

## Question 3 Titanic

Python for Data Science - Perform Data Science on Titanic Dataset

- a) Load the Titanic dataset into one of the data structures (NumPy or Pandas).
- b) Display header rows and description of the loaded dataset.
- c) Remove unnecessary features (E.g. drop unwanted columns) from the dataset.
- d) Manipulate data by replacing empty column values with a default value.
- e) Perform the following visualizations on the loaded dataset:
  - i) Passenger status (Survived/Died) against Passenger Class
  - ii) Survival rate of male vs female
  - iii) No of passengers in each age group

[Click here to download dataset](#)

```
In [13]: #numpy - Deals multi-dimensional arrays and matrices  
#seaborn - Deals with data visualization  
#matplotlib - Plotting; pyplot-interactive plotting  
#pandas - data structures and data analysis tools  
import seaborn as sns  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [14]: #Import csv file into variable  
titanic_df = pd.read_csv('titanictrain.csv')  
titanic_df.head()  
#Shows first 5 rows then tail() is obvious  
#If we specify a number in argument that number of rows will be displayed
```

Out[14]:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin
<b>0</b>	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN
<b>1</b>	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85
<b>2</b>	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN
<b>3</b>	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123
<b>4</b>	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN

In [15]: *#Mapping the survived values 0->Died and 1->Survived*

```

titanic_df ['Survived'] = titanic_df ['Survived'].map({
    0: 'Died',
    1: 'Survived'
})
titanic_df.head(5)

```

Out[15]:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin
0	1	Died	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN
1	2	Survived	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85
2	3	Survived	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN
3	4	Survived	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123
4	5	Died	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN

In [16]:

```
#Deleting the unnecessary rows
#axis=Whether to drop labels from the index (0 or 'index') or columns (1 or 'column')
#inplace=If False, return a copy. Otherwise, do operation inplace and return None.
titanic_df.drop(['Parch', 'PassengerId', 'Name', 'Ticket'], axis=1, inplace=True)
titanic_df.head(5)
```

Out[16]:

	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	Died	3	male	22.0	1	7.2500	NaN	NaN
1	Survived	1	female	38.0	1	71.2833	C85	C
2	Survived	3	female	26.0	0	7.9250	NaN	NaN
3	Survived	1	female	35.0	1	53.1000	C123	NaN
4	Died	3	male	35.0	0	8.0500	NaN	S

In [17]:

```
#second way without inplace
titanic_df = titanic_df.drop(['SibSp', 'Fare'], axis=1)
titanic_df.head(5)
```

Out[17]:

	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	Cabin	Embarked
0	Died	3	male	22.0	NaN	NaN
1	Survived	1	female	38.0	C85	C
2	Survived	3	female	26.0	NaN	NaN
3	Survived	1	female	35.0	C123	NaN
4	Died	3	male	35.0	NaN	S

```
In [18]: #mapping 1->Luxury Class , 2->Economy Class and 3->Lower Class
titanic_df ['Pclass'] = titanic_df ['Pclass'].map({
    1: 'Luxury Class',
    2: 'Economy Class',
    3: 'Lower Class'
})
titanic_df.head(5)
```

Out[18]:

	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	Cabin	Embarked
0	Died	Lower Class	male	22.0	NaN	NaN
1	Survived	Luxury Class	female	38.0	C85	C
2	Survived	Lower Class	female	26.0	NaN	NaN
3	Survived	Luxury Class	female	35.0	C123	NaN
4	Died	Lower Class	male	35.0	NaN	S

```
In [19]: #Replace NaN values in embarked with S
titanic_df["Embarked"] = titanic_df["Embarked"].fillna("S")
titanic_df.head(5)
```

Out[19]:

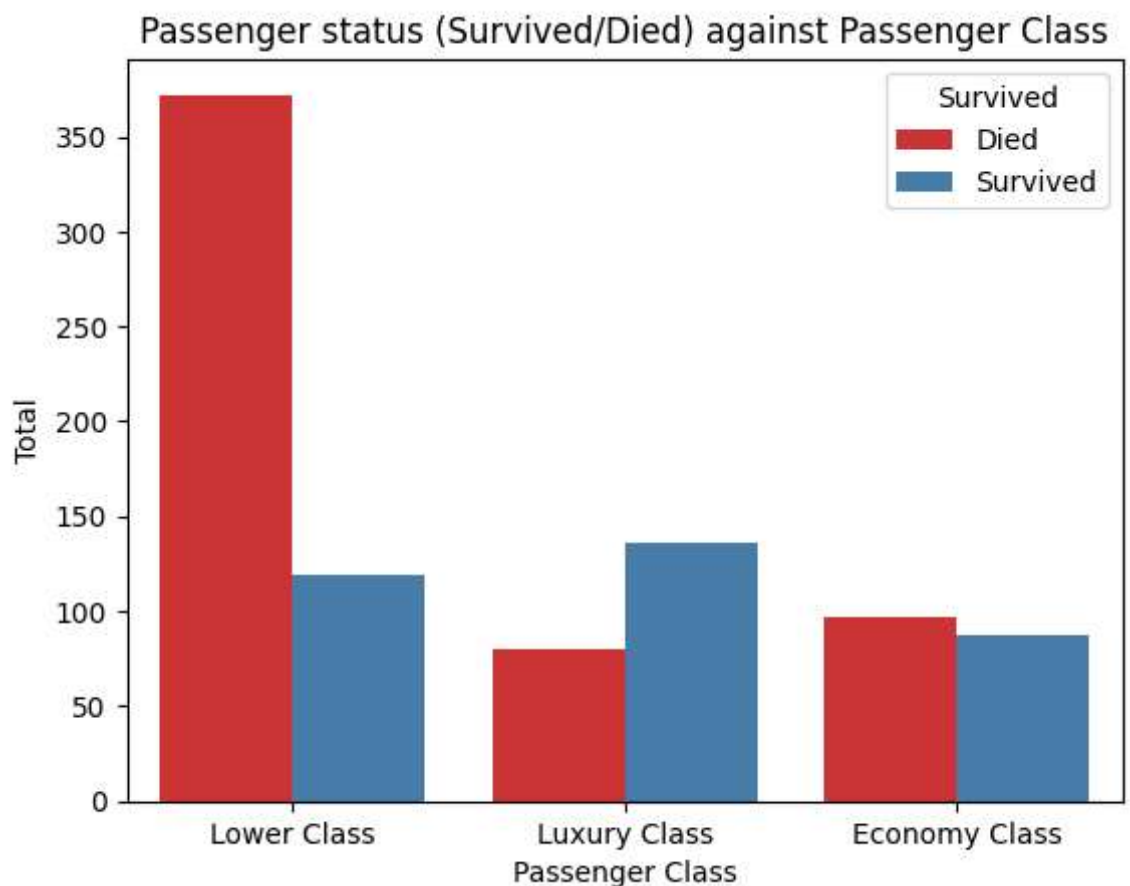
	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	Cabin	Embarked
0	Died	Lower Class	male	22.0	NaN	S
1	Survived	Luxury Class	female	38.0	C85	C
2	Survived	Lower Class	female	26.0	NaN	S
3	Survived	Luxury Class	female	35.0	C123	S
4	Died	Lower Class	male	35.0	NaN	S

```
In [20]: #Map Embarked accordingly
titanic_df ['Embarked'] = titanic_df ['Embarked'].map({
    'C': 'Cherbourg',
    'Q': 'Queenstown',
    'S': 'Southampton'
})
titanic_df.head(5)
```

```
Out[20]:
```

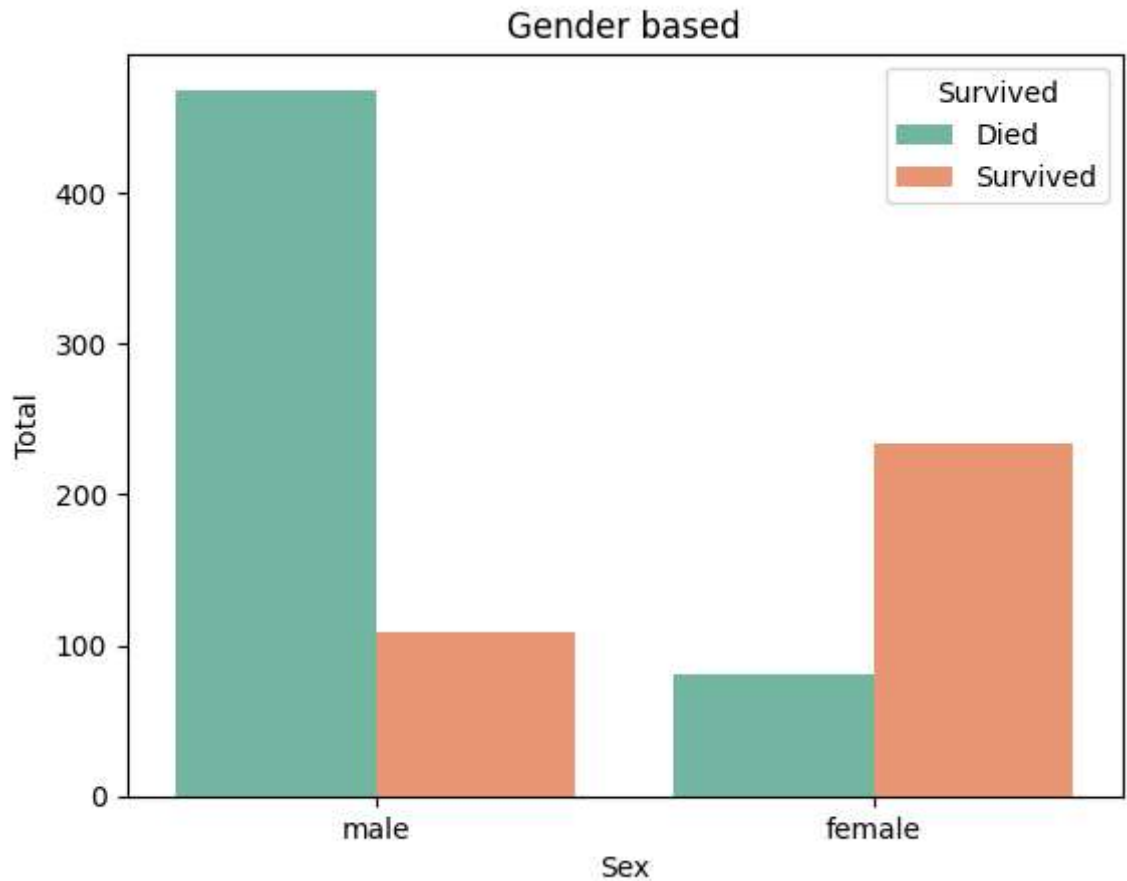
	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	Cabin	Embarked
0	Died	Lower Class	male	22.0	NaN	Southampton
1	Survived	Luxury Class	female	38.0	C85	Cherbourg
2	Survived	Lower Class	female	26.0	NaN	Southampton
3	Survived	Luxury Class	female	35.0	C123	Southampton
4	Died	Lower Class	male	35.0	NaN	Southampton

```
In [21]: #Plotting graph of Survived/Dead Against Passenger Class
ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Pclass', hue = 'Survived', palette = 'Set1', data = titanic_)
ax.set(title = 'Passenger status (Survived/Died) against Passenger Class',
        xlabel = 'Passenger Class', ylabel = 'Total')
plt.show()
```



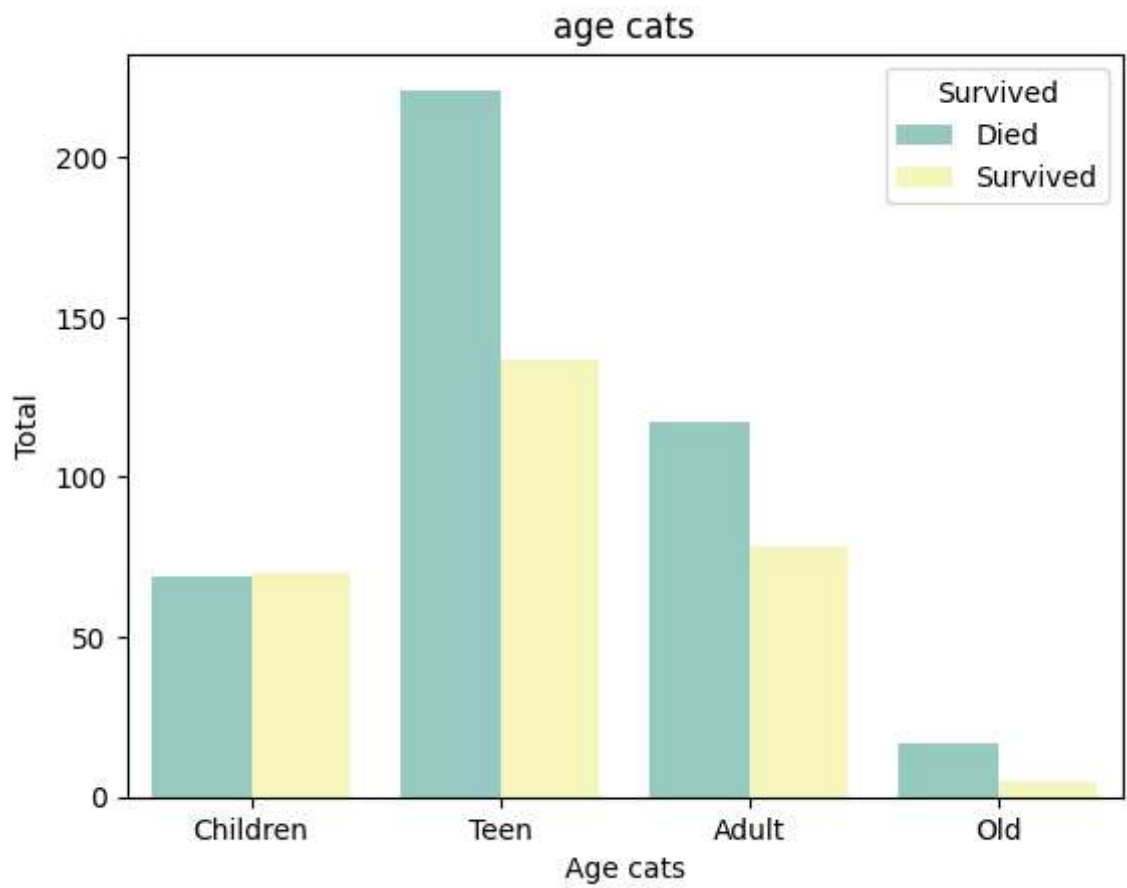
```
In [22]: #Plotting graph of Survived/Dead Against Passenger Gender
#crosstab=This method is used to compute a simple cross-tabulation of two (or more)
print(pd.crosstab(titanic_df['Sex'],titanic_df.Survived))
ax=sns.countplot(x='Sex',hue='Survived',palette='Set2',data=titanic_df)
ax.set(title='Gender based',xlabel='Sex',ylabel='Total')
plt.show()
```

	Survived	Died	Survived
Sex			
female	81	233	
male	468	109	



```
In [23]: #Mapping age categories using cut() from pandas and
#Plotting graph of Survived/Dead Against Passenger Age Category
interval = (0,18,35,60,120)
categories = ['Children','Teen','Adult','Old']
titanic_df["Age_categories"]=pd.cut(titanic_df.Age,interval,labels=categories)
ax = sns.countplot(x="Age_categories",data=titanic_df,hue='Survived',palette='Set3')
ax.set(xlabel='Age cats',ylabel='Total',title="age cats")
print(pd.crosstab(titanic_df['Age_categories'],titanic_df.Survived))
plt.show()
```

	Died	Survived
Children	69	70
Teen	221	137
Adult	117	78
Old	17	5



```
In [24]: #Plotting graph of Survived/Dead Against Embarked place
ax = sns.countplot(x='Embarked',hue='Survived',palette='Set1',data=titanic_df)
ax.set(title='Survival acording to Embarking Place')
plt.show()
```

Survival according to Embarking Place

