



Started on Thursday, 7 August 2025, 12:57 PM	
State	Finished
Completed on Thursday, 7 August 2025, 1:05 PM	
Time taken	7 mins 59 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %)

```
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

void function (int n)
{
    int i= 1;

    while(s <= n)
    {
        i++;
        s += i;
    }
}

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:
    A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

For example:

Input	Result
9	12

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int c=0;
 3 🔻
    void function(int n){
        int i=1;
 4
        C++;
 6
        int s=1;
        C++;
        while(s<=n){
 8 •
 9
           C++;
10
            i++;
11
            C++;
12
            s+=i;
13
            c++;
        }
14
15
16 v int main(){
17
        int n;
        scanf("%d",&n);
18
19
        c=0;
20
        function(n);
21
        printf("%d\n",c+1);
        return 0;
22
23
```

		Input	Expected	Got	
[~	9	12	12	~
[~	4	9	9	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Back to Course





Started on	Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:18 AM	
State Finished Completed on Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:33 AM		
		Time taken
Marks	1.00/1.00	
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %)	

```
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.
void func(int n)
   if(n==1)
   {
     printf("*");
   }
   else
   {
    for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
      for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
         printf("*");
         printf("*");
         break;
      }
    }
  }
}
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int c=0;
 3
    void func(int n)
 4 •
         if(n==1)
 5
 7 •
 8
          printf("*");
 9
10
          C++;
11
12
         else
13 🔻
14
         for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
15
16
17 •
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)</pre>
18
19
20 🔻
21
               C++;
22
              C++;
23
              C++;
24
              C++;
25
              break;
26
27
28
            C++;
30
         C++;
31
32
       C++;
33
34 •
    int main(){
35
```

```
36 scanf("%d",&n);
37
38 func(n);
39 printf("%d\n",c-1);
40 return 0;
41 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	2	12	12	~
~	1000	5002	5002	~
~	143	717	717	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Back to Course

1.





Started on	Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:34 AM	
State Finished Completed on Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:43 AM		
		Time taken
Marks	1.00/1.00	
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %)	

```
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

Factor(num) {

{

for (i = 1; i <= num;++i)

{

if (num % i== 0)

{

printf("%d ", i);

}

}

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable
```

Answer:

```
#include<stdio.h>
 1
3
 4
    int c=0;
 5
    void Factor(int num)
 7
         C++;
 8 •
         for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow num; ++i){
9
            C++;
10
             c++;
        if (num % i== 0){
11 🔻
             // printf("%d ", i);
12
13
14
15
16
17
18 v int main(){
        int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
19
20
21
        c=0;
22
        Factor(n);
23
        printf("%d\n",c);
24
         return 0;
25 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	12	31	31	~
~	25	54	54	~
~	4	12	12	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Back to Course





Started on	Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:46 AM	
State Finished		
Completed on	Completed on Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 11:07 AM	
Time taken	21 mins 13 secs	
Marks	1.00/1.00	
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %)	

Answer:

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int c=0;
 3
    void function(int n)
 4
 5
        for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++){
 6 •
 7
           C++;
 8
            C++;
            for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j){
 9
10
               C++;
11
               for(int k=1; k< n; k = k * 2){
12 •
13
                    C++;
14
                    C++;
15
16
                }
17
            }
18
        }
19
20 🔻
    int main(){
21
        int n;
        scanf("%d",&n);
22
23
        c=0;
24
        function(n);
        printf("%d\n",c+1);
25
26
        return 0;
27 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4	30	30	~
~	10	212	212	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Back to Course





Started on	Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 11:16 AM	
State Finished		
Completed on	empleted on Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 11:19 AM	
Time taken	3 mins 15 secs	
Marks	1.00/1.00	
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %)	

```
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n/= 10;
    }

print(rev);
}

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:
    A positive Integer n

Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

Answer:

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int c=0;
 3
    void reverse(int n)
 4 •
 5
       int rev = ∅, remainder;
 6
       C++;
       while (n != 0)
 7
 8 •
       {
 9
           C++;
10
           remainder = n % 10;
11
           C++;
12
           rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
13
            C++;
14
           n/= 10;
15
            C++;
16
17
18
   //print(rev);
19
    c++;
20
21 v int main(){
22
       int n;
       scanf("%d",&n);
23
24
25
        reverse(n);
        printf("%d\n",c+1);
26
27
        return 0;
28 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	12	11	11	~
~	1234	19	19	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Back to Course