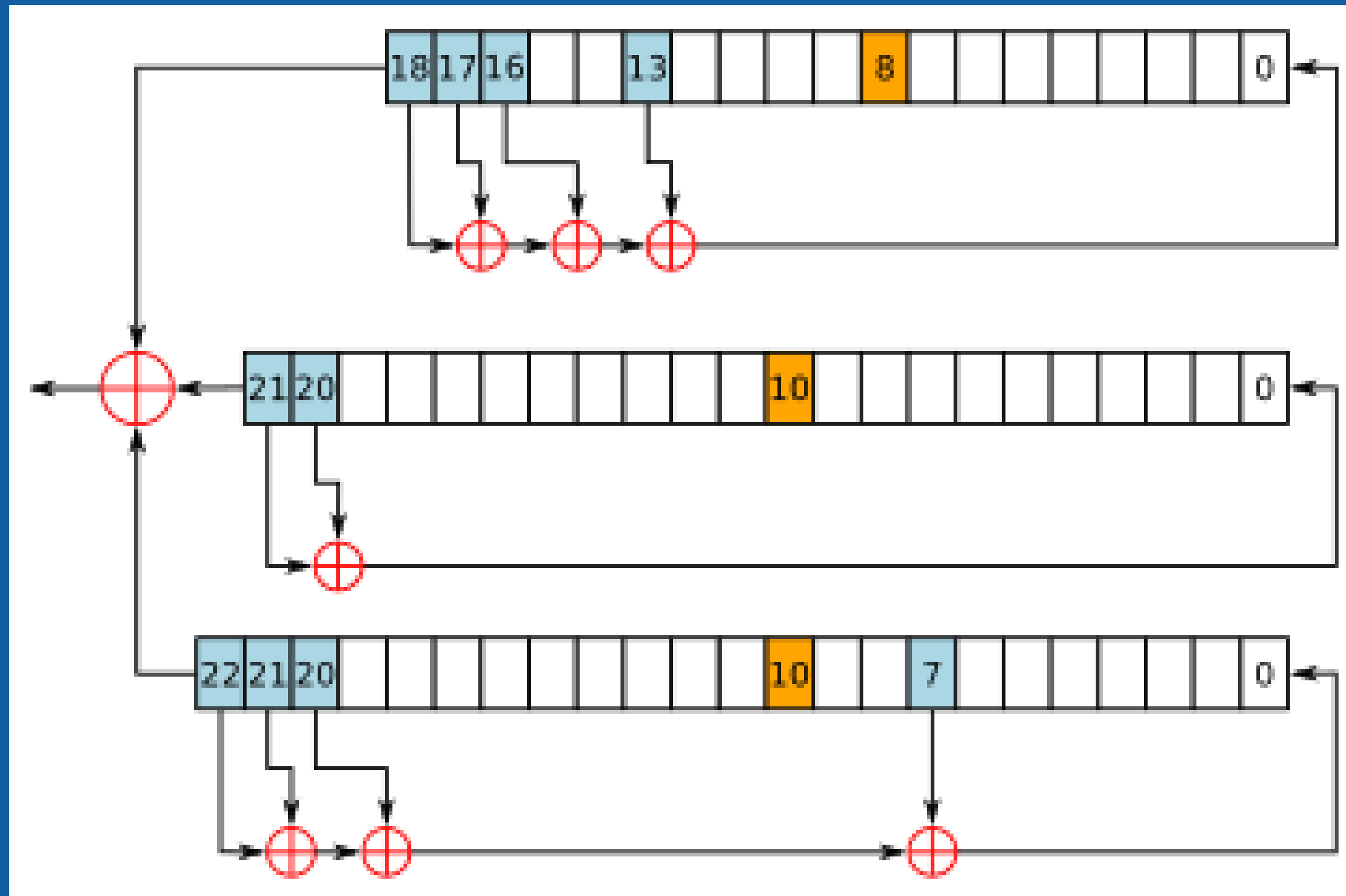
The core consists of three Linear Feedback Shift Registers (LFSRs) with distinct lengths and feedback polynomials.




Clocking Mechanism

Uses a majority-rule clocking system to enhance security.

A5/1 Encryption



Implementation

 A5/1 Stream Cipher Simulator

Input

Key (64-bit binary):

1101001100110100010101110111100110011011101111001101111111110001

Frame (22-bit binary):

1010010111001011101010

Message (binary):

11010111010101110101

Process

Output

Encrypted:

11001110101000010000

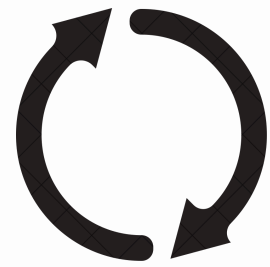
Decrypted:

11010111010101110101

Keystream:

00011001111101100101

Analysis



Periodicity

The sequence repeats after 4 steps for a 4-bit LFSR with certain feedback functions.



Randomness

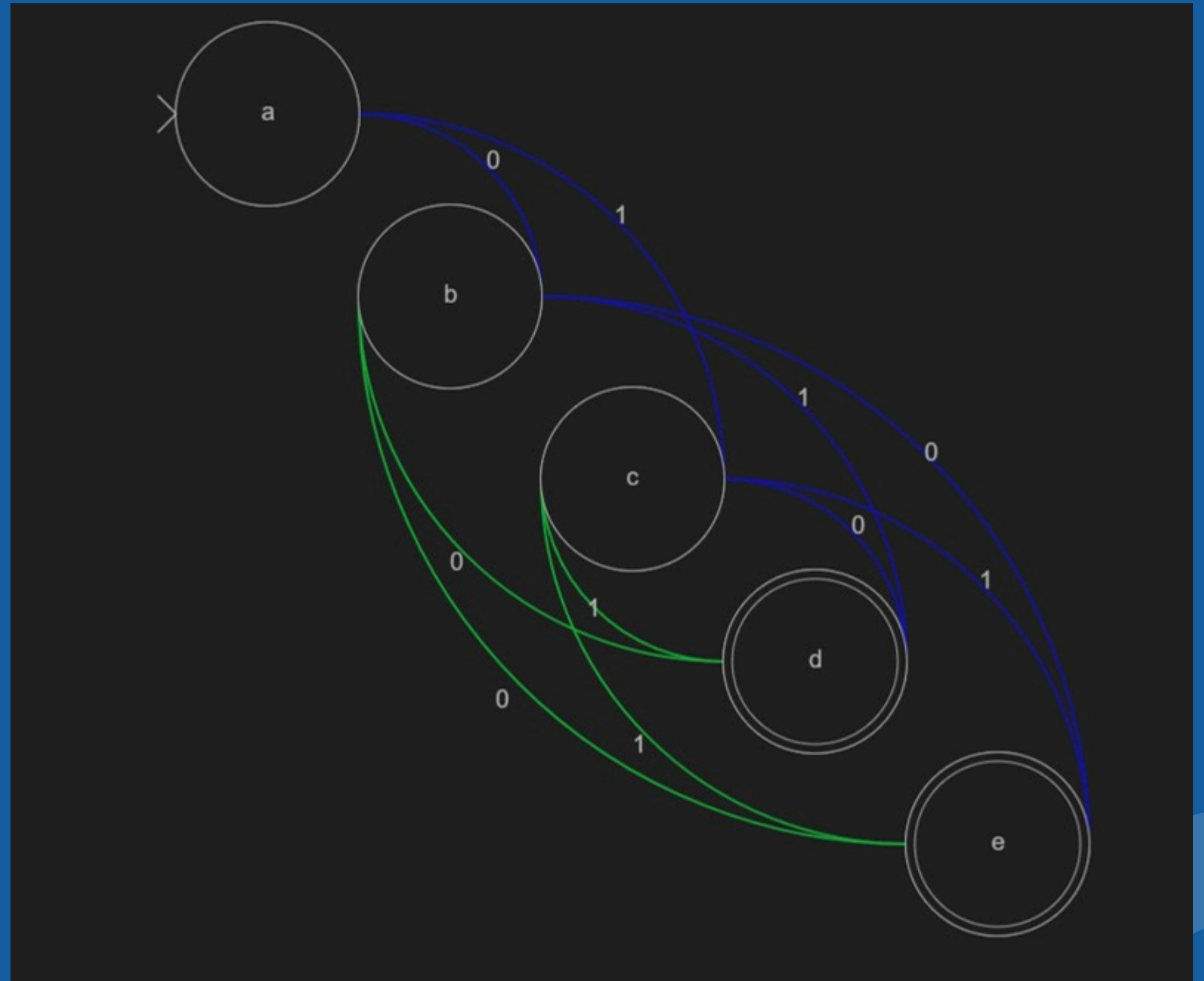
Pseudo-randomness having $(2^n - 1)$ states.



Security

Can be improved with non-linear feedback or larger registers.

Finite State Transducer for XOR



Advantages

- Simple and fast key stream generation.
- Easy to analyze and visualize using automata.

Limitations

- Predictable if feedback and seed are known.
- Not suitable for modern cryptographic standards.

Conclusion

- LFSRs provide an efficient method for generating pseudorandom sequences.
- Modeling LFSR as an automaton simplifies understanding.
- Encryption and decryption rely on XORing the plaintext and key stream.
- Can extend to non-linear feedback for improved security.

THANK YOU!

