

main

February 25, 2018

1 Appendix B: GBP/USD Exchange Rate during 2017 UK Election Night

```
In [186]: import numpy as np
import csv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import linear_model, datasets
import statsmodels.api as sm
from statsmodels.regression.linear_model import RegressionResults
import random

import pandas as pd
from collections import OrderedDict
from datetime import date

from datetime import datetime, timedelta
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.dates as mdates
import pylab

import tweepy

import json

import re
from fuzzywuzzy import fuzz
from fuzzywuzzy import process

In [187]: CONSUMER_KEY = '4BBYuBKYk19fpS15iMIkju3c0'
CONSUMER_SECRET = '2EK91aT0s7uMJ1oWECBRUwkXrxGykigrsmtqt0IAvFBPXiucQq'
ACCESS_TOKEN = '892729320736739328-E30nIY5dacqxeugxPoe3TXB2fIjITZB'
ACCESS_TOKEN_SECRET = 'WMViNA7y1d1trkb5nt7L5d0AHdScmYBMHm33sLeUVZrWT'

auth = tweepy.OAuthHandler(CONSUMER_KEY, CONSUMER_SECRET)
auth.set_access_token(ACCESS_TOKEN, ACCESS_TOKEN_SECRET)
api = tweepy.API(auth)
```

```

tweets_raw = api.user_timeline(screen_name = 'bbcelection', count = 200, include_rts
for i in range(0,5):
    oldest=tweets_raw[-1].id
    new_tweets = api.user_timeline(screen_name = 'bbcelection',count=200,max_id=oldest)
    tweets_raw.extend(new_tweets)

data = [[tw.created_at.year, tw.created_at.month, tw.created_at.day,"%s.%s"%(tw.crea
tweets=pd.DataFrame(data, columns=['year','month','date','time','tweet_id','tweet'])
tweets = tweets[tweets.year==2017]

```

```

In [188]: # Wikipedia data
UKpoll = pd.read_csv('data/UK2017Poll.txt', sep='\t', header=0)
UKpoll.columns=['ID','Con_poll', 'Lab_poll', 'Lib_poll','SNP_poll','Pla_poll','Greens
               'UKIP_poll', 'Other_poll', 'Seat','Region','2015']
results = pd.read_csv("data/result.csv")

In [189]: tweets.tweet=tweets.tweet.astype(str)
tweets_cleaned = tweets[tweets.tweet.str.contains('#GE2017')]
tweets_cleaned['time_full'] = tweets_cleaned["year"].map(str) + "/" + tweets_cleaned["m
               "/" + tweets_cleaned["date"].map(str)  + "/" + tweets_cleaned["time"].map(str)

```

1.1 Merging result data with time

```

In [190]: tweets_cleaned['Constituency']=np.nan
for i in range(len(tweets)):
    tweets_cleaned.Constituency[i] = tweets_cleaned.tweet[i][tweets_cleaned.tweet[i]
tweets_cleaned.to_csv('data/tweets.csv',sep=',')

```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:3: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: <http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html>

This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports until

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\indexing.py:179: SettingWithCopyWarning
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: <http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html>
self._setitem_with_indexer(indexer, value)

```

In [191]: #manual matching
tw_matched = pd.read_csv('data/tweets_matched.csv')
tw_matched = tw_matched.dropna(axis=0, how='any')
tw_matched = tw_matched.drop_duplicates(subset='ID', keep='last')
tw_matched.index = np.arange(len(tw_matched))
tw_matched.info()

```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 642 entries, 0 to 641

```

```
Data columns (total 9 columns):
year          642 non-null int64
month         642 non-null int64
date          642 non-null int64
time          642 non-null float64
tweet_id      642 non-null float64
tweet         642 non-null object
time_full     642 non-null object
Constituency  642 non-null object
ID            642 non-null object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(3), object(4)
memory usage: 50.2+ KB
```

```
In [192]: results = results.merge( tw_matched[['ID','time_full']], how='left', left_on = 'ID',
    results
    results[['Con[b]','Lab[c]','LD','SNP','UKIP','Grn[d]','DUP']]=(results[['Con[b]','Lab[c]','LD','SNP','UKIP','Grn[d]','DUP']])
    results['time']=np.nan
    for i in range(0,len(results)):
        try:
            results['time'].loc[i]= datetime.strptime(results.time_full[i], '%Y/%m/%d/%H.%M.%S')
        except:
            results['time'].loc[i] = np.nan
```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\indexing.py:179: SettingWithCopyWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: <http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html>

```
self._setitem_with_indexer(indexer, value)
```

1.2 Merging poll with result

```
In [193]: full_table = pd.merge(results, UKpoll, how='left', left_on='ID', right_on = 'ID')
    full_table = full_table.sort_values(by='time').reset_index(drop=True)
```

1.3 Other factors

taken from UK census

```
In [194]: # {nan,
    # 'West Midlands',
    # 'Scotland',
    # 'South East',
    # 'Yorkshire and The Humber',
    # 'Wales',
    # 'South West',
    # 'East of England',
    # 'London',
```

```

        # 'North West',
        # 'North East',
        # 'East Midlands'}

xl = pd.ExcelFile("data/Wages.xlsx")
wages=xl.parse("Data")
wages.head()
full_table = pd.merge(full_table, wages[['ONSConstID', 'WageMedianConst']], how='left')

xl = pd.ExcelFile("data/Business-numbers.xlsx")
business=xl.parse("Data")
#full_table = pd.merge(full_table, business, how='left', left_on='Constituency', right_on='Constituency')

xl = pd.ExcelFile("data/Population-by-age.xlsx")
population=xl.parse("Data")
full_table = pd.merge(full_table, population[['ONSConstID', 'Pop65ConstRate']], how='left')

full_table['islab'] = (full_table['Last Election']=='Lab').astype(int)
full_table['iscon'] = (full_table['Last Election']=='Con').astype(int)
full_table['islib'] = (full_table['Last Election']=='LD').astype(int)
full_table['issnp'] = (full_table['Last Election']=='SNP').astype(int)
full_table['london'] = (full_table['Region']=='London').astype(int)
full_table['Turnout'] = [float(v.rstrip("%")) for v in full_table.turnout]
full_table['iswales'] = (full_table['Region']=='Wales').astype(int)
full_table['isscot'] = (full_table['Region']=='Scotland').astype(int)

```

In []:

2 Analysis

2.1 Single Factor

```

In [195]: columns = ['time', 'Constituency', 'low', 'ave', 'high']
          index= full_table.index
          pred=pd.DataFrame(index=index, columns=columns)

          parameters_con = np.empty((650,2))
          stderr_con = np.empty((650,2))
          parameters_lab = np.empty((650,2))
          stderr_lab = np.empty((650,2))
          parameters_snp = np.empty((650,2))
          stderr_snp = np.empty((650,2))

          sim_num = 50
          for i in range(18,len(full_table)-14):

              #labour regression
              # data_lab=full_table[['Lab_poll', 'Lab[c]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon.

```

```

data_lab= pd.concat([full_table['Lab_poll'],\
                    full_table['Lab[c]']], axis=1)
# ,full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['iscon'],
X_lab = data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[0:i]
Y_lab=data_lab['Lab[c]'][0:i]
X_lab=sm.add_constant(X_lab, has_constant='add')
model_lab = sm.RLM(Y_lab, X_lab,missing = 'drop').fit()

parameters_lab[i,:]=model_lab.params
stderr_lab[i,:]=model_lab.bse

#Conservatives regression
#data_con=full_table[['Con_poll', 'Con[b]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon
data_con= pd.concat([full_table['Con_poll'],\
                    full_table['Con[b]']], axis=1)
X_con = data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_con=data_con['Con[b]'][0:i]
X_con=sm.add_constant(X_con, has_constant='add')
model_con = sm.RLM(Y_con, X_con,missing = 'drop').fit()

parameters_con[i,:]=model_con.params
stderr_con[i,:]=model_con.bse

data_snp=pd.concat([full_table['SNP_poll'], full_table['SNP']], axis=1)
X_snp = data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_snp=data_snp['SNP'][0:i]
X_snp=sm.add_constant(X_snp, has_constant='add')
try:
    model_snp = sm.RLM(Y_snp, X_snp,missing = 'drop').fit()
    parameters_snp[i,:]
    stderr_snp[i,:]=model_snp.bse
except:
    model_snp = 0

predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant='add')
predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]
result = np.zeros([sim_num, len(predict_lab)])

#Sampling the regression parameters to generate predicted outcome
for j in range(0, sim_num):

    #Labour
    param_lab = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_lab.params), Regr
    predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant=

```

```

#fill NaN with mean
#predict_lab = predict_lab.fillna(predict_lab.mean())
predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]

result_temp = np.matmul(param_lab,np.array(predict_lab).T)
#result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_lab.resid))
err_dev = np.std(model_lab.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_lab.resid)-1))
result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

#Conservative
param_con = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_con.params), Regre
predict_con=sm.add_constant(data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[i:], has_cons

#predict_con = predict_con.fillna(predict_con.mean())
predict_con = predict_con[np.isfinite(predict_con['Con_poll'])]

result_temp = np.matmul(param_con,np.array(predict_con).T)
#result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_con.resid))
err_dev = np.std(model_con.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_con.resid)-1))
result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

#SNP
predict_snp=sm.add_constant(data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[i:], has_constant
predict_snp = predict_snp[np.isfinite(predict_snp['SNP_poll'])]
if not model_snp==0 and len(model_snp.resid)>8:
    param_snp = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_snp.params), I

    #predict_snp = predict_snp.fillna(predict_snp.mean())

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_snp,np.array(predict_snp).T)
    #result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_snp.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_snp.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_snp.resid)-1))
    result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)
    #if the poll is 0, the resulting simulated data should also be 0
    ind=np.where(predict_snp.SNP_poll==0)
    result_snp[:,ind]=0

else:
    #no data
    result_snp = np.tile(predict_snp['SNP_poll'],(sim_num,1))/100

```

```

#result_pla = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['Pla_poll'][i:], (sim_num,1)))
#result_ukip = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['UKIP_poll'][i:], (sim_num,1)))
other = 1-result_con-result_lab-result_snp

result_temp = (result_con>result_lab) & (result_con>result_snp) & (result_con>other)
result = np.append(result, result_temp,axis=0)

#remove the zeros during initialisation
result = np.delete(result,range(0,sim_num),0)
result = result.astype(int)

#filling the result of intermediates states with current count
# select.result[select.result.isnull()[0:i]]=(select['trump'][select.result.isnull()[0:i]])

EEV=len(full_table.Party[0:i][full_table.Party=='Con'])+ np.count_nonzero(result[0:i])
# print(jointb['time'][i],jointb['State'][i], EEV)

#make table for plot
pred.time[i]=full_table.time[i]
pred.Constituency[i]=full_table.ID[i]
pred.low[i]=np.percentile(EEV,10)
pred.ave[i]=np.mean(EEV)
pred.high[i]=np.percentile(EEV,90)

# keep only the last value at a certain time. And remove NAs.
pred=pred.drop_duplicates(subset='time', keep='last').dropna(axis=0, how='all')
pred.index = np.arange(0,len(pred))

```

```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py:1353: RuntimeWarning:
  return np.dot(wresid, wresid) / self.df_resid

```

2.1.1 Reading Financial Data

```

In [196]: fx = pd.read_csv('data/FX data.csv',header=None,sep='\\;')

```

```

#the sixth column is 0, drop it
fx = fx.drop(fx.columns[5], 1)

# average the minute values.
fx['mean'] = fx.ix[:,2:4].astype(float).mean(axis=1)

# extract time value to datetime format
fx['time'] = fx.ix[:,0]
fx['time'] = [datetime.strptime(v, '%Y%m%d %H%M%S') for v in fx['time']]

#change time to UTC to match twitter

```

```

fx['time'] = [v + timedelta(hours=5) for v in fx['time']]

fx = fx.set_index(['time'])
fx = fx.loc[pred.time[0]:pred.time[len(pred)-1]]
fx = fx.drop(fx.columns[0:5],1)

```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:2: ParserWarning: Falling back to the 'parser' method as 'method' is not implemented for this object

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:8: DeprecationWarning: .ix is deprecated. Please use .loc for label based indexing or .iloc for positional indexing

See the documentation here:

http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html#deprecate_ix

```

In [197]: fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
fig.set_size_inches(14, 7)
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.low, 'b--', label='1 STD boundry')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.ave, 'r-', label='expected electoral votes')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.high, 'b--', label='1 STD boundry')
plt.ylabel('Expected Votes')
pylab.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.axhline(y=326)
#ax1.set_ylim([300,350])

ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.plot(fx['mean'], 'g', label='Exchange Rate')

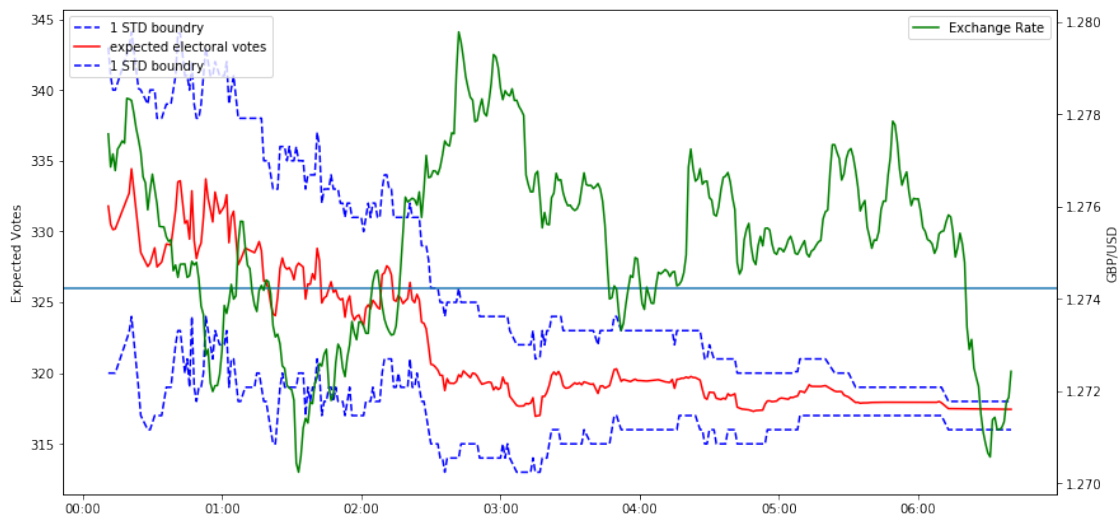
HMFmt = mdates.DateFormatter('%H:%M')
ax1.xaxis.set_major_formatter(HMFmt)
_ = plt.xticks(rotation=90)

plt.ylabel('GBP/USD')
plt.xlabel('UTC Time')
pylab.legend(loc='upper right')

fig.suptitle('Expected Conservative Seats vs Exchange Rate - One Factor', fontsize=14)
fig.savefig('results-onefac.png')
plt.show()

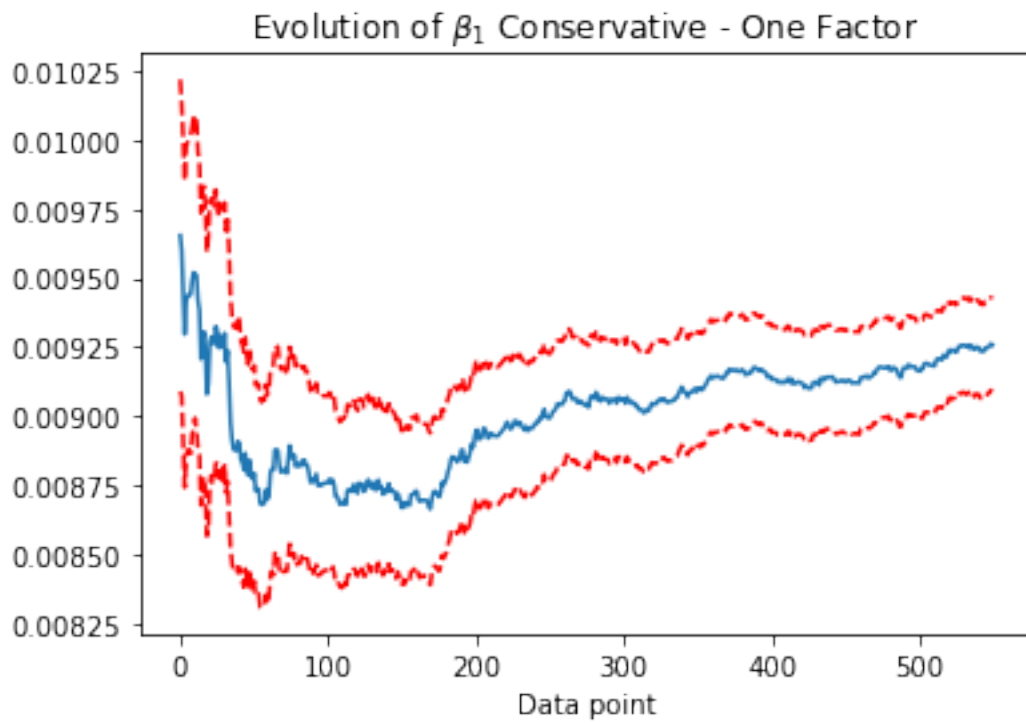
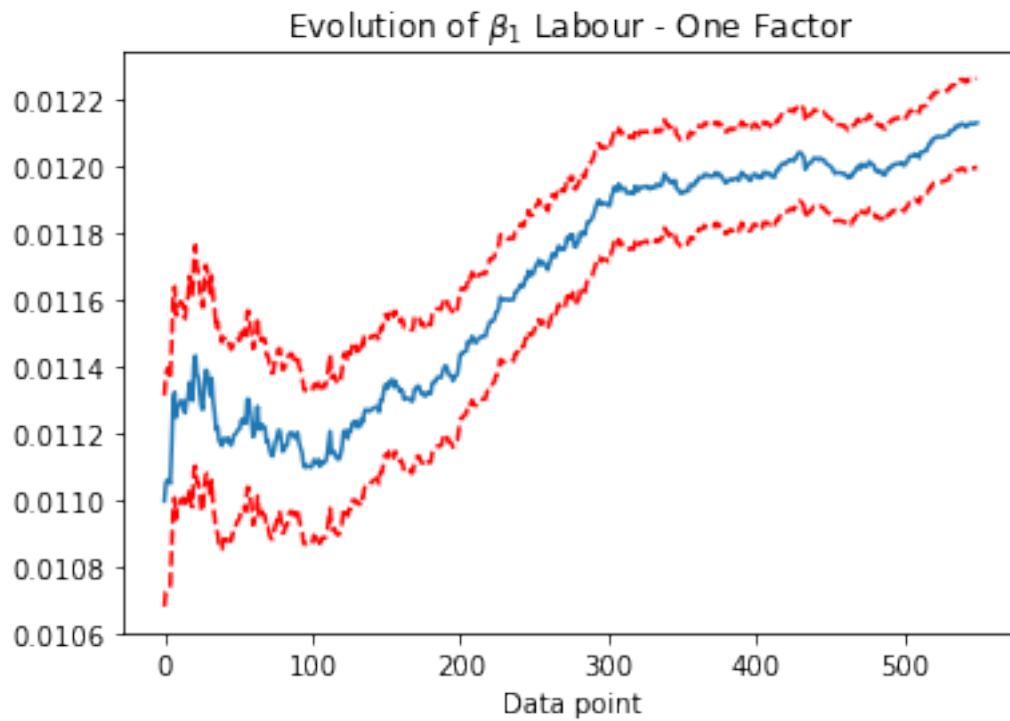
```


Expected Conservative Seats vs Exchange Rate - One Factor



```
In [198]: plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1])
plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1]-stderr_lab[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1]+stderr_lab[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.title(r'Evolution of  $\beta_1$  Labour - One Factor')
plt.xlabel('Data point')
plt.savefig('lab one factor b1.png')
plt.show()

plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1])
plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1]-stderr_con[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1]+stderr_con[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.title(r'Evolution of  $\beta_1$  Conservative - One Factor')
plt.xlabel('Data point')
plt.savefig('con one factor b1.png')
plt.show()
```



```

In [199]: columns = ['time', 'Constituency', 'low', 'ave', 'high']
          index= full_table.index
          pred=pd.DataFrame(index=index, columns=columns)

          parameters_con = np.empty((650,2))
          stderr_con = np.empty((650,2))
          parameters_lab = np.empty((650,2))
          stderr_lab = np.empty((650,2))
          parameters_snp = np.empty((650,2))
          stderr_snp = np.empty((650,2))

          sim_num = 10
          for i in range(18,len(full_table)-14):
              #labour regression
              # data_lab=full_table[['Lab_poll', 'Lab[c]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon.
              data_lab= pd.concat([full_table['Lab_poll'],\
                                  full_table['Lab[c]']], axis=1)
              #,full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['iscon'],
              X_lab = data_lab.drop(['Lab[c]'],axis=1)[0:i]
              Y_lab=data_lab['Lab[c]'][0:i]
              X_lab=sm.add_constant(X_lab, has_constant='add')
              model_lab = sm.RLM(Y_lab, X_lab,missing = 'drop').fit()

              parameters_lab[i,:]=model_lab.params
              stderr_lab[i,:]=model_lab.bse

              #Conservatives regression
              #data_con=full_table[['Con_poll', 'Con[b]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon.
              data_con= pd.concat([full_table['Con_poll'],\
                                  full_table['Con[b]']], axis=1)
              X_con = data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[0:i]
              Y_con=data_con['Con[b]'][0:i]
              X_con=sm.add_constant(X_con, has_constant='add')
              model_con = sm.RLM(Y_con, X_con,missing = 'drop').fit()

              parameters_con[i,:]=model_con.params
              stderr_con[i,:]=model_con.bse

              data_snp=pd.concat([full_table['SNP_poll'], full_table['SNP']], axis=1)
              X_snp = data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[0:i]
              Y_snp=data_snp['SNP'][0:i]
              X_snp=sm.add_constant(X_snp, has_constant='add')
              try:
                  model_snp = sm.RLM(Y_snp, X_snp,missing = 'drop').fit()
                  parameters_snp[i,:]
                  stderr_snp[i,:]=model_snp.bse
              except:
                  model_snp = 0

```

```

prob = np.zeros(10)
for k in range(0,10):

    predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant=True)
    predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]
    result = np.zeros([sim_num, len(predict_lab)])

    #Sampling the regression parameters to generate predicted outcome
    for j in range(0, sim_num):

        #Labour
        param_lab = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_lab.params), model_lab.resid)
        predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant=True)

        #fill NaN with mean
        #predict_lab = predict_lab.fillna(predict_lab.mean())
        predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]

        result_temp = np.matmul(param_lab,np.array(predict_lab).T)
        #result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_lab.resid))
        err_dev = np.std(model_lab.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_lab.resid)))
        result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

        #Conservative
        param_con = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_con.params), model_con.resid)
        predict_con=sm.add_constant(data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[i:], has_constant=True)

        #predict_con = predict_con.fillna(predict_con.mean())
        predict_con = predict_con[np.isfinite(predict_con['Con_poll'])]

        result_temp = np.matmul(param_con,np.array(predict_con).T)
        #result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_con.resid))
        err_dev = np.std(model_con.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_con.resid)))
        result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

        #SNP
        predict_snp=sm.add_constant(data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[i:], has_constant=True)
        predict_snp = predict_snp[np.isfinite(predict_snp['SNP_poll'])]
        if not model_snp==0 and len(model_snp.resid)>8:
            param_snp = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_snp.params), model_snp.resid)

```

```

        #predict_snp = predict_snp.fillna(predict_snp.mean())

        result_temp = np.matmul(param_snp,np.array(predict_snp).T)
        #result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_snp.resid))
        err_dev = np.std(model_snp.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_snp.resid)))
        result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)
        #if the poll is 0, the resulting simulated data should also be 0
        ind=np.where(predict_snp.SNP_poll==0)
        result_snp[:,ind]=0

    else:
        #no data
        result_snp = np.tile(predict_snp['SNP_poll'],(sim_num,1))/100

        #result_pla = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['Pla_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
        #result_ukip = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['UKIP_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
        other = 1-result_con-result_lab-result_snp

        result_temp = (result_con>result_lab) & (result_con>result_snp) & (result_lab>result_snp)
        result = np.append(result, result_temp,axis=0)

        #remove the zeros during initialisation
        result = np.delete(result,range(0,sim_num),0)
        result = result.astype(int)

        #filling the result of intermediates states with current count
        # select.result[select.result.isnull()[0:i]]=(select['trump'][select.result.isnull()[0:i]])

        EEV=len(full_table.Party[0:i][full_table.Party=='Con'])+ np.count_nonzero(result[0:i])
        # print(jointb['time'][i],jointb['State'][i], EEV)

        prob[k] = sum(EEV>326)/len(EEV)

        #make table for plot
        pred.time[i]=full_table.time[i]
        pred.Constituency[i]=full_table.ID[i]
        pred.low[i]=np.percentile(prob,10)
        pred.ave[i]=np.mean(prob)
        pred.high[i]=np.percentile(prob,90)

        # keep only the last value at a certain time. And remove NAs.
        pred=pred.drop_duplicates(subset='time', keep='last').dropna(axis=0, how='all')
        pred.index = np.arange(0,len(pred))

```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py:1353: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in true_divide

```

return np.dot(wresid, wresid) / self.df_resid

```

```

In [200]: ###
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
fig.set_size_inches(14, 7)
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.low, 'b--', label='80% confidence interval')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.ave, 'r-', label='Probability of Conservative Majority')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.high, 'b--', label='80% confidence interval')
plt.ylabel('Probability of Conservative Victory')
#pylab.legend(loc='lower right')
#plt.axhline(y=270)
ax1.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(0.7, 0.1))
#ax1.set_ylim([0.5, 0.9])

ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.plot(fx['mean'], 'g', label='Exchange Rate')
#ax2.set_ylim([18.5, 21.5])

HMFmt = mdates.DateFormatter('%H:%M')
ax1.xaxis.set_major_formatter(HMFmt)
_ = plt.xticks(rotation=90)

plt.ylabel('GBP/USD')

#pylab.legend(loc='upper right')
ax2.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(0.7, 0.2))

fig.suptitle('Probability of Conservative Majority vs Exchange Rate - One Factor', f

#plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))
plt.show()
fig.savefig('prob-onefac.png')

```

Probability of Conservative Majority vs Exchange Rate - One Factor



2.2 3 factor

```
In [201]: columns = ['time', 'Constituency', 'low', 'ave', 'high']
          index= full_table.index
          pred=pd.DataFrame(index=index, columns=columns)

          parameters_con = np.empty((650,4))
          stderr_con = np.empty((650,4))
          parameters_lab = np.empty((650,4))
          stderr_lab = np.empty((650,4))
          parameters_snp = np.empty((650,4))
          stderr_snp = np.empty((650,4))

          sim_num = 50
          for i in range(18,len(full_table)-14):

              #labour regression
              # data_lab=full_table[['Lab_poll', 'Lab[c]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon
              data_lab= pd.concat([full_table['Lab_poll'],\
                                   full_table['WageMedianConst'], \
                                   full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], \
                                   full_table['Lab[c]']], axis=1)
              #,full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['iscon'],
              X_lab = data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[0:i]
              Y_lab=data_lab['Lab[c]'][0:i]
              X_lab=sm.add_constant(X_lab, has_constant='add')
              model_lab = sm.RLM(Y_lab, X_lab,missing = 'drop').fit()

              parameters_lab[i,:]=model_lab.params
              stderr_lab[i,:]=model_lab.bse

              #Conservatives regression
              #data_con=full_table[['Con_poll', 'Con[b]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon
              data_con= pd.concat([full_table['Con_poll'],\
                                   full_table['WageMedianConst'], \
                                   full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], \
                                   full_table['Con[b]']], axis=1)
              X_con = data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[0:i]
              Y_con=data_con['Con[b]'][0:i]
              X_con=sm.add_constant(X_con, has_constant='add')
              model_con = sm.RLM(Y_con, X_con,missing = 'drop').fit()

              parameters_con[i,:]=model_con.params
              stderr_con[i,:]=model_con.bse
```

```

data_snp=pd.concat([full_table['SNP_poll'], full_table['WageMedianConst'],
                    full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], full_table['SNP']], axis=1)
X_snp = data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_snp=data_snp['SNP'][0:i]
X_snp=sm.add_constant(X_snp, has_constant='add')
try:
    model_snp = sm.RLM(Y_snp, X_snp,missing = 'drop').fit()
    parameters_snp[i,:]
    stderr_snp[i,:]=model_snp.bse
except:
    model_snp = 0

predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant='add')
predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]
result = np.zeros([sim_num, len(predict_lab)])

#Sampling the regression parameters to generate predicted outcome
for j in range(0, sim_num):

    #Labour
    param_lab = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_lab.params), Regr
    predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant=

    #fill NaN with mean
    #predict_lab = predict_lab.fillna(predict_lab.mean())
    predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_lab,np.array(predict_lab).T)
    #result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_lab.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_lab.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_lab.resid))-1)
    result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

    #Conservative
    param_con = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_con.params), Regr
    predict_con=sm.add_constant(data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[i:], has_con

    #predict_con = predict_con.fillna(predict_con.mean())
    predict_con = predict_con[np.isfinite(predict_con['Con_poll'])]

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_con,np.array(predict_con).T)
    #result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_con.resid))

```



```

err_dev = np.std(model_con.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_con.resid))-
result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

#SNP
predict_snp=sm.add_constant(data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[i:], has_constant=
predict_snp = predict_snp[np.isfinite(predict_snp['SNP_poll'])]
if not model_snp==0 and len(model_snp.resid)>8:
    param_snp = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_snp.params), I

    #predict_snp = predict_snp.fillna(predict_snp.mean())

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_snp,np.array(predict_snp).T)
    #result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_snp.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_snp.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_snp.res
    result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)
    #if the poll is 0, the resulting simulated data should also be 0
    ind=np.where(predict_snp.SNP_poll==0)
    result_snp[:,ind]=0

else:
    #no data
    result_snp = np.tile(predict_snp['SNP_poll'],(sim_num,1))/100

other = 1-result_con-result_lab-result_snp

result_temp = (result_con>result_lab) & (result_con>result_snp) & (result_con
result = np.append(result, result_temp,axis=0)

#remove the zeros during initialisation
result = np.delete(result,range(0,sim_num),0)
result = result.astype(int)

#filling the result of intermediates states with current count
# select.result[select.result.isnull()[0:i]]=(select['trump'][select.result.isnul

EEV=len(full_table.Party[0:i][full_table.Party=='Con'])+ np.count_nonzero(result
# print(jointb['time'][i],jointb['State'][i], EEV)

#make table for plot
pred.time[i]=full_table.time[i]
pred.Constituency[i]=full_table.ID[i]
pred.low[i]=np.percentile(EEV,10)
pred.ave[i]=np.mean(EEV)
pred.high[i]=np.percentile(EEV,90)

```

```

# keep only the last value at a certain time. And remove NAs.
pred=pred.drop_duplicates(subset='time', keep='last').dropna(axis=0, how='all')
pred.index = np.arange(0,len(pred))

```

```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:140: RuntimeWarning: invalid
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py:1353: Runtime
return np.dot(wresid, wresid) / self.df_resid

```

```

In [202]: fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
fig.set_size_inches(14, 7)
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.low, 'b--', label='80% Confidence Interval Boundry')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.ave, 'r-', label='expected electoral votes')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.high, 'b--', label='80% Confidence Interval Boundry')
plt.ylabel('Expected Votes')
pylab.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.axhline(y=326)
#ax1.set_ylim([280,380])

ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.plot(fx['mean'], 'g', label='Exchange Rate')

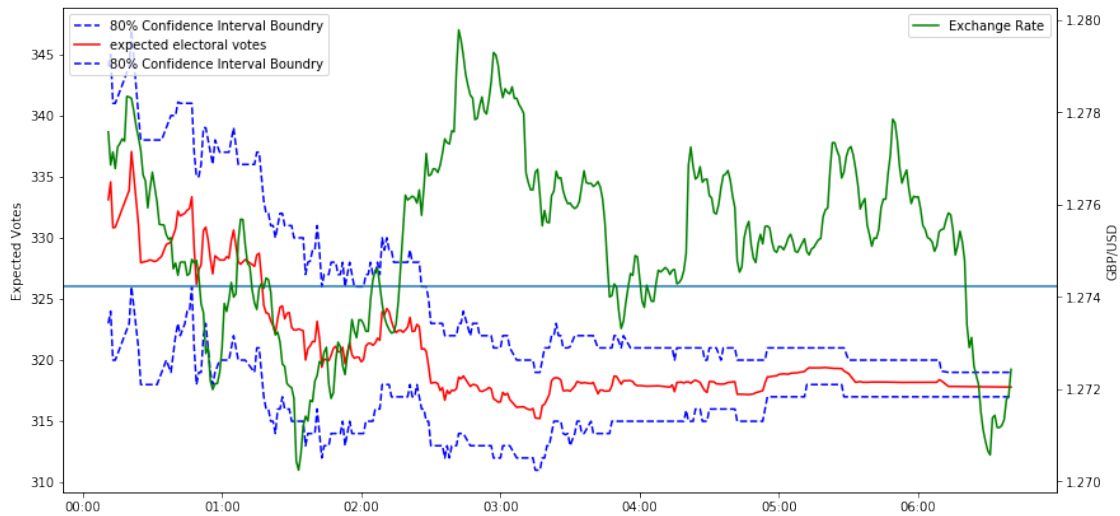
HMFmt = mdates.DateFormatter('%H:%M')
ax1.xaxis.set_major_formatter(HMFmt)
_ = plt.xticks(rotation=90)

plt.ylabel('GBP/USD')
plt.xlabel('UTC Time')
pylab.legend(loc='upper right')

fig.suptitle('Expected Conservative Seats vs Exchange Rate - Three Factor Model', font
fig.savefig('results-threefac.png')
plt.show()

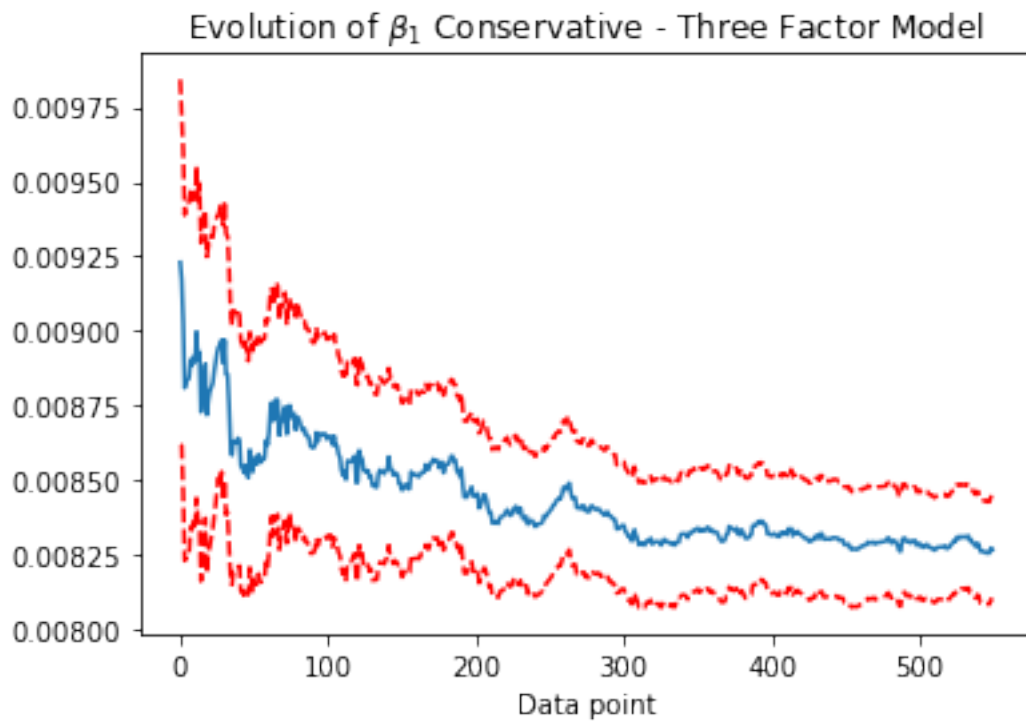
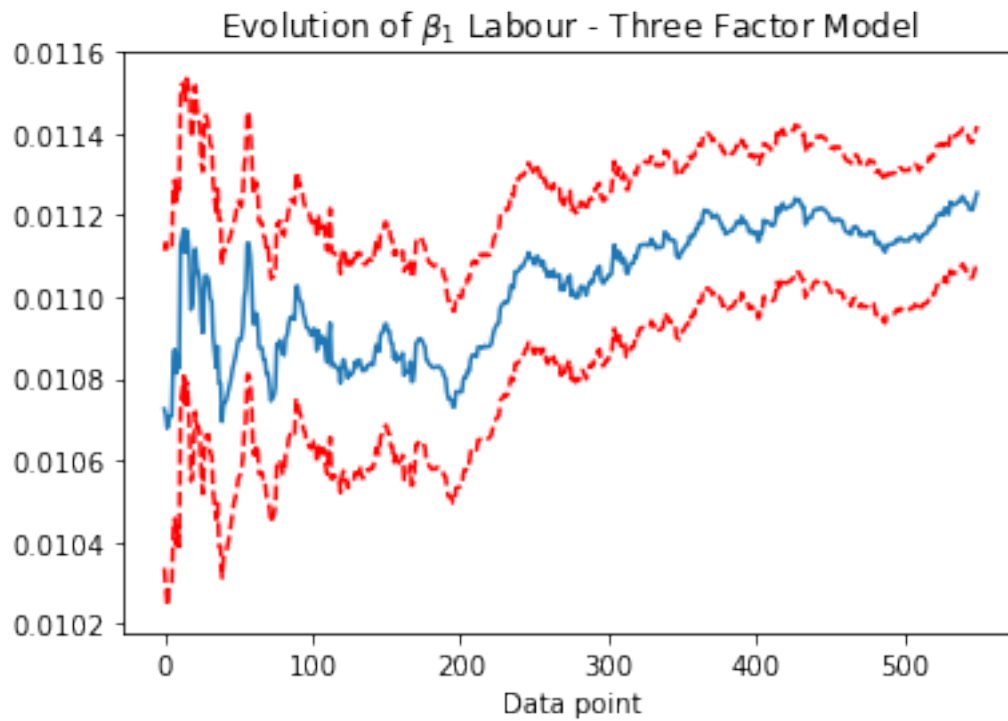
```

Expected Conservative Seats vs Exchange Rate - Three Factor Model



```
In [203]: plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1])
plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1]-stderr_lab[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1]+stderr_lab[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.title(r'Evolution of  $\beta_1$  Labour - Three Factor Model')
plt.xlabel('Data point')
plt.savefig('lab threefac b1.png')
plt.show()

plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1])
plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1]-stderr_con[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1]+stderr_con[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.title(r'Evolution of  $\beta_1$  Conservative - Three Factor Model')
plt.xlabel('Data point')
plt.savefig('con treefac b1.png')
plt.show()
```



```

In [204]: columns = ['time', 'Constituency', 'low', 'ave', 'high']
index= full_table.index
pred=pd.DataFrame(index=index, columns=columns)

parameters_con = np.empty((650,4))
stderr_con = np.empty((650,4))
parameters_lab = np.empty((650,4))
stderr_lab = np.empty((650,4))
parameters_snp = np.empty((650,4))
stderr_snp = np.empty((650,4))

sim_num = 10
for i in range(18,len(full_table)-14):

    #labour regression
    # data_lab=full_table[['Lab_poll', 'Lab[c]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon.
    data_lab= pd.concat([full_table['Lab_poll'],\
                        full_table['WageMedianConst'], \
                        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], \
                        full_table['Lab[c]']], axis=1)
    #,full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['iscon'],
    X_lab = data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[0:i]
    Y_lab=data_lab['Lab[c]'][0:i]
    X_lab=sm.add_constant(X_lab, has_constant='add')
    model_lab = sm.RLM(Y_lab, X_lab,missing = 'drop').fit()

    parameters_lab[i,:]=model_lab.params
    stderr_lab[i,:]=model_lab.bse

    #Conservatives regression
    #data_con=full_table[['Con_poll', 'Con[b]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon.
    data_con= pd.concat([full_table['Con_poll'],\
                        full_table['WageMedianConst'], \
                        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], \
                        full_table['Con[b]']], axis=1)
    X_con = data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[0:i]
    Y_con=data_con['Con[b]'][0:i]
    X_con=sm.add_constant(X_con, has_constant='add')
    model_con = sm.RLM(Y_con, X_con,missing = 'drop').fit()

    parameters_con[i,:]=model_con.params
    stderr_con[i,:]=model_con.bse

    data_snp=pd.concat([full_table['SNP_poll'], full_table['WageMedianConst'],
                        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], full_table['SNP']], axis=1)
    X_snp = data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[0:i]

```

```

Y_snp=data_snp['SNP'][0:i]
X_snp=sm.add_constant(X_snp, has_constant='add')
try:
    model_snp = sm.RLM(Y_snp, X_snp,missing = 'drop').fit()
    parameters_snp[i,:]=model_snp.params
    stderr_snp[i,:]=model_snp.bse
except:
    model_snp = 0

prob = np.zeros(10)
for k in range(0,10):

    predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant='add')
    predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]
    result = np.zeros([sim_num, len(predict_lab)])

    #Sampling the regression parameters to generate predicted outcome
    for j in range(0, sim_num):

        #Labour
        param_lab = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_lab.params), model_lab.cov)
        predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant='add')

        #fill NaN with mean
        #predict_lab = predict_lab.fillna(predict_lab.mean())
        predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]

        result_temp = np.matmul(param_lab,np.array(predict_lab).T)
        #result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_lab.resid))
        err_dev = np.std(model_lab.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_lab.resid)))
        result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

        #Conservative
        param_con = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_con.params), model_con.cov)
        predict_con=sm.add_constant(data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[i:], has_constant='add')

        #predict_con = predict_con.fillna(predict_con.mean())
        predict_con = predict_con[np.isfinite(predict_con['Con_poll'])]

        result_temp = np.matmul(param_con,np.array(predict_con).T)
        #result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_con.resid))
        err_dev = np.std(model_con.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_con.resid)))
        result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

```

```

#SNP
predict_snp=sm.add_constant(data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[i:], has_con=1)
predict_snp = predict_snp[np.isfinite(predict_snp['SNP_poll'])]
if not model_snp==0 and len(model_snp.resid)>8:
    param_snp = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_snp.params),
                                              model_snp.cov)

    #predict_snp = predict_snp.fillna(predict_snp.mean())

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_snp,np.array(predict_snp).T)
    #result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_snp.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_snp.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_snp.resid)))
    result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)
    #if the poll is 0, the resulting simulated data should also be 0
    ind=np.where(predict_snp.SNP_poll==0)
    result_snp[:,ind]=0

else:
    #no data
    result_snp = np.tile(predict_snp['SNP_poll'],(sim_num,1))/100

    #result_pla = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['Pla_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
    #result_ukip = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['UKIP_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
    other = 1-result_con-result_lab-result_snp

    result_temp = (result_con>result_lab) & (result_con>result_snp) & (result_lab>result_snp)
    result = np.append(result, result_temp,axis=0)

#remove the zeros during initialisation
result = np.delete(result,range(0,sim_num),0)
result = result.astype(int)

#filling the result of intermediates states with current count
# select.result[select.result.isnull()[0:i]]=(select['trump'][select.result.isnull()[0:i]])

EEV=len(full_table.Party[0:i][full_table.Party=='Con'])+ np.count_nonzero(result[0:i])
# print(jointb['time'][i],jointb['State'][i], EEV)

prob[k] = sum(EEV>326)/len(EEV)

#make table for plot
pred.time[i]=full_table.time[i]
pred.Constituency[i]=full_table.ID[i]
pred.low[i]=np.percentile(prob,10)
pred.ave[i]=np.mean(prob)

```

```
pred.high[i]=np.percentile(prob,90)
```

```
# keep only the last value at a certain time. And remove NAs.
```

```
pred=pred.drop_duplicates(subset='time', keep='last').dropna(axis=0, how='all')
```

```
pred.index = np.arange(0,len(pred))
```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:143: RuntimeWarning: invalid v

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py:1353: Runtime

```
return np.dot(wresid, wresid) / self.df_resid
```

In [205]: *###*

```
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
```

```
fig.set_size_inches(14, 7)
```

```
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.low, 'b--', label='80% confidence interval')
```

```
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.ave, 'r-', label='Probability of Con Majority')
```

```
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.high, 'b--', label='80% confidence interval')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Probability of Conservative Majority')
```

```
#pylab.legend(loc='lower right')
```

```
#plt.axhline(y=270)
```

```
ax1.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(0.7, 0.1))
```

```
#ax1.set_ylim([0.5,0.9])
```

```
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
```

```
ax2.plot(fx['mean'], 'g', label='Exchange Rate')
```

```
#ax2.set_ylim([18.5,21.5])
```

```
HMFmt = mdates.DateFormatter('%H:%M')
```

```
ax1.xaxis.set_major_formatter(HMFmt)
```

```
_ = plt.xticks(rotation=90)
```

```
plt.ylabel('GBP/USD')
```

```
#pylab.legend(loc='upper right')
```

```
ax2.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(0.7, 0.2))
```

```
fig.suptitle('Probability of Conservative Majority vs Exchange Rate - Three Factor M
```

```
#plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
fig.savefig('prob-threefac.png')
```



```
In [259]: columns = ['time', 'Constituency', 'low', 'ave', 'high']
```

```
sim_num = 50
for i in range(18, len(full_table)-14):
```

```
data_lab= pd.concat([full_table['Lab_poll'],\
                    full_table['Lab_poll']*full_table['london'],full_table['Lab_poll']*full_table['london'],\
                    full_table['Lab_poll']*full_table['isscot'],\
                    full_table['WageMedianConst'] , \
                    full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['london'], full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['london'],\
                    full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['isscot'],\
                    full_table['Pop65ConstRate'] ,\
                    full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['london'], full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['london'],\
                    full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['isscot'],\
                    full_table['Lab[c]']], axis=1)
```

```

#,full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['iscon'],
X_lab = data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[0:i]
Y_lab=data_lab['Lab[c]'][0:i]
X_lab=sm.add_constant(X_lab, has_constant='add')
model_lab = sm.RLM(Y_lab, X_lab,missing = 'drop').fit()

parameters_lab[i,:]=model_lab.params
stderr_lab[i,:]=model_lab.bse

#Conservatives regression
#data_con=full_table[['Con_poll','Con[b]','Total','Last Election','WageMedianCon
data_con= pd.concat([full_table['Con_poll'],\
                    full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['london'],full_table['Con
                    full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['isscot'],
                    full_table['WageMedianConst'], \
                    full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['london'], full_ta
                    full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['isscot'],\
                    full_table['Pop65ConstRate'],\
                    full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['london'], full_tab
                    full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['isscot'],\
                    full_table['Con[b]']], axis=1)
X_con = data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_con=data_con['Con[b]'][0:i]
X_con=sm.add_constant(X_con, has_constant='add')
model_con = sm.RLM(Y_con, X_con,missing = 'drop').fit()

parameters_con[i,:]=model_con.params
stderr_con[i,:]=model_con.bse

data_snp=pd.concat([full_table['SNP_poll'], full_table['WageMedianConst'],
                    full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], full_table['SNP']], axis=1)
X_snp = data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_snp=data_snp['SNP'][0:i]
X_snp=sm.add_constant(X_snp, has_constant='add')
try:
    model_snp = sm.RLM(Y_snp, X_snp,missing = 'drop').fit()
    parameters_snp[i,:]
    stderr_snp[i,:]=model_snp.bse
except:
    model_snp = 0

predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant='ad
predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]
result = np.zeros([sim_num, len(predict_lab)])

```

```

#Sampling the regression parameters to generate predicted outcome
for j in range(0, sim_num):

    #Labour
    param_lab = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_lab.params), Regr
    predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant=

    #fill NaN with mean
    #predict_lab = predict_lab.fillna(predict_lab.mean())
    predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_lab,np.array(predict_lab).T)
    #result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_lab.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_lab.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_lab.resid)-1))
    result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

    #Conservative
    param_con = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_con.params), Regr
    predict_con=sm.add_constant(data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[i:], has_constant=

    #predict_con = predict_con.fillna(predict_con.mean())
    predict_con = predict_con[np.isfinite(predict_con['Con_poll'])]

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_con,np.array(predict_con).T)
    #result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_con.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_con.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_con.resid)-1))
    result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

    #SNP
    predict_snp=sm.add_constant(data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[i:], has_constant=
    predict_snp = predict_snp[np.isfinite(predict_snp['SNP_poll'])]
    if not model_snp==0 and len(model_snp.resid)>8:
        param_snp = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_snp.params),

        #predict_snp = predict_snp.fillna(predict_snp.mean())

        result_temp = np.matmul(param_snp,np.array(predict_snp).T)
        #result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_snp.resid))
        err_dev = np.std(model_snp.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_snp.resid)-1))
        result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)
        #if the poll is 0, the resulting simulated data should also be 0
        ind=np.where(predict_snp.SNP_poll==0)
        result_snp[:,ind]=0

```

```

else:
    #no data
    result_snp = np.tile(predict_snp['SNP_poll'],(sim_num,1))/100

    #result_pla = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['Pla_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
    #result_ukip = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['UKIP_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
    other = 1-result_con-result_lab-result_snp

    result_temp = (result_con>result_lab) & (result_con>result_snp) & (result_con>other)
    result = np.append(result, result_temp,axis=0)

    #remove the zeros during initialisation
    result = np.delete(result,range(0,sim_num),0)
    result = result.astype(int)

    #filling the result of intermediates states with current count
    # select.result[select.result.isnull()[0:i]]=(select['trump'][select.result.isnull()[0:i]])

    EEV=len(full_table.Party[0:i][full_table.Party=='Con'])+ np.count_nonzero(result==1)
    # print(jointb['time'][i],jointb['State'][i], EEV)

    #make table for plot
    pred.time[i]=full_table.time[i]
    pred.Constituency[i]=full_table.ID[i]
    pred.low[i]=np.percentile(EEV,10)
    pred.ave[i]=np.mean(EEV)
    pred.high[i]=np.percentile(EEV,90)

    # keep only the last value at a certain time. And remove NAs.
    pred=pred.drop_duplicates(subset='time', keep='last').dropna(axis=0, how='all')
    pred.index = np.arange(0,len(pred))

```

```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:75: RuntimeWarning: covariance matrix is not positive-definite
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:90: RuntimeWarning: covariance matrix is not positive-definite
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:127: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in divide
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py:1353: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in divide
    return np.dot(wresid, wresid) / self.df_resid

```

```

In [252]: fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
fig.set_size_inches(14, 7)
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.low,'b--', label='80% Confidence Interval Boundry')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.ave,'r-', label='expected electoral votes')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.high,'b--', label='80% Confidence Interval Boundry')
plt.ylabel('Expected Votes')
pylab.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.axhline(y=326)

```

```

#ax1.set_ylim([280,380])

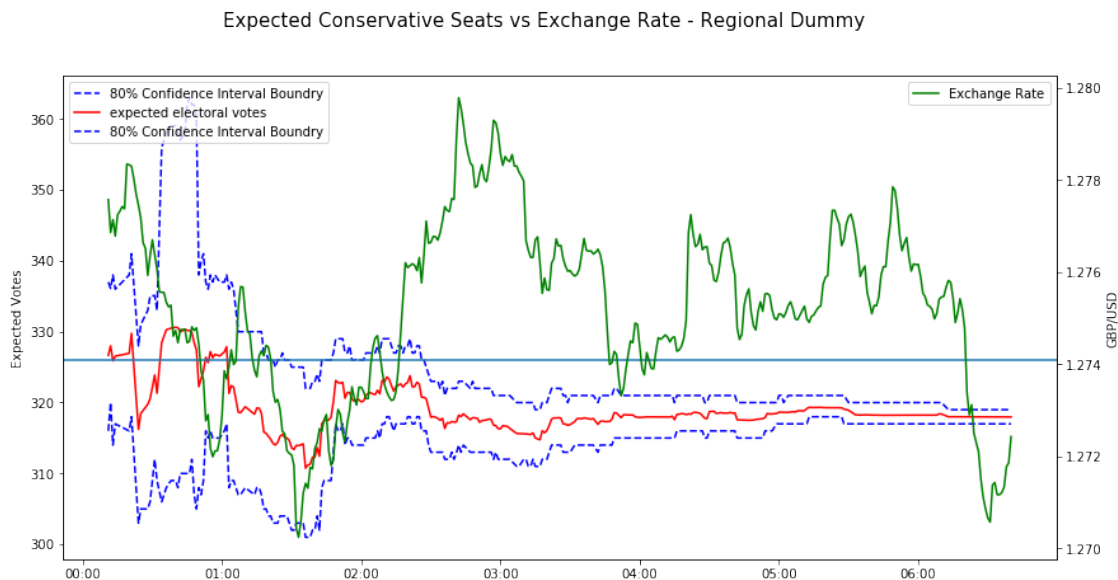
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.plot(fx['mean'],'g', label='Exchange Rate')

HMFmt = mdates.DateFormatter('%H:%M')
ax1.xaxis.set_major_formatter(HMFmt)
_ = plt.xticks(rotation=90)

plt.ylabel('GBP/USD')
plt.xlabel('UTC Time')
pylab.legend(loc='upper right')

fig.suptitle('Expected Conservative Seats vs Exchange Rate - Regional Dummy', fontsize=12)
fig.savefig('results-dummy.png')
plt.show()

```



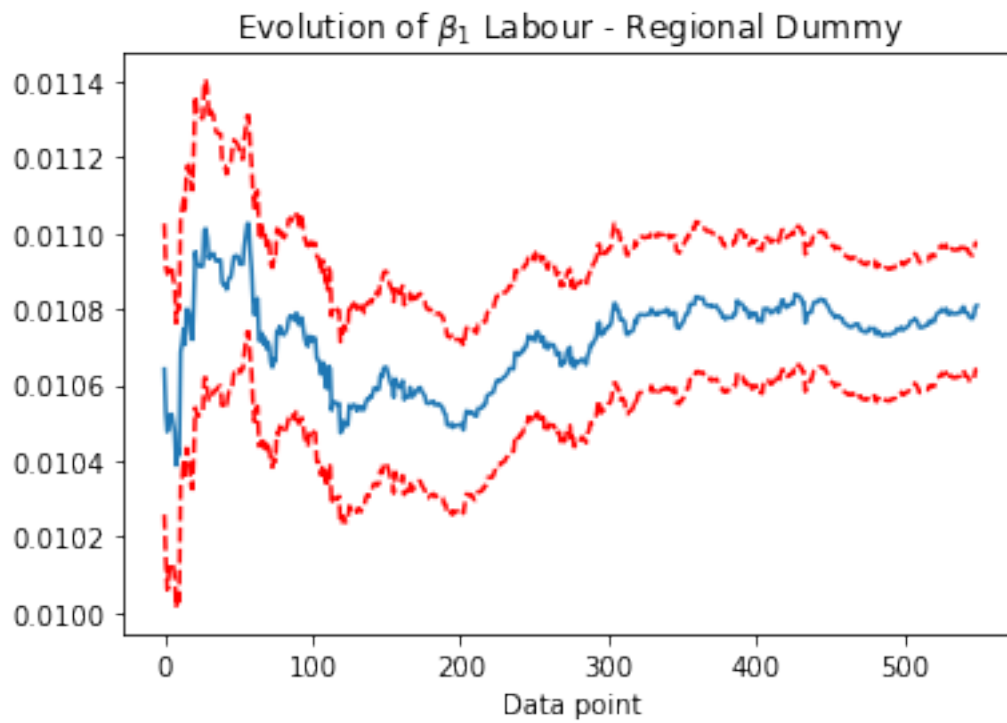
```

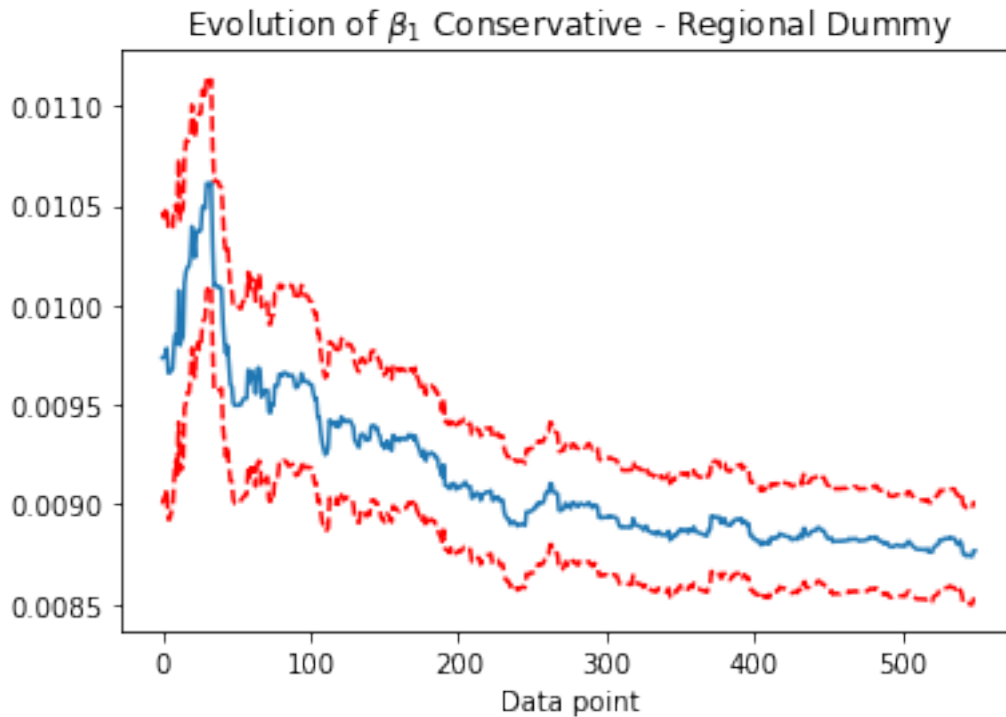
In [208]: plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1])
plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1]-stderr_lab[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1]+stderr_lab[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.title(r'Evolution of  $\beta_1$  Labour - Regional Dummy')
plt.xlabel('Data point')
plt.savefig('lab dummy b1.png')
plt.show()

plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1])
plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1]-stderr_con[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1]+stderr_con[50:600,1], 'r--')

```

```
plt.title(r'Evolution of  $\beta_1$  Conservative - Regional Dummy')  
plt.xlabel('Data point')  
plt.savefig('con dummy b1.png')  
plt.show()
```





```
In [209]: columns = ['time', 'Constituency', 'low', 'ave', 'high']
          index= full_table.index
          pred=pd.DataFrame(index=index, columns=columns)

          parameters_con = np.empty((650,13))
          stderr_con = np.empty((650,13))
          parameters_lab = np.empty((650,13))
          stderr_lab = np.empty((650,13))
          parameters_snp = np.empty((650,4))
          stderr_snp = np.empty((650,4))

          sim_num = 10
          for i in range(18,len(full_table)-14):

              #labour regression
              # data_lab=full_table[['Lab_poll', 'Lab[c]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon.
              data_lab= pd.concat([full_table['Lab_poll'],\
                                  full_table['Lab_poll']*full_table['london'],full_table['Lab.
                                  full_table['Lab_poll']*full_table['isscot'],
                                  full_table['WageMedianConst'] , \
                                  full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['london'], full_ta
                                  full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['isscot'],\
                                  full_table['Pop65ConstRate'] ,\
```

```

        full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['london'], full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['isscot'],\
        full_table['Lab[c]']], axis=1)
# ,full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['iscon'],
X_lab = data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[0:i]
Y_lab=data_lab['Lab[c]'][0:i]
X_lab=sm.add_constant(X_lab, has_constant='add')
model_lab = sm.RLM(Y_lab, X_lab,missing = 'drop').fit()

parameters_lab[i,:]=model_lab.params
stderr_lab[i,:]=model_lab.bse

#Conservatives regression
#data_con=full_table[['Con_poll','Con[b]','Total','Last Election','WageMedianConst']]
data_con= pd.concat([full_table['Con_poll'],\
        full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['london'],full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['isscot'],\
        full_table['WageMedianConst'], \
        full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['london'], full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['isscot'],\
        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'],\
        full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['london'], full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['isscot'],\
        full_table['Con[b]']], axis=1)
X_con = data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_con=data_con['Con[b]'][0:i]
X_con=sm.add_constant(X_con, has_constant='add')
model_con = sm.RLM(Y_con, X_con,missing = 'drop').fit()

parameters_con[i,:]=model_con.params
stderr_con[i,:]=model_con.bse

data_snp=pd.concat([full_table['SNP_poll'], full_table['WageMedianConst'],\
        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], full_table['SNP']], axis=1)
X_snp = data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_snp=data_snp['SNP'][0:i]
X_snp=sm.add_constant(X_snp, has_constant='add')
try:
    model_snp = sm.RLM(Y_snp, X_snp,missing = 'drop').fit()
    parameters_snp[i,:]
    stderr_snp[i,:]=model_snp.bse
except:
    model_snp = 0

prob = np.zeros(10)
for k in range(0,10):

```



```

predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant=True)
predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]
result = np.zeros([sim_num, len(predict_lab)])

```

```

#Sampling the regression parameters to generate predicted outcome
for j in range(0, sim_num):

```

```

    #Labour

```

```

    param_lab = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_lab.params), model_lab.cov)
    predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant=True)

```

```

    #fill NaN with mean

```

```

    #predict_lab = predict_lab.fillna(predict_lab.mean())
    predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]

```

```

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_lab,np.array(predict_lab).T)
    #result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_lab.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_lab.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_lab.resid)))
    result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

```

```

    #Conservative

```

```

    param_con = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_con.params), model_con.cov)
    predict_con=sm.add_constant(data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[i:], has_constant=True)

```

```

    #predict_con = predict_con.fillna(predict_con.mean())
    predict_con = predict_con[np.isfinite(predict_con['Con_poll'])]

```

```

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_con,np.array(predict_con).T)
    #result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_con.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_con.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_con.resid)))
    result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

```

```

    #SNP

```

```

    predict_snp=sm.add_constant(data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[i:], has_constant=True)
    predict_snp = predict_snp[np.isfinite(predict_snp['SNP_poll'])]
    if not model_snp==0 and len(model_snp.resid)>8:
        param_snp = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_snp.params), model_snp.cov)

```

```

        #predict_snp = predict_snp.fillna(predict_snp.mean())

```

```

result_temp = np.matmul(param_snp,np.array(predict_snp).T)
#result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_snp.resid))
err_dev = np.std(model_snp.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_snp.resid)))
result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)
#if the poll is 0, the resulting simulated data should also be 0
ind=np.where(predict_snp.SNP_poll==0)
result_snp[:,ind]=0

else:
    #no data
    result_snp = np.tile(predict_snp['SNP_poll'],(sim_num,1))/100

#result_pla = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['Pla_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
#result_ukip = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['UKIP_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
other = 1-result_con-result_lab-result_snp

result_temp = (result_con>result_lab) & (result_con>result_snp) & (result_lab>result_snp)
result = np.append(result, result_temp,axis=0)

#remove the zeros during initialisation
result = np.delete(result,range(0,sim_num),0)
result = result.astype(int)

#filling the result of intermediates states with current count
# select.result[select.result.isnull()[0:i]]=(select['trump'][select.result.isnull()[0:i]])

EEV=len(full_table.Party[0:i][full_table.Party=='Con'])+ np.count_nonzero(result[0:i])
# print(jointb['time'][i],jointb['State'][i], EEV)

prob[k] = sum(EEV>326)/len(EEV)

#make table for plot
pred.time[i]=full_table.time[i]
pred.Constituency[i]=full_table.ID[i]
pred.low[i]=np.percentile(prob,10)
pred.ave[i]=np.mean(prob)
pred.high[i]=np.percentile(prob,90)

# keep only the last value at a certain time. And remove NAs.
pred=pred.drop_duplicates(subset='time', keep='last').dropna(axis=0, how='all')
pred.index = np.arange(0,len(pred))

```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:92: RuntimeWarning: covariance matrix is not positive-definite, using pseudo-inverse instead.
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:107: RuntimeWarning: covariance matrix is not positive-definite, using pseudo-inverse instead.
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:156: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in divide

```
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py:1353: RuntimeWarning:
  return np.dot(wresid, wresid) / self.df_resid
```

```
In [210]: ###
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
fig.set_size_inches(14, 7)
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.low, 'b--', label='80% confidence interval')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.ave, 'r-', label='Probability of Con Majority')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.high, 'b--', label='80% confidence interval')
plt.ylabel('Probability of Conservative Majority')
#pylab.legend(loc='lower right')
#plt.axhline(y=270)
ax1.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(0.7, 0.1))
#ax1.set_ylim([0.5,0.9])

ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.plot(fx['mean'], 'g', label='Exchange Rate')
#ax2.set_ylim([18.5,21.5])

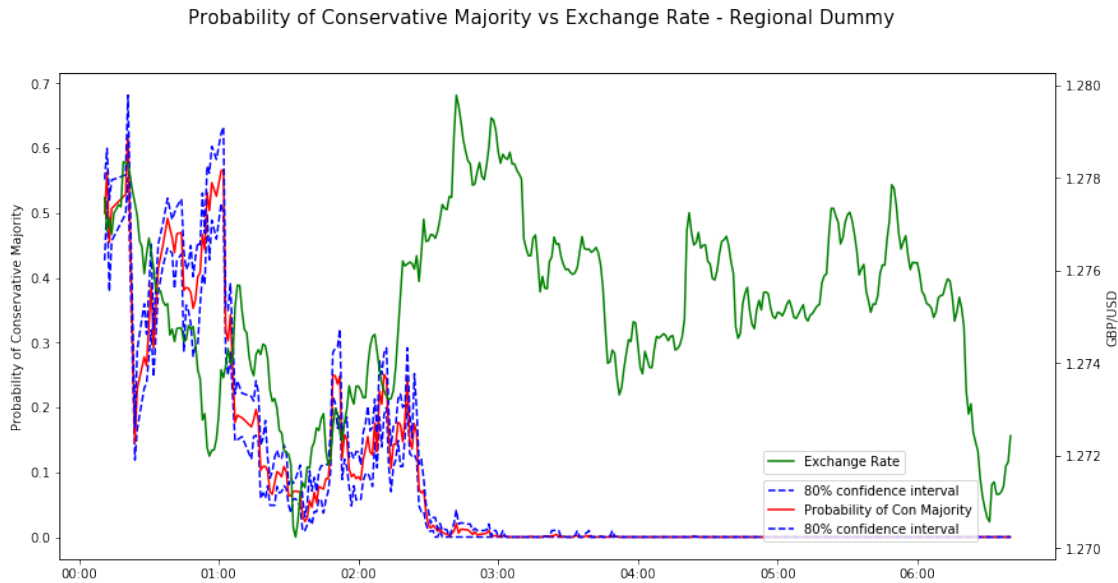
HMFmt = mdates.DateFormatter('%H:%M')
ax1.xaxis.set_major_formatter(HMFmt)
_ = plt.xticks(rotation=90)

plt.ylabel('GBP/USD')

#pylab.legend(loc='upper right')
ax2.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(0.7, 0.2))

fig.suptitle('Probability of Conservative Majority vs Exchange Rate - Regional Dummy')

#plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.show()
fig.savefig('prob-dummy.png')
```



2.4 Best Subset Regression

```
In [253]: X_con = data_con.drop('Con[b]',axis=1)
          Y_con=data_con['Con[b]']
          predictorcols=X_con
          target=Y_con
          train=X_con
```

```
In [254]: import itertools
```

```
AICs = {}
for k in range(1,len(predictorcols)+1):
    # print(k)
    for variables in itertools.combinations(predictorcols, k):
        predictors = train[list(variables)]
        predictors['Intercept'] = 1
        res = sm.OLS(target, predictors, missing='drop').fit()
        AICs[variables] = 2*(k+1) - 2*res.llf
pd.Series(AICs).idxmin()
```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:8: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: <http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html>

```
Out[254]: ('Con_poll', 0, 2, 3, 4, 'Pop65ConstRate', 6, 8)
```

```
In [255]: X_lab = data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)
          Y_lab=data_lab['Lab[c]']
          predictorcols=X_lab
          target=Y_lab
          train=X_lab
```

```
In [256]: AICs = {}
          for k in range(1,len(predictorcols)+1):
              # print(k)
              for variables in itertools.combinations(predictorcols, k):
                  predictors = train[list(variables)]
                  predictors['Intercept'] = 1
                  res = sm.OLS(target, predictors, missing='drop').fit()
                  AICs[variables] = 2*(k+1) - 2*res.llf
          pd.Series(AICs).idxmin()
```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:6: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: <http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html>

```
Out[256]: ('Lab_poll', 0, 1, 'WageMedianConst', 3, 4, 5, 'Pop65ConstRate', 7)
```

2.5 Final

```
In [263]: columns = ['time', 'Constituency','low', 'ave', 'high']
          index= full_table.index
          pred=pd.DataFrame(index=index, columns=columns)

          parameters_con = np.empty((650,9))
          stderr_con = np.empty((650,9))
          parameters_lab = np.empty((650,10))
          stderr_lab = np.empty((650,10))
          parameters_snp = np.empty((650,4))
          stderr_snp = np.empty((650,4))

          sim_num = 50
          for i in range(18,len(full_table)-14):

              #labour regression
              # data_lab=full_table[['Lab_poll','Lab[c]','Total','Last Election','WageMedianCon
              data_lab= pd.concat([full_table['Lab_poll'],\
                                  full_table['Lab_poll']*full_table['london'],full_table['Lab
                                  full_table['WageMedianConst'] , \
                                  full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['london'], full_ta
                                  full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['isscot'],\
```

```

        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'] ,\
        full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['iswales'],\
        full_table['Lab[c]']], axis=1)
# ,full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['iscon'],
X_lab = data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[0:i]
Y_lab=data_lab['Lab[c]'][0:i]
X_lab=sm.add_constant(X_lab, has_constant='add')
model_lab = sm.RLM(Y_lab, X_lab,missing = 'drop').fit()

parameters_lab[i,:]=model_lab.params
stderr_lab[i,:]=model_lab.bse

#Conservatives regression
#data_con=full_table[['Con_poll','Con[b]','Total','Last Election','WageMedianCon.
data_con= pd.concat([full_table['Con_poll'],\
        full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['london'],\
        full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['isscot'],
        full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['london'], full_ta
        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'] ,\
        full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['london'],\
        full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['isscot'],\
        full_table['Con[b]']], axis=1)
X_con = data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_con=data_con['Con[b]'][0:i]
X_con=sm.add_constant(X_con, has_constant='add')
model_con = sm.RLM(Y_con, X_con,missing = 'drop').fit()

parameters_con[i,:]=model_con.params
stderr_con[i,:]=model_con.bse

data_snp=pd.concat([full_table['SNP_poll'], full_table['WageMedianConst'],
        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], full_table['SNP']], axis=1)
X_snp = data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_snp=data_snp['SNP'][0:i]
X_snp=sm.add_constant(X_snp, has_constant='add')
try:
    model_snp = sm.RLM(Y_snp, X_snp,missing = 'drop').fit()
    parameters_snp[i,:]
    stderr_snp[i,:]=model_snp.bse
except:
    model_snp = 0

predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant='add')
predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]
result = np.zeros([sim_num, len(predict_lab)])

```

```

#Sampling the regression parameters to generate predicted outcome
for j in range(0, sim_num):

    #Labour
    param_lab = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_lab.params), Regr
    predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant=

    #fill NaN with mean
    #predict_lab = predict_lab.fillna(predict_lab.mean())
    predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_lab,np.array(predict_lab).T)
    #result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_lab.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_lab.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_lab.resid)-
    result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

    #Conservative
    param_con = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_con.params), Regr
    predict_con=sm.add_constant(data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[i:], has_con

    #predict_con = predict_con.fillna(predict_con.mean())
    predict_con = predict_con[np.isfinite(predict_con['Con_poll'])]

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_con,np.array(predict_con).T)
    #result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_con.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_con.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_con.resid)-
    result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

    #SNP
    predict_snp=sm.add_constant(data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[i:], has_constant
    predict_snp = predict_snp[np.isfinite(predict_snp['SNP_poll'])]
    if not model_snp==0 and len(model_snp.resid)>8:
        param_snp = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_snp.params),

        #predict_snp = predict_snp.fillna(predict_snp.mean())

        result_temp = np.matmul(param_snp,np.array(predict_snp).T)
        #result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_snp.resid))
        err_dev = np.std(model_snp.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_snp.res
        result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)
        #if the poll is 0, the resulting simulated data should also be 0

```

```

ind=np.where(predict_snp.SNP_poll==0)
result_snp[:,ind]=0

else:
    #no data
    result_snp = np.tile(predict_snp['SNP_poll'],(sim_num,1))/100

    #result_pla = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['Pla_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
    #result_ukip = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['UKIP_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
    other = 1-result_con-result_lab-result_snp

    result_temp = (result_con>result_lab) & (result_con>result_snp) & (result_con>other)
    result = np.append(result, result_temp,axis=0)

    #remove the zeros during initialisation
    result = np.delete(result,range(0,sim_num),0)
    result = result.astype(int)

EEV=len(full_table.Party[0:i][full_table.Party=='Con'])+ np.count_nonzero(result)

#make table for plot
pred.time[i]=full_table.time[i]
pred.Constituency[i]=full_table.ID[i]
pred.low[i]=np.percentile(EEV,10)
pred.ave[i]=np.mean(EEV)
pred.high[i]=np.percentile(EEV,90)

# keep only the last value at a certain time. And remove NAs.
pred=pred.drop_duplicates(subset='time', keep='last').dropna(axis=0, how='all')
pred.index = np.arange(0,len(pred))

```

```

C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:72: RuntimeWarning: covariance matrix is not positive-definite
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:87: RuntimeWarning: covariance matrix is not positive-definite
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:126: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in dot product
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py:1353: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in true_divide
    return np.dot(wresid, wresid) / self.df_resid

```

```

In [212]: fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
fig.set_size_inches(14, 7)
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.low, 'b--', label='80% Confidence Interval Boundry')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.ave, 'r-', label='expected electoral votes')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.high, 'b--', label='80% Confidence Interval Boundry')
plt.ylabel('Expected Votes')
pylab.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.axhline(y=326)
#ax1.set_ylim([280,380])

```



```

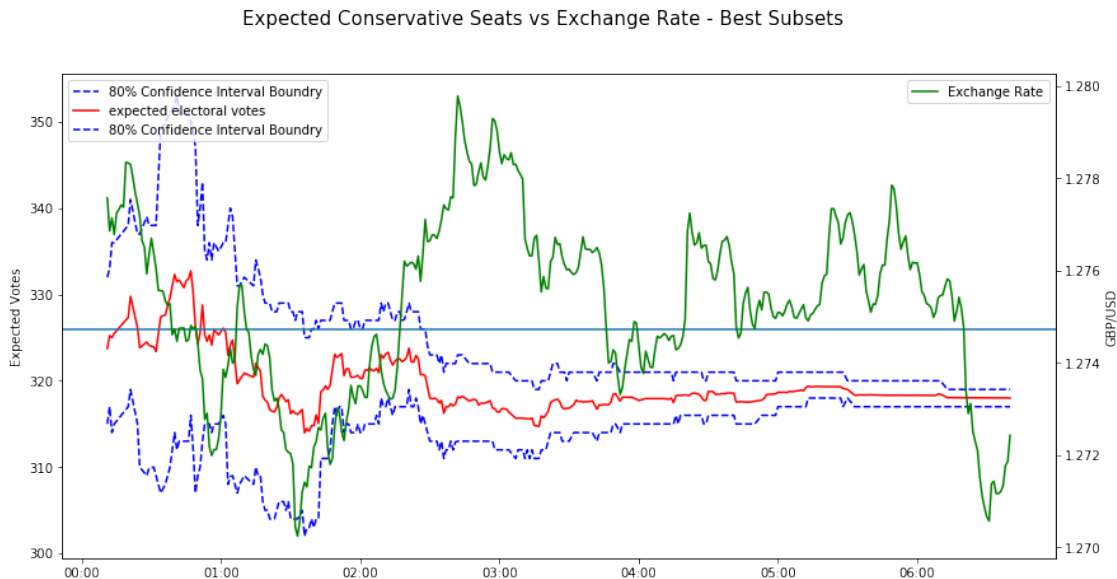
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.plot(fx['mean'], 'g', label='Exchange Rate')

HMFmt = mdates.DateFormatter('%H:%M')
ax1.xaxis.set_major_formatter(HMFmt)
_ = plt.xticks(rotation=90)

plt.ylabel('GBP/USD')
plt.xlabel('UTC Time')
pylab.legend(loc='upper right')

fig.suptitle('Expected Conservative Seats vs Exchange Rate - Best Subsets', fontsize=12)
fig.savefig('results-final.png')
plt.show()

```



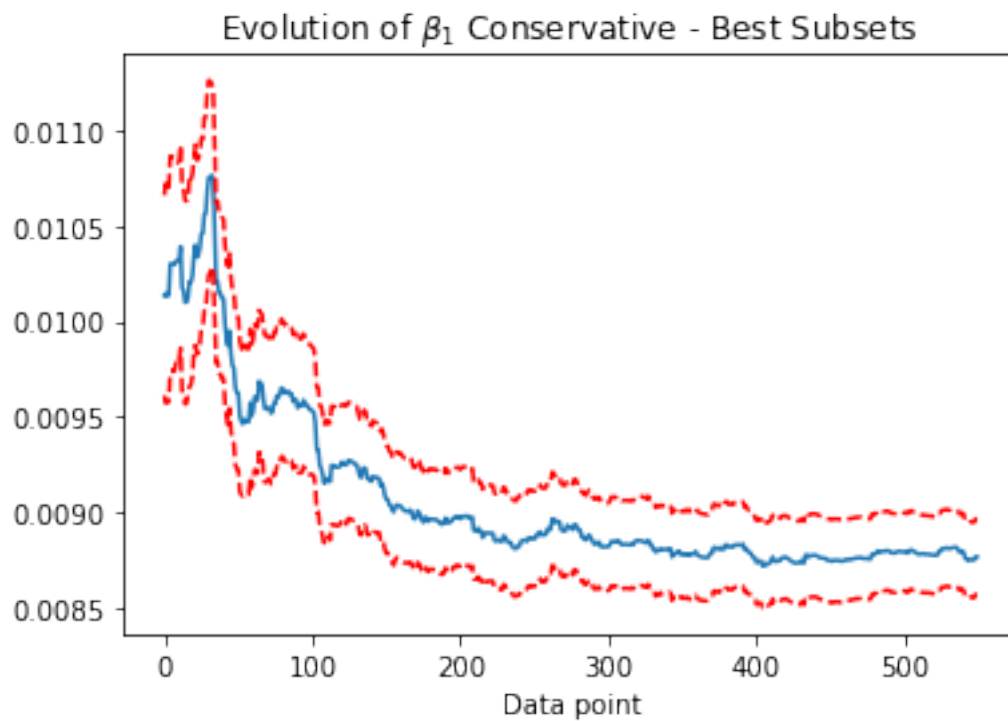
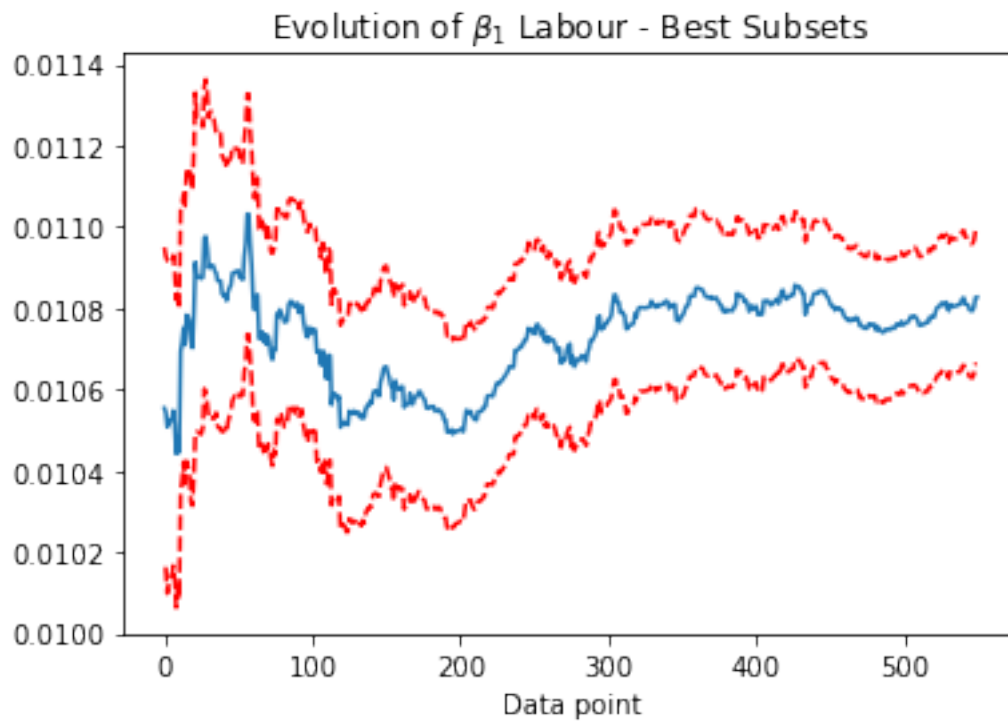
```

In [213]: plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1])
plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1]-stderr_lab[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.plot(parameters_lab[50:600,1]+stderr_lab[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.title(r'Evolution of  $\beta_1$  Labour - Best Subsets')
plt.xlabel('Data point')
plt.savefig('lab final b1.png')
plt.show()

plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1])
plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1]-stderr_con[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.plot(parameters_con[50:600,1]+stderr_con[50:600,1], 'r--')
plt.title(r'Evolution of  $\beta_1$  Conservative - Best Subsets')

```

```
plt.xlabel('Data point')
plt.savefig('con final b1.png')
plt.show()
```



```

In [214]: columns = ['time', 'Constituency', 'low', 'ave', 'high']
          index= full_table.index
          pred=pd.DataFrame(index=index, columns=columns)

parameters_con = np.empty((650,9))
stderr_con = np.empty((650,9))
parameters_lab = np.empty((650,10))
stderr_lab = np.empty((650,10))
parameters_snp = np.empty((650,4))
stderr_snp = np.empty((650,4))

sim_num = 10
for i in range(18,len(full_table)-14):

    #labour regression
    # data_lab=full_table[['Lab_poll', 'Lab[c]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon.
    data_lab= pd.concat([full_table['Lab_poll'],\
                        full_table['Lab_poll']*full_table['london'],full_table['Lab.
                        full_table['WageMedianConst'] , \
                        full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['london'], full_ta
                        full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['isscot'],\
                        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'] ,\
                        full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['iswales'],\
                        full_table['Lab[c]']], axis=1)
    #,full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['iscon'],
    X_lab = data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[0:i]
    Y_lab=data_lab['Lab[c]'][0:i]
    X_lab=sm.add_constant(X_lab, has_constant='add')
    model_lab = sm.RLM(Y_lab, X_lab,missing = 'drop').fit()

    parameters_lab[i,:]=model_lab.params
    stderr_lab[i,:]=model_lab.bse

    #Conservatives regression
    #data_con=full_table[['Con_poll', 'Con[b]', 'Total', 'Last Election', 'WageMedianCon.
    data_con= pd.concat([full_table['Con_poll'],\
                        full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['london'],\
                        full_table['Con_poll']*full_table['isscot'],
                        full_table['WageMedianConst']*full_table['london'], full_ta
                        full_table['Pop65ConstRate'] ,\
                        full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['london'],\
                        full_table['Pop65ConstRate']*full_table['isscot'],\
                        full_table['Con[b]']], axis=1)
    X_con = data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[0:i]
    Y_con=data_con['Con[b]'][0:i]

```

```

X_con=sm.add_constant(X_con, has_constant='add')
model_con = sm.RLM(Y_con, X_con,missing = 'drop').fit()

parameters_con[i,:]=model_con.params
stderr_con[i,:]=model_con.bse


data_snp=pd.concat([full_table['SNP_poll'], full_table['WageMedianConst'],
                    full_table['Pop65ConstRate'], full_table['SNP']], axis=1)
X_snp = data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[0:i]
Y_snp=data_snp['SNP'][0:i]
X_snp=sm.add_constant(X_snp, has_constant='add')
try:
    model_snp = sm.RLM(Y_snp, X_snp,missing = 'drop').fit()
    parameters_snp[i,:]
    stderr_snp[i,:]=model_snp.bse
except:
    model_snp = 0


prob = np.zeros(10)
for k in range(0,10):

    predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant='add')
    predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]
    result = np.zeros([sim_num, len(predict_lab)])

    #Sampling the regression parameters to generate predicted outcome
    for j in range(0, sim_num):

        #Labour
        param_lab = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_lab.params), model_lab.resid)
        predict_lab=sm.add_constant(data_lab.drop('Lab[c]',axis=1)[i:], has_constant='add')

        #fill NaN with mean
        #predict_lab = predict_lab.fillna(predict_lab.mean())
        predict_lab=predict_lab[np.isfinite(predict_lab['Lab_poll'])]

        result_temp = np.matmul(param_lab,np.array(predict_lab).T)
        #result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_lab.resid))
        err_dev = np.std(model_lab.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_lab.resid)))
        result_lab = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

```

```

#Conservative
param_con = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_con.params), I)
predict_con=sm.add_constant(data_con.drop(['Con[b]'], axis = 1)[i:], has_

#predict_con = predict_con.fillna(predict_con.mean())
predict_con = predict_con[np.isfinite(predict_con['Con_poll'])]

result_temp = np.matmul(param_con,np.array(predict_con).T)
#result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_con.resid))
err_dev = np.std(model_con.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_con.resid)))
result_con = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)

#SNP
predict_snp=sm.add_constant(data_snp.drop(['SNP'],axis = 1)[i:], has_con=1)
predict_snp = predict_snp[np.isfinite(predict_snp['SNP_poll'])]
if not model_snp==0 and len(model_snp.resid)>8:
    param_snp = np.random.multivariate_normal(np.asarray(model_snp.params), I)

    #predict_snp = predict_snp.fillna(predict_snp.mean())

    result_temp = np.matmul(param_snp,np.array(predict_snp).T)
    #result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,np.std(model_snp.resid))
    err_dev = np.std(model_snp.resid)*(np.random.chisquare(len(model_snp.resid)))
    result_snp = np.random.normal(result_temp,err_dev)
    #if the poll is 0, the resulting simulated data should also be 0
    ind=np.where(predict_snp.SNP_poll==0)
    result_snp[:,ind]=0

else:
    #no data
    result_snp = np.tile(predict_snp['SNP_poll'],(sim_num,1))/100

#result_pla = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['Pla_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
#result_ukip = np.nan_to_num(np.tile(full_table['UKIP_poll'][i:],(sim_num,1)))
other = 1-result_con-result_lab-result_snp

result_temp = (result_con>result_lab) & (result_con>result_snp) & (result_lab>result_snp)
result = np.append(result, result_temp,axis=0)

#remove the zeros during initialisation
result = np.delete(result,range(0,sim_num),0)
result = result.astype(int)

#filling the result of intermediates states with current count
# select.result[select.result.isnull()[0:i]]=(select['trump'][select.result.isnull()[0:i]])

```

```
EEV=len(full_table.Party[0:i][full_table.Party=='Con'])+ np.count_nonzero(res)
# print(jointb['time'][i],jointb['State'][i], EEV)
```

```
prob[k] = sum(EEV>326)/len(EEV)
```

```
#make table for plot
pred.time[i]=full_table.time[i]
pred.Constituency[i]=full_table.ID[i]
pred.low[i]=np.percentile(prob,10)
pred.ave[i]=np.mean(prob)
pred.high[i]=np.percentile(prob,90)
```

```
# keep only the last value at a certain time. And remove NAs.
pred=pred.drop_duplicates(subset='time', keep='last').dropna(axis=0, how='all')
pred.index = np.arange(0,len(pred))
```

```
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:89: RuntimeWarning: covariance matrix is not positive-definite
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:104: RuntimeWarning: covariance matrix is not positive-definite
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:153: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in dot
C:\Users\AlexH\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py:1353: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in divide
return np.dot(wresid, wresid) / self.df_resid
```

```
In [215]: ###
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
fig.set_size_inches(14, 7)
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.low,'b--', label='80% confidence interval')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.ave,'r-', label='Probability of Con Majority')
ax1.plot_date(pred.time, pred.high,'b--', label='80% confidence interval')
plt.ylabel('Probability of Conservative Majority')
#pylab.legend(loc='lower right')
#plt.axhline(y=270)
ax1.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(0.7, 0.1))
#ax1.set_ylim([0.5,0.9])

ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.plot(fx['mean'],'g', label='Exchange Rate')
#ax2.set_ylim([18.5,21.5])

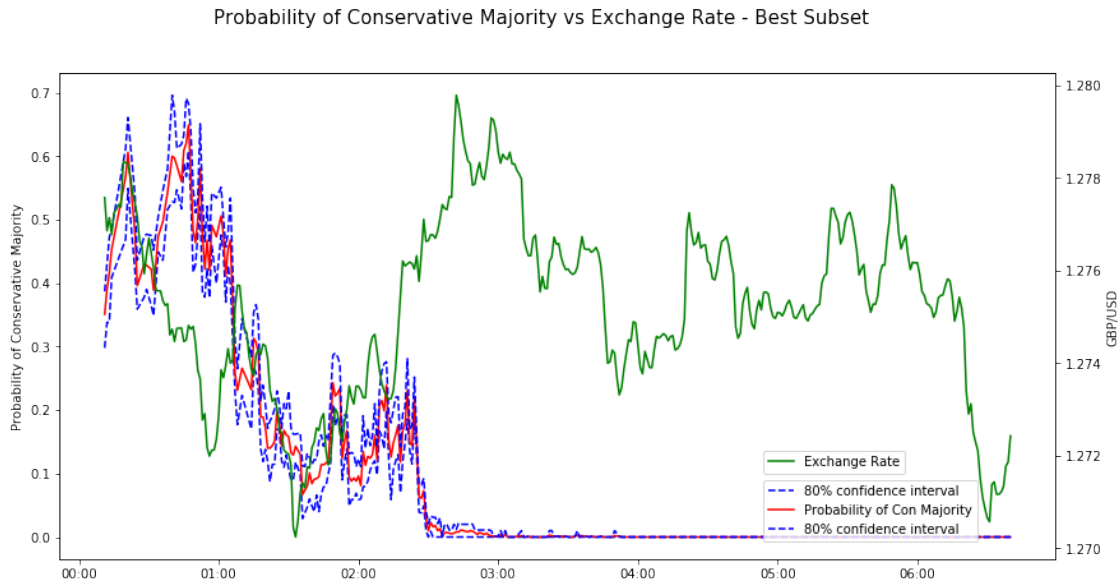
HMFmt = mdates.DateFormatter('%H:%M')
ax1.xaxis.set_major_formatter(HMFmt)
_ = plt.xticks(rotation=90)

plt.ylabel('GBP/USD')
```

```
#pylab.legend(loc='upper right')
ax2.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(0.7, 0.2))
```

```
fig.suptitle('Probability of Conservative Majority vs Exchange Rate - Best Subset',
```

```
#plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.show()
fig.savefig('prob-final.png')
```



```
In [264]: model_con.summary()
```

```
Out[264]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
"""
```

```

                                Robust linear Model Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  Con[b]      No. Observations:                  615
Model:                            RLM      Df Residuals:                      606
Method:                          IRLS      Df Model:                          8
Norm:                             HuberT
Scale Est.:                       mad
Cov Type:                         H1
Date:                            Sun, 25 Feb 2018
Time:                            14:31:38
No. Iterations:                   20
=====
                                coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----

```

const	-0.0573	0.010	-5.830	0.000	-0.077	-0.038
Con_poll	0.0088	0.000	45.892	0.000	0.008	0.009
0	-0.0017	0.001	-2.338	0.019	-0.003	-0.000
1	0.0033	0.001	3.800	0.000	0.002	0.005
2	-8.188e-05	3.4e-05	-2.407	0.016	-0.000	-1.52e-05
3	0.0001	1.85e-05	6.798	0.000	8.95e-05	0.000
Pop65ConstRate	0.5456	0.057	9.560	0.000	0.434	0.658
4	0.8284	0.252	3.294	0.001	0.335	1.321
5	-0.3547	0.128	-2.769	0.006	-0.606	-0.104

=====

If the model instance has been used for another fit with different fit parameters, then the fit options might not be the correct ones anymore .
 """

In [265]: model_lab.summary()

Out[265]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
 """

Robust linear Model Regression Results

=====

Dep. Variable:	Lab[c]	No. Observations:	615
Model:	RLM	Df Residuals:	605
Method:	IRLS	Df Model:	9
Norm:	HuberT		
Scale Est.:	mad		
Cov Type:	H1		
Date:	Sun, 25 Feb 2018		
Time:	14:31:38		
No. Iterations:	22		

=====

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.1696	0.021	8.065	0.000	0.128	0.211
Lab_poll	0.0108	0.000	67.779	0.000	0.010	0.011
0	0.0007	0.000	2.516	0.012	0.000	0.001
1	-0.0014	0.001	-2.578	0.010	-0.003	-0.000
WageMedianConst	-5.149e-05	2.53e-05	-2.033	0.042	-0.000	-1.85e-06
2	-3.16e-05	1.92e-05	-1.647	0.100	-6.92e-05	6e-06
3	0.0003	8.6e-05	2.953	0.003	8.54e-05	0.000
4	-0.0001	9.51e-06	-10.728	0.000	-0.000	-8.34e-05
Pop65ConstRate	-0.4526	0.044	-10.184	0.000	-0.540	-0.366
5	-0.4594	0.146	-3.155	0.002	-0.745	-0.174

=====

If the model instance has been used for another fit with different fit parameters, then the fit options might not be the correct ones anymore .
 """