

CareerFoundry – Data Analytics

Achievement 6 – Is Brazil really a climate killer?

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Objective

Analyze key metrics of emission, energy and economy, showcasing the numbers and facts to provide a more complete picture of Brazil in the climate scenario.

Context

More and more are discussions about climate change not only a topic for politics, but also between friends and family. As a Brazilian living in Germany for some years, I have the impression that there are some misconceptions about the role of Brazil in the climate change. I would like to present the data about it to show that Brazil is not only “burning the Amazonian forest”, but actually performs quite well in terms of renewable energy and forest coverage.

It is also important to point the climate performance and economic development are tied together. For example, countries where the population do not have full electricity coverage will also likely to have lower greenhouse emissions. But it is an option to leave them out of technological advancements because they are “green enough”?

The idea is not to provide a black and white picture of the countries, but to show that there are different “shades of green” on the topic.



Figure 1: Forest in Fire or Renewable Energy - Designed by Freepik

When you think of news about Brazil, what image do you associate with it the most?

Key Questions

For this analysis I will break down the key indices of Brazil comparing it worldwide and also with only a selection of countries:

- How are the CO₂ emissions per capita in Brazil compared to the rest of the world?
- How is the forest coverage in Brazil and other countries?
- How is the deforestation rate in the last years?
- What is the share of renewable energy worldwide?
- What is the specific share on renewable sources on electricity generation?

How does the development of a land relate to the emissions?

Data Choice

In order to answer the questions proposed for this project, I looked for historical and global data covering following topics:

- CO₂ Emission – being one driving factor to the global warming and climate change
- Renewable Energy (and share in electricity) – energy production is one of the
- Forest Area (and deforestation) – as measure of the forest protection: how much still exists and
- (Inequality-adjusted) Human Development Index – I find this index more appropriate than the “usual” Human Development Index since it accounts for economical inequalities within a country.

Data Source

All data showcased in this project was extracted from, *Our World in Data*, which is a project of *Global Change Data Lab*, a non-profit organization in the United Kingdom.

- <https://ourworldindata.org/about>
- <https://global-change-data-lab.org/>

This is a very interesting data source, which provides not only reliable data for free use, but as well reports and analysis on different topics.

To provide a broader picture for my analysis, I used different datasets which were complimentary. Each dataset was extracted from a different topic and is acknowledged individually:

CO₂ Emissions (MAIN):

- Hannah Ritchie, Pablo Rosado and Max Roser (2023) - “CO₂ and Greenhouse Gas Emissions” Published online at OurWorldInData.org. Retrieved from: 'https://ourworldindata.org/co2-and-greenhouse-gas-emissions' [Online Resource]

Renewable Energy and Renewable Electricity

- Hannah Ritchie, Max Roser and Pablo Rosado (2020) - “Renewable Energy” Published online at OurWorldInData.org. Retrieved from: 'https://ourworldindata.org/renewable-energy' [Online Resource]

Forest Area and Deforestation

- Hannah Ritchie, Fiona Spooner and Max Roser (2021) - “Forests and Deforestation” Published online at OurWorldInData.org. Retrieved from: 'https://ourworldindata.org/forests-and-deforestation' [Online Resource]

(Inequality-adjusted) Human Development Index

- Bastian Herre and Pablo Arriagada (2023) - “The Human Development Index and related indices: what they are and what we can learn from them” Published online at OurWorldInData.org. Retrieved from: 'https://ourworldindata.org/human-development-index' [Online Resource]

If I find necessary to include more datasets later during the analysis, I will also source then on *Our World in Data*, and acknowledge it properly on the final report.

Project Deliverables

- GitHub Repository with script and data
- Storyboard in Tableau Public
- CSV files of the summarized data (available in GitHub)
- Short overview of results (available in GitHub)

Data Profile

Limitations and Ethics

The data is open to use, according to the source Our World in Data:

<https://ourworldindata.org/faqs#can-i-use-or-reproduce-your-data>

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Our World in Data

Since the data does not contain personal data, I can rest sure that there will not be privacy concerns.

However, there might be cultural bias in the analysis. Since I also analyze the development index, I will pay attention to the choice of wording as not to refer to a country as “poor”, “underdeveloped” and other adjectives that could be interpreted as depreciating.

Data Wrangling

I believe it is interesting to point out that the original dataset were really heterogenous as to how many countries (or entities) were considered and also the time span each one covered.

<i>Dataset name</i>	<i>Number of countries</i>	<i>Begins in</i>	<i>Ends in</i>
<i>CO2 Emissions</i>	261	1750	2022
<i>Human Development Index</i>	178	2010	2022
<i>Forest area</i>	263	1000	2020
<i>Deforestation</i>	263	1000	2020
<i>Renewable energy</i>	100	1965	2023
<i>Renewable electricity</i>	250	1985	2023

The countries of interest were chosen trying to be spread worldwide, but in a continent being geographically close but having different inequality adjusted Human Development Index (here abbreviated as iaHDI, data from 2022):

<i>Continent</i>	<i>Country 1</i>	<i>iaHDI</i>	<i>Country 2</i>	<i>iaHDI</i>
<i>South America</i>	Brazil	0,577	Argentina	0,747
<i>North America</i>	United States of America	0,823	Mexico	0,641
<i>Europe</i>	Germany	0,881	Portugal	0,774
<i>Africa</i>	Egypt	0,561	Sudan	0,331
<i>Asia – east</i>	China	0,662	Japan	0,844
<i>Asia – west</i>	Oman	0,721	Iran	0,584
<i>Oceania</i>	Australia	0,860	Papua New Guinea	0,407

The original datasets contained much more data than necessary. In order to spare work and computing time. I have selected only the columns, countries and time range of interest.

<i>Dataset name</i>	<i>Data frame abbreviation</i>	<i>Original size</i>		<i>After wrangling</i>	
		<i>Rows</i>	<i>Columns</i>	<i>Rows</i>	<i>Columns</i>
<i>CO2 Emissions</i>	co2	47415	79	2453	79
<i>Human Development Index</i>	hdi	2106	4	144	4
<i>Forest area</i>	forest	7974	4	152	4
<i>Deforestation</i>	deforest	495	4	16	4
<i>Renewable energy</i>	energy	4879	4	121	4
<i>Renewable electricity</i>	elect	7152	4	154	4

Data Cleaning

The whole dataset consists of big data, regarding CO2 (and other) emissions.

I have already taken the countries and time of interest during the data wrangling.

The only two issues were

- Many values missing in the CO2 dataset. I kept them at first since they do not appear to interfere with the most interesting values
- One column in CO2 dataset, 'iso code', had mixed type values and I converted them all to strings

Data Understanding

To have a second impression, I took out the main information and basic statistics of the cleaned data, which is the one I will be working with from now on.

Dataset CO2 Emissions

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
Index: 2453 entries, 160 to 47412
```

```
Data columns (total 79 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Country	2453 non-null	object
1	Year	2453 non-null	int64
2	iso_code	2453 non-null	object
3	population	2376 non-null	float64
4	gdp	1804 non-null	float64
5	cement_co2	2298 non-null	float64
6	cement_co2_per_capita	2298 non-null	float64
7	co2	2354 non-null	float64
8	co2_growth_abs	2354 non-null	float64
9	co2_growth_prct	2354 non-null	float64
10	co2_including_luc	2134 non-null	float64
11	co2_including_luc_growth_abs	2134 non-null	float64
12	co2_including_luc_growth_prct	2134 non-null	float64
13	co2_including_luc_per_capita	2134 non-null	float64
14	co2_including_luc_per_gdp	1782 non-null	float64
15	co2_including_luc_per_unit_energy	2077 non-null	float64
16	co2_per_capita	2354 non-null	float64
17	co2_per_gdp	1804 non-null	float64
18	co2_per_unit_energy	2242 non-null	float64
19	coal_co2	2354 non-null	float64
20	coal_co2_per_capita	2354 non-null	float64
21	consumption_co2	1317 non-null	float64
22	consumption_co2_per_capita	1317 non-null	float64
23	consumption_co2_per_gdp	1306 non-null	float64
24	cumulative_cement_co2	2298 non-null	float64
25	cumulative_co2	2354 non-null	float64
26	cumulative_co2_including_luc	2134 non-null	float64
27	cumulative_coal_co2	2354 non-null	float64
28	cumulative_flaring_co2	2354 non-null	float64
29	cumulative_gas_co2	2354 non-null	float64
30	cumulative_luc_co2	2167 non-null	float64
31	cumulative_oil_co2	2354 non-null	float64

```

32 cumulative_other_co2          506 non-null    float64
33 energy_per_capita             2253 non-null    float64
34 energy_per_gdp                1804 non-null    float64
35 flaring_co2                   2354 non-null    float64
36 flaring_co2_per_capita        2354 non-null    float64
37 gas_co2                       2354 non-null    float64
38 gas_co2_per_capita            2354 non-null    float64
39 ghg_excluding_lucf_per_capita 2123 non-null    float64
40 ghg_per_capita                 2123 non-null    float64
41 land_use_change_co2           2167 non-null    float64
42 land_use_change_co2_per_capita 2134 non-null    float64
43 methane                       2123 non-null    float64
44 methane_per_capita            2123 non-null    float64
45 nitrous_oxide                 2123 non-null    float64
46 nitrous_oxide_per_capita      2123 non-null    float64
47 oil_co2                       2354 non-null    float64
48 oil_co2_per_capita            2354 non-null    float64
49 other_co2_per_capita          506 non-null    float64
50 other_industry_co2            506 non-null    float64
51 primary_energy_consumption     2253 non-null    float64
52 share_global_cement_co2        2298 non-null    float64
53 share_global_co2              2354 non-null    float64
54 share_global_co2_including_luc 2134 non-null    float64
55 share_global_coal_co2          2354 non-null    float64
56 share_global_cumulative_cement_co2 2298 non-null    float64
57 share_global_cumulative_co2    2354 non-null    float64
58 share_global_cumulative_co2_including_luc 2134 non-null    float64
59 share_global_cumulative_coal_co2 2354 non-null    float64
60 share_global_cumulative_flaring_co2 2354 non-null    float64
61 share_global_cumulative_gas_co2 2354 non-null    float64
62 share_global_cumulative_luc_co2 2167 non-null    float64
63 share_global_cumulative_oil_co2 2354 non-null    float64
64 share_global_cumulative_other_co2 506 non-null    float64
65 share_global_flaring_co2       2354 non-null    float64
66 share_global_gas_co2          2354 non-null    float64
67 share_global_luc_co2          2167 non-null    float64
68 share_global_oil_co2          2354 non-null    float64
69 share_global_other_co2        506 non-null    float64
70 share_of_temperature_change_from_ghg 2420 non-null    float64
71 temperature_change_from_ch4    2211 non-null    float64
72 temperature_change_from_co2    2420 non-null    float64
73 temperature_change_from_ghg    2420 non-null    float64
74 temperature_change_from_n2o    2211 non-null    float64
75 total_ghg                     2123 non-null    float64
76 total_ghg_excluding_lucf       2123 non-null    float64
77 trade_co2                     1317 non-null    float64
78 trade_co2_share               1317 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(76), int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 1.5+ MB

```

	Year	population	gdp	cement_co2	cement_co2_per_capita	co2	co2_growth_abs	co2_growth_prct	co2_including_luc
count	2453.000000	2.376000e+03	1.804000e+03	2298.000000	2298.000000	2354.000000	2354.000000	2354.000000	2134.000000
mean	2015.000000	3.432790e+07	6.515238e+11	7.039644	0.111822	160.016285	1.559339	2.367602	205.383900
std	3.162922	1.350162e+08	2.129986e+12	52.925443	0.151380	799.088814	33.816524	12.588857	877.114014
min	2010.000000	1.833000e+03	5.444287e+08	0.000000	0.000000	0.004000	-547.517000	-52.657000	-7.961000
25%	2012.000000	7.610282e+05	2.756526e+10	0.000000	0.000000	1.260250	-0.290250	-3.126500	5.372250
50%	2015.000000	6.275342e+06	9.052598e+10	0.469000	0.064000	8.658000	0.011000	1.089500	26.757500
75%	2018.000000	2.337877e+07	4.184048e+11	2.096750	0.160750	55.678500	0.692750	6.814000	88.073500
max	2020.000000	1.424930e+09	2.415184e+13	858.233000	1.004000	10914.012000	911.782000	141.744000	11743.429000

8 rows × 10 columns

Dataset HDI

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 144 entries, 65 to 1995
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#   Column                                                                 Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Country                                                                144 non-null   object
1   Code                                                                    144 non-null   object
2   Year                                                                    144 non-null   int64
3   Inequality-adjusted Human Development Index  144 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 5.6+ KB
```

	YEAR	INEQUALITY-ADJUSTED HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDEX
COUNT	144.000000	144.000000
MEAN	2015.222222	0.662500
STD	3.132158	0.159494
MIN	2010.000000	0.298000
25%	2013.000000	0.574500
50%	2015.000000	0.662500
75%	2018.000000	0.812500
MAX	2020.000000	0.879000

Dataset Forest

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 152 entries, 330 to 7475
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Country                152 non-null   object
1   Code                   152 non-null   object
2   Year                   152 non-null   int64
3   Forest cover           152 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 5.9+ KB
```

	YEAR	FOREST COVER
COUNT	152.000000	152.000000
MEAN	2015.059211	29.690373
STD	3.150178	24.413098
MIN	2010.000000	0.008078
25%	2012.000000	10.365027
50%	2015.000000	32.658786
75%	2018.000000	36.154995
MAX	2020.000000	79.889779

Dataset Deforest

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 16 entries, 10 to 466
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Country                16 non-null    object
1   Code                   16 non-null    object
2   Year                   16 non-null    int64
3   Deforestation          16 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 640.0+ bytes
```

	YEAR	DEFORESTATION
COUNT	16.000000	1.600000e+01
MEAN	2012.187500	3.487606e+05
STD	2.561738	5.739312e+05
MIN	2010.000000	0.000000e+00
25%	2010.000000	3.287250e+04
50%	2010.000000	1.503100e+05
75%	2015.000000	2.804925e+05
MAX	2015.000000	1.867800e+06

Dataset Energy

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 121 entries, 222 to 4557
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Country                               121 non-null    object
1   Code                                  121 non-null    object
2   Year                                  121 non-null    int64
3   Renewables (% equivalent primary energy) 121 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 4.7+ KB
```

	YEAR	RENEWABLES (% EQUIVALENT PRIMARY ENERGY)
COUNT	121.000000	121.000000
MEAN	2015.000000	12.826171
STD	3.175426	11.715880
MIN	2010.000000	0.926311
25%	2012.000000	5.840176
50%	2015.000000	8.875714
75%	2018.000000	13.335284
MAX	2020.000000	48.693333

Dataset Electricity

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 154 entries, 294 to 6771
Data columns (total 4 columns):
 #   Column                                  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Country                                154 non-null    object
 1   Code                                    154 non-null    object
 2   Year                                    154 non-null    int64
 3   Renewables - % electricity            154 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 6.0+ KB
```

	YEAR	RENEWABLES - % ELECTRICITY
COUNT	154.000000	154.000000
MEAN	2015.000000	27.497394
STD	3.172595	23.383107
MIN	2010.000000	0.000000
25%	2012.000000	11.977006
50%	2015.000000	20.085413
75%	2018.000000	35.234106
MAX	2020.000000	87.193470