

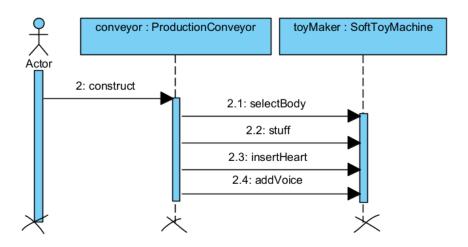
Matthew Schoeman U17029377 BIS Multimedia

- i) Strategy
- ii) State
- iii) Decorator
- iv) Composite
- v) Observer
- vi) Iterator

## Question 2

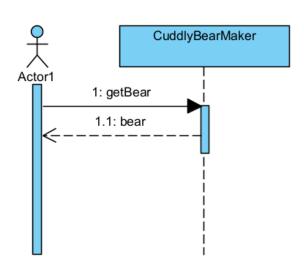
a) ProductionConveyor is dependent on SoftToyMachine because it requires a SoftToyMachine in the construct method as a parameter.

b)



- c)
- i) The SoftToy lifeline represents the toy object's existence, while the Actor exists so will the toy object. SoftToy\* toy = new SoftToy();
- ii) SoftToy\* toy = new SoftToy();

d)



a)

- i) watch my\_var
- ii) The program will pause execution when my\_var is changed. It will then show the old value of my\_var and the new value of my\_var.
- b) This line means that there was a write that occurred out of bounds of size 20688 bytes.

c)

# Question 4

```
(Composite, Component, Graphic)
(Composite, Leaf, Ellipse)
(Composite, Composite, CompositeGraphic)
(Decorator, Component, Graphic)
(Decorator, ConcreteComponent, Ellipse)
(Decorator, Decorator, GraphicDecorator)
(Decorator, ConcreteDecorator, {label, Box})
(Template, AbstractClass, Graphic)
(Template, ConcreteClass, CompositeGraphic)
```

a)

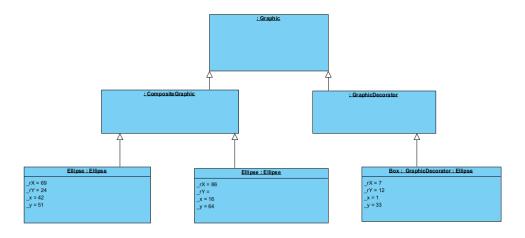
```
#ifndef BOX_H
#define BOX_H

#include "Graphic.h"

class Box : public Graphic{
    private:

    public:
        Box();
        Box(int, int, unsigned, int, unsigned int);
        void print();
};
#endif
```

b) i)



ii)

```
int main() {
    Graphic* g = new CompositeGraphic();
    Graphic* g1 = new CompositeGraphic();
    Graphic* e1 = new Ellipse(42, 51, 69, 24);
    Graphic* e2 = new Ellipse(16, 64, 86, 33);
    g1->addGraphic(e1);
    g1->addGraphic(e2);
    g1 = new Label(g1, "Composite");

Graphic* b = new Box(1, 33, 7, 12);
    g1 = new Label(b, "Decorator");
```

```
g->addgraphic(g1);

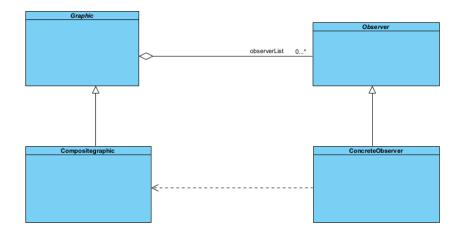
g->print();
cout<<endl;
delete g;
}</pre>
```

c)

```
Compositegraphic::~CompositeGraphic(){
    list<Graphic*>::iterator it = _l.begin();
    for(; it != _l.end(); ++it){
        delete *it;
    }
    delete _l;
}
DecoratorGraphic::~DecoratorGraphic(){
    list<Graphic*>::iterator it = _component.begin();
    for(; it != _component.end(); ++it){
        delete *it;
    }
    delete _component;
}
```

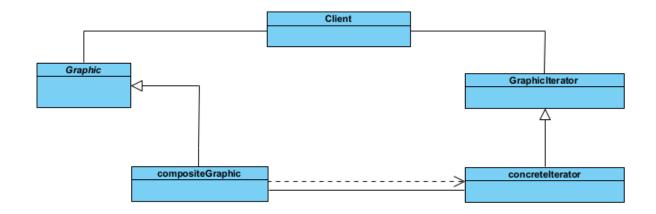
### Question 6

- a) Graphic class as abstract, therefore both the compositeGraphic and Decoratorgraphic can overwrite it to print out there different representations.
- b) The subject hierarchy in the Observer Pattern.
- c) The compositeGraphic class as it stores a list of subjects/graphic objects for which the observer can observer.
- d) compositeGraphic
- e)



- a) The graphic class needs to declare a method called creatIterator which returns a GraphicIterator pointer: GraphicIterator\* createIterator();
- b)
- c)

g)



d) Class Iterator { public: Iterator(); ~Iterator(); Graphic\* next(); Graphic\*current(); Graphic\* first(); } e) Graphic\* start, would have the start method from the Iterator class. Stack<Graphic\*> nextStack would utilize the next method from the Iterator class; f) Graphic\* GraphicIterator::operator++(){ if(this != nullptr){this->current = this->current->next;} return \*this; }