

D. Case Study 4: Basic Graph Algorithms - Social Network Connections

6. Write a Python program to find mutual friends using BFS or DFS.

```
from collections import deque, defaultdict
```

```
def bfs(graph, start):
```

```
    visited = set()
```

```
    queue = deque([start])
```

```
    friends = set()
```

```
    while queue:
```

```
        node = queue.popleft()
```

```
        if node not in visited:
```

```
            visited.add(node)
```

```
            friends.update(graph[node])
```

```
            for neighbor in graph[node]:
```

```
                if neighbor not in visited:
```

```
                    queue.append(neighbor)
```

```
    return friends
```

```
def find_mutual_friends(graph, user1, user2):
```

```
    friends_of_user1 = bfs(graph, user1)
```

```
    friends_of_user2 = bfs(graph, user2)
```

```
    mutual_friends = friends_of_user1.intersection(friends_of_user2)
```

```
return mutual_friends
```

```
# Example graph represented as an adjacency list
```

```
social_network = {
```

```
    'A': {'B', 'C', 'D'},
```

```
    'B': {'A', 'C', 'E'},
```

```
    'C': {'A', 'B', 'F'},
```

```
    'D': {'A'},
```

```
    'E': {'B'},
```

```
    'F': {'C'}
```

```
}
```

```
user1 = 'A'
```

```
user2 = 'C'
```

```
mutual_friends = find_mutual_friends(social_network, user1, user2)
```

```
print(f"Mutual friends of {user1} and {user2}: {mutual_friends}")
```