

# Kings!

Card Swiping Decision Game Asset



**V 1.40**

Thank you for purchasing this asset!

If you encounter any errors / bugs, want to suggest new features/improvements or if anything is unclear (after you have read the documentation;) do not hesitate to contact us:

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## Getting started

- create a new Unity Project (2D) and import the Kings Game Asset
- open the „Game“-Scene in „Kings“-Project folder and press Play
- the game should now run
- this asset was built and tested with Unity 2018.2.20f1, if any error occurs we recommend to try it with this version of Unity
- read this documentation to get an overview of the features and how to use them

## How to play

- in the game example you are the king (or queen) and have to make decisions by swiping left or right, to try to keep the 4 “factions”: Army, People, Religion and Money in Balance.
- if one faction reaches 0 you have lost and the game is over
- if you swipe up the game menu will open, you can see your “secondary stats”, these stats are randomly generate for every new game and will affect some of your decisions.
- in the game menu you will also find the achievements, highscore and settings menu, to close the game menu you simply have to swipe down

## Modifying the Game


- we recommend you to edit the existing **Game** scene, this scene has been made to show all features of this asset and is kept as simple as possible for easy editing / re-skinning
- edit the Values in the **ValueDefinition** Script to your needs
- create your own cards, here we also recommend to duplicate one of the existing prefabs in cards folder, modify the look to your liking and use this one then as your base card for creating new ones

**You can find below a tutorial video on how to get started with Kings:**



## EventScript

This script is required by any card. It will let you setup the conditions and results of each card.

▼  **Event Script (Script)**


Script

EventScript

▼ Text Fields

Title Text


Army

 Tit

○

Question Text


The Army wants better Weapons

 QL

○

Answer Left


Sure

 An

○

Answer Right

Your Weapons are good enough

 An

○

Answer Up

None

○

Answer Down

None

○

Is Drawable

☒

Is High Priority Card

☐

Card Propability

1

Max Draws

100

Redraw Block Cnt

5

▼ Conditions

Size

0

Swipe Type

Left Right

↑

Additional Choices

☐

▼ Results

Result Left

Simple

↑

▼ Modifiers

▼ Value Changes

Size

2

Element 0

Money

↑

-20

Element 1

Army

↑

10

Follow Up Card

None (Game Object)

○

Result Right

Simple

↑

▼ Modifiers

▼ Value Changes

Size

1

Element 0

Army

↑

-20

Follow Up Card

None (Game Object)

○

▼ Change Value On Card Despawn

Size

1

Element 0

Years

↑

1

On Card Spawn ()

List is Empty

+

-

On Card Despawn ()

List is Empty

+

-

On Swipe Left ()

List is Empty

+

-

On Swipe Right ()

List is Empty

+

-

Page 4

The **Text Fields** allow you to enter the Title, Questions and Answer for the card.

**Is Drawable** determines if the card can be randomly drawn from the CardStack. This should be always enabled, except for FollowUpCards.

**Is High Priority Card** will make sure the card is always drawn when the condition of the card is met.

**Card Propability** let's you allow to increase/decrease the probability that this card is drawn (when the condition is met). This doesn't affect High Priority Cards.

**Max Draws** let's you set up the value of how often this card can be drawn per game.

**Redraw Block Cnt** gives you the option to block a card for x draws after it has been drawn

**Conditions** let's you specify when this card will be drawn. You can select as many conditions as you want. If you select no condition the card can be drawn any time (when the Sub Stack Condition of the Card Stack Group is met)

**Swipe Type** let's you choose between **Left/Right** swipe and **Four Direction** swipe. This now allows you to swipe the card in all directions. (Example for four direction swipe: FourWaySwipe\_SampleCard)

**Please note:** the four direction swipe cards require a different animator (SampleCard\_4Dir)

**Additional Choices** if you want to have buttons with additional choices on your cards you can enables this checkbox. (example: MultichoiceCard)

## Results

Results are separated in two parts, **Result Left** and **Result Right** depending of the swipe direction.

There are 4 different Results types: **Simple, Conditional, Random Conditions and Random**

**Simple:** increases / decreases the selected values

The screenshot shows a configuration window for 'Simple' results. It is divided into two main sections: 'Result Left' and 'Result Right'. Each section has a dropdown menu set to 'Simple'. Under 'Result Left', there is a 'Modifiers' section with a 'Value Changes' subsection. This subsection includes a 'Size' field set to '1', an 'Element 0' dropdown set to 'Religion' with a value of '10', and a 'Follow Up Card' dropdown set to 'None (Game Object)'. Under 'Result Right', there is also a 'Modifiers' section with a 'Value Changes' subsection. This subsection includes a 'Size' field set to '2', an 'Element 0' dropdown set to 'Army' with a value of '10', an 'Element 1' dropdown set to 'People' with a value of '-5', and a 'Follow Up Card' dropdown set to 'None (Game Object)'.

*In this example left result will increase Religion Value by 10 and right result will increase Army value by 10 and reduce People value by 5.*

**Conditional:** depending on the player stats, the result is divided in two more parts: true and false

**Result Left** Conditional

▼ Conditions

Size: 1

Element 0: Look (40 to 100)

▼ Modifiers True

▼ Value Changes

Size: 5

Element 0: Marriage (100)

Element 1: Army (20)

Element 2: People (20)

Element 3: Religion (20)

Element 4: Money (20)

Follow Up Card: FollowUp\_MarriedSuccess

▼ Modifiers False

▼ Value Changes

Size: 3

Element 0: Army (-10)

Element 1: People (-10)

Element 2: Religion (-10)

Follow Up Card: FollowUp\_MarriedFail1

*In this example the condition is Look Value 40-100, if this is met, the Modifiers True will apply, increasing the Marriage Value by 100 and Army, People, Religion and Money by 20, also a Follow Up Card “MarriedSuccess” is linked, this Card will be drawn directly after this one. If the condition is not met, e.g. Player has Look Value of 30, the Modifier False will be applied, decreasing the Army, People and Religion Values by 10, also the Follow Up Card “MarriedFail1” will be drawn.*

**Random Conditions:** This is similar to the Conditional type, except the condition values are not fixed, but randomly generated for each card draw.

**Result Right** Random Conditions

▼ Conditions

Size: 1

Element 0: Luck (1 to 100)

▼ Modifiers True

▼ Value Changes

Size: 5

Element 0: Army (20)

Element 1: People (20)

Element 2: Religion (20)

Element 3: Money (20)

Element 4: Years (1)

Follow Up Card: None (Game Object)

▼ Modifiers False

▼ Value Changes

Size: 5

Element 0: Army (-20)

Element 1: People (-20)

Element 2: Religion (-20)

Element 3: Money (-20)

Element 4: Years (1)

Follow Up Card: None (Game Object)

*In this example the random condition is Luck Value, a random Value between 1-100 will be generated, e.g. 57, if the Luck Value of the Player is above this value the Modifiers True will apply, if it is below this value the Modifiers False will apply.*

**Random:** one random element will be picked from a list of Value Changes

Result Left

Random

▼ Random Modifiers

Size 4

▼ Element 0

▼ Value Changes

Size 1

Element 0 Army 20

Follow Up Card None (Game Object)

▼ Element 1

▼ Value Changes

Size 1

Element 0 People 20

Follow Up Card None (Game Object)

▼ Element 2

▼ Value Changes

Size 1

Element 0 Religion 20

Follow Up Card None (Game Object)

▼ Element 3

▼ Value Changes

Size 1

Element 0 Money 20

Follow Up Card None (Game Object)

*In this example one of the 4 Value Changes Elements will be drawn, this means one of the four Values Army, People, Religion or Money will be increased by Value 20.*

**Change Value on Card Despawn** this is used if you want to change a value, regardless of which direction the player swiped, for example to increase the value Year by 1.

**On Card Spawn** Event, can be used to trigger a Unity Event each time the card is spawned. You can use this for example if you want to trigger an achievement when this card is drawn.

**On Card Despawn** Event, can be used to trigger a Unity Event each time the card despawns. This is the recommend way to add Game logs, Achievement points etc...

Since **On Card Spawn** can be done multiple times, if the player quits the game and the active card has a **On Card Spawn** Event, which already triggered since the card is spawned, it will trigger again when the player resumes the game, because the card stack will automatically draw the last active card.

You the option for conditions to choose between **Standard** and **Compare Values**. **Compare Values** allows you, as the name suggest, to compare two types of values with each other, instead like **Normal** with a fixed (range of) values. In this below example (card: War\_firstAttack) your army value is compared with the enemy army value.

Result Right

Conditional

▼ Conditions

Size 1

Element 0

Compare Values

Army Greater Enemy

## Card Stack (in Scripts)

This script manages which card will be drawn. All cards need to be linked into this script.

**Card Stack (Script)**

Verbose ☐

Script

▼ All Cards

Size

▼ General

Group Name

Sub Stack Condition

▼ Group Cards

Size

Element 0  ☐

Element 1  ☐

Element 2  ☐

Element 3  ☐

Element 4  ☐

Element 5  ☐

Element 6  ☐

Element 7  ☐

Element 8  ☐

Element 9  ☐

Element 10  ☐

Element 11  ☐

Element 12  ☐

Element 13  ☐

Element 14  ☐

Element 15  ☐

Element 16  ☐

Element 17  ☐

Element 18  ☐

Element 19  ☐

Element 20  ☐

▼ Marriage

Group Name

Sub Stack Condition

▼ Group Cards

Size

Element 0  ☐

Element 1  ☐

Element 2  ☐

Element 3  ☐

Fall Back Card  ☐

Swipe  ☐

Move Back Speed

Move Out Speed

Card Parent  ☐

Move Out Max

On Card Swipe ()

☐



If you check the **Verbose** toggle you can display additional information in Play Mode which can be useful for debugging.

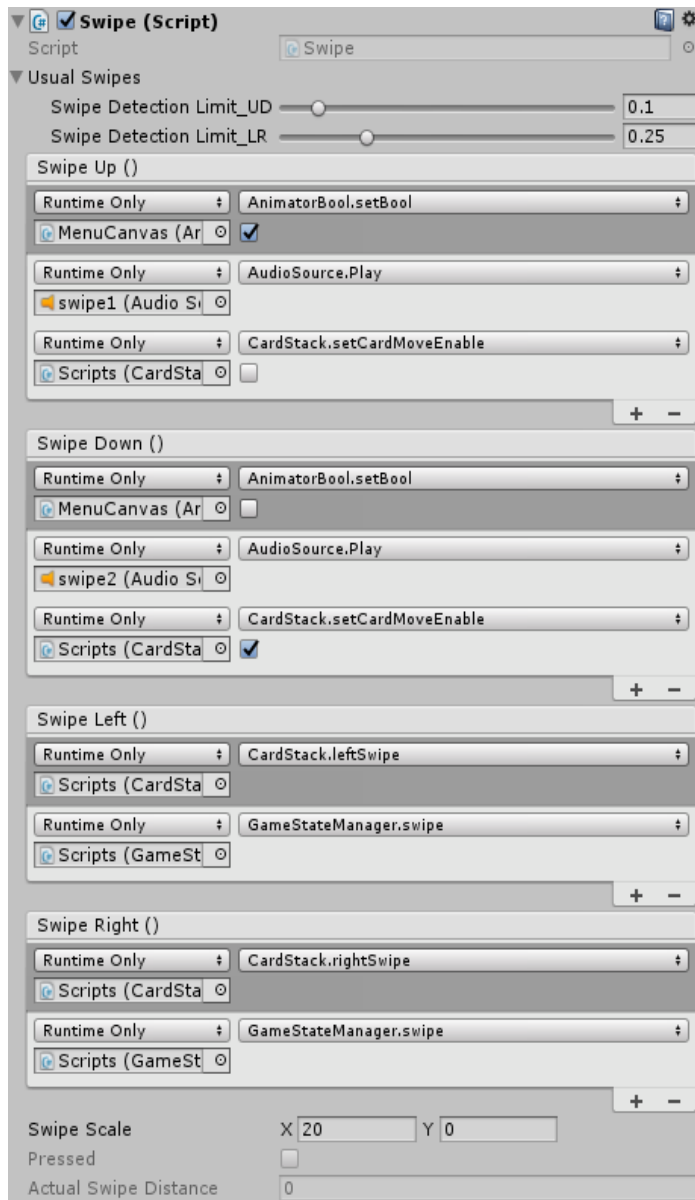
**All Cards Size** enter the number of how many different groups you want. In the above example we have two groups: “General” and “Marriage”.

In **Sub Stack Condition** you can choose a condition which is applied for this group and all cards in it, in this example the “Marriage” group has condition “Married Value 1-1” this means that the cards in this group can only be drawn if the player is married (The Value is 0 if the player is not married). For the “General” group you should select a value that is always there with a range that will always be met, e.g. 0-100. Update 1.20: You can now have more than one Sub Stack Condition.

**Fall Back Card** is used only when there is no more available card to draw (no card meets the current conditions). This should not happen and is mainly here only for preventing errors.

**On Card Swipe** lets you trigger an Event every time a card is swiped out of the screen.

## Swipe Script (in Scripts)



Swipe Up sets the AnimatorBool of the MenuCanvas to true, to show the game menu. Plays a audio file (swipe1). And disables CardMove in CardStack script, to prevent swiping card while in the game menu.

Swipe Down sets the AnimatorBool of the MenuCanvas to false, to hide the game menu. Plays a audio file (swipe2). And enables CardMove in CardStack script, to enable swiping cards again.

Swipe Left tells the CardStack to do a left swipe and the GameStateManager that there has been a swipe.

Swipe Right tells the CardStack to do a right swipe and the GameStateManager that there has been a swipe.

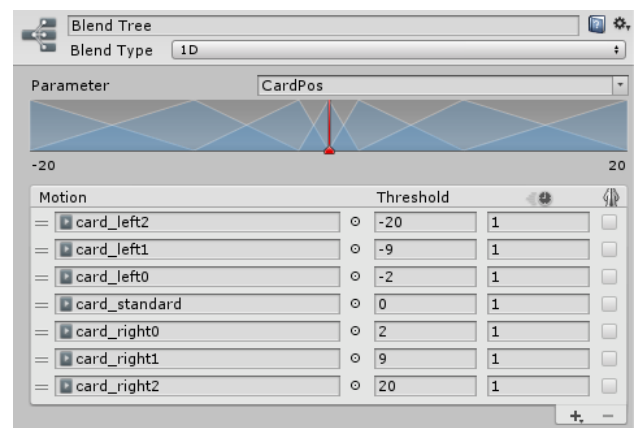
This script handles all swipe gestures.

**Swiped Detection Limit\_UD** lets you set the value of how long (distance) a swipe has to be, to be recognized as a swipe for up or down swipes. **Swipe Detection Limit\_LR** is the same just for left and right swipes.

**Swipe Scale** lets you scale the factor of your swipes for the Animator BlendTree to swipe the cards to the left or right.

### Card Animator

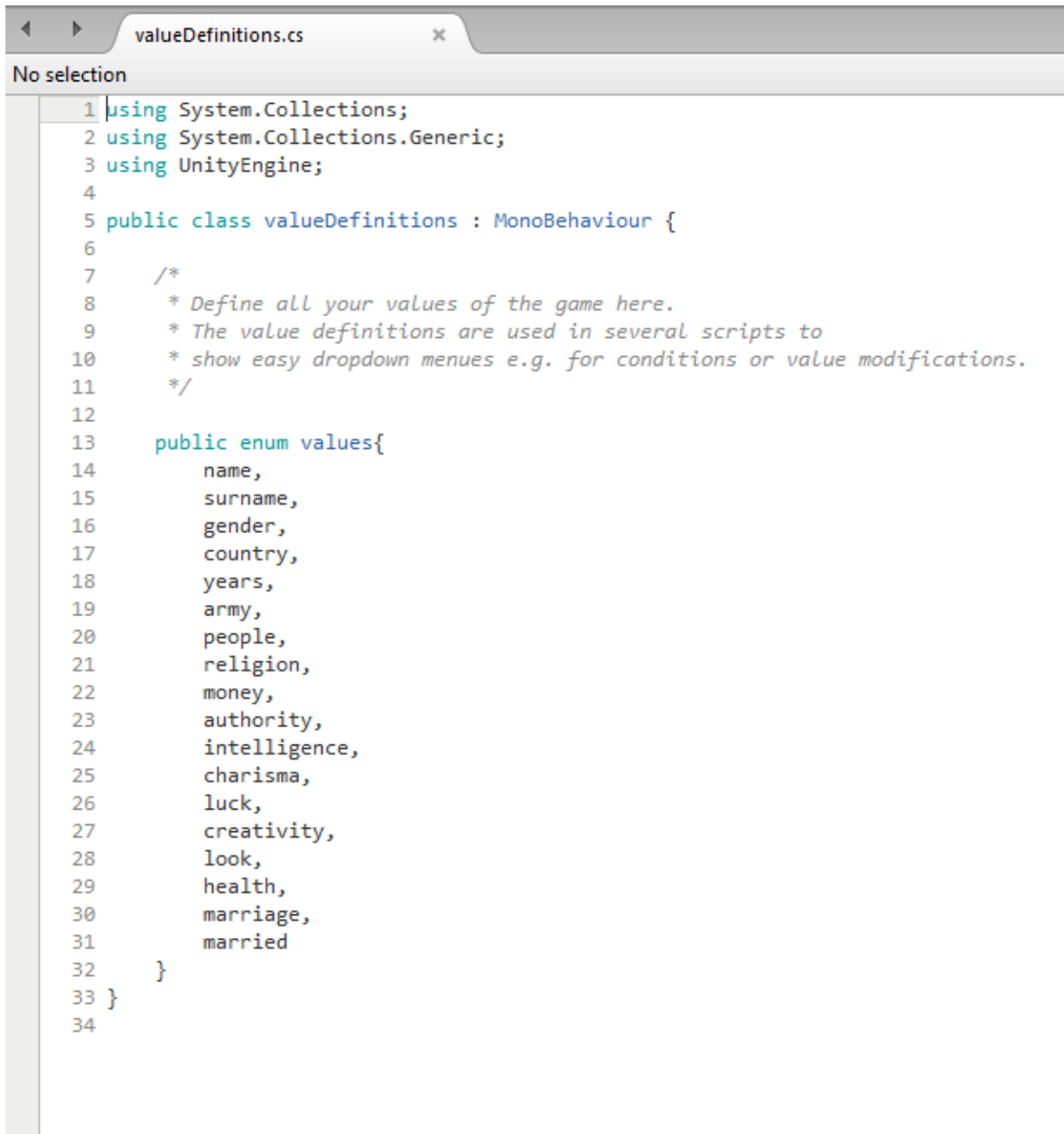
Every card has the same Animator with this blend tree, depending on the swipe distance and swipe scale the appropriate animation will be displayed.



## Value Definitions (in Project folder scripts)

This Script is not in the Hierarchy window of the game project.

You have to open it from the Project folder **Kings\scripts\valueDefinitions.cs**



```
1 using System.Collections;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using UnityEngine;
4
5 public class valueDefinitions : MonoBehaviour {
6
7     /*
8      * Define all your values of the game here.
9      * The value definitions are used in several scripts to
10     * show easy dropdown menus e.g. for conditions or value modifications.
11     */
12
13     public enum values{
14         name,
15         surname,
16         gender,
17         country,
18         years,
19         army,
20         people,
21         religion,
22         money,
23         authority,
24         intelligence,
25         charisma,
26         luck,
27         creativity,
28         look,
29         health,
30         marriage,
31         married
32     }
33 }
34
```

**Every Value** needs to be listed in this script, you need to open this script and add/edit the values here. These values will be used in many other scripts like EventScript, where you can simply select them from a drop-down menu.

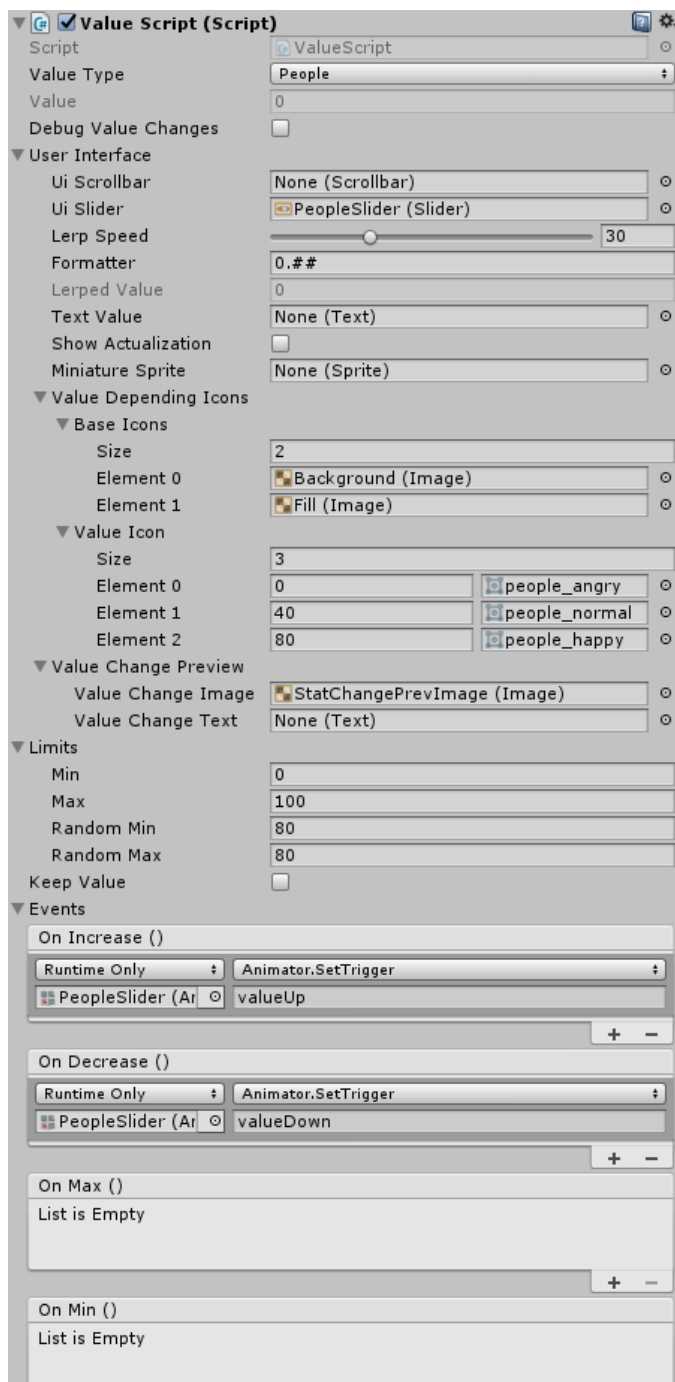
**PLEASE NOTE:** If you remove a value from this list (remove line) it will reorder all elements and mess up all existing cards, since these values are addressed by there line number.

When you start your game project the first thing for you to do should be creating your list with all values needed. Adding additional values at the bottom or editing/renaming existing values can be done without a problem.

## Value Script (in Values)

For every value you will also need a Value Script. In the example Game scene they are attached each on an empty GameObject under **Values** in the Hierarchy window.

In **Value Type**, you simply choose from the drop down menu for which value this Value Script is.



If you want to display this value with a slider you can link it in **UI Slider**, if you want to display it as a text value, you can link it in **Text Value**, of course you can also do both or none if you don't want the value to be shown.

If you enable the **Show Actualization Toggle** a popup window (UpdatedStatsPanel) will appear every time this value changes. This is used if you want to show the player that a value of a

secondary stat (StatsPanel, when you swipe up) has changed. You should also then link in a **Miniature Sprite** which will be displayed then.

**Value Change Preview** lets you add an image and or text to display if and how the value will change depending on the user decision.

**Limits** let you set the **Min** and **Max** range for the value, in this example from 0-100, this means this value can not get lower than 0 or higher than 100.

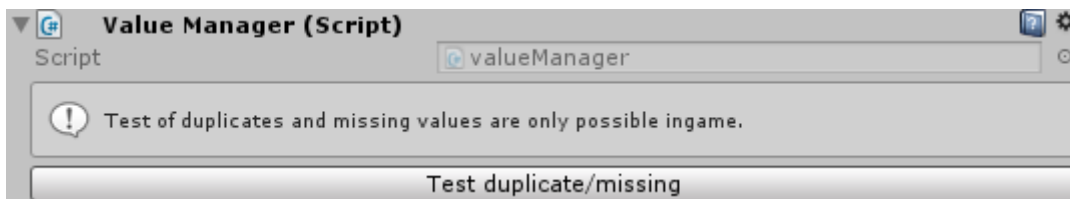
The **Random Min Max** values are the values which are generated on every new game start, in this example the range is from 80-80, this means the value can only be 80. If you choose for example 10-50, it will generate a random value between 10 and 50.

The Events for **On Increase, On Decrease, On Min, On Max**, can be used for example if you want to animate the stats display.

**Keep Value** allows persistent values which are not reset on a new game, this can be useful if you want to keep the years value always growing.

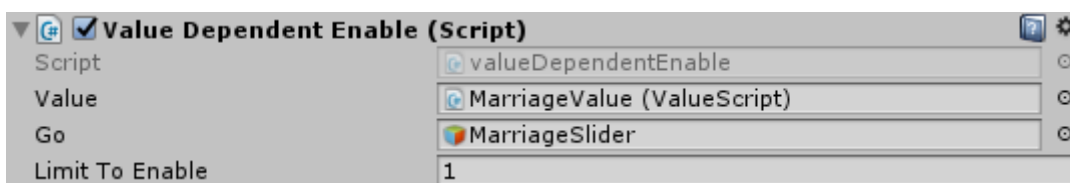
**Value Depending Icons** gives you the option to change the icon depending on it's value. In the example scene this has been done for the “People” value.

## Value Manager (in Values)



When in Play Mode you can run a **Test for duplicate/missing values**. For example if you set up a value in the Value Definitions Script but did not create a GameObject with the Value Script for it, or if you created two GameObjects for the same value.

## Value Dependent Enable Script (in Values)



With this script you can display a specific GameObject (Slider, Text Value, etc.) only when the Value Limit is reached. In this example the Marriage Slider will only be displayed when the Marriage Value is above 1.

## Achievements (in Scripts)

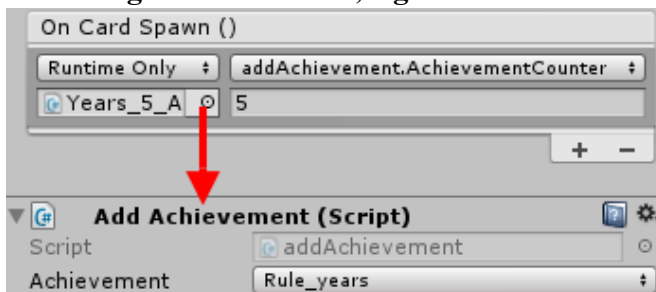
This is a simple Achievement Manager to popup Achievements on special Events. For every Achievement you have you need to set up manually the list in the Achievement Script, similar like the Value Definitions.

```
public enum achievementTyp{  
    marry,  
    rule_years  
}
```

To display the unlocked Achievements in the Achievements Screen you have to create a GameObject (with title, description, image etc.) and link it in **Achievement GameObject**. Two example Achievements are created you can find them in :  
MenuCanvas → Panels → AchievementsPanel → Scroll View → Content

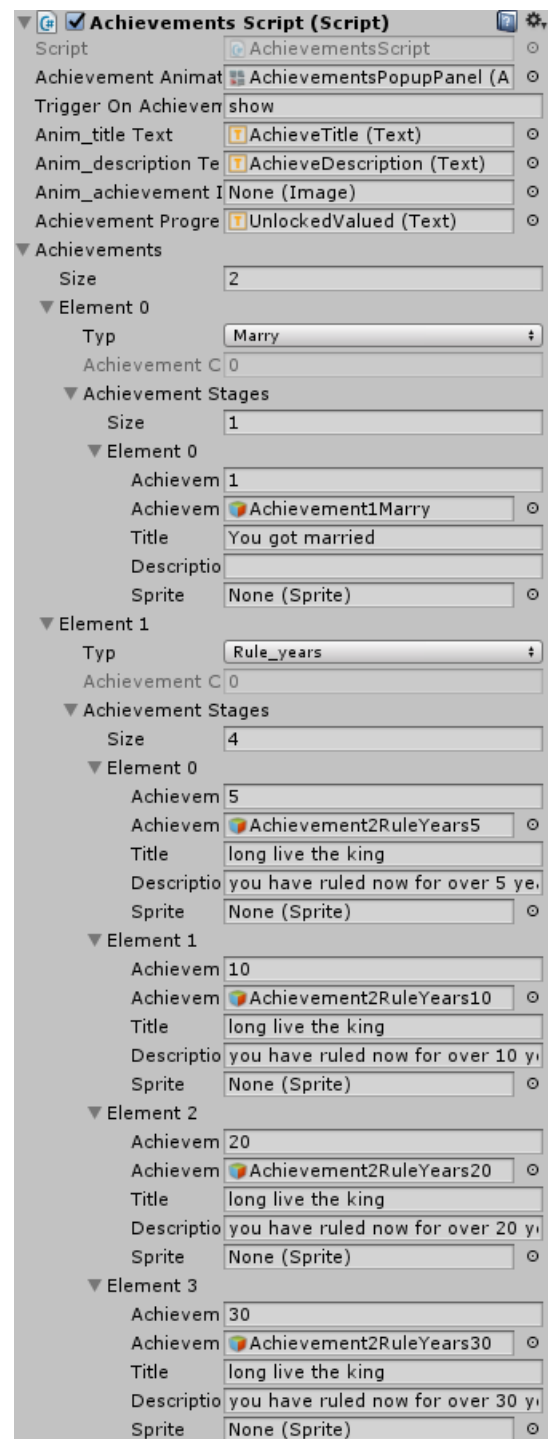
To trigger an Achievement simply add the **Add Achievement Script** to the card which should trigger it, select the appropriate Achievement from the drop-down menu and link it in the On Card Spawn Event of the EventScript and call the function: **addAchievement.add\_Achievement**.

“Growing” Achievements, e.g. rule for 5/10/20/30 years.

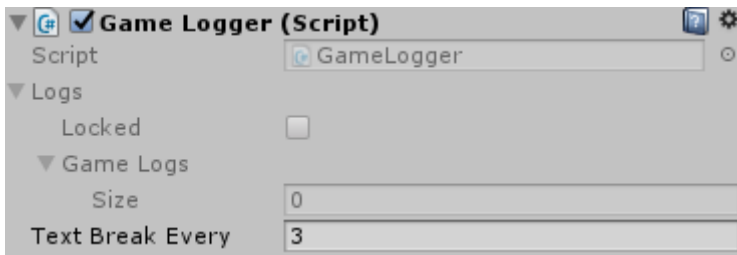


To use this option you simple have to call the function **addAchievement.AchievementCounter** instead of **addAchievement.add\_Achievement** and enter the appropriate value you have set up for the achievement in the achievement script (right screenshot)

In the achievement script you also have to set up the number of „stages“ the achievement has, in this example it is **4** (5/10/20/30 years). For none growing achievements (like the marriage achievement) you simply have to enter **1**.



## Game Logger (in GameLogger)



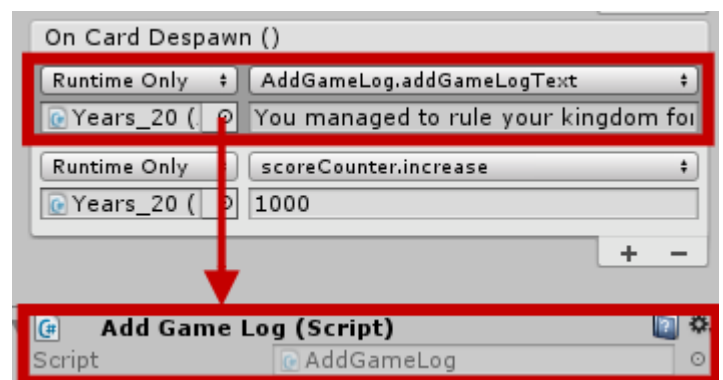
The Game Logger consists of two parts, one is the Game Logger itself, the other one is the Value Dependent Game Logs. It allows you to add a text log at the end of the game, which summarizes highlights and actions of the players actions/decisions.

You can choose after how many text blocks a new paragraph should be created with **Text Break Every** for a clearer look.

To add a Game Log, simply add the AddGameLog script to the appropriate card, link it in the On Card Despawn Event of the EventScript and call the function:

**AddGameLog.addGameLogText**

The text you enter in the below field will be added to the Game Log.



## Value Dependent Game Logs

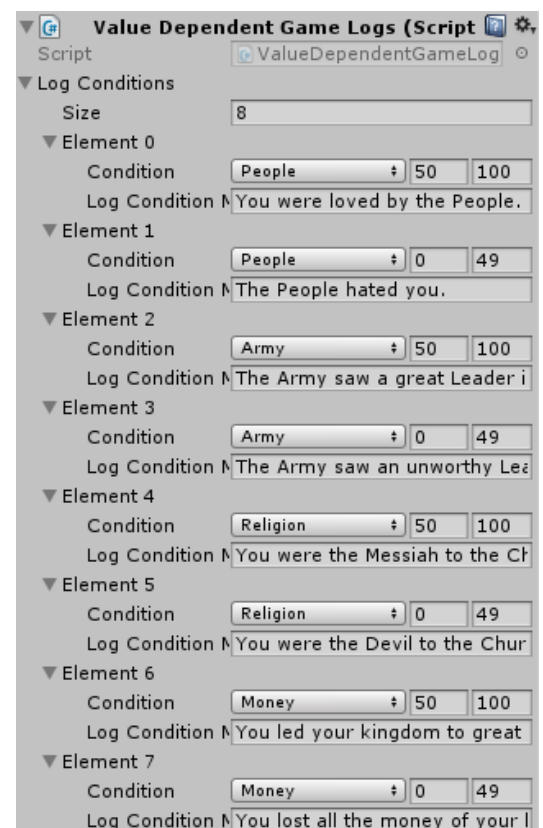
(in GameLogger)

The Value Dependent Game Logs are the other part of the Game Logs. They will be added after the normal Game Logs and are value dependent.

Which means you can select any value of your game and set a range, if the range is met at game over the appropriate text will be added.

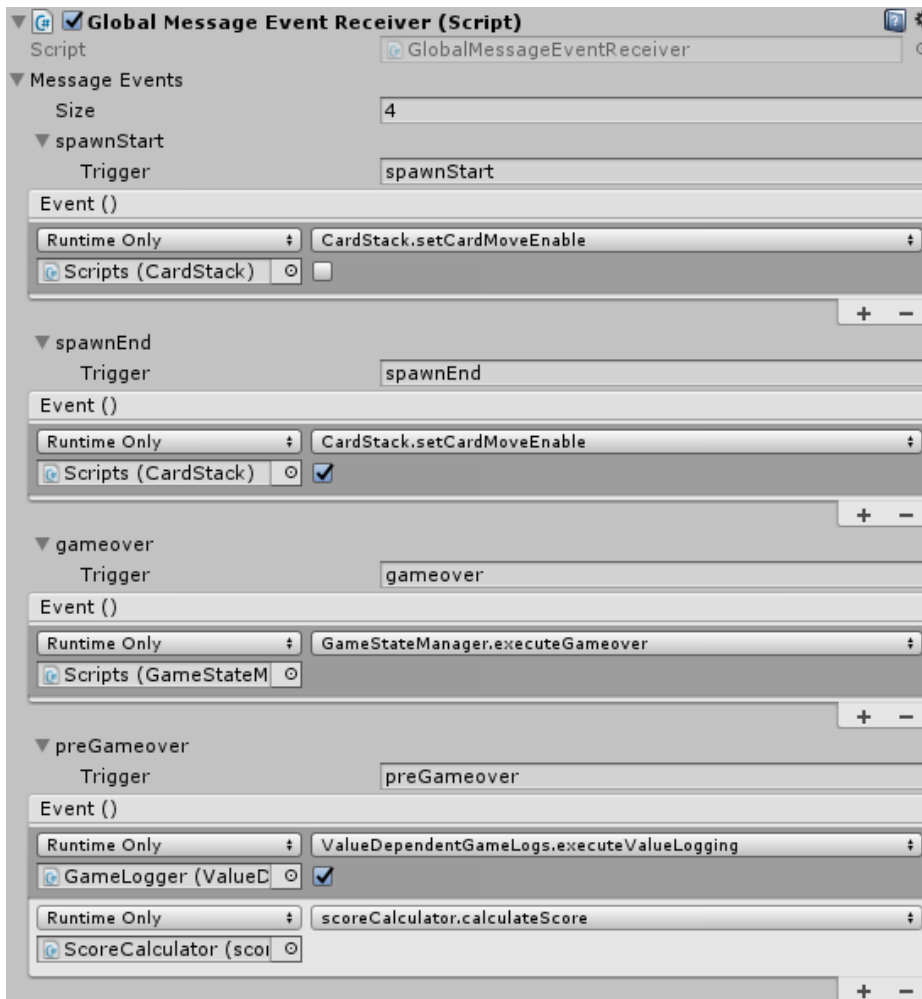
In the example on the right side, there is an element for People 50-100 and another one for People 0-49. This means if the value of People is on Game Over above 50 the Game Logger will display the text: “You were loved by the People”. If it is below 50 it will display the text “The People hated you”.

**To Display the Game Log there is a ShowGamelog Script on the GameOver\_\_Log Card.**

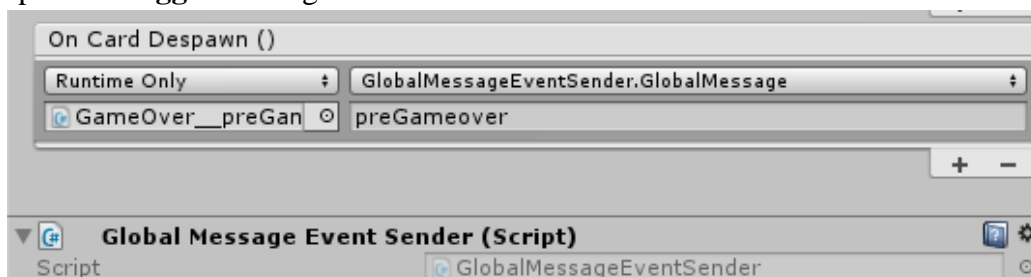


## Global Message Event System

The Global Message Event System consists of the 3 scripts: **GlobalMessageEventSender**, **GlobalMessageEventReceiver** and **GlobalMessageEventManager**. It is used to send Unity Events to spawned Prefabs without direct linking.



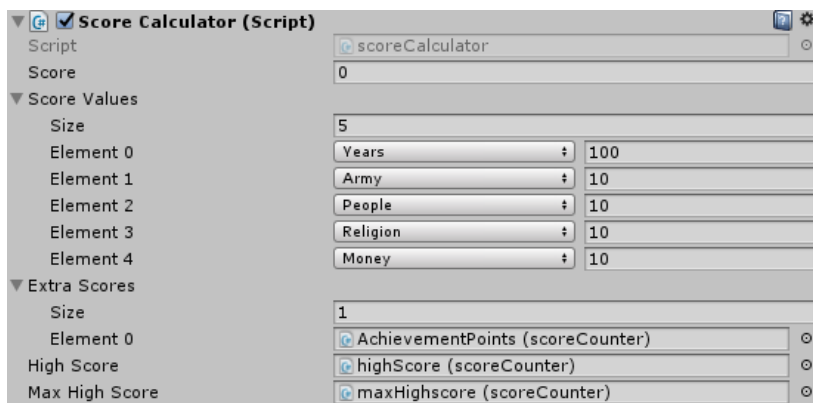
The **GlobalMessageEventReceiver** handles all send messages from every **GlobalMessageEventSender**. To send a GlobalMessage from a prefab (in our case a card) you simply need to add the **GlobalMessageEventSender** script to the card, link it in the **On Card Despawn Event** call the function: **GlobalMessageEventSender.GlobalMessage** and enter the specific **Trigger** message.



In this example the script is attached to the **GameOver\_\_preGameover** card, when this card despawns the message **preGameover** is sent. The **GlobalMessageEventReceiver** will now run all events for preGameover, which is in this case executeValueLogging for the GameLogger and calculateScore for the ScoreCalculator.

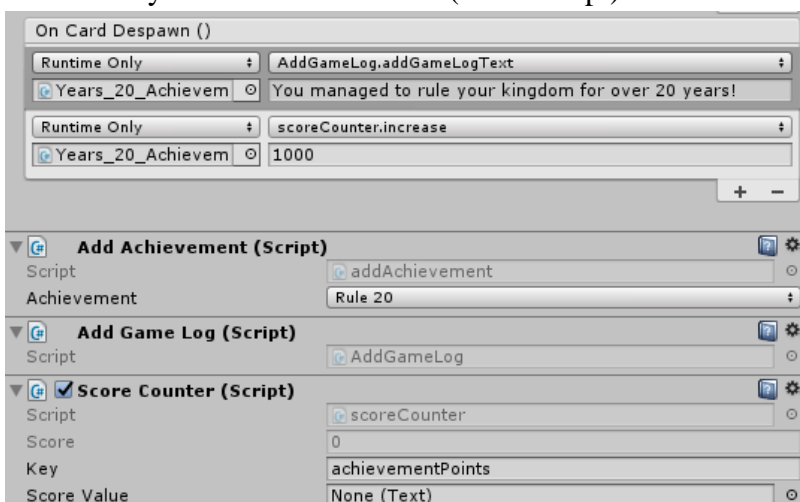


## Score Calculator



The Score Calculator calculates the player score at Game Over which is displayed on the GameOver\_\_Score card. In the game example 5 values are used to generate the Highscore: Years, Army, People, Religion and Money. The number behind each value type is the score multiplier, this means the Years value has a multiplier of 100, e.g. years value is 12 then the score would be 1200 for Years.

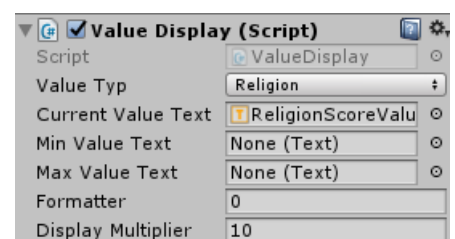
There is also the option to add **Extra Score** if you want to add points to the Highscore which are not value dependent. In this example they are Achievement Points. The achievement points need to be manually added from the cards (EventScript).



This example is from the **Years\_20\_Achievement** card. The Score Counter script has the key achievementPoints and is linked with the On Card Despawn event, which runs the function: **scoreCounter.increase 1000**, this adds 1000 points to the achievement points.

To display the achievement points or any other score, simply add a score counter script to the object you want it to display (in our example the GameOver\_\_Score card) and link in the text field in Score Value and enter the appropriate key.

To display one of the base values you need to add the script **Value Display**. You can select the value you want to display from the drop-down menu, link in the text field where you want it to display. You can choose between the current value, and min/max value. Current value is for example used on the GameOver\_\_Score card. The min and max values are displayed on the Highscore panel in the game menu, e.g. shortest reign / longest reign.



## Kings Level Up (in Score Calculator)

The Kings Level Up script allows based on the Score Calculator to gain experience, which allows the player to level up and unlock new cards or bonuses.

**Max Level:** value of maximal player level

**Xp Costs:** set the costs for each level, in this example

**Xp Bar:** you can link in a slider to display the experience

**Xp Bar Fill Speed:** adjust the fill rate of the xp bar

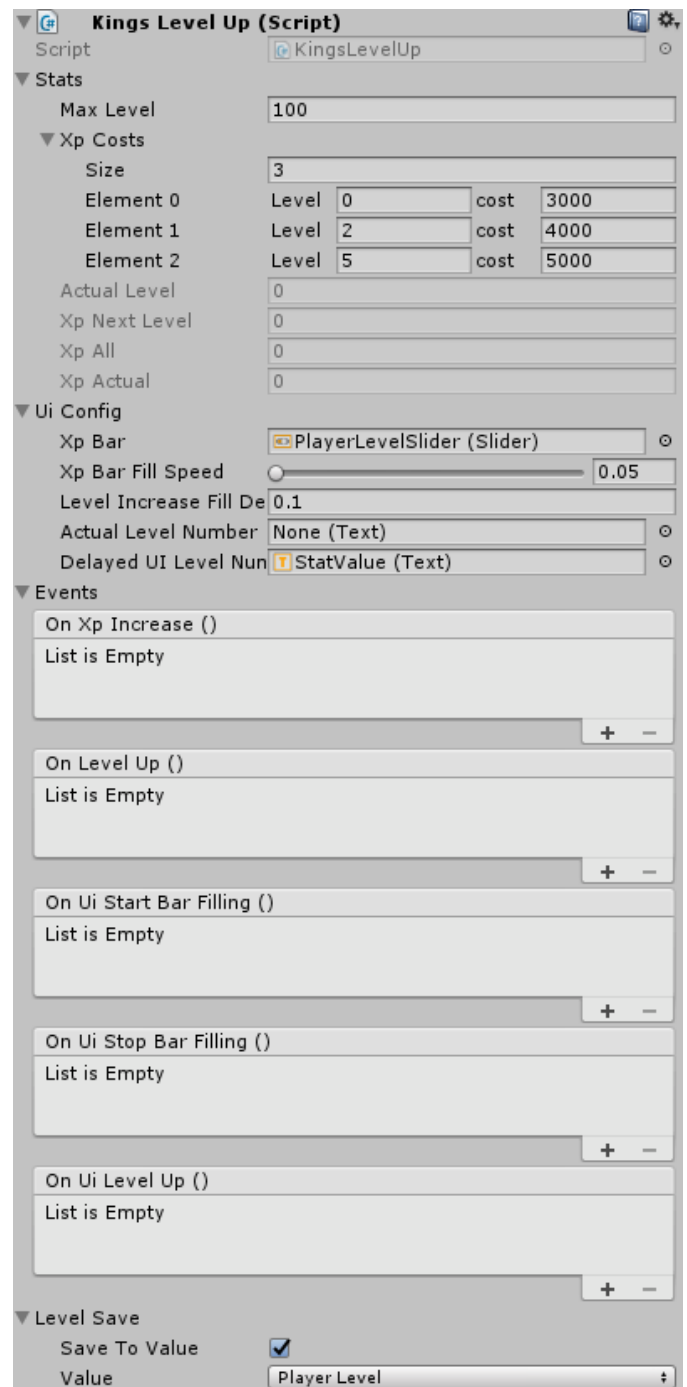
**Level Increase Fill Delay:** adjust the delay until the xp bar starts to fill again on level up

**Actual Level Number:** text field to display level value

**Delayed Ui Level Number:** text field to display level value, with delay matching the fill rate of the xp bar

**Events:** several triggers for Unity Events are available

**Level Save:** make sure the “Save To Value” box is checked and that the correct Value for the Player Level is selected



## Country Name Generator (in Values)

Country Name Generator (Script)

Script: CountryNameGenerator

Gender: Male

Countries

Size: 3

England

List Entry: England

Name Comb

Size: 6

George	Male
Harry	Male
Charles	Male
Elizabeth	Female
Kate	Female
Diana	Female

Surname

Size: 6

Element 0: the Ruler

Element 1: the Emperor

Element 2: the Mighty

Element 3: the Strong

Element 4: I

Element 5: IV

France

FantasiaLand

Country Text: CountryText (Text)

Name Text: PlayerNameText (Text)

Vs\_type\_country: Country

Vs\_type\_given Name: Name

Vs\_type\_surname: Surname

Vs\_type\_gender: Gender

The Country Name Generator script is used to generate a combination of Name, Surname, Gender and Country. This should be pretty self explanatory, but there is one thing to note:

Value Script (Script)

Script: ValueScript

Value Type: Name

Value: 0

Debug Value Changes: ☐

User Interface

Limits

Min: 0

Max: 5

Random Min: 0

Random Max: 5

Events

**You should always use the same number of Names and Surnames for each country.**

The reason for this is you have to enter in the value script of Name and Surname the Limits/Random min-max, in this example it is from 0-5, this means there are a total of 6 names per country (since it starts counting from 0). If you would now have a country with 8 names, the last two names would never be drawn. If you would set the range number for example from 0-10 and you only have 6 names it would draw the last name more often than the others because for every rolled value above 6 it would draw the last name in the list. But you can of course use 10 values for Name and only 5 for surname, because these values are separated from each other.

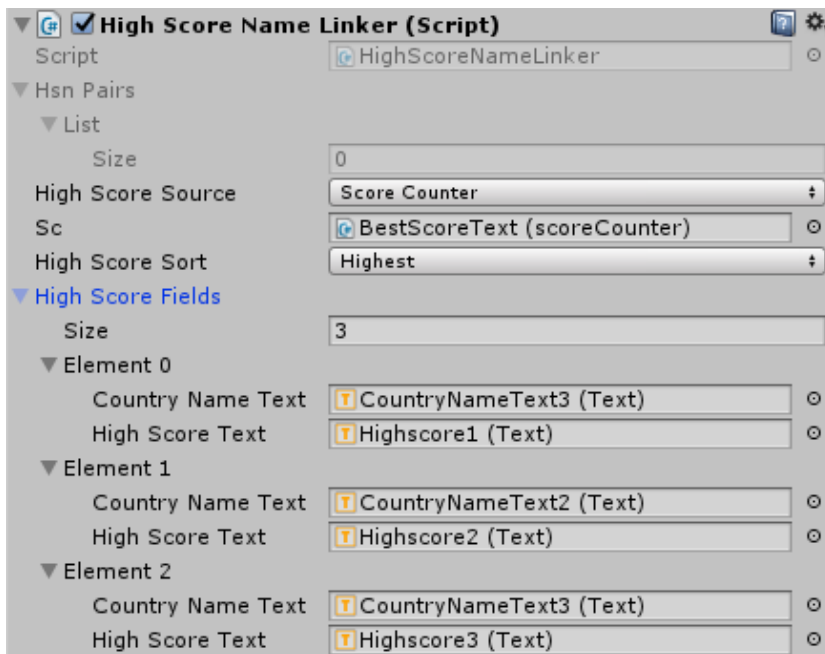
## High scores (in MenuCanvas → Panels → HighscorePanel)

The High Score Name Linker script allows you to display several highscores.

**High Score Source** you can choose between **Score Counter** and **Value Script**. Score Counter will display the values generated by the Score Calculator. When selected Value Script you can display any of your values (year, people, army, etc...).

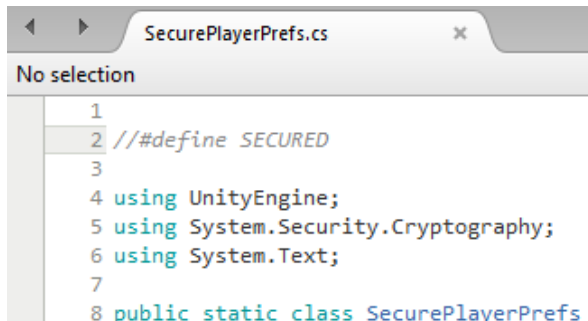
**High Score Sort** allows you to choose between Highest, Lowest and Last on Top, which will display the score of the last game.

**High Score Fields** let you setup the number of entries you want to display.



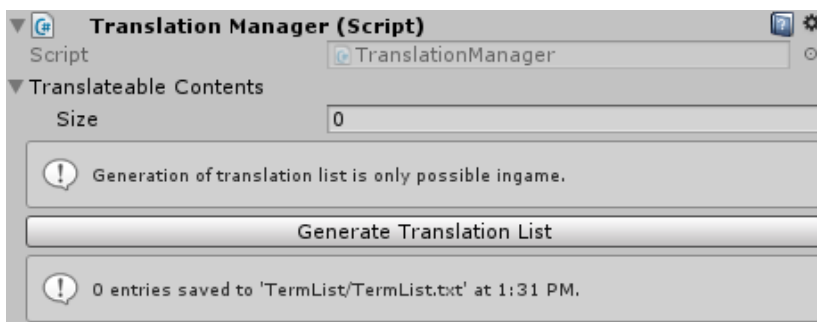
## SecurePlayerPrefs (in scripts Project folder)

To prevent manipulation of the score or other values encryption is used. If you want to disable it you can simply open the **SecurePlayerPrefs** script and disable the second line, that it looks like this:



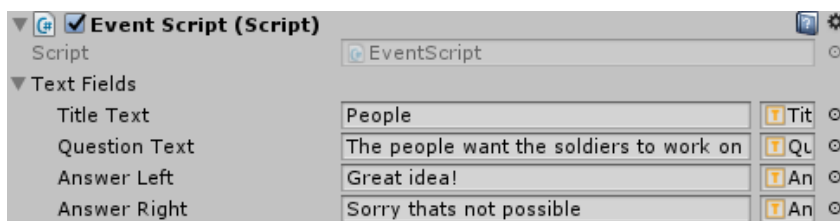
```
1
2 //define SECURED
3
4 using UnityEngine;
5 using System.Security.Cryptography;
6 using System.Text;
7
8 public static class SecurePlayerPrefs
```

## Translation Manager (in Scripts)



We have integrated support for the Localization Asset: **I2 Localization**

This means the text you enter in the EventScript of the cards will be used as terms and can be translated with I2 Localization.

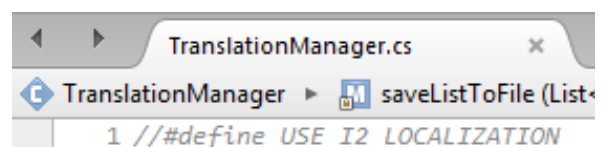


This also works for the Achievements, Country names and Game Logger entries.

With **Generate Translation List** a text file (Kings\TermList.txt) with all the text you have entered in these scripts is generated. You need to be in Play Mode for this. You can then open the text file in Excel (or any similar program) and copy it into the I2 Localization spreadsheet. This way you don't have to enter every term manually, but can import them all at once.

**Please note:** This does not work for the Game Logs added with the **Add Game Log** script. These have to be added manually to the I2 Localization terms.

To enable translation you need to import the I2 Localization Asset and enable the first line of code in the Translation Manager script.



```
1 //define USE_I2_LOCALIZATION
```

## Unity Ads

With Update 1.10 support for Unity Ads is now integrated. You can start playing it simply by calling the function **showAd** of the Play Unity Ad script.

This script give you also Events for the following cases: Ad available, Ad not available, Ad success and Ad fail.

We also added a new value **Adready**. It is set automatically to 1 if an ad is available and to 0 if ads are not available. This allows the Card Stack to only draw Ad-Cards if an Ad is available.

If you uncheck **Rewarded Ad**, Ads can be canceled/skipped by the user.

In our example game two ad card have been created: **Ad\_General** (appears one time randomly per game) and **Ad\_People** (appears once when People value is 40 or below).

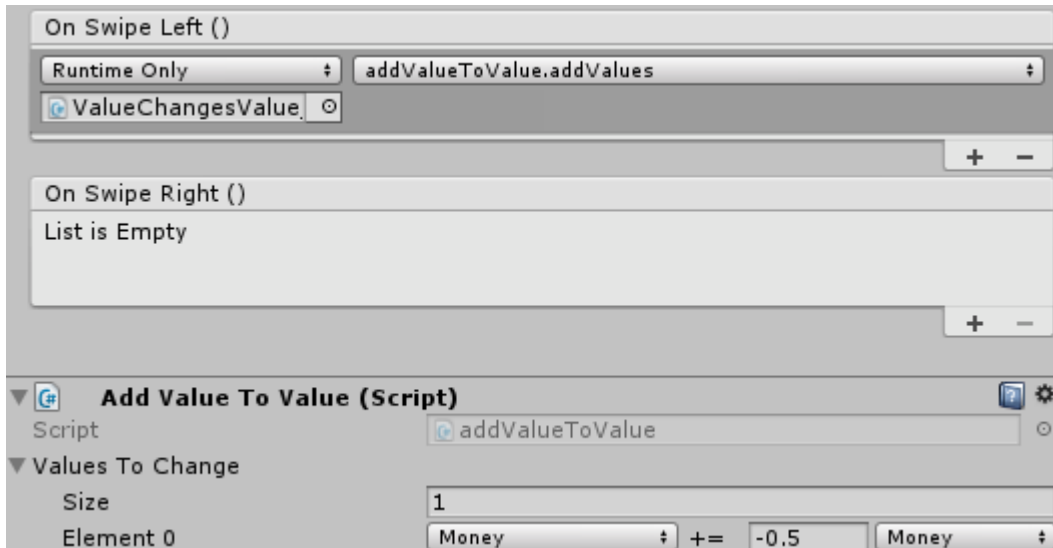
**To enable Unity Ads go to the Services Tab (Ctrl+0) and turn Ads ON.**



## Add Value to Value

You can now directly add/subtract values from each other, with the **Add Value to Value** script.

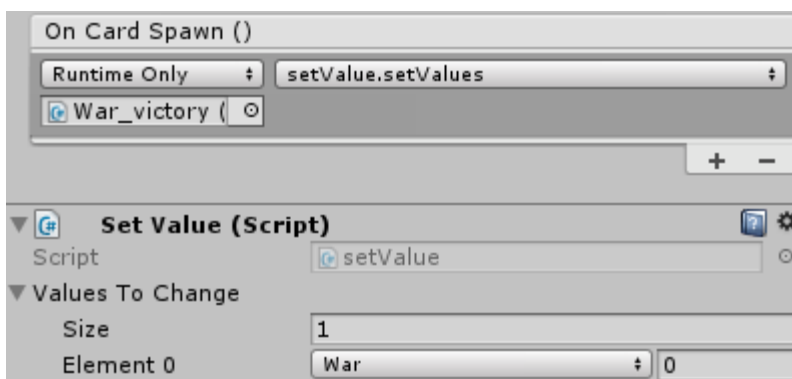
You can see an example in the **ValueChangesValue** card prefab. In this example, half of the Money value will be deducted from the Money value (on swipe left)



## Set Value

The SetValue script allows to set a value directly to a specific number, with the function **setValue.SetValues**

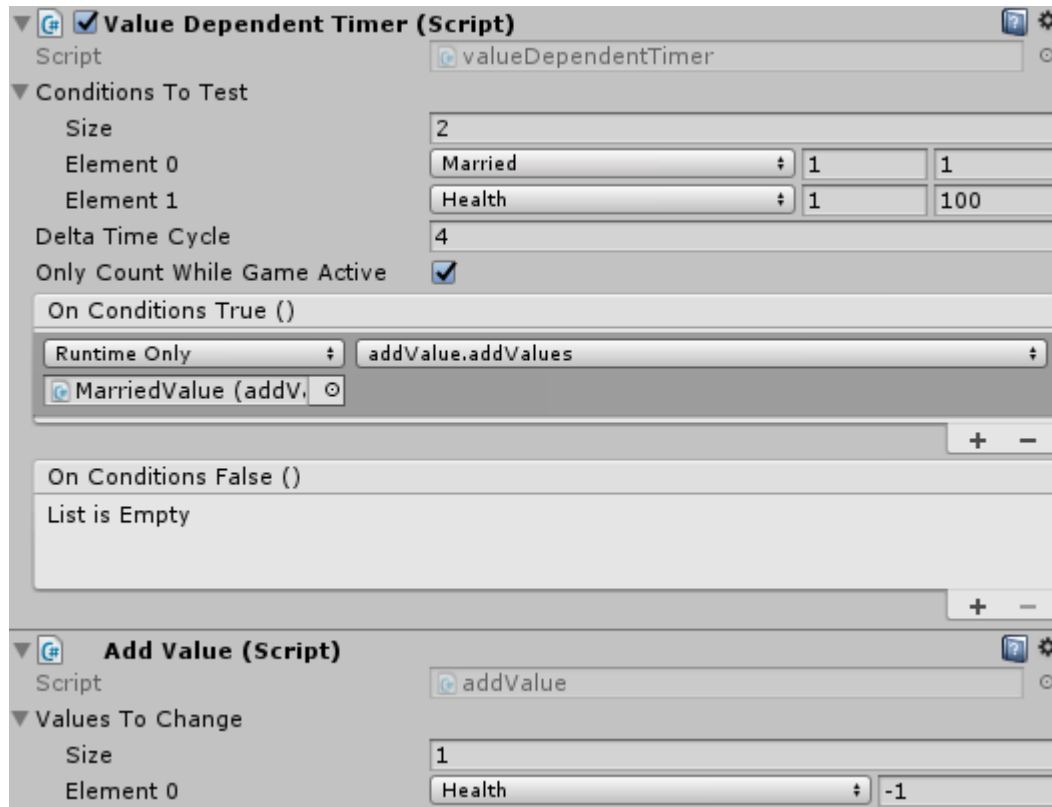
Example: War\_Victory sample card, the On Card Spawn event calls the function setValue.SetValues of the Set Value script, which sets the Value of War to 0.



## Change Value over time

With the **Value Dependent Timer** script, you can now change values over time.

In this example the player will lose 1 health every 4 seconds, as long as he is married and his health is between 1 and 100.

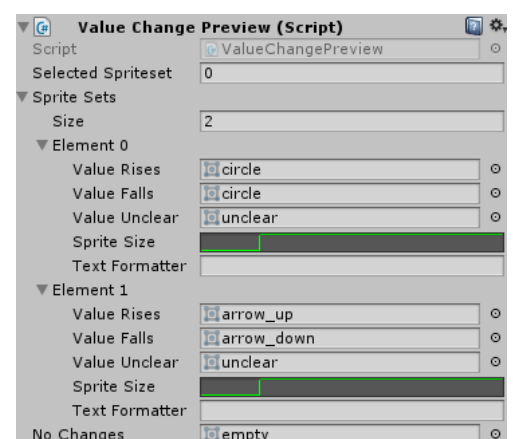


## Value change preview

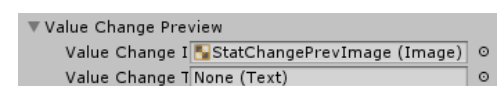
The **Value Change Preview** script (in Values) let's you display an indicator which values will change depending on the player decision.

You have the option to change between Sprite Sets (with the function: **ValueChangePreview.setSpriteSet**) this allows you to e.g. temporarily show the player if the values rises or falls and if you want to you can even display the exact numbers.

In the example scene this is done in Global Messages “show Results” with the **Witch\_ShowResults** card.



You have to link in a Preview Image in the Value Script for each Value where you want to show a preview.






## Google Play /iOS Leaderboard and Achievements

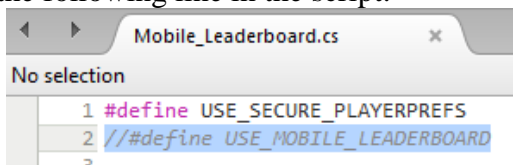
1. Download the official Google Play Game Plugin:  
<https://github.com/playgameservices/play-games-plugin-for-unity>

(This asset has been tested with version 0.9.50, if you have any issues, you should try this version first)

2. Install the plugin by double clicking the assetpackage in the “current” folder of the plugin

 GooglePlayGamesPlugin-0.9.50.unitypackage

3. Enable the Mobile\_Leaderboard by activating (remove “//”) the following line in the script:



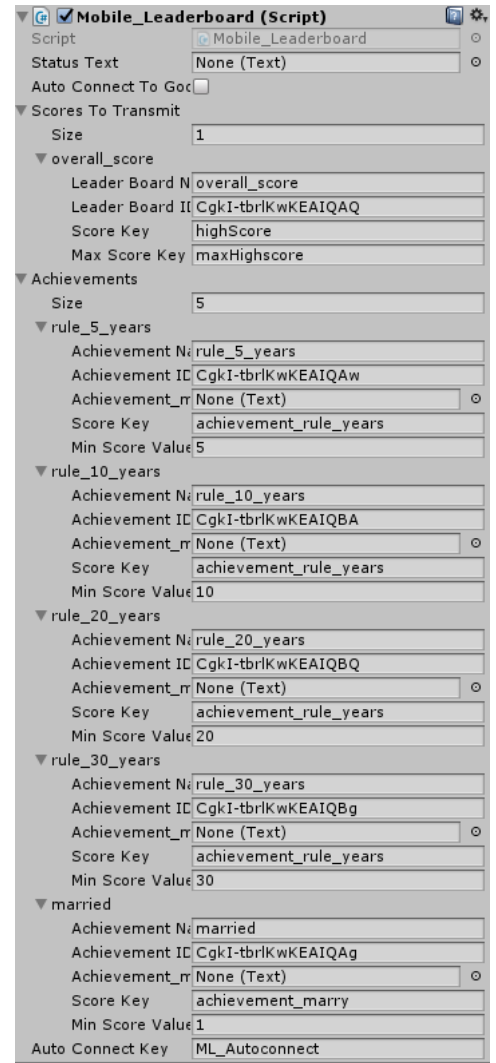
This has to be disabled by default otherwise you would get error messages when the Google Play Games Plugin is not installed.

4. Setup your Achievements and Leaderboard in the Google Play Developer Console according to the instructions:

<https://github.com/playgameservices/play-games-plugin-for-unity>

5. Import the “Resources” into Unity and click on “Setup”.

6. Insert these values into the Mobile Leaderboard like in the two screenshots on the left side and you are ready to go.



Overview of the most important functions:

Open Leaderboard (and transmit score):

**Mobile\_Leaderboard.UI\_call\_transmitScoreAndLeaderboard**

Open (and transmit) Achievements:

**Mobile\_Leaderboard.UI\_call\_computeAchievements**

Transmit score (Leaderboard):

**Mobile\_Leaderboard.std\_call\_transmitScore**

Transmit achievement:

**Mobile\_Leaderboard.std\_call\_computeAchievements**

With “**Auto Connect To Google**” you can choose if you want to directly connect on the start of the game or do it manually.

For the Leaderboard the ScoreValue and ScoreKey is generated by the Score Generator. If you want more scores for your Leaderboard you simply need to create more instances of the Score Generator and set it up for the appropriate values.

For the Achievements data is generated by the Achievement script (Scripts). The key is automatically generated by the name you enter, e.g. Achievement name: “**marry**” means you get the following key: “**achievement\_marry**”

**Please note: For iOS a separate plugin is required:**

<https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/tools/integration/ios-game-center-plugin-for-unity-14839>

This is an inexpensive plugin that works well. Of course you can use other plugins, but then you have to make changes on the Mobile Leaderboard script.

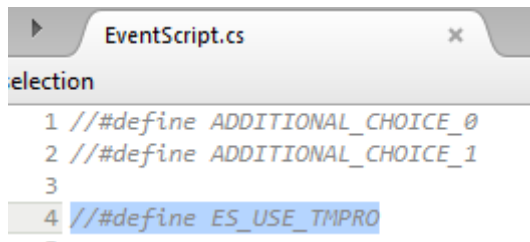
**Tip:** If you plan on using the Leaderboard for Google Play AND iOS Gamecenter I strongly recommend to setup Google Play first, since Google automatically generates the Achievement and Leaderboard ID`s, where Apple let`s you choose them, this way you can enter the automatically generated IDs from Google and use the same for Apple. This allows you to have the same configuration for both platforms.



## Text Mesh Pro Support

You can use Text Mesh Pro instead of the Standard Unity UI Text.

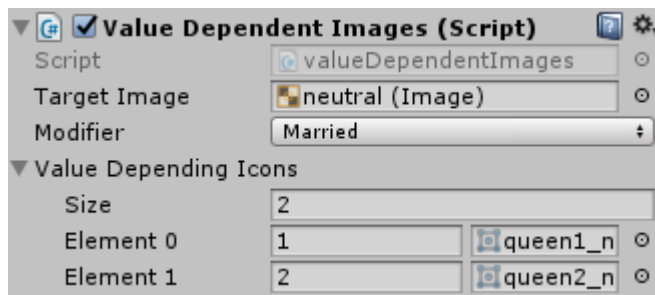
1. Import the Text Mesh Pro Asset
2. Enable (remove “//”) the following line in the Event Script:



3. You need to replace the UI Text Elements on all cards with the Text Mesh Pro UI Text Elements and link it into the EventScript of each card. Example card: TextMeshPro\_SampleCard

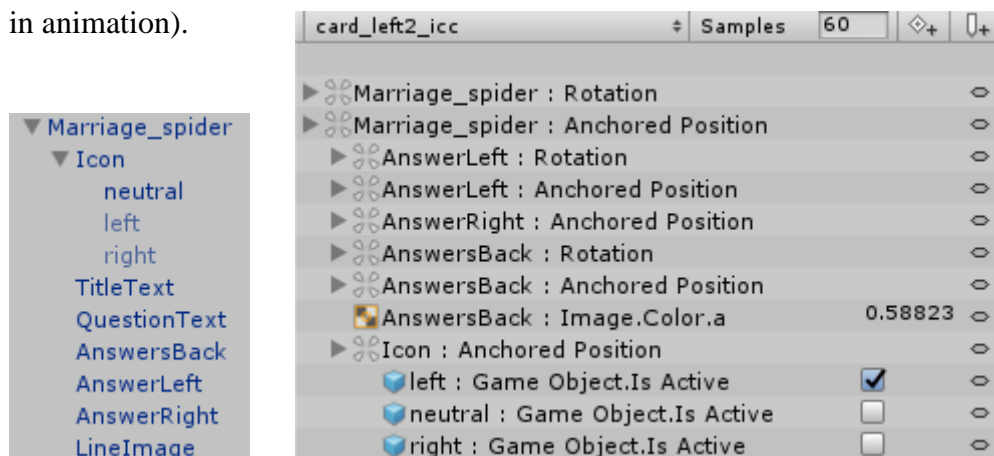
## Value Dependent Images

You can now change images depending on a specific value. In the example this has been done with the marriage cards (marry smart/beautiful queen).



When you marry the beautiful one, the “Married” value is set to 1, for the smart one it is set to 2.

The change of the “mood” images (happy/angry) is simply done with the animator (enable/disable in animation).



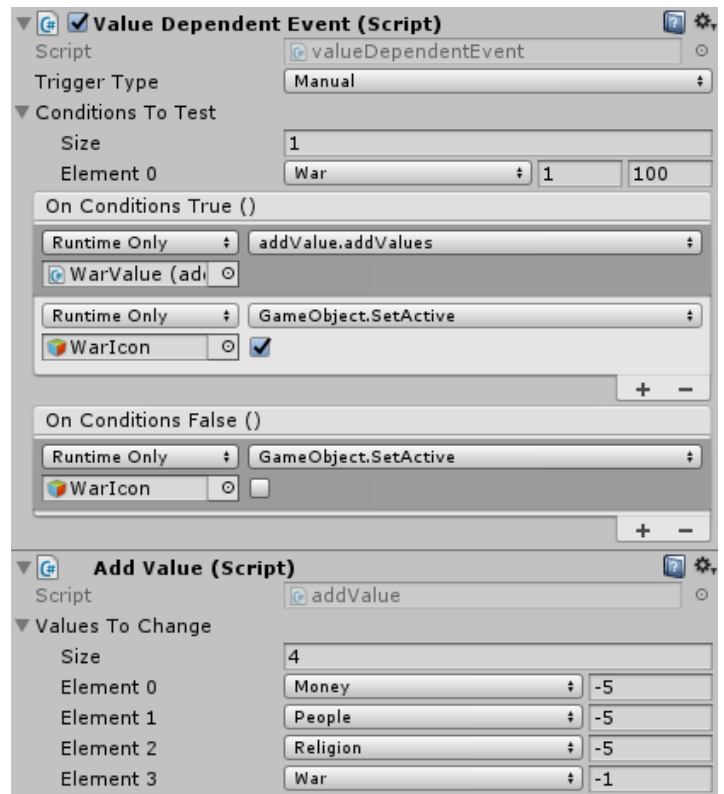
## Value Dependent Events

With this script, you have the possibility to trigger various Unity Events depending on a specific value.

**Trigger Type:** Choose between manual or automatically.

**Manual:** you have to call the function “ExecuteConditionCheck” everytime you want to check if the conditions are met

**Automatic:** script checks automatically on start and every time the value is changed if the condition is met



**Conditions to Test:** setup the conditions you want to check

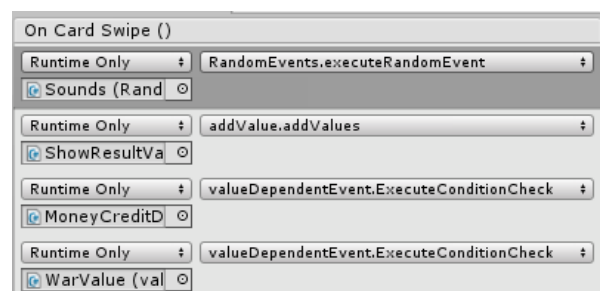
**On Conditions True:** when conditions are met it will trigger these UnityEvents

**On Conditions False:** when conditions are NOT met it will trigger these UnityEvents

In the example scene this has been setup as follow:

When you decide to go to war (war\_start card) the War value will be set to 15. This will now met the condition check (war 1-100) and will reduce the Money, People and Religion value every round for -5 and activate the WarIcon.

To make sure this function is called every round, the function will be called for the “On Card Swipe” event from the CardStack script.



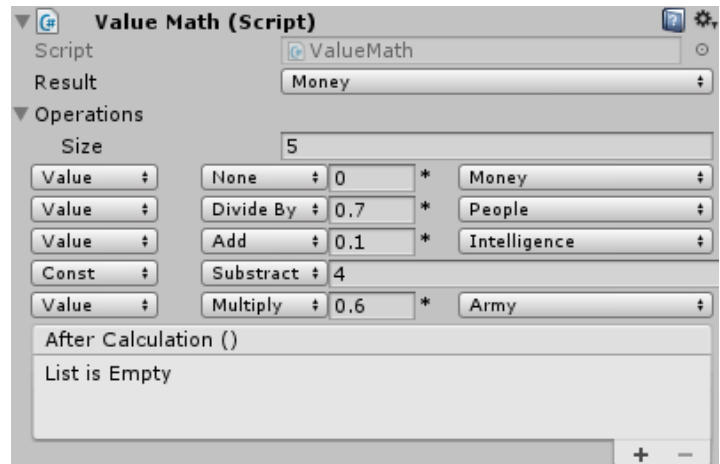
## Value Math

The Value Math script allows more advanced value calculations.

The function “**ValueMath.Calculate**” can be accessed from any UnityEvent.

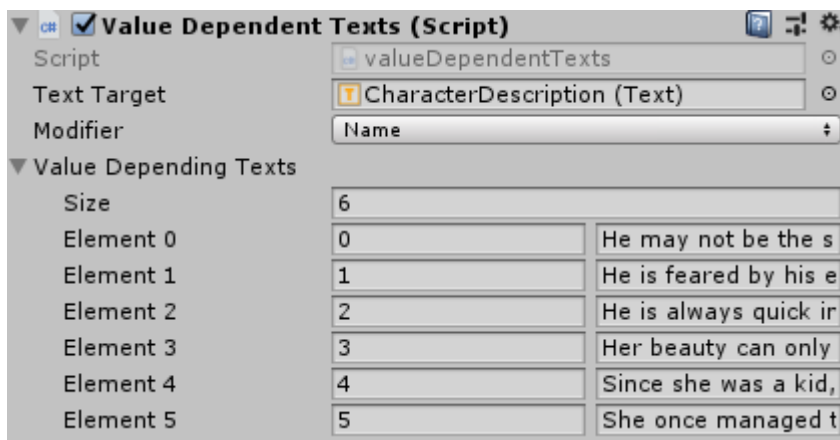
Example: PlayerLevel2\_finances sample card

The **After Calculation** Event can be used if an even more advanced value calculation is needed, to access another Value Math script, e.g.  $(value1 * value2) + (value3 * value4)$ .



## Update 1.40: Value Dependent Text

Value Depending Text allows you to display different text depending on it's value.



In the example this is used for the CharacterDescription in the PlayerInfoPanel, to display different description text depending on which King/Queen is selected (based on the Name).

## Update 1.40: Kings Cards Import/Export (ImEx)

With „Kings ImEx“ it is now possible to export your cards to Excel, edit the text or add new cards and import them again. To open the menu go to the Unity Panel -> Window -> KingsImEx.

**Options - Import and Export**

Field Separator: Semicolon ( ; )

**Export**

Directory: Kings/ImEx File: cardlist.csv

Card Stack: Scripts (CardStack)

**Export Cards**

Export to E:/Unity/Kings/unity/Kings\_V140z/Assets/Kings/ImEx/cardlist.csv  
at 6:40 PM  
Success: 54 Cards.  
Missing StyleScripts: 0  
Fail: 0 Cards.

**Import**

Data File: cardlist

Style Definitions: CardStyle\_List (KingsCardStyleList)

Select Output Folder: E:/Unity/Kings/unity/Kings\_V140z/Assets/Kings/ImEx

**Analyze Import**

**Data**

GroupName	CardName	StyleName	EventScript titleText	EventScript questionText	EventScript answerLeft	EventScript answerRight	EventScript answerUp	EventScript answerDown	Info
General	_StartCard	cs_King	You are now K	swipe left or ri	i have waited .	i will try my be			Style OK.
General	Years_30_Ach	cs_King	30 Years	Congratulation	Great!	Great!			Style OK.
General	Years_20_Ach	cs_King	20 Years	Congratulation	Great!	Great!			Style OK.
General	Army_parade	cs_Army	Army	The army wan	Sure	We don't have			Style OK.
General	Army_Weapon	cs_Army	Army	The Army wan	Sure	Your Weapons			Style OK.
General	Conditional_Au	cs_King	ConditionalCa	Choose your s	Try it with you	Charisma, i ch			Style OK.
General	Conditional_M	cs_Marriage	Marriage	Which Princes	The Beautiful	The Smart On			Style OK.
General	Conditional_R	cs_King	Random & Luc	Swipe left to r	Random	I am feeling lu			Style OK.
General	Fallback_Gam	cs_None		This should no					Style OK.
General	FollowUp_Marr	cs_Marriage	Proposal declir	The princess is	Oh no...	Oh no...			Style OK.
General	FollowUp_Marr	cs_Marriage	Proposal declir	The princess is	Oh no...	Oh no...			Style OK.

**Execute Import**

## Export

**Directory:** choose the directory where the cardlist will be exported

**File:** choose the filename of the cardlist

**Card Stack:** add the CardStack script here, only the cards from the cardstack will be exported

**Export Cards Button:** cards will be exported when pressed, you will see an info panel below

## Import

**Data File:** choose the cardlist you want to import

**Style Definitions:** choose the „CardStyle\_List“ for this field

**Select Output Folder:** choose the output folder where the cards will be created, if you did edit cards, make sure that it is the same folder as the existing cards, this will update the cards instead of creating new ones

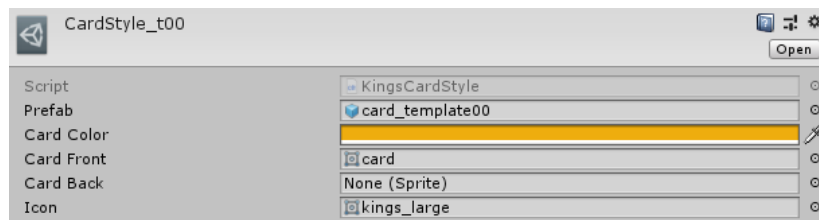
**Analyze Import Button:** Gives you a preview oft he cards that will be imported and also notifies you if there is a problem

**Execute Import Button:** If there is no problem with the Cardlist, it can be imported by pressing this button

## Update 1.40: Card Styles

Card Styles lets you easily modify the look of all your cards with just a few clicks. It consists of 3 elements: CardStyle (scriptable object), CardStyle (script) and CardStyle\_List.

### CardStyle (Scriptable Object)



These let you define the „style“ of the cards. They are located in Kings/cards/\_templates.

When you change something on a card style, it will immediately change all cards which have this card style selected.

**Prefab:** select the card template which will be used when new cards are created with KingsImEx

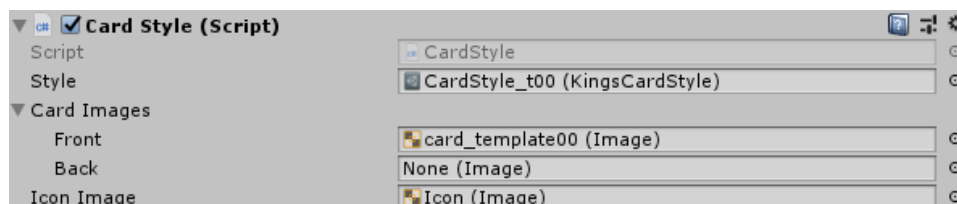
**Card Color:** choose the color of the card

**Card Front:** choose the card front image

**Card Back:** choose the card back image

**Icon:** choose the Icon of the card

### CardStyle (script on every card)



**Style:** select the style of the card, you can easily swap out styles if you want to change the look

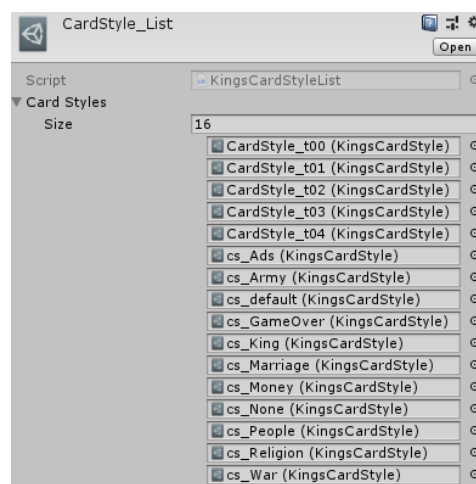
**Card Images Front:** select the UI Element which display the Image of the front card

**Card Images Back:** select the UI Element which display the Image of the back card

**Icon Image:** select the UI Element which display the Image of the card icon

### CardStyle List

A list which contains all Card Styles, is required by the KingsImEx script. Is located in Kings/cards/\_templates.



## Update 1.40: First Start Panel

The “First Start Game Object Setter” (in Scripts) will activate a Panel or any other GameObject on the first time you run the game (or after you have reset the game data). Make sure the GameObject is disable on default.

It can be used for e.g. game instructions, language selection etc.

## Update 1.40: Typewriter Text Effect

This script allows you to display text with an “Typewriter” effect.

You can find an example for this on the FirstStartPanel or the GameOver\_Log card.

It can display a specific text you enter in the “Text” field, or you can send text to it, e.g. by linking it from a Textfield of the EventScript, e.g. QuestionText.



You can cancel the typewriting effect and display the text immediately by calling the function: **Kings.Typewriter.FinishTypewriting**

**Types per Second:** adjust the speed of the writing effect

**Start Delay:** adjust the delay when the effect will start

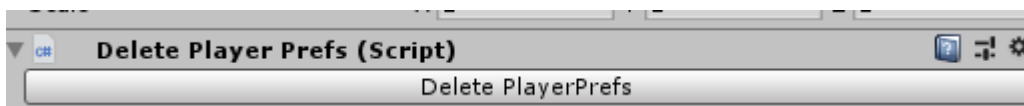
**Target Text:** link in the target text field where the text will be displayed

**On Type Character:** triggers an event for each letter typed

**On Type Finished:** triggers an event when typewriting is finished

## Update 1.40: Reset Player Prefs (in Scripts)

This script allows you to reset all game data from editor or in game.



In Unity Editor you can click the above button to reset all data.

In game you can call the function “DeletePlayerPrefs.DeleteAll”.

Example: MenuCanvas -> DeleteDataPanel -> ClearButton

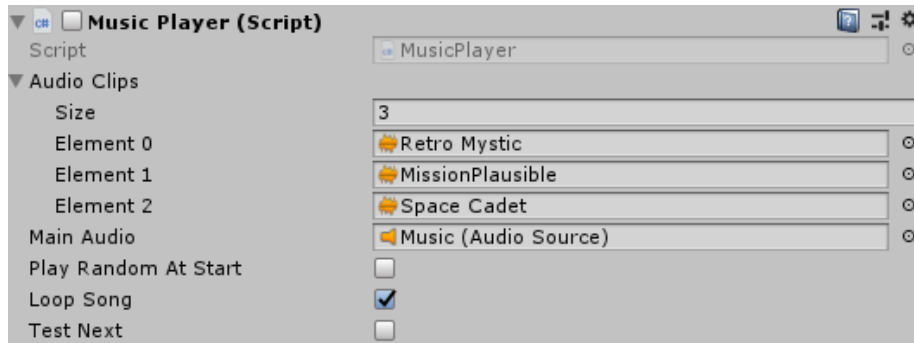


## Update 1.40: Restart Game Button

This allows to end the current game and start a new one.

Example: MenuCanvas -> SettingsPanel -> RestartGameButton

## Update 1.40: Music Player



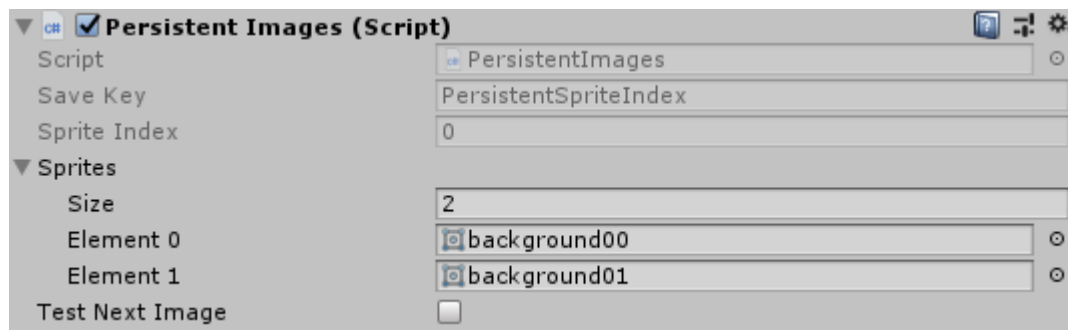
You can now select a specific track by calling the function:

**MusicPlayer.setSong**

This allows a change of the game theme, example: War

## Update 1.40: Background changer

You can now set different images as background during game.



BackgroundCanvas -> Background

To change a background call the function:

**PersistentImages.SetSpriteIndex**

This allows a change of the game theme, example: War