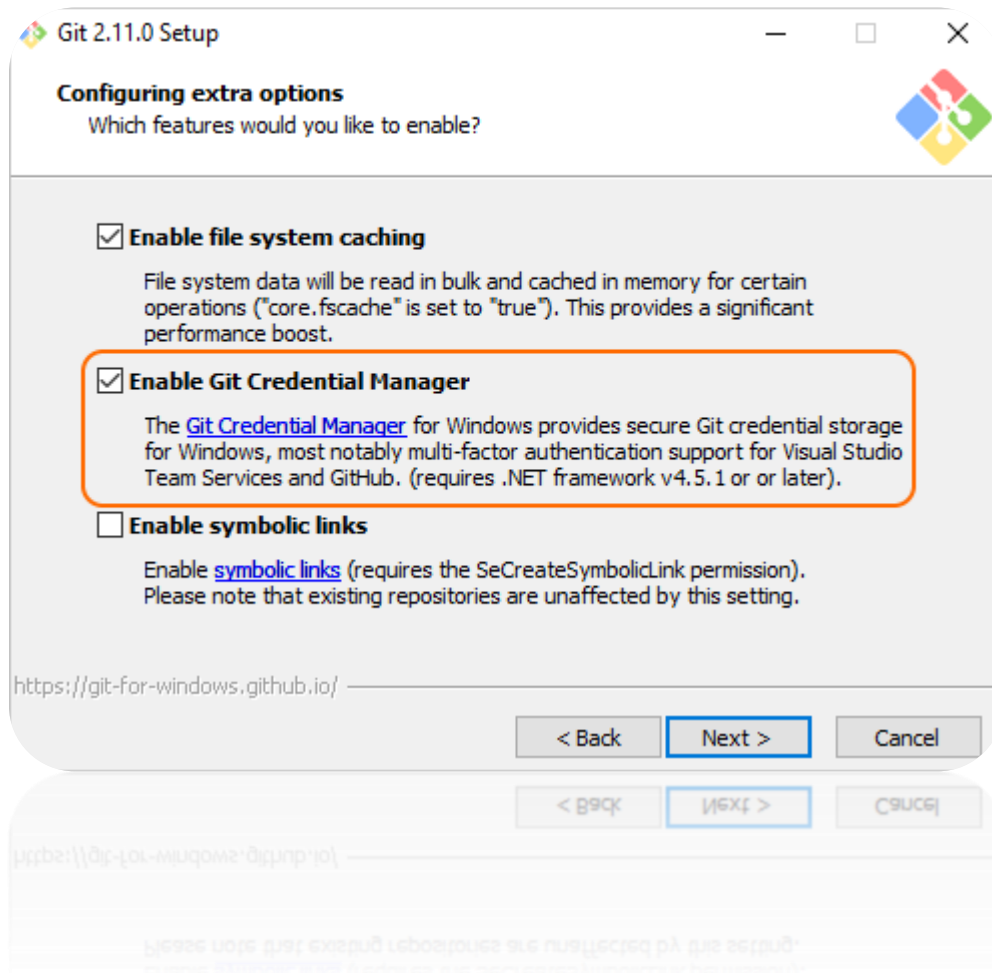


1.Pre-requisites

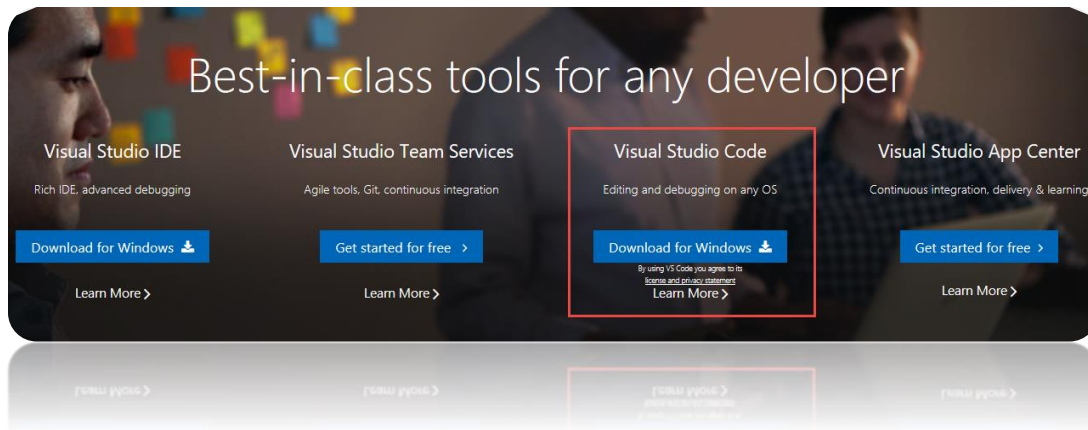
This lab assumes you have the Google Chrome browser installed and available for debugging. If you do not have Chrome installed, go to <https://www.google.com/chrome/browser/>

Download and run the latest [Git for Windows installer](#), which includes the Git Credential Manager for Windows. Make sure to leave the Git Credential Manager installation option enabled when prompted.2

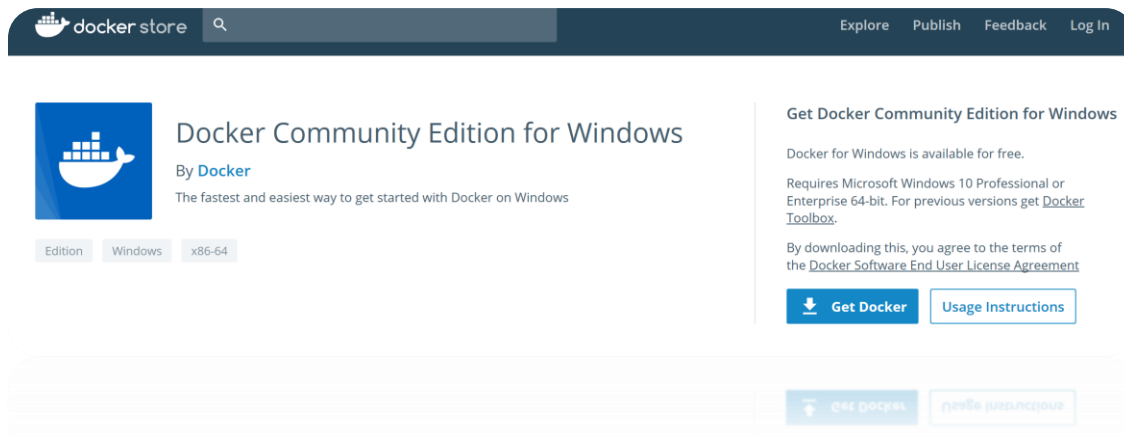


Note: When you connect to a VSTS Git repository from your Git client for the first time, the credential manager prompts for your Microsoft Account or Azure Active Directory credentials. If your account has multi-factor authentication enabled, you are prompted to go through that experience as well.

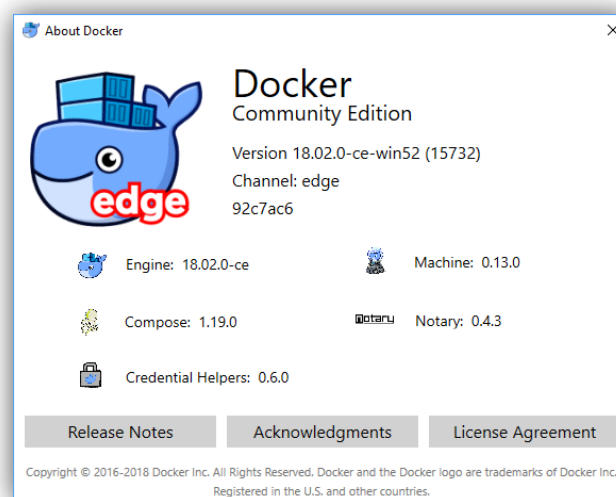
Download Visual Studio Code from <http://visualstudio.com>



Install Docker from <https://docs.docker.com/install/>

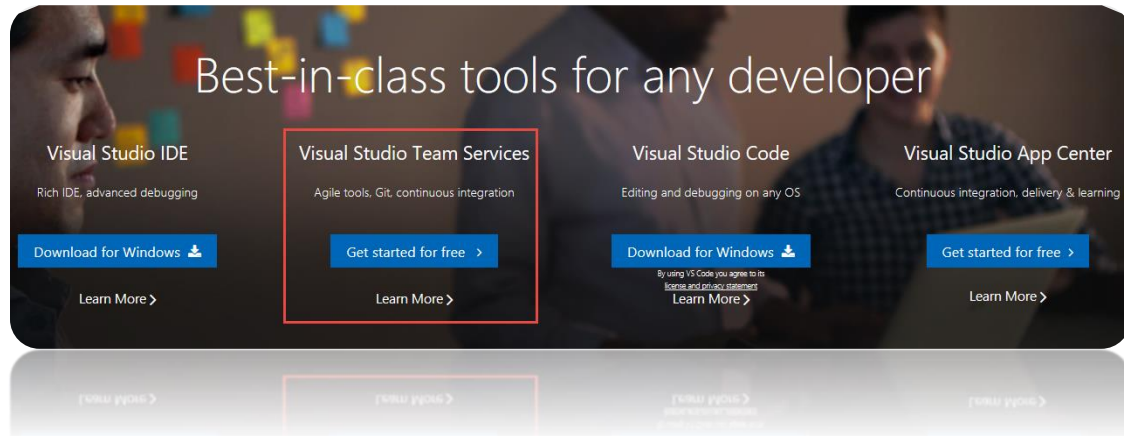


Note: Make sure you install Docker “Edge” for windows, not the “Stable” release. This guide has been verified against the following Docker version:



2. Create a Project in VSTS

1. Create a new instance of Visual Studio Team Services by navigating to <http://visualstudio.com>



2. Click on **"New Project"** in VSTS.



3. Enter Project Name, Description, Version control, and Work item process and click **Create**.

Create new project

Projects contain your source code, work items, automated builds and more.

Project name *

Demo



Description

Hackathon App

Version control

Git



Work item process

Agile



Create

Cancel

4. Select "or initialize with a readme or gitignore".
5. Add a .gitignore file by selecting "Node",
6. Click Initialize.



Demo ☆

Briefly describe your project...

Add tags

Get started with your new project!

- ✓ Clone to your computer
- ✓ or push an existing repository from command line
- ✓ or import a repository
- ^ or initialize with a README or gitignore



Add a README

Add a .gitignore: Node ▾

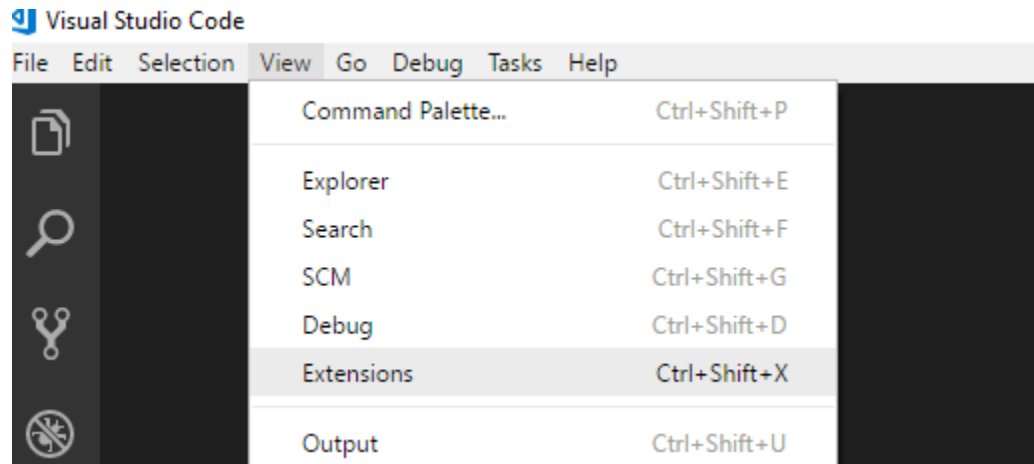
Initialize

-
- ✓ or build code from an external repository

Note: Readme file is used to give a brief introduction of the project and gitignore file is used to ignore tracking of files such as temp files and build results.

3. Open Visual Studio Code

1. Install Extensions by Selecting View → Extensions and typing "javascript"



Recommended extensions to install:

Angular 5 and TypeScript/HTML VS Code Snippets

Angular 5 Snippets - TypeScript, Html, Angular Material, ngRx, RxJS & Flex Layout

ESLint

JavaScript (ES6) code snippets

npm IntelliSense

Debugger for Chrome

Visual Studio Team Services

Docker

Docker Explorer

Nginx.Conf

Nginx.Conf Hint

Apache conf

Apache Conf Snippets

2. Launch Git Bash or use Windows Command line to execute the following commands to create our repository directory:

MINGW64; /c/shoppingcartdemo

```
codec@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c
$ cd /c
```

```
codec@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c
$ mkdir shoppingcartdemo
```

```
codec@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c
$ cd shoppingcartdemo/
```

```
codec@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcartdemo
$
```

3. Open your VSTS project in your browser
4. Click on Clone in the upper right-hand corner
5. Generate Git Credentials:

Clone repository

Clone Git repository using command line or IDE


Command line

HTTPS SSH

`https://mtctor.visualstudio.com/_git/Demo`

Generate Git credentials

IDE

 **Clone in Visual Studio** ▼

ⓘ Having problems authenticating in Git? Be sure to get the latest version of [Git for Windows](#) or our plugins for [IntelliJ](#), [Eclipse](#), [Android Studio](#) or [Windows command line](#).

6. Then enter a new password and click Save Git Credentials:

Clone repository

Clone Git repository using command line or IDE

Command line

HTTPS SSH

`https://mtctor.visualstudio.com/_git/Demo`

User name (primary)

`marfra@microsoft.com`

Alias (optional)

Password *

.....

Confirm Password *

.....|

Save Git Credentials

[Create a Personal access token](#)

7. copy the git repository url as follows:

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with the 'Code' tab selected in the top navigation bar. The 'Clone repository' dialog box is open on the right side of the screen. The dialog has a title 'Clone repository' and a subtitle 'Clone Git repository using command line or IDE'. It has two tabs: 'HTTPS' and 'SSH'. The 'HTTPS' tab is selected, and the URL 'https://mtctorvisualstudio.com/_git/Demo' is entered in the text field. Below the text field is a button labeled 'Generate Git credentials'. Under the 'IDE' section, there is a button labeled 'Clone in Visual Studio' with a dropdown arrow. At the bottom of the dialog, there is a note: 'Having problems authenticating in Git? Be sure to get the latest version of Git for Windows or our plugins for IntelliJ, Eclipse, Android Studio or Windows command line.'

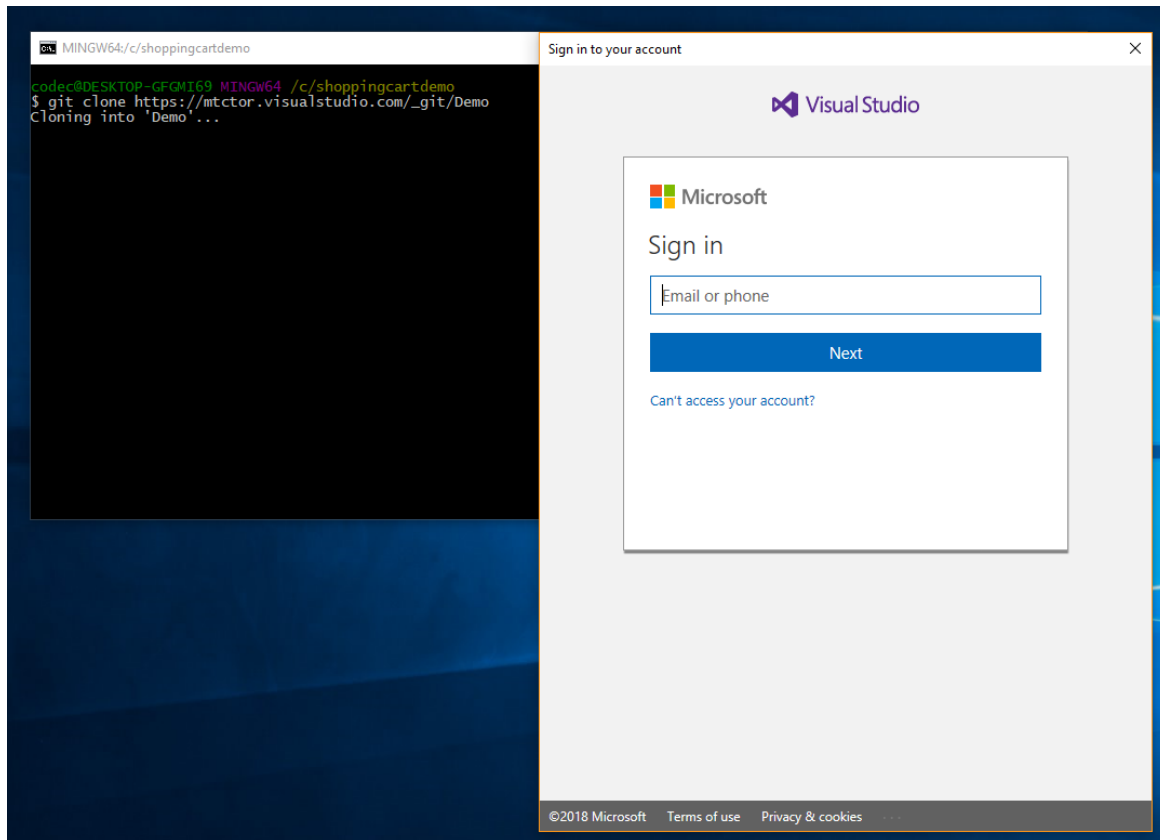
The main content area of the Visual Studio Code interface shows a file explorer on the left with a folder named 'Demo' containing files '.gitignore' and 'README.md'. The main pane shows a table of file changes:

Name ↑	Last change	Commits	
.gitignore	28 minutes ago	eea309d4	Added README.md, .gitignore (Node) files Mark Franco
README.md	28 minutes ago	eea309d4	Added README.md, .gitignore (Node) files Mark Franco

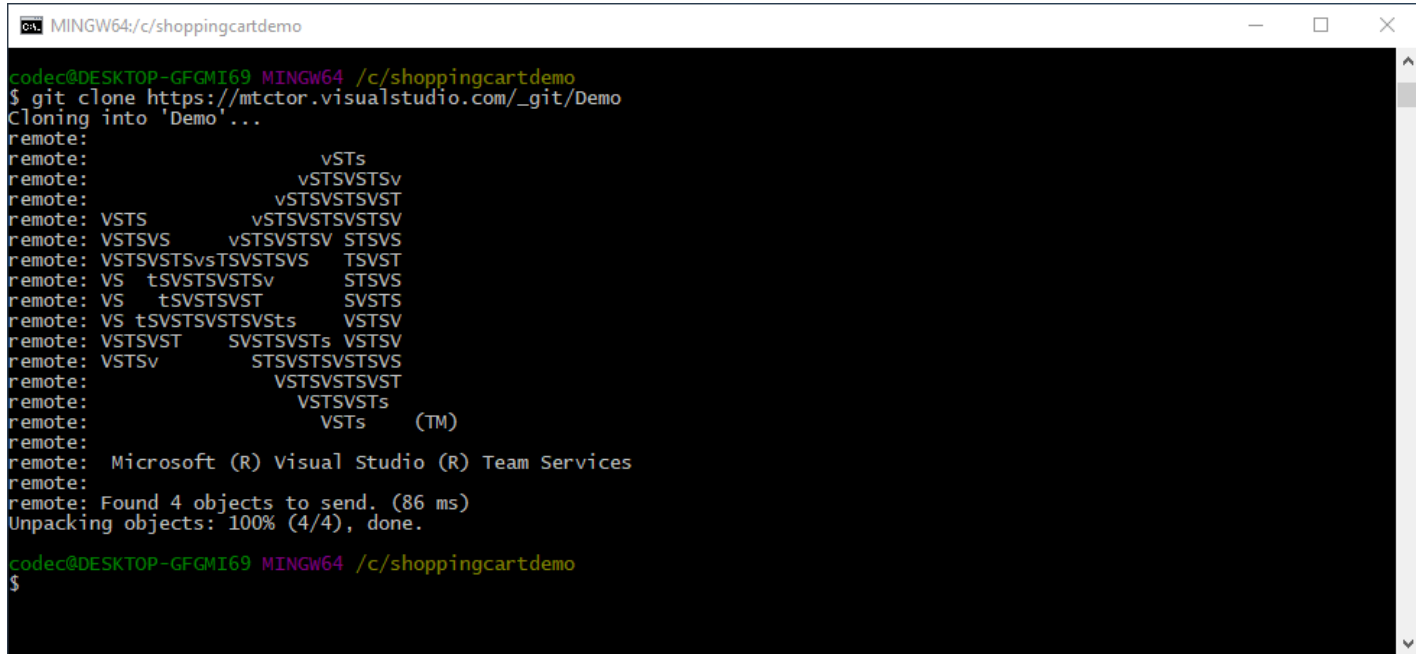
8. Clone the repository from the bash shell you opened earlier as follows:

```
Git clone <git Repository you copied in previous step>
```

9. Enter your credentials you setup in previous steps



After successful login you should see:

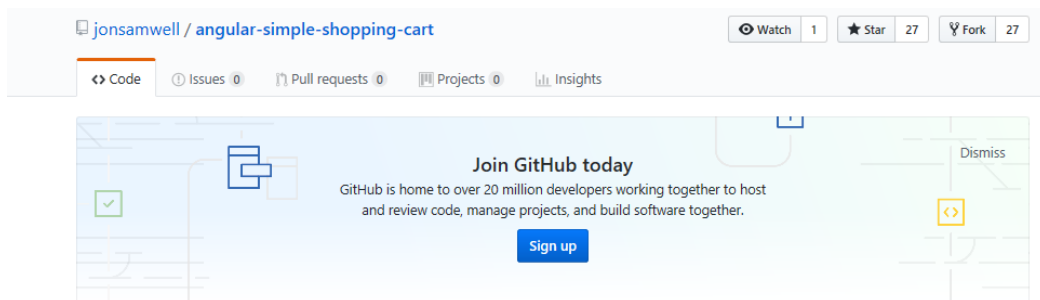


```
MINGW64; /c/shoppingcartdemo
codecd@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcartdemo
$ git clone https://mtctor.visualstudio.com/_git/Demo
Cloning into 'Demo'...
remote:
remote:       vSTs
remote:       vSTSVSTSV
remote:       vSTSVSTSVST
remote: VSTS       vSTSVSTSVSTSV
remote: VSTSVS     vSTSVSTSV STSVS
remote: VSTSVSTSVsTSVSTSVS  TSVST
remote: VS  tSVSTSVSTSV  STSVS
remote: VS  tSVSTSVST  SVSTS
remote: VS tSVSTSVSTSVsts  VSTSV
remote: VSTSVST  SVSTSVSTs VSTSV
remote: VSTSV     STSVSTSVSTSVS
remote:           VSTSVSTSVST
remote:           VSTSVSTs
remote:           VSTs (TM)
remote: Microsoft (R) Visual Studio (R) Team Services
remote:
remote: Found 4 objects to send. (86 ms)
Unpacking objects: 100% (4/4), done.
codecd@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcartdemo
$
```

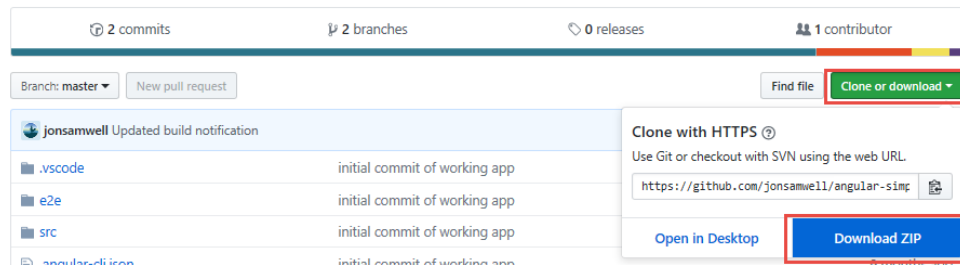
4. Write code

(not quite, we are just going to use an existing code base from GitHub and download the latest copy of the source to update our local repo).

1. Open the browser and navigate to <https://github.com/jonsamwell/angular-simple-shopping-cart>
2. Download code as follows:

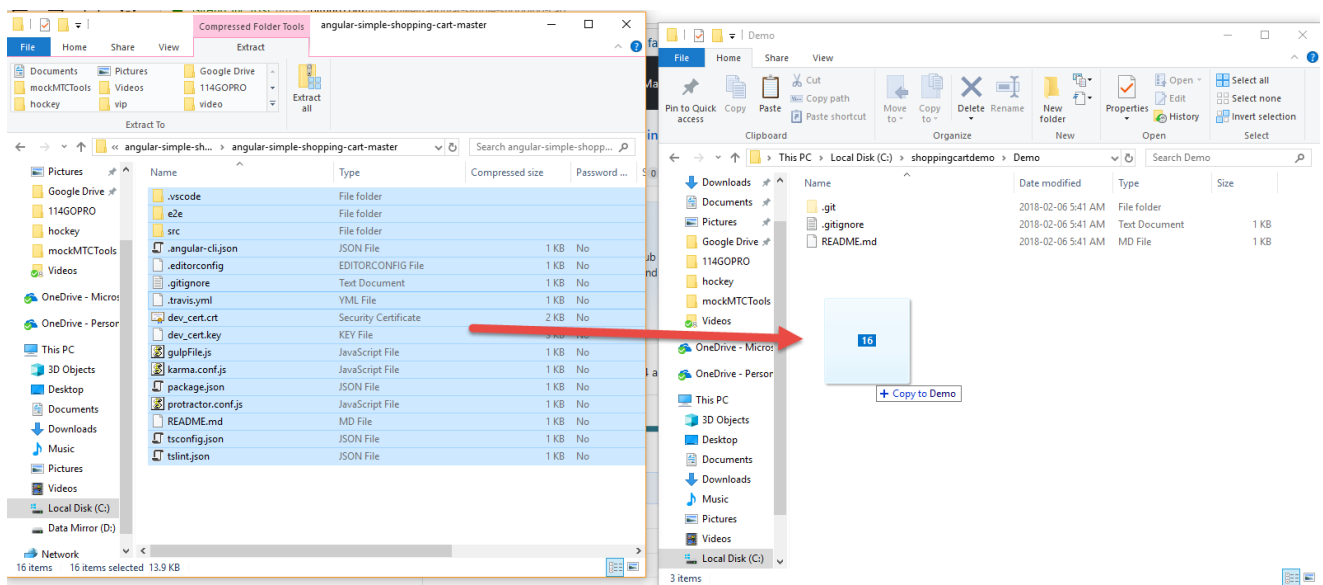


A simple shopping cart built with Angular 4 and RXJS



3. Extract the contents of the "angular-simple-shopping-cart-master" folder within the zip file to c:\shoppingcartdemo\demo

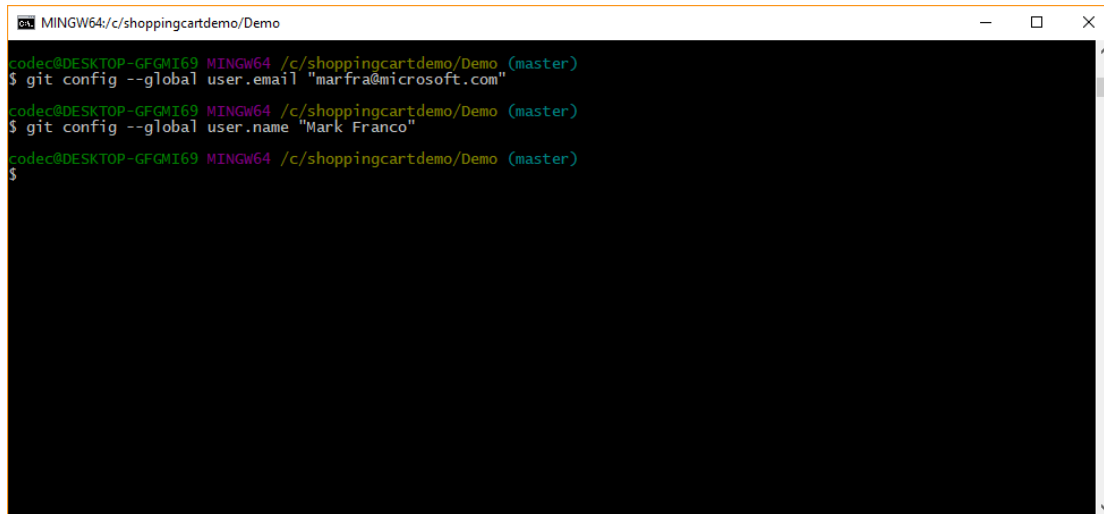
Note: answer "replace" when duplicate files found.



4. Now we are going to add untracked files and commit our changes to our local repository, but before we can do that we have to tell Git who we are by issuing the two following commands:

```
git config --global user.email "you@outlook.com"
```

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
```

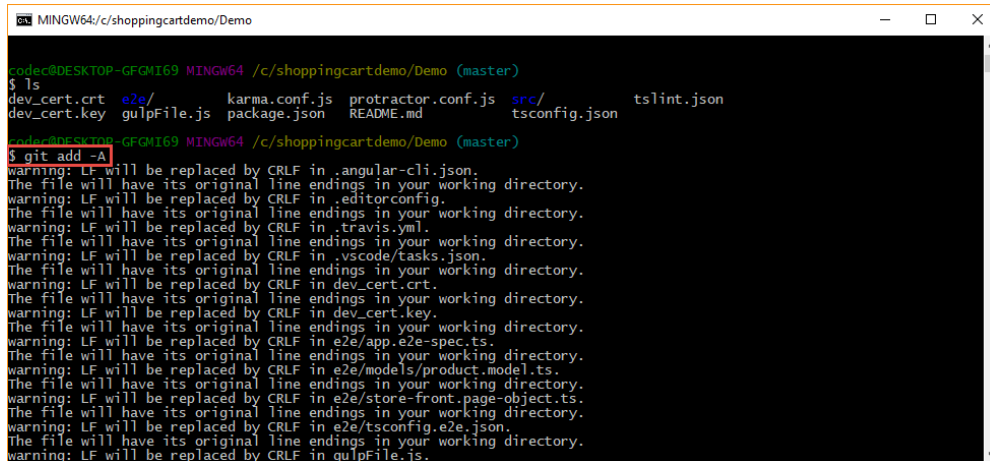
A screenshot of a terminal window titled "MINGW64: c:/shoppingcartdemo/Demo". The terminal shows three lines of commands and their outputs. The first line is "codecs@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcartdemo/Demo (master)" followed by "\$ git config --global user.email 'marfra@microsoft.com'", which returns "codecs@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcartdemo/Demo (master)". The second line is "\$ git config --global user.name 'Mark Franco'", which returns "codecs@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcartdemo/Demo (master)". The third line is "\$", which returns "\$".

```
codecs@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcartdemo/Demo (master)
$ git config --global user.email "marfra@microsoft.com"
codecs@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcartdemo/Demo (master)
$ git config --global user.name "Mark Franco"
codecs@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcartdemo/Demo (master)
$
```

5. Add untracked files as follows:

```
Cd \FirstApp
```

```
git add -A
```

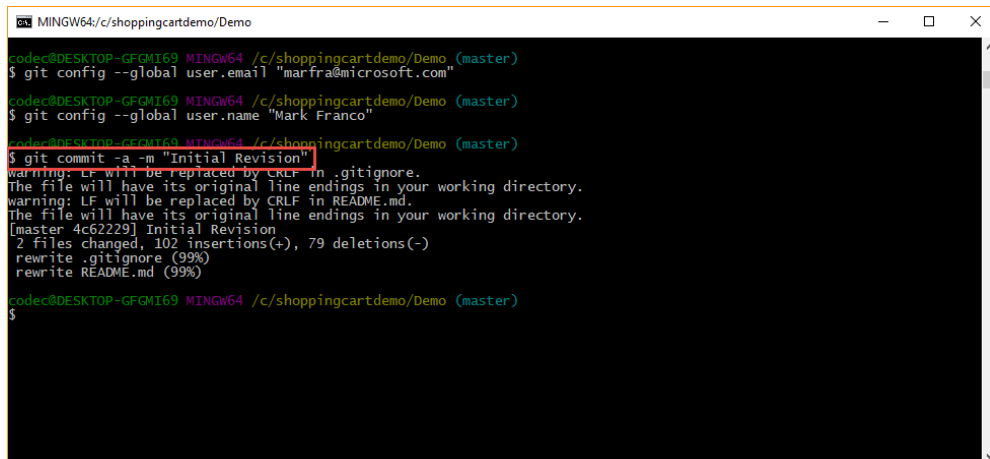


```
MINGW64:/c/shoppingcarddemo/Demo
code@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcarddemo/Demo (master)
$ ls
dev_cert.crt  e2e/          karma.conf.js  protractor.conf.js  src/          tslint.json
dev_cert.key  gulpFile.js  package.json  README.md           tsconfig.json

code@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcarddemo/Demo (master)
$ git add -A
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in .angular-cli.json.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in .editorconfig.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in .travis.yml.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in .vscode/tasks.json.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in dev_cert.crt.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in dev_cert.key.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in e2e/app.e2e-spec.ts.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in e2e/models/product.model.ts.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in e2e/store-front.page-object.ts.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in e2e/tsconfig.e2e.json.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in gulpFile.js.
```

6. Commit Changes:

```
git commit -a -m "Initial Revision"
```



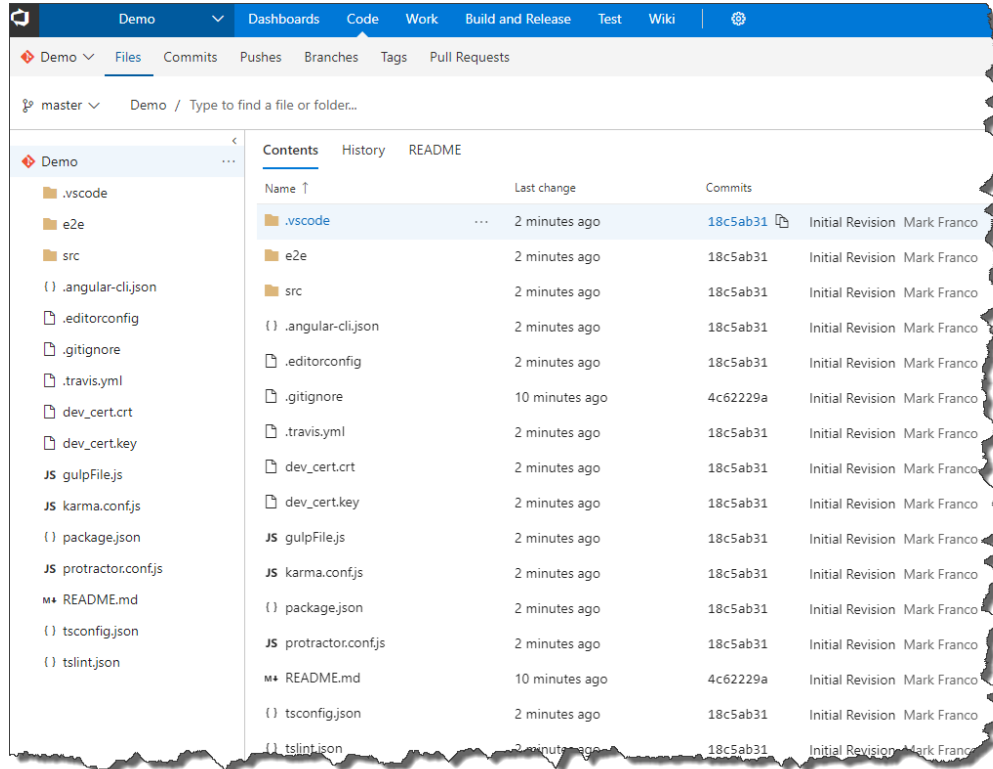
```
MINGW64:/c/shoppingcarddemo/Demo
code@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcarddemo/Demo (master)
$ git config --global user.email "marfra@microsoft.com"
code@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcarddemo/Demo (master)
$ git config --global user.name "Mark Franco"
code@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcarddemo/Demo (master)
$ git commit -a -m "Initial Revision"
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in .gitignore.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in README.md.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory.
[master 4c62229] Initial Revision
 2 files changed, 102 insertions(+), 79 deletions(-)
 rewrite .gitignore (99%)
 rewrite README.md (99%)
code@DESKTOP-GFGMI69 MINGW64 /c/shoppingcarddemo/Demo (master)
$
```

7. Push repository to VSTS into Master branch by executing the following command (no Screenshot):

```
Git push -repo <VSTS Git Repository url from previous steps>
```

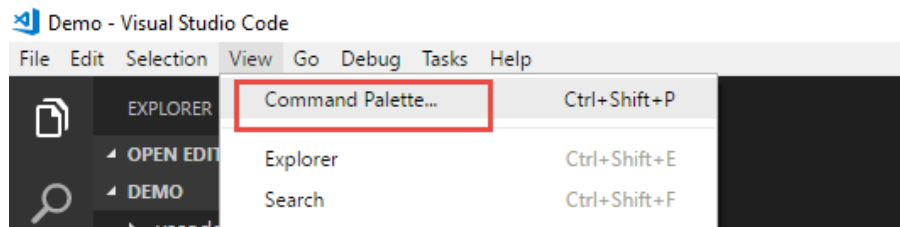
i.e. `git push -repo https://mtctor.visualstudio.com/_git/Demo`

8. And Voila! You can now see your repository pushed up into VSTS:



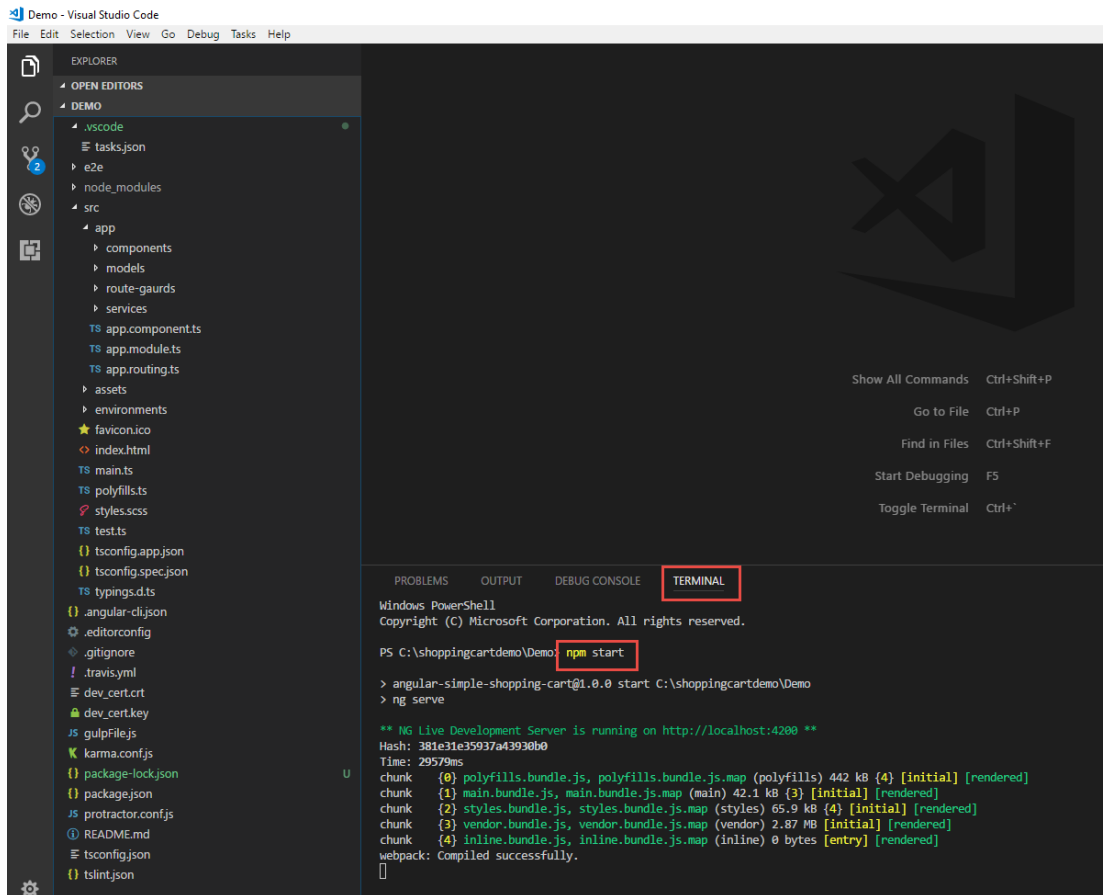
5. Launch VSCode and setup VSTS integration using the new experience

1. Open VSCode and Select File->Open folder: "C:\shoppingcartdemo\FirstApp"
2. Watch this step by step video on how to setup the new experience. Note: to open the Command Pallet as shown in the video, use the menu as follows:

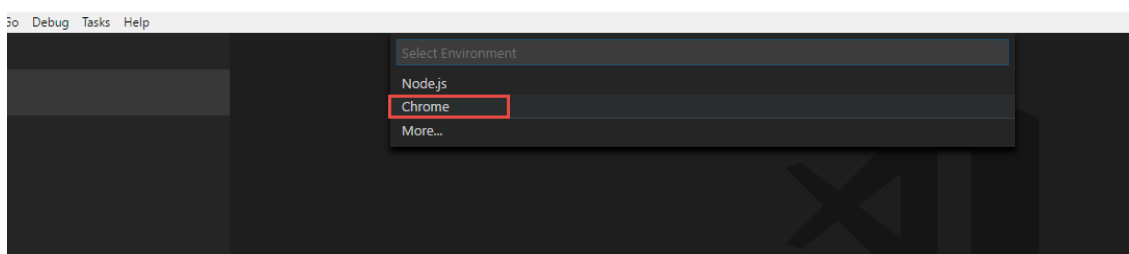


<https://youtu.be/HnDNdm1WClo?t=2m55s>

3. Ensure all dependencies are current by running "npm install" in the VS Code terminal window
4. Run a local instance of the app to see how it runs by running "npm start" in the vscode terminal:



Your app is compiled and running under a node web server, but we need to add a launch file so we can launch a debugger window using Chrome. We do so by creating a new configuration file by selecting the “Debug→Add Configuration” menu item and selecting “Chrome” from the drop down.



We need to ensure the new launch.json file is pointing to the correct url. Node will automatically assign a random port on your computer to host your angular application on and you can get this url from the previous step where you ran “NPM Start”:

```
PROBLEMS    OUTPUT    DEBUG CONSOLE    TERMINAL

Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

PS C:\shoppingcartdemo\Demo> npm start

> angular-simple-shopping-cart@1.0.0 start C:\shoppingcartdemo\Demo
> ng serve

** NG Live Development Server is running on http://localhost:4200 **
Hash: 381e31e35937a43930b0
Time: 29579ms
chunk    {0} polyfills.bundle.js, polyfills.bundle.js.map (polyfills) 442 kB {4} [initial] [rendered]
chunk    {1} main.bundle.js, main.bundle.js.map (main) 42.1 kB {3} [initial] [rendered]
chunk    {2} styles.bundle.js, styles.bundle.js.map (styles) 65.9 kB {4} [initial] [rendered]
chunk    {3} vendor.bundle.js, vendor.bundle.js.map (vendor) 2.87 MB [initial] [rendered]
chunk    {4} inline.bundle.js, inline.bundle.js.map (inline) 0 bytes [entry] [rendered]
webpack: Compiled successfully.
```

With this url , you are going to update the launch.json file and specifically update the "url" property of the Chrome configuration as such:

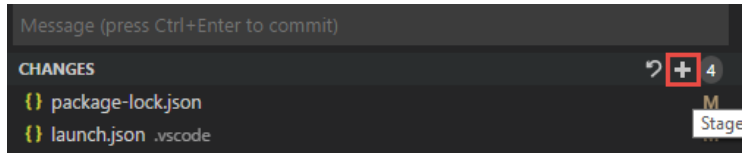
```
launch.json x
1  [
2  // Use IntelliSense to learn about possible attributes.
3  // Hover to view descriptions of existing attributes.
4  // For more information, visit: https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=830387
5  "version": "0.2.0",
6  "configurations": [
7
8      {
9          "type": "chrome",
10         "request": "launch",
11         "name": "Launch Chrome against localhost",
12         "url": "http://localhost:4200",
13         "webRoot": "${workspaceFolder}"
14     }
15 ]
16 ]
```

Now click on Debug→Start debugging

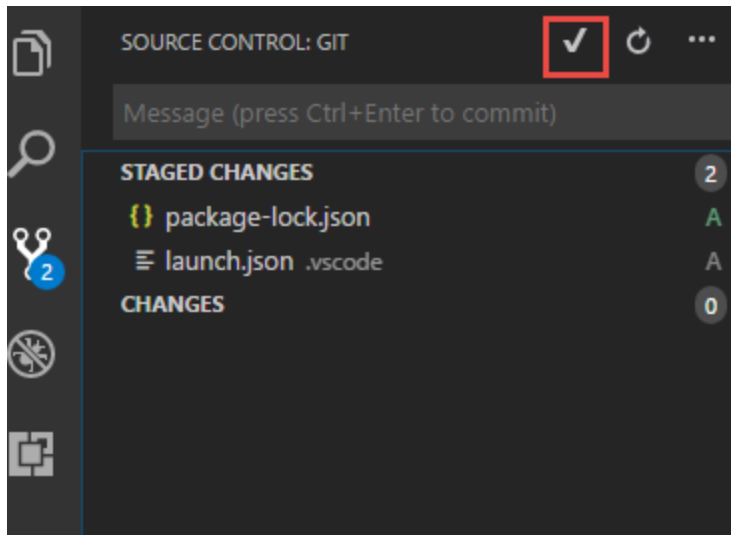
Final house keeping bits:

Check in your additional file "Launch.json" using the VSCODE IDE now:

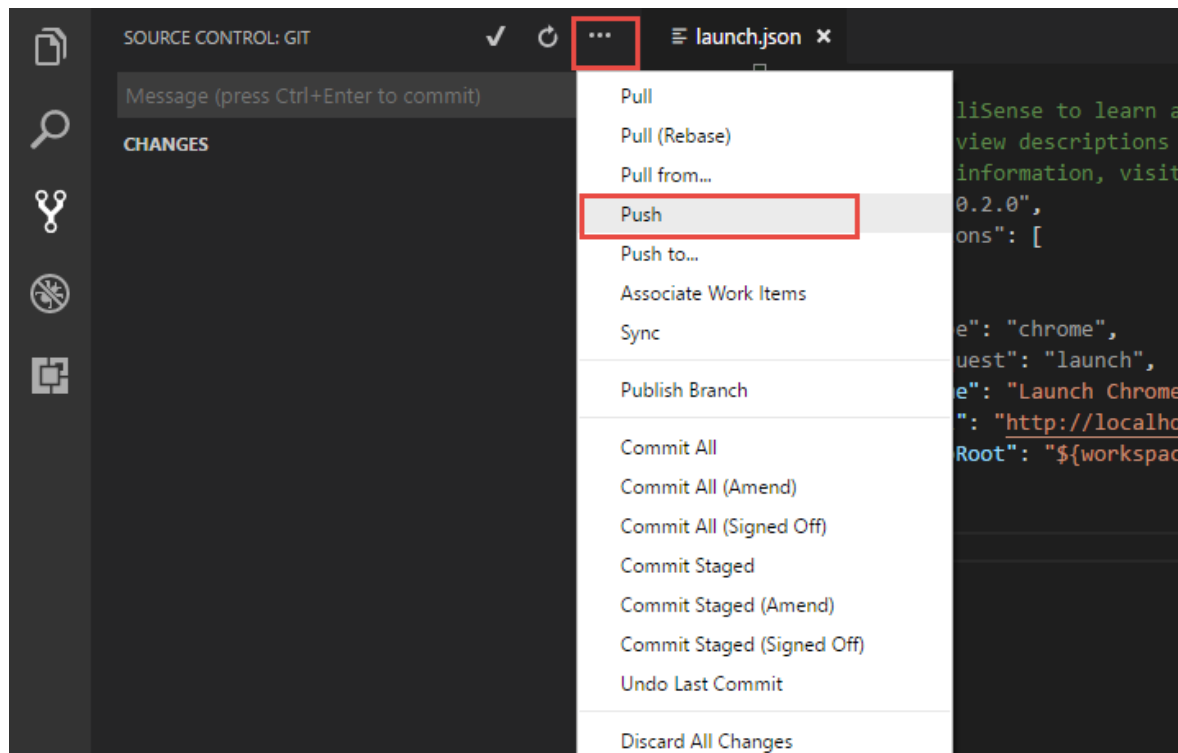
Add Files to local repository (Stage)



Commit Changes to local Repository



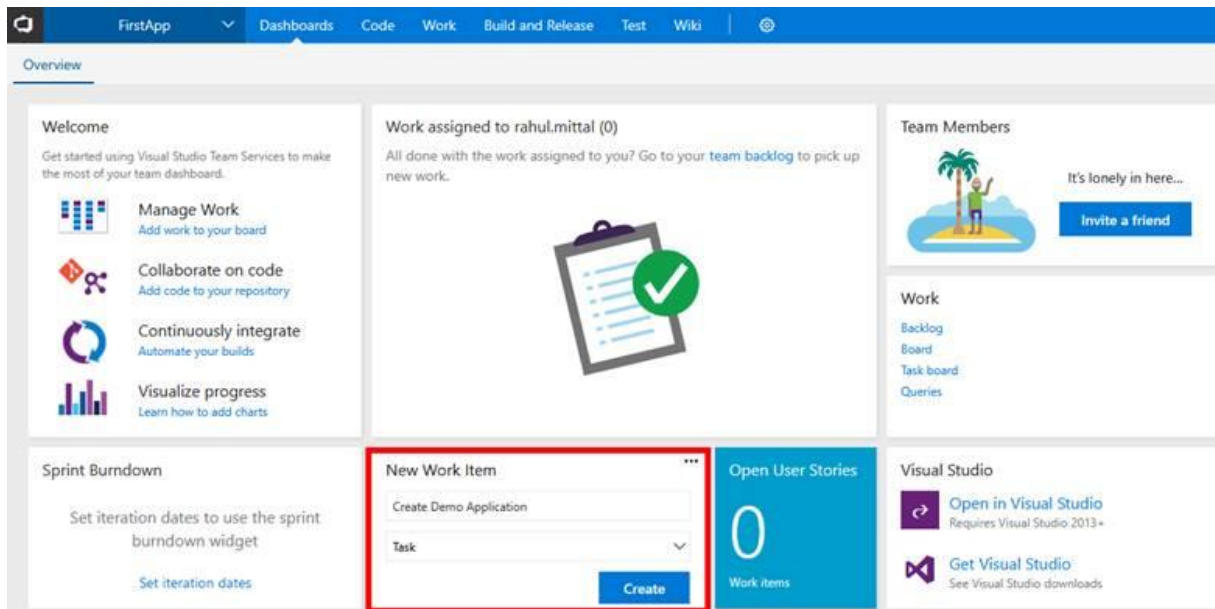
Push Changes from local repository to VSTS



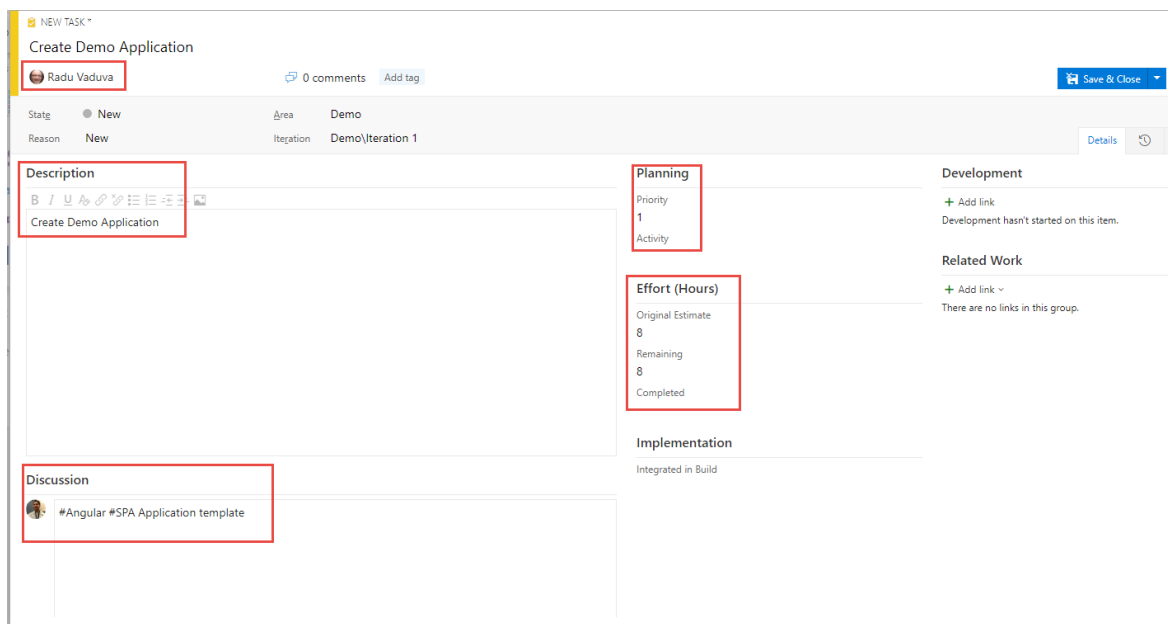
Development Complete...

6 Setting Up Work Item Check-in and Build Configuration

Go to VSTS dashboard and create a task. We will associate this task with check-in.



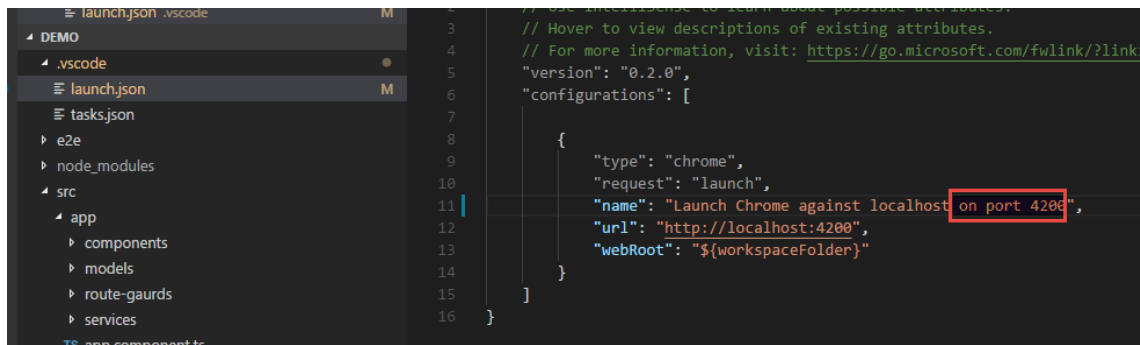
Assign a task to a resource (**Yoursel**f in this case), enter description, set priority, and specify effort. Click Save and Close.



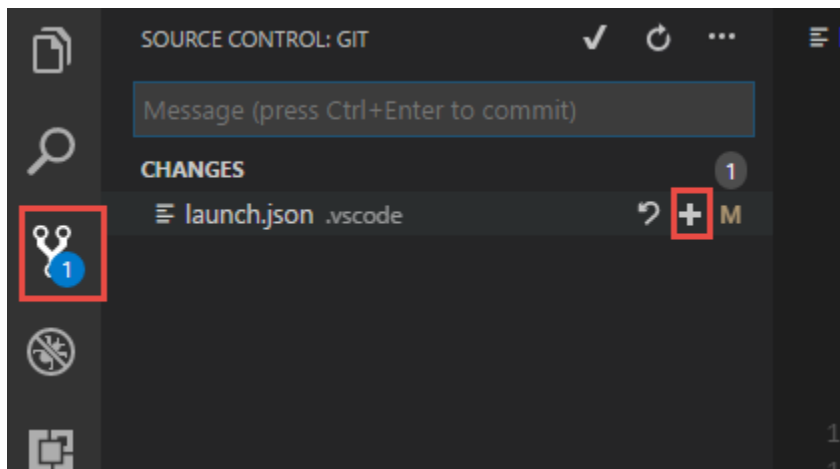
When user saves, unique task number is assigned to each task.

Go back to VSCODE, make changes to the launch.json file and associate the work item while committing the code.

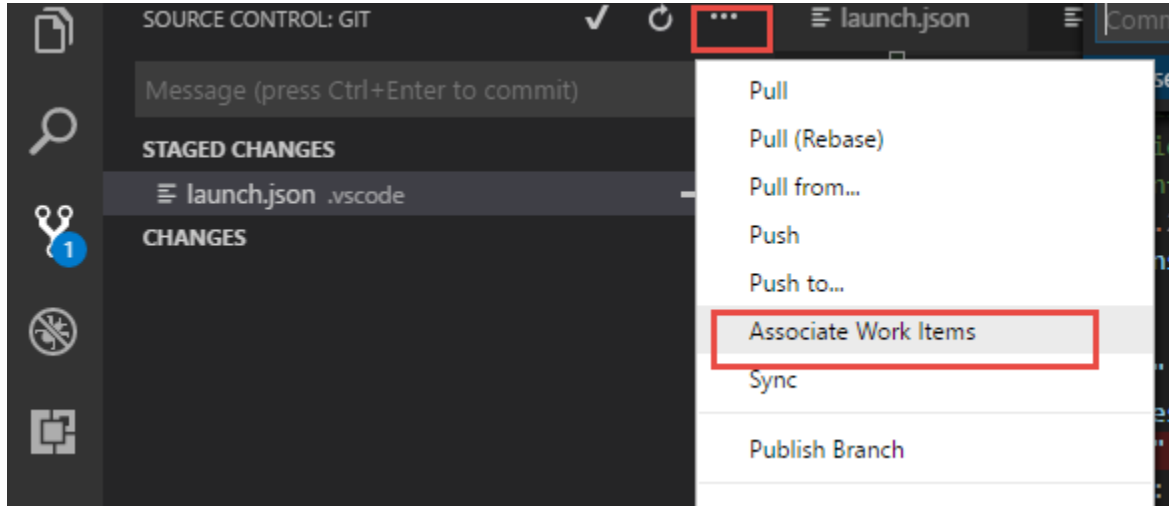
Make the code change by appending "on port 4200" as shown below:



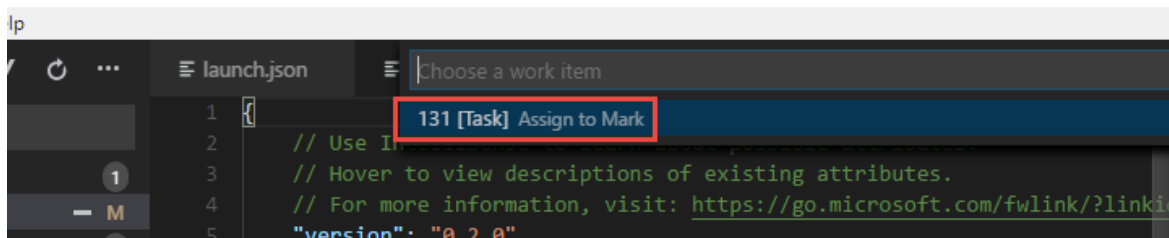
Add Change (Stage)



Commit Change by Associating work item:



Select Work Item task:



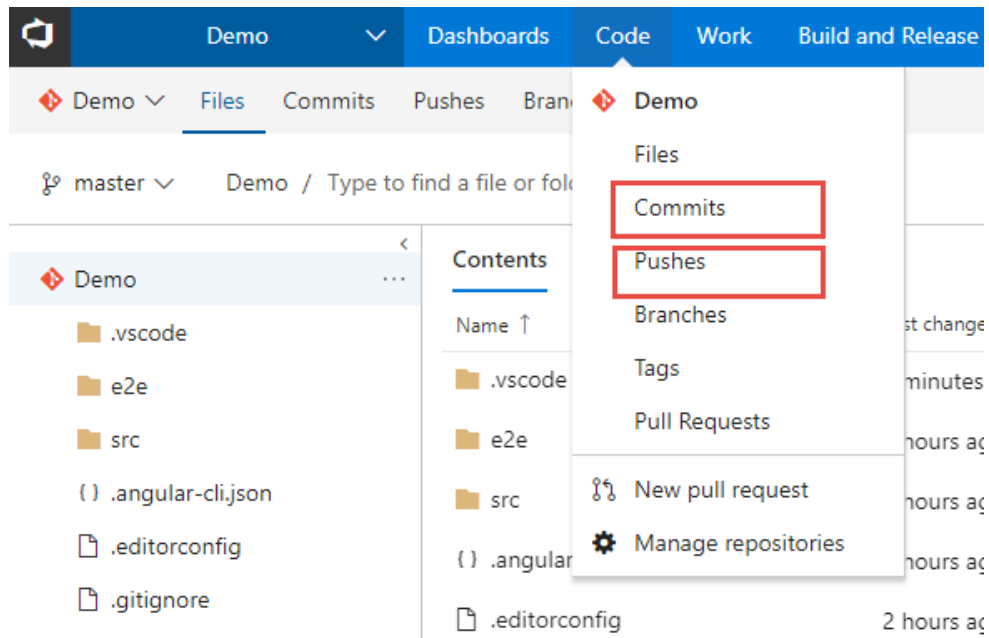
Commit Change with a message "Added port "

Push Change to VSTS.

Done.

When we again go to task board in VSTS, we can see development history associated with this item.

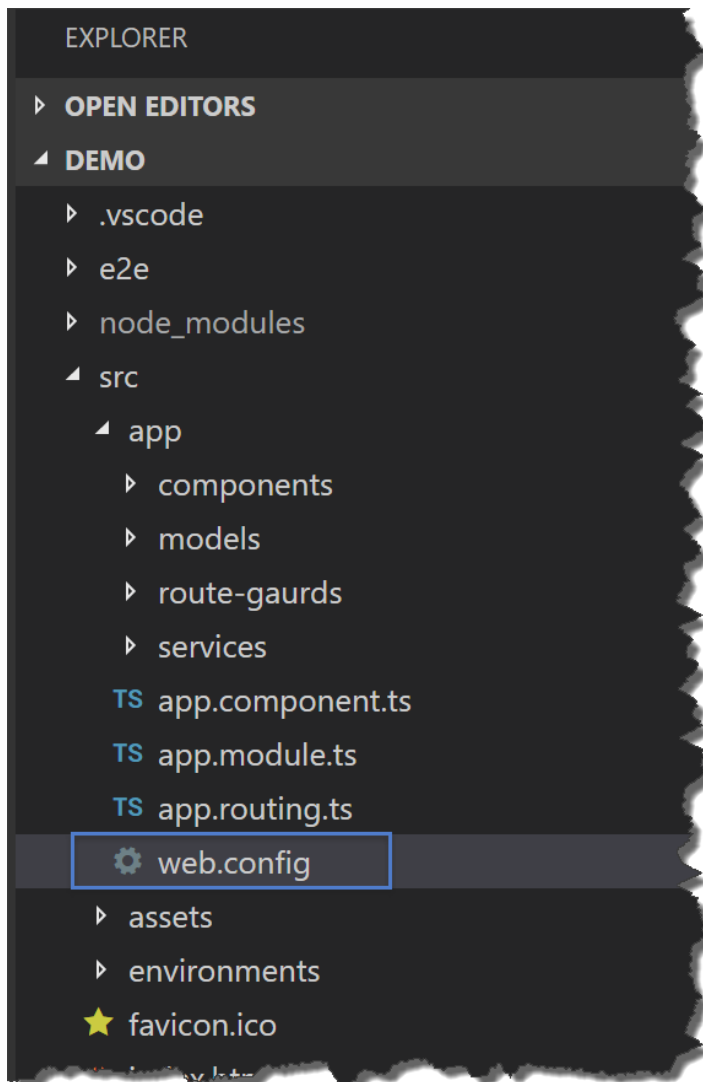
Check out here:



Deploy to Azure App Services

We will need to add a `web.config` file to instruct our underlying web server on Azure to rewrite all incoming request to serve our `index.html` file.

Create a new file named `web.config` in `src\app\` by right-clicking on `src\app` folder and selecting 'New File'



Add the following contents to the web.config:

```
<configuration>

  <system.webServer>
    <staticContent>
      <mimeMap fileExtension=".json" mimeType="application/json" />
    </staticContent>

    <rewrite>
      <rules>
        <clear />

        <!-- ignore static files -->
        <rule name="AngularJS Conditions" stopProcessing="true">
          <match url="(assets/.*|.js|.css)" />
          <conditions logicalGrouping="MatchAll" trackAllCaptures="false" />
          <action type="None" />
        </rule>

        <!-- check if its root url and navigate to default page -->
        <rule name="Index Request" enabled="true" stopProcessing="true">
          <match url="^$" />
          <action type="Redirect" url="/home" logRewrittenUrl="true" />
        </rule>

        <!--remaining all other url's point to index.html file -->
        <rule name="AngularJS Wildcard" enabled="true">
          <match url="(.*)" />
          <conditions logicalGrouping="MatchAll" trackAllCaptures="false" />
          <action type="Rewrite" url="index.html" />
        </rule>

      </rules>
    </rewrite>
  </system.webServer>
</configuration>
```

Modify the /gulpfile.js as follows to remove the code that modifies the index.html `<base href="/">` element. The developer added this code but it is no longer needed as you can leverage angular CLI to modify this directly. Also we have added a copy process to deploy the web.config to the distribution folder:

```
var gulp = require('gulp');

var replace = require('gulp-replace');
var htmlmin = require('gulp-htmlmin');

gulp.task('js:minify', function () {
  gulp.src(["./dist/main.*.js", "./dist/polyfills.*.js",
    "./dist/inline.*.js"])
    .pipe(replace(/\\\/\*([\s\S]*)\*\\/[\s\S]?/g, ""))
    .pipe(gulp.dest("./dist"));
});

gulp.task('web:config', function () {
  gulp.src(["./src/app/web.config"])
    .pipe(gulp.dest("./dist"));
});

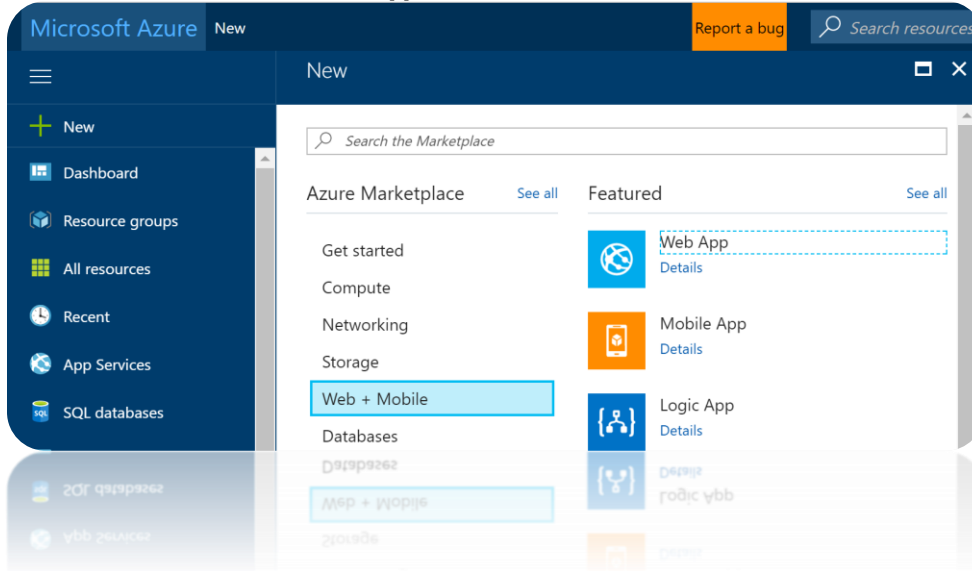
gulp.task("html:minify", function () {
  return gulp.src('dist/*.html')
    .pipe(htmlmin({ collapseWhitespace: true }))
    .pipe(gulp.dest('./dist'));
});

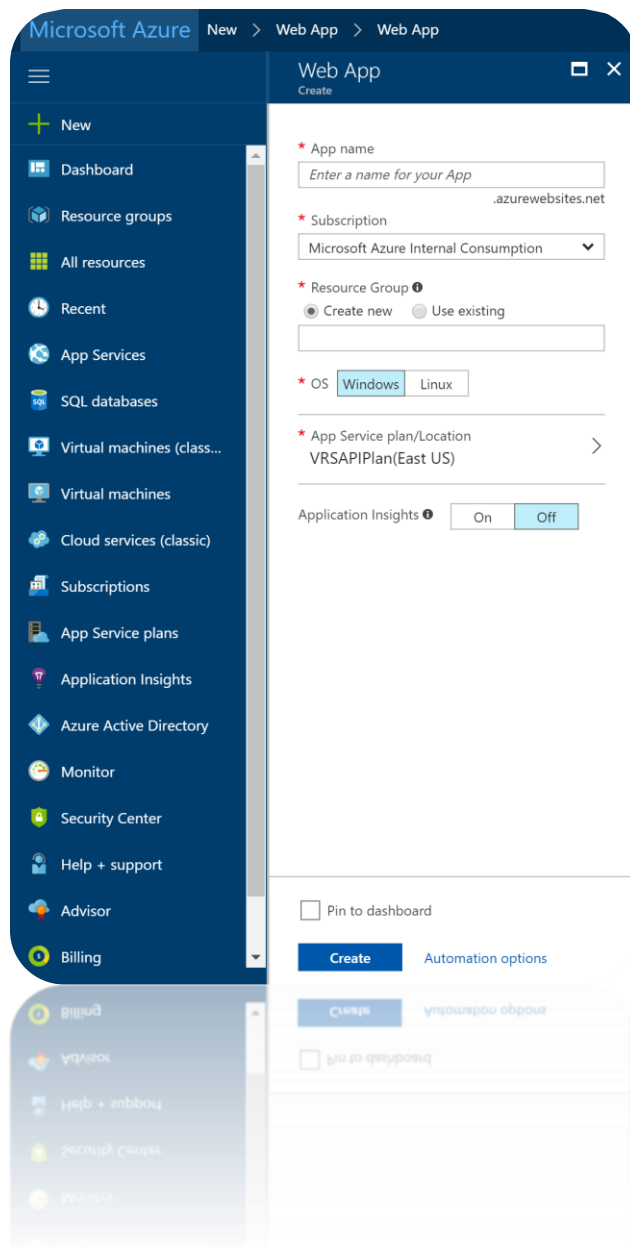
gulp.task("default", ["js:minify", "html:minify", "web:config"]);
```

Create the Azure App Service

The next step is to create an Azure Web App which will host our Angular application. You can [sign up](#) for a free or paid account and log in the [Azure portal](#).

1. *New -> Web and Mobile -> Web App*



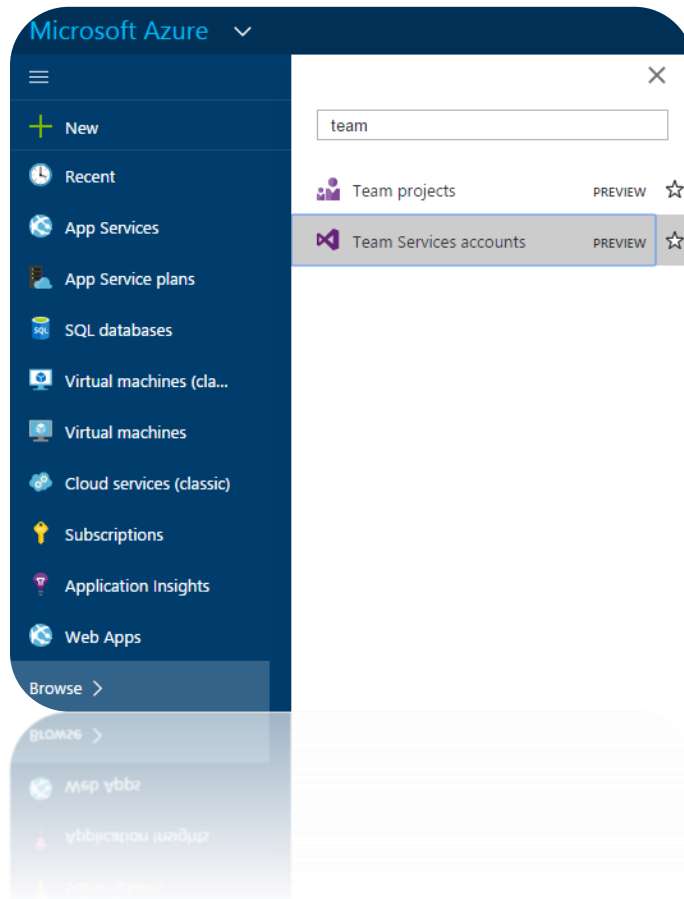


2. Fill out the required fields:
3. After pressing "Create" you should now have an Azure Web App created.

Linking your VSTS account to your Azure subscription

The last step is that you need to link your VSTS account to your Azure subscription (see also [this post](#) on this topic).

To do this, go to the Azure Portal, click More Services (image says 'Browse' but that was the old name) and search for 'Team':



Now select the relevant Team Services account, click Link button at the top, and then the Link button in the other blade:

The screenshot displays the Visual Studio Team Services (VSTS) interface with three main panes:

- Left Pane (Team Services accounts):** Lists accounts: `davidebbo`, `davidebbo2` (selected), and `DavidVSOPerf`.
- Middle Pane (davidebbo2 - Visual Studio Team Services - PREVIEW):**
 - Buttons: `Settings`, `Unlink`, and `Link` (highlighted in yellow).
 - Essentials:** Shows account details: Resource group, Status (Active), Location (South Central US), Subscription id, Uri (`https://davidebbo2.visualstudio.com/443/`), and Users (`Assign licenses to users`).
 - Configuration:** A table with columns: Users, Build, and Cloud-based load test...

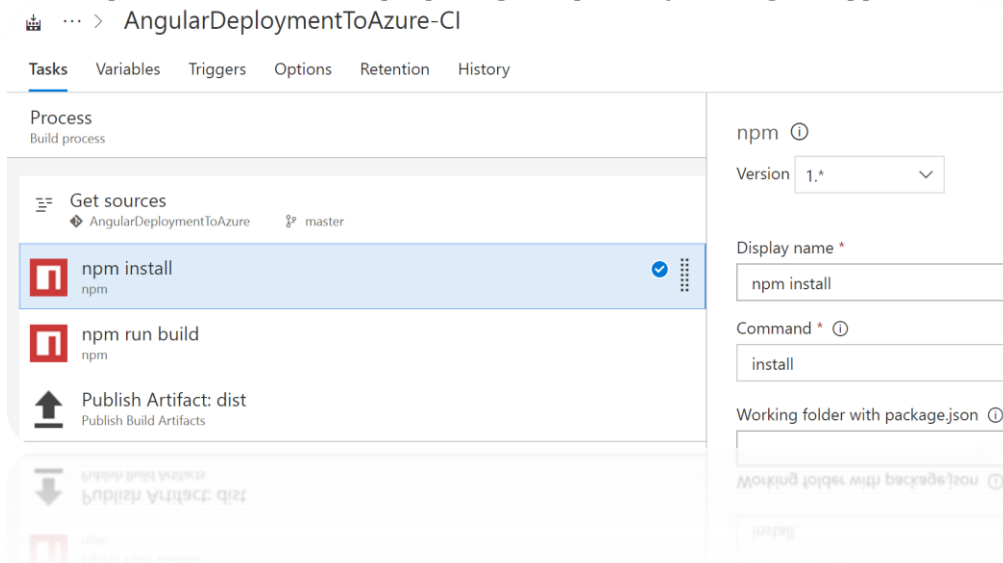
Users	Build	Cloud-based load test...
Basic 0 of 5	Minutes 0 of 240	VUMs 0 of 20,000
 - Usage:** A chart titled "Build (minutes)" showing usage over time.
- Right Pane (Link your account):** Titled "Link your account", it shows "Link your Team Services account to an Azure subscription" and lists "MSDN". At the bottom, there are `Link` and `TSID` buttons, both highlighted in yellow.

And you're done! You will now be able to set up continuous deploying to your git repos hosted in VSTS.

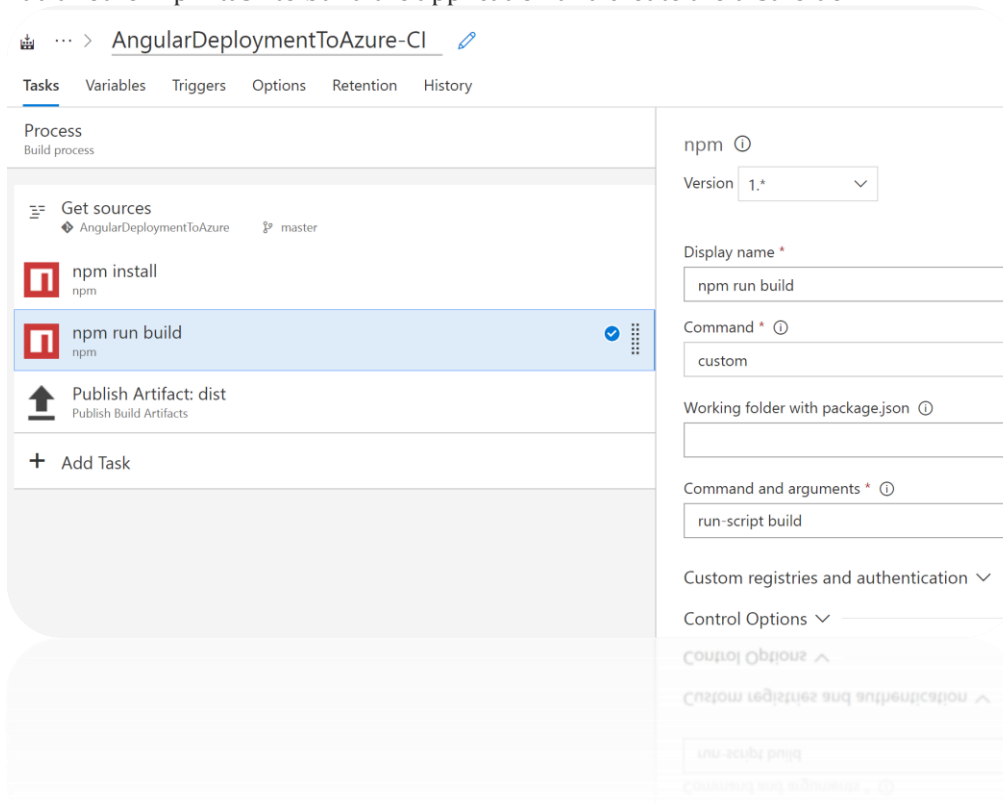
Setting Up CI Pipeline With VSTS

In the next steps we will set up our VSTS CI/CD pipeline to push the Angular application to the newly created Azure Web App. Start by creating a new build definition under VSTS:

1. *Build and Release -> Builds -> New*
2. Add an npm task to install the npm packages required by the Angular application



3. Add another npm task to build the application and create the dist folder:



4. Add a publish artifact task that generates the dist artifact which will be provided later on as an input to our release definition:

The screenshot displays the Azure DevOps interface for a build process named 'AngularDeploymentToAzure-CI'. The top navigation bar includes 'Builds', 'Releases', 'Library', 'Task Groups', and 'Deployment Groups*'. Below the navigation bar, the build process is shown with a list of tasks: 'Get sources', 'npm install', 'npm run build', and 'Publish Artifact: dist'. The 'Publish Artifact: dist' task is highlighted, and its configuration is shown on the right. The configuration includes fields for 'Version' (1.*), 'Display name' (Publish Artifact: dist), 'Path to Publish' (dist), 'Artifact Name' (dist), and 'Artifact Type' (Server). The 'Control Options' section is also visible, showing a 'Publish' checkbox and an 'Artifact type' dropdown.

Builds Releases Library Task Groups Deployment Groups*

AngularDeploymentToAzure-CI

Tasks Variables Triggers Options Retention History

Process
Build process

Get sources
AngularDeploymentToAzure master

npm install
npm

npm run build
npm

Publish Artifact: dist
Publish Build Artifacts

Add Task

Publish Build Artifacts ⓘ

Version 1.*

Display name *
Publish Artifact: dist

Path to Publish * ⓘ
dist

Artifact Name * ⓘ
dist

Artifact Type * ⓘ
Server

Control Options ▾

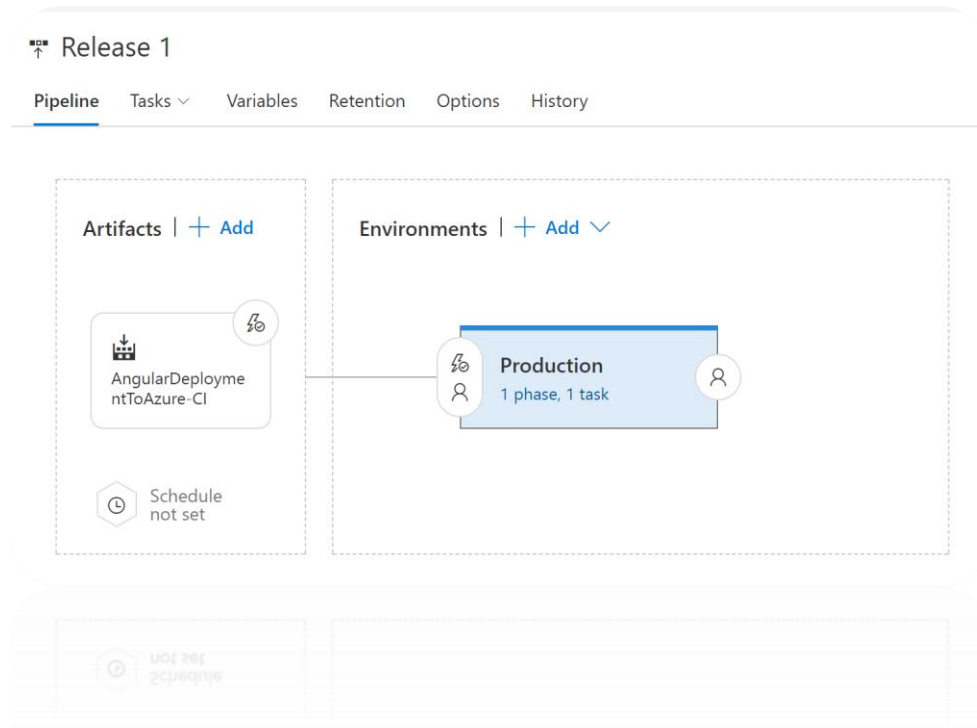
Control Options ▴

Publish

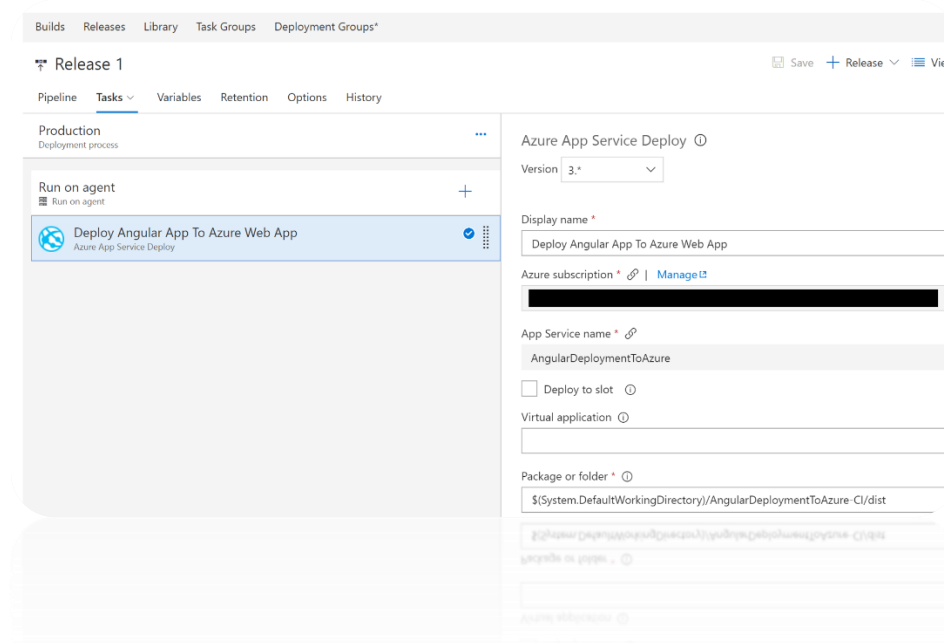
Artifact type ⓘ
dist

Setting Up CD Pipeline With VSTS

The last step is to add a CD pipeline which will deploy the artifacts created by the build to the Azure Web App. In this demo I am keeping the release pipeline simple by deploying the artifacts directly to production. In a real life application you will probably create multiple environments before releasing to production (Development, QA, Staging, etc.):



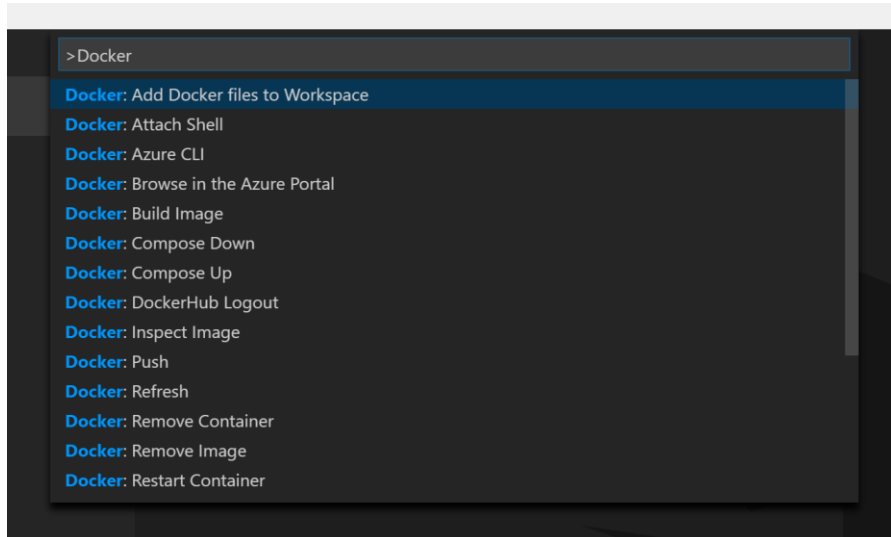
The production environment includes a single task that deploys the Angular application to an Azure Web App:



That's it! You now have a fully functional CI/CD pipeline that will deploy your Angular application to an Azure Web App the next time you check in your code.

Bonus: Deploy your SPA to a Linux VM

1. Add Docker Files to workspace like so:



When Prompted Select: **node.js** and then set the Port to **4200**. This is just to create the base implementation of the Docker image files, but we will replace the contents with our own commands for our SPA to work in a simple Apache Web Server image provided by the image library on the Docker public registry.

2. Once the DockerFile is added to your Angular application its time to add the necessary commands to assemble a docker image which will be used to create docker containers that will run on both the development machine as well as on the production server. We will assume that Apache 2.4 will be used as the web server.
3. Modify the contents of the DockerFile so that it builds an image based on the httpd:2.4 Docker Public image and copies the dist folder that is generated by the angular build process into the specified directory inside the image. Overwrite the DockerFile with the code below:

```
FROM httpd:2.4
COPY dist /usr/local/apache2/htdocs/
```

4. In the terminal Run: **"npm run build"**

5. In the terminal Run: **"docker build --platform=linux --no-cache -t angular-simple-shopping-cart ."**

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL
PS C:\shoppingcartdemo\MTC_EnterpriseSPADev> docker build --platform=linux --no-cache -t angular-simple-shopping-cart .
Sending build context to Docker daemon  7.248MB
Step 1/2 : FROM httpd:2.4
2.4: Pulling from library/httpd
4176fe04cefe: Pull complete
d6c01cf91b98: Pull complete
b7066921647a: Pull complete
643378aaba88: Pull complete
3c51f6dc6a3b: Pull complete
4f25e420c4cc: Pull complete
ccdbe37da15c: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:6e61d60e4142ea44e8e69b22f1e739d89e1dc8a2764182d7eccc83a5bb31181e
Status: Downloaded newer image for httpd:2.4
--> 01154c38b473
Step 2/2 : COPY dist /usr/local/apache2/htdocs/
--> 342be13bbd01
Successfully built 342be13bbd01
Successfully tagged angular-simple-shopping-cart:latest
PS C:\shoppingcartdemo\MTC_EnterpriseSPADev> 
```

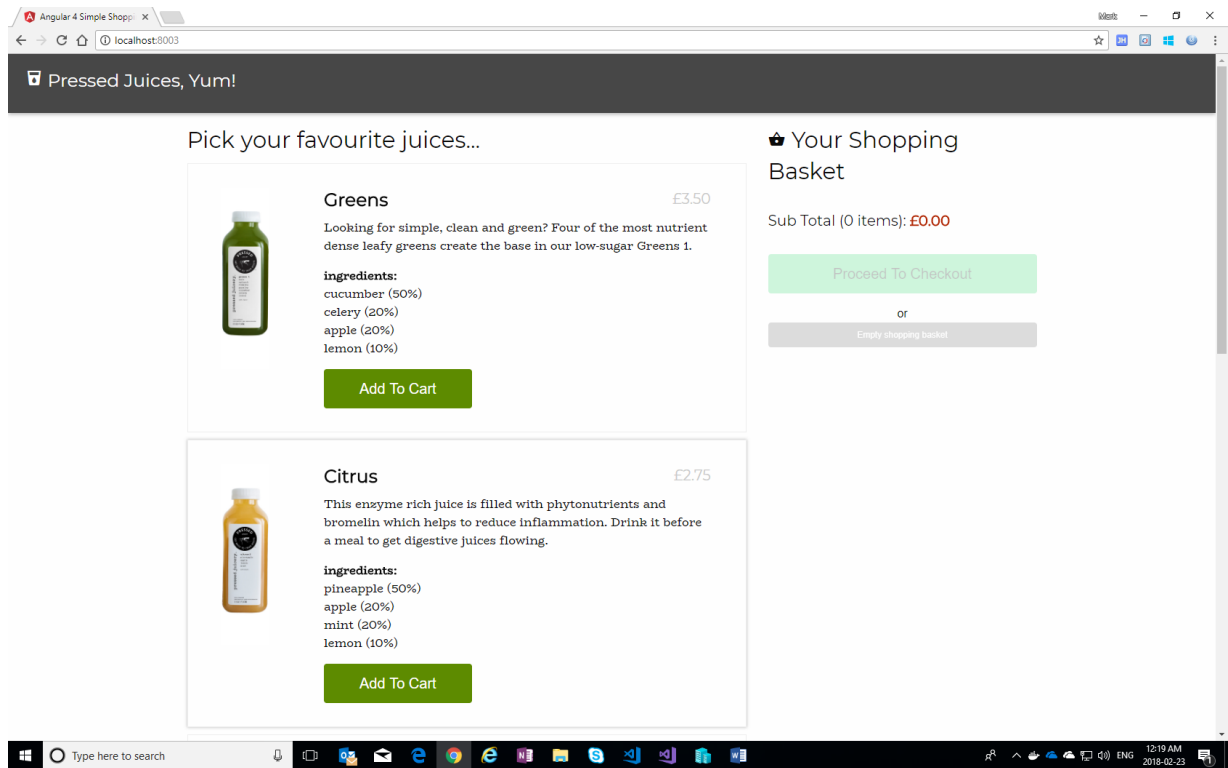
6. In the Terminal Run: **"docker images"**. You will see two images. The HTTPD which is your base image that was downloaded from the Docker registry and the angular-simple-shopping-cart image you just built.

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL
PS C:\shoppingcartdemo\MTC_EnterpriseSPADev> docker images
REPOSITORY              TAG          IMAGE ID          CREATED           SIZE
angular-simple-shopping-latest      342be13bbd01    8 minutes ago    287MB
httpd                     2.4          01154c38b473     8 days ago       285MB
PS C:\shoppingcartdemo\MTC_EnterpriseSPADev> 
```

7. In the Terminal Run: **"docker run -d -p 8003:80 angular-simple-shopping-cart"**. Where 8003 is the port that will be used outside of the container and 80 is the port being exposed inside the container.

```
PS C:\shoppingcartdemo\MTC_EnterpriseSPADev> docker run -d -p 8003:80 angular-simple-shopping-cart
6349d305bb770f878617c3e5e99b9bc21d1b0b9ccb73435b7ce40835752e6995
PS C:\shoppingcartdemo\MTC_EnterpriseSPADev> 
```

8. Open a web browser and navigate to: **“localhost:8003”**. If successful, you should see our Angular SPA running locally as such:



9. Next, we will deploy to azure App Services (Linux).

<https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/wael-kdouh/2018/01/02/deploying-your-dockerized-angular-application-to-azure-using-vsts/>