	<b>COLLEGE OF COMPUTING AND INFORMATION SCIENCES</b>		
	<b>Mid-Term Assessment Fall 2020 Semester</b>		
<b>Class Id</b>	104973, 104974, 104975, 104976	<b>Course Title</b>	Internet and Intranet Architecture.
<b>Program</b>	BSCS	<b>Campus / Shift</b>	Main Campus / Morning
<b>Date</b>	20 <sup>th</sup> – October 2020	<b>Total Marks</b>	40
<b>Duration</b>	02 hours	<b>Faculty Name</b>	Kashif Bashir / Sanjay Kumar
<b>Student Id</b>	Asif Ali Bhutto	<b>Student Name</b>	8789

**Instructions:**

- Filling out Student-ID and Student-Name on exam header is mandatory.
- Do not remove or change any part of exam header or question paper.
- Write down your answers in given space or at the end of exam paper with proper title “Answer for Question# \_\_”.
- Answers should be formatted correctly (font size, alignment and etc.)
- Handwritten text or image should be on A4 size page with clear visibility of contents.
- Only PDF format is accepted (Student are advise to install necessary software)
- In case of CHEATING, COPIED material or any unfair means would result in negative marking or ZERO.
- A mandatory recorded viva session will be conducted to ascertain the quality of answer scripts where deemed necessary.
- **Caution:** Duration to perform Mid-Term Assessment is **02 hours only**. Extra 01 hour are given to cater all kinds of odds in submission of Answer-sheet. **Therefore, if you failed to upload answer sheet on LMS (in PDF format) within 03 hours limit, you would be considered as ABSENT/FAILED.**

Question 1.

[10]

- Configure **EIGRP** with unequal cost load balancing on router "Main Campus" of the internetwork shown in Figure 1.
- When you type the command "**SHOW IP ROUTE**" on router "Main Campus", What do you see? Show all necessary calculation required.

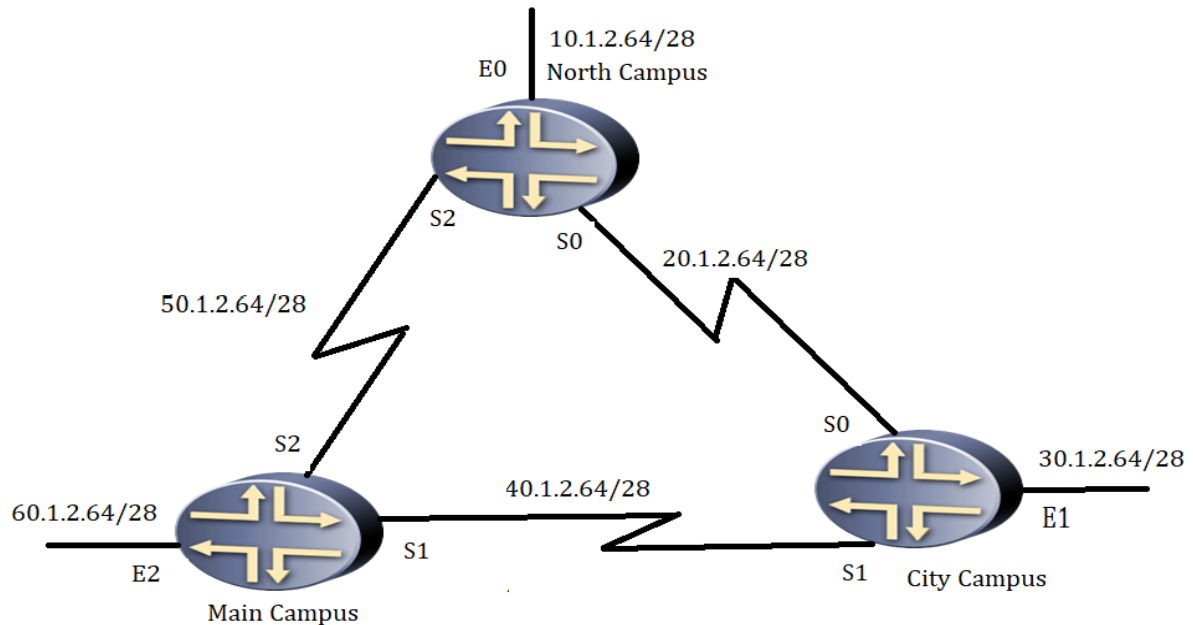


Figure 1

Media	Bandwidth	BW <sub>IGRP</sub>	Delay	DLY <sub>IGRP</sub>
100M ATM	100000K	100	100μS	10
Fast Ethernet	100000K	100	100μS	10
FDDI	100000K	100	100μS	10
HSSI	45045K	222	20000μS	2000
16M Token Ring	16000K	625	630μS	63
Ethernet	10000K	1000	1000μS	100
T1	1544K	6476	20000μS	2000
DS0	64K	156250	20000μS	2000
56K	56K	178571	20000μS	2000
Tunnel	9K	1111111	500000μS	50000

Questions 2:

[10]

- Configure **Simple static routes** for Main Campus router of the internetwork shown in Figure 2.
- Configure **Floating Static Route** for North campus router of the internetwork shown in Figure 2.
- Configure **Equal load balancing** for Main Campus router of the internetwork shown in Figure 2.
- Configure **Recursive Table Lookup** for City Campus router of the internetwork shown in Figure 2.

Write the routes so that every subnet of the internet has an individual entry

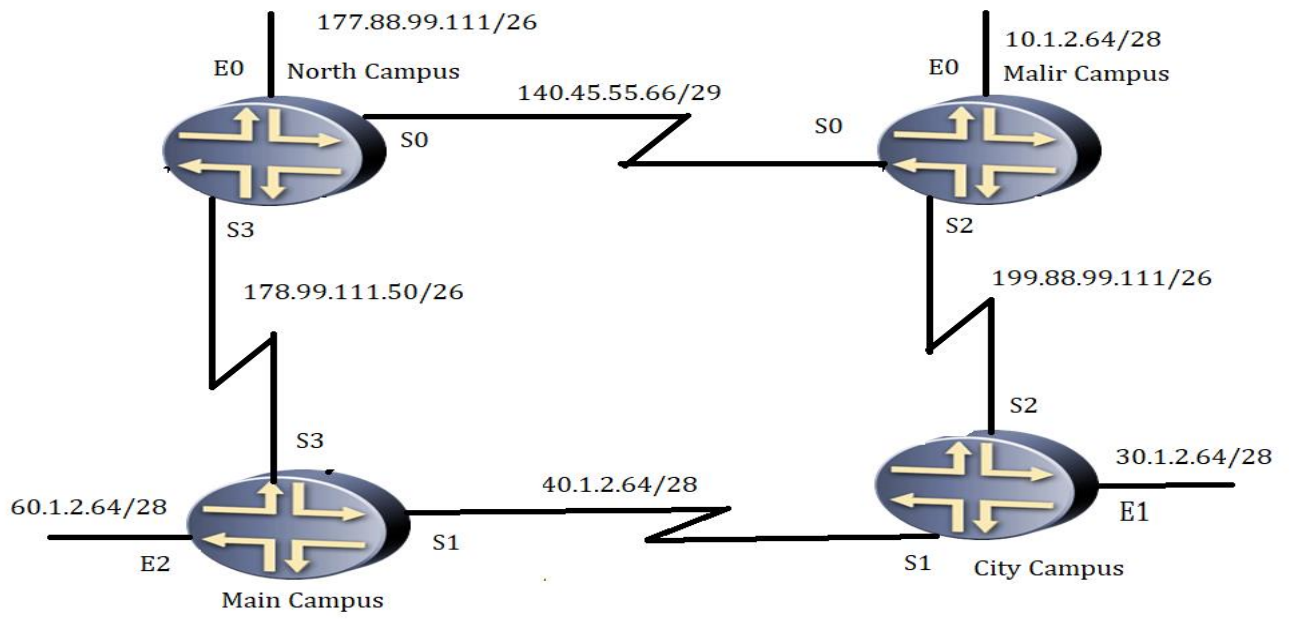


Figure 2

Answer:

Asif Ali Bhatta (8787)

Q No 2

(a) Simple Static Routing

→ ip route	177.88.99.64	255.255.255.192	178.99.111.50
→ ip route	140.45.55.64	255.255.255.248	178.99.111.50
→ ip route	10.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	178.99.111.50
→ ip route	199.88.99.64	255.255.255.192	40.1.2.66
→ ip route	30.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	40.1.2.66

(b) Floating Static Route

→ ip route	10.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	140.45.55.66	5
→ ip route	10.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	178.99.111.50	10
→ ip route	199.88.99.64	255.255.255.192	140.45.55.66	5
→ ip route	199.88.99.64	255.255.255.192	178.99.111.50	10
→ ip route	30.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	140.45.55.66	5
→ ip route	30.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	178.99.111.50	10
→ ip route	40.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	140.45.55.66	5
→ ip route	40.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	178.99.111.50	10
→ ip route	60.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	140.45.55.66	5
→ ip route	60.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	178.99.111.50	10





③ Equal load balancing

ip route	177.88.99.64	255.255.255.192	140.45.55.65
ip route	177.88.99.64	255.255.255.192	199.88.99.111

ip route	178.99.111.0	255.255.255.192	140.45.55.65
ip route	178.99.111.0	255.255.255.192	199.88.99.111

ip route	60.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	140.45.55.65
ip route	60.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	199.88.99.111

ip route	40.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	140.45.55.65
ip route	40.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	199.88.99.111

ip route	30.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	140.45.55.65
ip route	30.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	199.88.99.111

② Recursive table lookup

ip route	10.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	199.88.99.111
ip route	140.45.55.64	255.255.255.248	199.88.99.111
ip route	177.88.99.64	255.255.255.192	140.45.55.65
ip route	178.99.111.0	255.255.255.192	40.1.2.65
ip route	60.1.2.64	255.255.255.240	40.1.2.65

Question 3.

[10]

- a. Configure RIP protocol on Routers Main and City Campus for the Figure 3. A policy has been established that dictates that network 177.88.99.64/26 should be unreachable from Main Campus and that network 10.1.2.64/28 should be unreachable from City campus.
- b. In the Figure 3, No RIP updates should be exchanged between Main and North Campus, but both should exchange updates with other routers. The no-RIP policy between Main and North campus remains in place, but Malir and North campus, as well as Main and City, must exchange RIP advertisements.

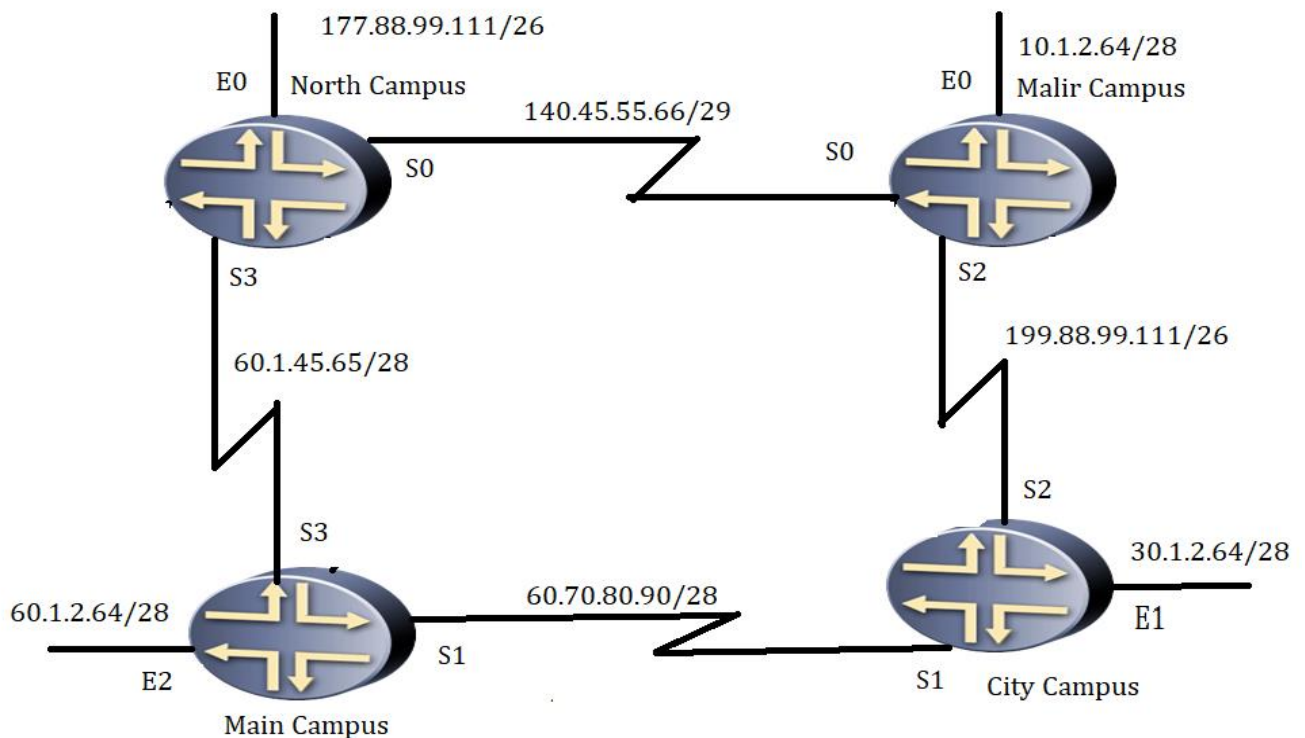


Figure 3



Q.3

(a)

Main campus

→ Router R1

→ Network 60.0.0.0

city campus

→ Router R1

→ Network 60.0.0.0

→ Network 30.0.0.0

→ ~~199.88.99.0~~ Network 199.88.99.0

(b)

Main campus

→ Router R1

→ Network 60.0.0.0

→ Passive interface S3

Main campus

Router R1

Passive interface S3

Network 60.0.0.0

~~Neighbor 140.45.55.66~~

city campus

Router R1

Passive interface S2

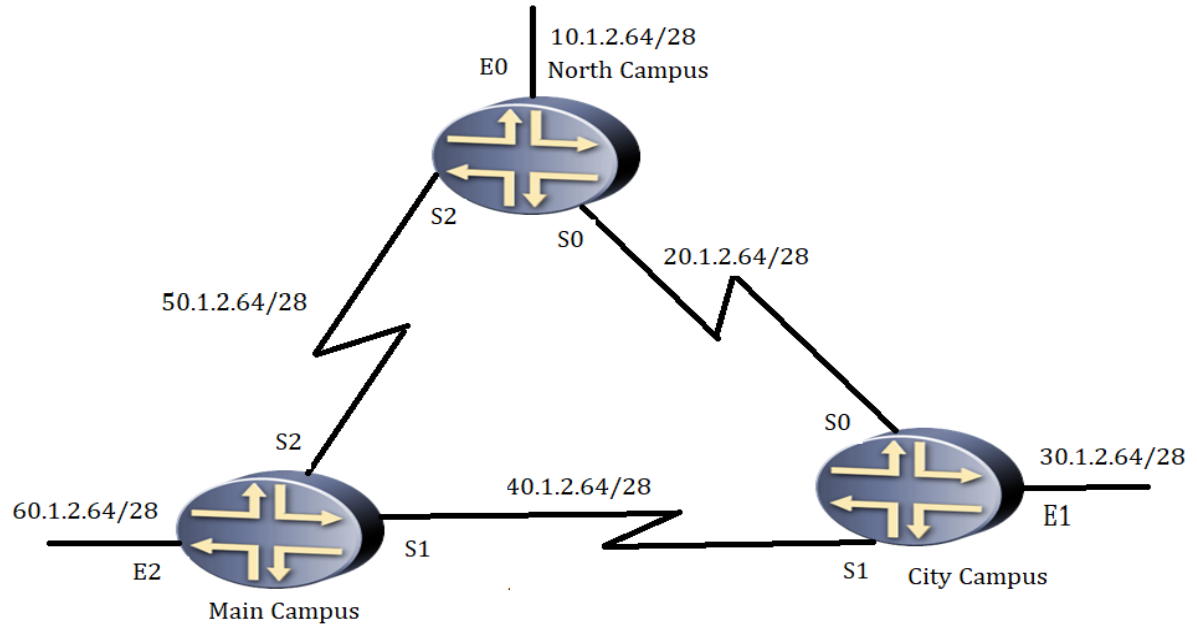
Network 60.0.0.0

Network 30.0.0.0

Network 199.88.99.0

Neighbor 140.45.55.66

Question 4. In the figure 4, Show routing tables Distance vector protocols converge hop-by-hop. [10]



Answer:

NO4

North campus	Main campus	city campus
Net vis hop	Net vis hop	Net vis hop
10.1.2.64 --- 0	40.1.2.64 --- 0	20.1.2.64 -- 0
20.1.2.64 -- 0	60.1.2.64 --- 0	30.1.2.64 - 0
50.1.2.64 -- 0	50.1.2.64 -- 0	40.1.2.64 - 0
10.1.2.64 --- 0	40.1.2.64 --- 0	30.1.2.64 -- 0
20.1.2.64 -- 0	50.1.2.64 --- 0	20.1.2.64 -- 0
50.1.2.64 -- 0	60.1.2.64 ... 0	40.1.2.64 -- 0
30.1.2.64 20.1.2.66 1	20.1.2.64 50.1.2.65 1	60.1.2.64 40.1.2.65 1
30.1.2.64 50.1.2.66 2	20.1.2.64 40.1.2.66 1	60.1.2.64 20.1.2.65 2
40.1.2.64 20.1.2.66 1	10.1.2.64 50.1.2.65 1	50.1.2.64 40.1.2.65 1
40.1.2.64 50.1.2.66 1	10.1.2.64 40.1.2.66 2	50.1.2.64 20.1.2.65 1
60.1.2.64 20.1.2.66 2	30.1.2.64 40.1.2.65 1	10.1.2.64 20.1.2.65 1
60.1.2.64 50.1.2.66 1	30.1.2.64 50.1.2.66 2	10.1.2.64 40.1.2.65 2

Figure 4