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Assignment-04

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/MVKKanth/Assignment4.git

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/MVKKanth/Assignment4.git

Question taken from

https://github.com/gadepall/ncert/blob/main/linalg/ linear forms/gvv ncert linear forms.pdf

1 Linear Forms Exercise 2.5(e)

Find points on the curve

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0\\ 0 & \frac{1}{25} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 1 \tag{1.0.1}$$

at which the tangents are a)parallel to x-axis b)parallel to y-axis

2 Solution

Given curve,

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0\\ 0 & \frac{1}{25} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 1 \tag{2.0.1}$$

where,

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0\\ 0 & \frac{1}{25} \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{V}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0\\ 0 & 25 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{u} = 0, f = -1 \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$: |\mathbf{V}| > 0 \tag{2.0.3}$$

given curve (2.0.1) is ellipse. For an ellipse, the point of contact for the tangent is

$$\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{V}^{-1}(\kappa \mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u}) \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$= \mathbf{V}^{-1} \kappa \mathbf{n} \qquad (\because \mathbf{u} = 0). \tag{2.0.5}$$

where,

$$\kappa = \pm \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{u}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{V}^{-1}\mathbf{u} - f}{\mathbf{n}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{V}^{-1}\mathbf{n}}}$$
 (2.0.6)

$$= \pm \sqrt{\frac{-f}{\mathbf{n}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{V}^{-1}\mathbf{n}}} \qquad (:: \mathbf{u} = 0) \qquad (2.0.7)$$

1) For the tangents parallel to x-axis, then direction and normal vectors are,

$$\mathbf{m_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{n_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \kappa_1 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{-f}{\mathbf{n_1^T V^{-1} n_1}}}$$

$$(2.0.8)$$

$$= \pm \frac{1}{5}$$

$$(2.0.9)$$

 \therefore By Substituting κ_1 , $\mathbf{n_1}$, \mathbf{V}^{-1} in (2.0.5)

$$\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{V}^{-1} \kappa_1 \mathbf{n_1} \tag{2.0.10}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \pm 5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.11}$$

2) For the tangents parallel to the y-axis, the direction and normal vectors are

$$\mathbf{m_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{n_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \kappa_2 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{-f}{\mathbf{n_2^T V^{-1} n_2}}}$$
(2.0.12)

$$= \pm \frac{1}{2} \qquad (2.0.13)$$

(2.0.1) \therefore substituting κ_2 , $\mathbf{n_2}$, \mathbf{V}^{-1} in (2.0.5)

$$\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{V}^{-1} \kappa_2 \mathbf{n_2} \tag{2.0.14}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \pm 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.15}$$

The above results are verified in Fig. 2

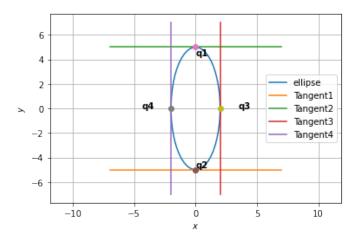


Fig. 2: Tangents to ELLIPSE.