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Calculator JS

```
// When they click a button, put that in the display
   // - make a variable to store the buttons
    // - Array.from(querySelectorAll("button"))
    // - add event listeners for each button ("click", functionName)
const buttons = Array.from(document.querySelectorAll("button"));
const display = document.getElementById("display");
let equation = "";
buttons.forEach((button) => { // button represents the current button in the loop
    // Add an event listener to the current button
    button.addEventListener("click", handleClick);
});
/*
If you're using a for loop
for (let i = 0; i < buttons.length; i++) {</pre>
    buttons[i].addEventListener("click", handleClick);
}
*/
// Store our original font size so we can set it back later
const originalFontSize = display.style.fontSize;
// Make a function that runs when they click a button
    // This function will put the text/value of the button in the display
function handleClick(e) {
    switch (e.target.innerHTML) {
        case 'C':
        case 'CE':
            display.innerHTML = '0';
            display.style.fontSize = originalFontSize;
            equation = '';
            buttons.forEach((button) => {
                if (!isNaN(button.innerHTML)) {
                    button.disabled = false;
                    button.style.cursor = 'auto';
                }
            });
            break;
        case '⊠':
            // for example when display.innnerHTML = '856', we want to remove the
6
            display.innerHTML = display.innerHTML.substring(∅,
display.innerHTML.length - 1);
            if (display.innerHTML.length == 0) {
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display.innerHTML = '0';
            }
            equation = equation.toString().substring(0, equation.toString().length
- 1);
            console.log(equation);
            break;
        case '%':
            // display.innerHTML = display.innerHTML / 100;
            display.innerHTML /= 100; // shorthand
            equation /= 100;
            break;
        case x^2:
            display.innerHTML = Math.pow(display.innerHTML, 2);
            equation = Math.pow(equation, 2);
            break;
        case '1/x':
            display.innerHTML = 1 / display.innerHTML;
            equation = 1 / equation;
            break;
        case '√':
            display.innerHTML = Math.sqrt(display.innerHTML);
            equation = Math.sqrt(equation);
            break;
        case '=':
            console.log(equation);
            display.innerHTML = eval(equation);
            equation = eval(equation);
            break;
        case '-':
            display.innerHTML += e.target.innerHTML;
            equation += '-';
            break;
        case 'x':
            display.innerHTML += e.target.innerHTML;
            equation += '*';
            break;
        case '÷':
            display.innerHTML += e.target.innerHTML;
            equation += '/';
            break;
        case '±':
            let output = display.innerHTML;
            if (output.charAt(∅) == '-') {
                output = output.substring(1);
            } else {
                output = '-' + output;
            display.innerHTML = output;
            if (equation.toString().charAt(∅) == '-') {
                equation = equation.toString().substring(1);
            } else {
                equation = '-' + equation;
```

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```
break;
        default:
            if (display.innerHTML == 0) {
                display.innerHTML = e.target.innerHTML;
                display.innerHTML += e.target.innerHTML;
            equation += e.target.innerHTML;
            console.log(e.target.innerHTML);
    }
    // Switch-case (another way to write if-statements)
    let length = display.innerHTML.length;
    switch (true) {
        case length >= 6 && length <= 11:
            display.style.fontSize = 'large';
            break; // Breaks out of the code and stops running the switch
        case length >= 12 && length <= 17:
           display.style.fontSize = 'small';
            break;
        case length >= 18 && length <= 23:
            display.style.fontSize = 'smallest';
            break;
        case length >= 24:
            buttons.forEach((button) => {
                // If the text is not not a number (if it is a number)
                if (!isNaN(button.innerHTML)) {
                    button.disabled = true;
                    // button.childNodes.forEach((child) => {
                         console.log(child);
                           child.removeAttribute('style');
                    // });
                    button.style.cursor = 'not-allowed';
                }
            });
            break;
        // If none of the above are true, do default
        default:
            console.log(display.innerHTML.length);
    }
    // This is sort of the equivalent of the switch-case above
   // if (display.innerHTML.length == 6) {
    // display.style.fontSize = 'large';
   // } else if (display.innerHTML.length == 12) {
    // display.style.fontSize = 'small';
   // } else if (display.innerHTML.length == 18) {
         display.style.fontSize = 'smallest';
   // }
}
```