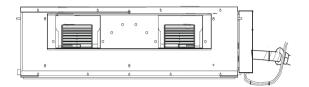


DUCT TYPE ROOM AIR CONDITIONER INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL



Uses Refrigerant R410A

INVERTER

INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT
GB-X18SCR	GU-X18SCR
GB-X24SCR	GU-X24SCR
GB-X36SCR	GU-X36SCR



Information on the Disposal of this Equipment

IF YOU WISH TO DISPOSE OF THIS EQUIPMENT, DO NOT USE THE ORDINARY WASTE BIN, AND DO NOT PUT THEM INTO A FIREPLACE!

Used electrical and electronic equipment should always be collected and treated SEPARATELY in accordance with local law.

Separate collection promotes an environment-friendly treatment, recycling of materials, and minimizing final disposal of waste. IMPROPER DISPOSAL can be harmful to human health and the environment due to certain substances! Take USED EQUIPMENT to a local, usually municipal, collection facility, where available.

If in doubt about disposal, contact your local authorities or dealer and ask for the correct method of disposal.

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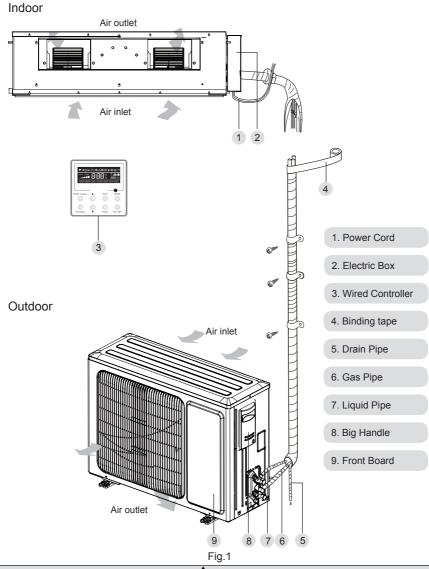
1 Safety Precautions

MARNING!	This mark indicates procedures which, if improperly performed, might lead to the death or serious injury of the user.
A CAUTION!	This mark indicates procedures which, if improperly performed, might possibly result in personal harm to the user, or damage to property.

/ WARNING!

- (1). For operating the air conditioner pleasantly, install it as outlined in this installation manual.
- (2). Connect the indoor unit and outdoor unit with the room air conditioner piping and cord available from our standard parts. This installation manual describes the correct connections using the installation set available from our standard parts.
- (3). Installation work must be performed in accordance with national wiring standards by authorized personnel only.
- (4). If refrigerant leaks while work is being carried out, ventilate the area. If the refrigerant comes in contact with a flame, it produces toxic gas.
- (5). Do not power on until all installation work is complete.
- (6). During installation, make sure that the refrigerant pipe is attached firmly before you run the compressor.
 - Do not operate the compressor under the condition of refrigerant piping not attached properly with 2-way or 3-way valve open.
 - This may cause abnormal pressure in the refrigeration cycle that leads to breakage and even injury.
- (7). During the pump-down operation, make sure that the compressor is turned off before you remove the refrigerant piping.
 - Do not remove the connection pipe while the compressor is in operation with 2-way or 3-way valve open.
 - This may cause abnormal pressure in the refrigerant cycle that leads to breakage and even injury.
- (8). When installing and relocating the air conditioner, do not mix gases other than the specified refrigerant (R410A) to enter the refrigerant cycle.
 - If air or other gas enters the refrigerant cycle, the pressure inside the cycle will rise to an abnormally high value and cause breakage, injury, etc.
- (9). This appliance can be use by children aged fron 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and kowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved
- (10). Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.
- (11). If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.

2 Outline of the Unit and Main Parts



- **№** NOTE!
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{1}}$. The connection pipe and duct for this unit should be prepared by the user.
- ② . The unit is standard equipped with rectangular duct.

3 Preparative for Installation

3.1 Standard Accessory Parts

The standard accessory parts listed below are furnished and should be used as required.

Table 1

	Indoor Unit Accessories							
No.	Name	Appearance	Q'ty	Usage				
1	Wired Controller	838 4 	1	To control the indoor unit				
2	Hanger	or Co	4	To fix the indoor unit				
3	Nut with Washer		8	To fix the hook on the cabinet of the unit.				
4	Nut with Washer		4	To fix the hook on the cabinet of the unit.				
5	Nut		4	To be used together with the hanger bolt for installing the unit.				
6	Washer		4	To be used together with the hanger bolt for installing the unit.				
7	Insulation		1	To insulate the gas pipe				
8	Insulation		1	To insulate the liquid pipe				
9	Fastener		8	To fasten the sponge				
10	Nut		1	To connect liquid pipe				
11	Nut		1	To connect gas pipe				

Table 2

	Outdoor Unit Accessories							
No.	Name	Appearance	Q'ty	Usage				
1	Drain Plug		3	To plug the unused drain hole.				
2	Drainage Connecter	or or	1	To connect with the hard PVC drain pipe				

3.2 Selection of the Installation Location

↑ WARNING!

The unit must be installed where strong enough to withstand the weight of the unit and fixed securely, otherwise the unit would topple or fall off.

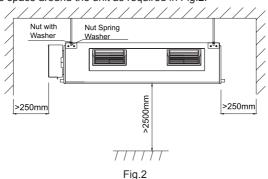
CAUTION!

- ① . Do not install where there is a danger of combustible gas leakage.
- ②. Do not install the unit near heat source, steam, or flammable gas.
- ③ . Children under 10 years old must be supervised not to operate the unit.

Decide the installation location with the customer as follows:

3.2.1 Indoor Unit

- (1). Install the unit at a place where is strong enough to withstand the weight of the unit.
- (2). The air inlet and outlet of the unit should never be clogged so that the airflow can reach every corner of the room.
- (3). Leave service space around the unit as required in Fig.2.



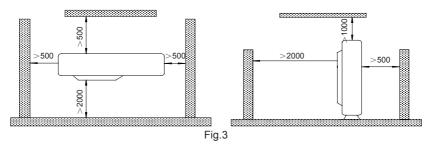
- (4). Install the unit where the drain pipe can be easily installed.
- (5). The space from the unit to the ceiling should be kept as much as possible so as for more convenient service.

3.2.2 Outdoor Unit

MARNING!

- ① . Install the unit where it will not be tilted by more than 5°.
- During installation, if the outdoor unit has to be exposed to strong wind, it must be fixed securely.
 - (1). If possible, do not install the unit where it will be exposed to direct sunlight. (If necessary, install a blind that does not interfere with the air flow.)
 - (2). Install the outdoor unit in a place where it will be free from getting dirty or getting wet by rain as much as possible.
 - (3). Install the outdoor unit where it is convenient to connect the indoor unit.
 - (4). Install the outdoor unit where the condensate water can be drained out freely during heating operation. Do not place animals and plants in the path of the warm air.
 - (5). Take the air conditioner weight into account and select a place where noise and vibration are small.
 - (6). Install the outdoor unit where is capable of withstanding the weight of the unit and generates as less noise and vibration as possible.
 - (7). Provide the space shown in Fig.3, so that the air flow is not blocked. Also for efficient operation, leave three of four directions of peripheral constructions open.

Units: mm



3.3 Connection Pipe Requirement

CAUTION!

The maximum length of the connection pipe is listed in the table below. Do not place the units between which the distance exceeds the maximum length of the connection pipe.

Т	a	h	le	3

		Size of Fitting		Max.	Max. Height	Drainage
	. Item	Pipe(Inch)		Pipe	Difference between	pipe(Outer
		Liquid	Coo	Length	Indoor Unit and	Diameter × wall
Model		Liquid	Gas	(m)	Outdoor Unit (m)	thickness) (mm)
GB-X18SCR	GU-X18SCR	1/4	1/2	20	15	Ф30Х1.5
GB-X24SCR	GU-X24SCR	3/8	5/8	30	15	Ф20Х1.2
GB-X36SCR	GU-X36SCR	3/8	5/8	30	15	Ф20Х1.2

- ① . The connection pipe should be insulated with proper water-proof insulating material.
- ② . The pipe wall thickness shall be 0.5-1.0mm and the pipe wall shall be able to withstand the pressure of 6.0 MPa.The longer the connecting pipe, the lower the cooling and heating effect performs.

3.4 Electrical Requirement

Electric Wire Size and Fuse Capacity.

Table 4

Indoor Units	Power Supply	Fuse Capacity	Breaker Capacity	Min. Power Supply Cord
	V/Ph/Hz	А	А	mm ²
18K~36K	220-240V~ 50Hz	5	6	1.0

Table 5

Model	Power	Capability of Air	Minimum Sectional Area of Power Cable
Model	Supply	Switch(A)	and Earth line (mm²)
GU-X18SCR	220-240V	16	1.5
GU-X24SCR	\sim 50Hz	20	2.5
GU-X36SCR	~ 50HZ	25	2.5

Note:

- ①. The fuse is located on the main board.
- ② Install the disconnect device with a contact gap of at least 3mm in all poles nearby the units (Both indoor unit and outdoor unit). The appliance must be positioned so that the plug is accessible.
- ③ . The specifications of the breaker and power cable listed in the table above are determined based on the maximum power (maximum amps) of the unit.
- 4. The specifications of the power cable listed in the table above are applied to the conduit-guarded multi-wire copper cable (like, YJV copper cable, consisting of PE insulated wires and a PVC cable jacket) used at 40°C and resistible to 90°C(see IEC 60364-5-52). If the working condition changes, they should be modified according to the related national standard.
- ⑤. The specifications of the breaker listed in the table above are applied to the breaker with the working temperature at 40°C. If the working condition changes, they should be modified according to the related national standard.
- ⑥ Take 2 pieces of power cord of 0.75mm² as the communication lines between indoor and outdoor unit, with their longest lengths of 50m. Please select the appropriate line length as per the actual installation conditions. The communication lines can not be twisted together. For the unit (≤30K), it's recommended to use 8m long communication line.
- Take 2 pieces of power cord of 0.75mm² as the communication lines between the wired controller and the indoor unit, with their longest lengths of 30m. Please select the appropriate line length as per the actual installation conditions. The communication lines can not be twisted together. It's recommended to use 8m long communication line.
- ® . The wire size of the communication line should be no less than 0.75mm². It's recommended to take 0.75mm² power cords as the communication line.

4 Installation of the Unit

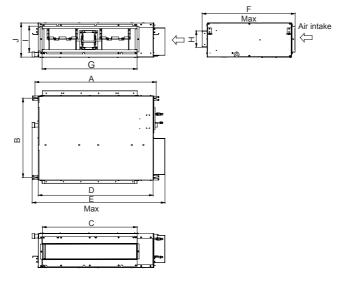
4.1 Installation of the Indoor Unit

4.1.1 Indoor unit dimension

WARNING!

- ① . Install the indoor unit in a location which can withstand a load of at least five times the weight of the main unit and which will not amplify sound or vibration.
- ② . If the installation location is not strong enough, the indoor unit may fall and cause injuries.
- ③ . If the job is done with the panel frame only, there is a risk that the unit will come loose. Please take care.

For the units: 18K



For the units: 24~36K

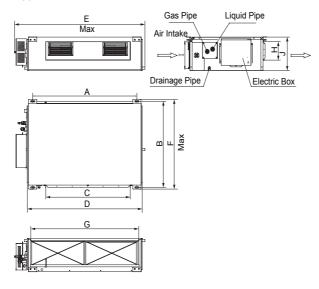


Table 6

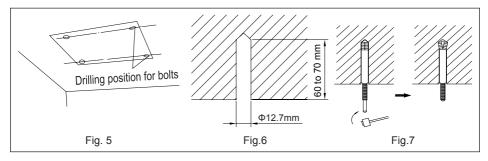
Item Model	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J
GB-X18SCR	945	618	738	892	1037	721	738	125	203	266
GB-X24SCR	1101	517	820	1159	1279	558	1002	160	235	268
GB-X36SCR	1011	748	820	1115	1226	775	979	160	231	290

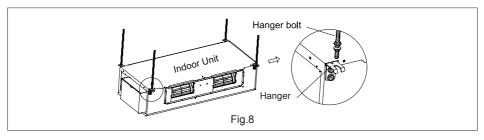
4.1.2 Drilling Holes for Bolts and Installing the Bolts

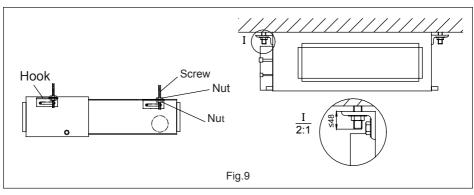
Using the installation template, drill holes for bolts (four holes). (Fig. 5)

4.1.3 Installing the Suspension Bolts

- (1). Install the bolts to the ceiling at a place strong enough to hang the unit. Mark the bolt positions from the installation template. With a concrete drill, drill for 12.7mm (1/2") diameter holes. (Fig. 6)
- Insert the anchor bolts into the drilled holes, and drive the pins completely into the anchor bolts with a hammer. (Fig. 7)
- (3). Install the hanger to the unit. (Fig.8)
- (4). Pass the unit hangers over the bolts installed to the ceiling and install the unit with the special nut.(Fig.9)

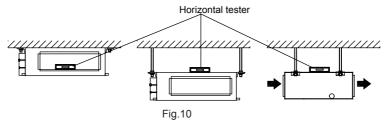






4.1.4 Leveling

The water level test must be done after installing the indoor unit to make the unit is horizontal, as shown below.

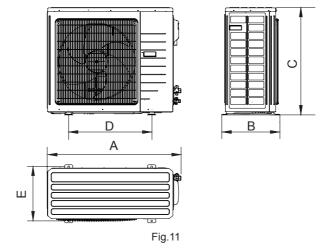


4.2 Installation of the Outdoor Unit

MARNING

- ① . Install the unit where it will not be tilted by more than 5°.
- ② . During installation, if the outdoor unit has to be exposed to strong wind, it must be fixed securely.

4.2.1 Outdoor unit dimension



	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Item Model	А	В	С	D	Е
GU-X18SCR	955	396	700	560	360
GU-X24SCR	980	427	790	610	395
GU-X36SCR	1107	440	1100	631	400

Table 6

Unit: mm

4.2.2 Condensate Drainage of the Outdoor Unit(Only for the heat pump unit) (Fig.12)

- (1). It is required to install a drain pipe for the outdoor unit to drain out the condensate water during heating operation. (only for the heat pump unit)
- (2). When installing the drain pipe, apart from the drain pipe mounting hole, all other holes should be plugged so as to avoid water leakage.(only for the heat pump unit)
- (3). Installation Method: Insert the pipe joint into the hole φ 25 located at the base plate of the unit and then connect the drain pipe to the pipe joint.

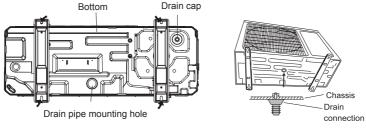


Fig.12

4.3 Installation of the Connection Pipe

4.3.1 Flare Processing

- (1). Cut the connection pipe with the pipe cutter and remove the burrs.
- (2). Hold the pipe downward to prevent cuttings from entering the pipe.
- (3). Remove the flare nuts at the stop valve of the outdoor unit and inside the accessory bag of the indoor unit, then insert them to the connection pipe, after that, flare the connection pipe with a flaring tool.
- (4). Check if the flare part is spread evenly and there are no cracks (see Fig.13).

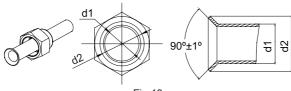
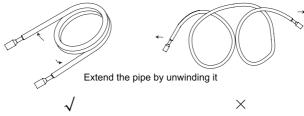


Fig.13

4.3.2 Bending Pipes

(1). The pipes are shaped by your hands. Be careful not to collapse them.



Fia.14

- (2). Do not bend the pipes in an angle more than 90°.
- (3). When pipes are repeatedly bent or stretched, the material will harden, making it difficult to bend or stretch them any more. Do not bend or stretch the pipes more than three times.
- (4). When bending the pipe, do not bend it as is. The pipe will be collapsed. In this case, cut the heat insulating pipe with a sharp cutter as shown in Fig.15, and bend it after exposing the pipe. After bending the pipe as you want, be sure to put the heat insulating pipe back on the pipe, and secure it with tape.

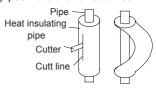


Fig.15

CAUTION!

- To prevent breaking of the pipe, avoid sharp bends. Bend the pipe with a radius of curvature of 150 mm or over.
- ②. If the pipe is bent repeatedly at the same place, it will break.

4.3.3 Connecting the Pipe at the Indoor Unit Side

Detach the caps and plugs from the pipes.

↑ CAUTION!

- ① . Be sure to apply the pipe against the port on the indoor unit correctly. If the centering is improper, the flare nut cannot be tightened smoothly. If the flare nut is forced to turn, the threads will be damaged.
- ② . Do not remove the flare nut until the connection pipe is to be connected so as to prevent dust and impurities from coming into the pipe system.

Centering the pipe against port on the indoor unit, turn the flare nut with your hand.

↑ CAUTION!

Hold the torque wrench at its grip, keeping it in the right angle with the pipe as shown in Fig. 15, in order to tighten the flare nut correctly.

When the flare nut is tightened properly by your hand, use a torque wrench to finally tighten it.

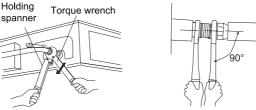
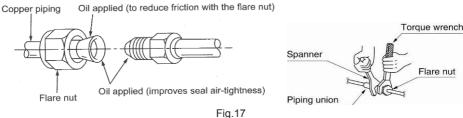


Fig.16



. .9. . .

Table 7 Flare nut tightening torque

Pipe Diameter	Tightening Torque
1/4"(Inch)	15-30 (N·m)
3/8"(Inch)	35-40 (N·m)
5/8"(Inch)	60-65 (N·m)
1/2"(Inch)	45-50 (N·m)

CAUTION!

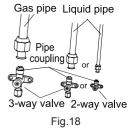
Be sure to connect the gas pipe after connecting the liquid pipe completely.

4.3.4 Connecting the Pipe at the Outdoor Side Unit

Tighten the flare nut of the connection pipe at the outdoor unit valve connector. The tightening method is the same as that as at the indoor side.

4.3.5 Checking the Pipe Connections for Gas Leaking For both indoor and outdoor unit side, check the joints for gas leaking by the use of a gas leakage detector without fail when the pipes are connected.

4.3.6 Heat Insulation on the Pipe Joints (Indoor Side Only)
Stick coupler heat insulation (large and small) to the place where connecting pipes.



14

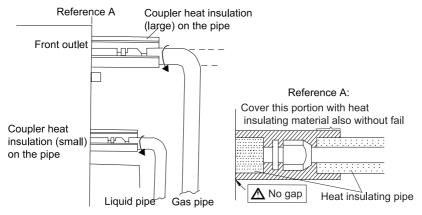


Fig.19

4.3.7 Liquid Pipe and Drain Pipe

If the outdoor unit is installed lower than the indoor unit (See Fig.20)

- (1). A drain pipe should be above ground and the end of the pipe does not dip into water. All pipes must be restrained to the wall by saddles.
- (2). Taping pipes must be done from bottom to top.
- (3). All pipes are bound together by tape and restrained to wall by saddles.

If the outdoor unit is installed higher than the indoor unit (See Fig.21)

- (1). Taping should be done from lower to the upper part.
- (2). All pipes are bound and taped together and also should be trapped to prevent water from returning to the room (See Fig.49)
- (3). Restraint all pipes to the wall with saddles.

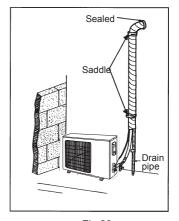


Fig.20

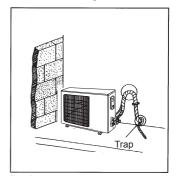


Fig.21

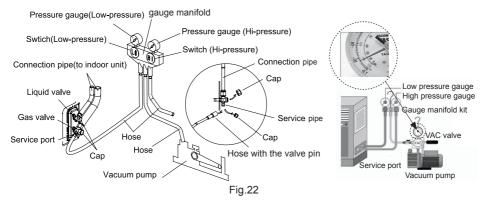
4.4 Vacuum and Gas Leakage Inspection

CAUTION!

Do not purge the air with refrigerants but use a vacuum pump to vacuum the installation! There is no extra refrigerant in the outdoor unit for air purging!

4.4.1 Vacuum

- (1). Remove the caps of the liquid valve, gas valve and also the service port.
- (2). Connect the hose at the low pressure side of the manifold valve assembly to the service port of the unit's gas valve, and meanwhile the gas and liquid valves should be kept closed in case of refrigerant leak.
- (3). Connect the hose used for evacuation to the vacuum pump.
- (4). Open the switch at the lower pressure side of the manifold valve assembly and start the vacuum pump. Meanwhile, the switch at the high pressure side of the manifold valve assembly should be kept closed, otherwise evacuation would fail.
- (5). The evacuation duration depends on the unit's capacity, generally, 20 minutes for the 18K units, 30 minutes for the 36K units, And verify if the pressure gauge at the low pressure side of the manifold valve assembly reads -1.0Mp (-75cmHg), if not, it indicates there is leak somewhere. Then, close the switch fully and then stop the vacuum pump.
- (6). Wait for some time to see if the system pressure can remain unchanged, 5 minutes for the 18K~24K units, 10 minutes for the unit 36k During this time, the reading of the pressure gauge at the low pressure side can not be larger than 0.005Mp (0.38cmHg).
- (7). Slightly open the liquid valve and let some refrigerant go to the connection pipe to balance the pressure inside and outside of the connection pipe, so that air will not come into the connection pipe when removing the hose. Note that the gas and liquid valve can be opened fully only after the manifold valve assembly is removed.
- (8). Place back the caps of the liquid valve, gas valve and also the service port.



Note: For the large-sized unit, it has the service port for both the gas valve and the liquid valve.

During evacuation, it is available to connect two hoses of the manifold valve assembly to two service ports to quicken the evacuating speed.

4.4.2 Additional Charge

Refrigerant suitable for a piping length of 5m is charged in the 18~36K outdoor unit at the factory.

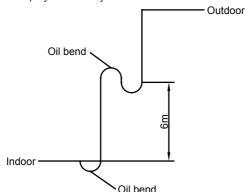
When the piping of 18~36k unit is longer than 7.5m, additional charging is necessary.

For the additional amount, see Table 8.

Table 8

Model	Standard Pipe Length	Unnecessary Charge Pipe Length	Additional Refrigerant Amount for Extra Pipe
18K	5m	≤ 7.5m	30 g/m
24~36K	5m	≤ 7.5m	60 g/m

When the height difference between the indoor unit and outdoor unit is larger than 10 meters, an oil bend should be employed for every 6 meters.



4.5 Installation of the Drain Hose

4.5.1 Installation of Drain Piping

↑ CAUTION!

Install the drain hose in accordance with the instructions in this installation manual and keep the area warm enough to prevent condensation. Problems with the piping may lead to water leaks.

- (1). Install the drain hose with downward gradient (1/50 to 1/100) and no risers or traps are used for the hose.(Fig.23)
- (2). Be sure there is no crack or leak on the drain hose to avoid the formation of air pocket. (Fig.23)
- (3). When the hose is long, install supporters.(Fig.24)
- (4). Always use the drain hose which has been insulated properly.

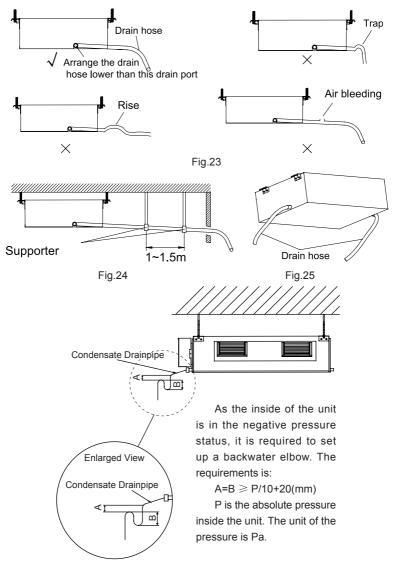


Fig.26

- (5). Use a suitable drain hose, and see Table 3 for its size.
- (6). There is a drain port on both the left and right sides. Select the drain port to match the local conditions.(Fig.25)
- (7). When the unit is shipped from the factory, the drain port is defaulted to be the one on the left side (electric box side), the port on right side has been plugged.
- (8). When using the drain port on the right side of the unit, reinstall the drain cap to the left side drain port.(Fig.27)

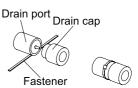
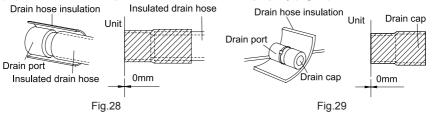


Fig.27

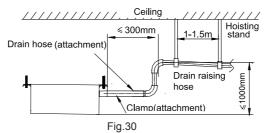
CAUTION!

Always check that the drain cap is installed to the unused drain port and is fastened with the nylon fastener. If the drain cap is not installed, or is not sufficiently fastened by the nylon fastener, water may drip during the cooling operation.

- (9). Be sure to insulate where the drain port and the drain hose is connected. (Fig. 28)
- (10). The unused drain port also should be insulated properly.(Fig.29)



- (11). There is adhesive on one side of the insulation so that after removing the protective paper over it the insulation can be directly attached to the drain hose.
- (12). Considerations for the unit with the condensate pump:
- For the unit with the condensate pump, only one drain port at the side close to the electric box is prepared and only through it the drain hose can be connected.
- ii). See table 3 for the size of the drain port of the unit with the condensate pump, which is different from that of the unit without the condensate pump.
- iii). For the unit with the condensate pump, two drain ports at the bottom are defaulted to be factory plugged with drain caps. After the installation of the drain hose, these two drain ports also need to be insulated properly with the same way aforementioned.
- iv). The drain hose for the unit with the condensate pump should be arranged as shown in the figure below.



a. The vertical height of the drain hose should be 75mm or less so that it is unnecessary for

the drain port to withstand additional force.

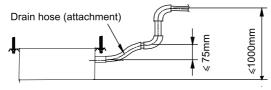


Fig.31

 When multiple drain hoses are used, their installation should be performed as shown in the figure below.

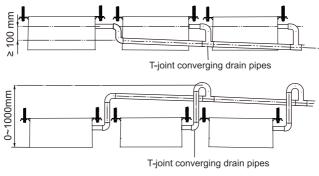


Fig.32

4.5.2 Testing of Drain Piping

After piping work is finished, check if drainage flows smoothly.

As shown in the figure, add approximately 1liter of water slowly into the drain pan and check drainage flow during COOL running.

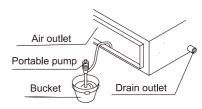


Fig.33

4.6 Installation of the Duct

4.6.1 Dimensions of the Supply Air Outlet/Return Air Inlet

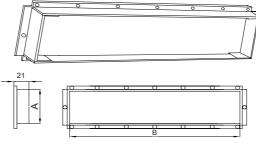


Fig.34 Supply Air Outlet

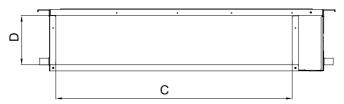


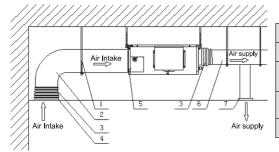
Fig.35 Return Air Inlet

Table 9

Item	Supply A	Supply Air Outlet		Return Air Inlet	
Model	А	В	С	D	
GB-X18SCR	123	736	710	166	
GB-X24SCR	158	818	994	195	
GB-X36SCR	158	818	1000	206	

4.6.2 Installation of the Supply Air Duct

(1). Installation of the Rectangular Duct.



No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Hanger	5	Filter
2	Air Intake Pipe	6	Main Air Supply Pipe
3	Canvas Air Pipe	7	Air Supply Outlet
4	Air Intake		

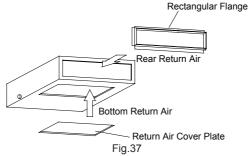
Fig.36

CAUTION!

- $\ \, \textcircled{1}$. The maximum length of the duct means the maximum length of the supply air duct plus the maximum length of the return air duct.
- ② . The duct is rectangular and connected with the air inlet/outlet of the indoor unit. Among all supply air outlets, at least one should be kept open.

Bottom Return Air Installation only for Units 09/12/18K

(2). The default installation location of the rectangular flange is at the back, as shown in Fig.37.



- (3). If the bottom return air is desired, just change the place of the rectangular flange and the return air cover plate.
- (4). Connect one end of the return air duct to the return air outlet of the unit by rivets and the other to the return air louver. For the sake of the convenience to freely adjust the height, a cutting of canvas duct will be helpful, which can be reinforced and folded by 8# iron wire.
- (5). More noise is likely to be produced in the bottom return air mode than the backward return air mode, so it is suggested to install a silencer and a static pressure box to minimize the noise.
- (6). The installation method can be chosen with considering the conditions of the building and maintenance etc., as shown in Fig.38.

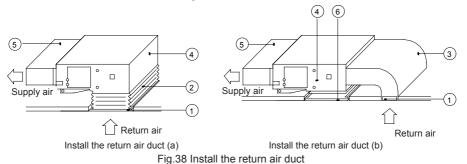


Table 10 Installation of the return air duct

 No.
 Name
 No.
 Name

 1
 Return Air Inlet (with filter)
 4
 Indoor unit

 2
 Canvas Duct
 5
 Supply Air Duct

 3
 Return Air Duct
 6
 Grille

4.7 Electrical Wiring

4.7.1 Wiring Precautions

★ WARNING!

- ① . Before obtaining access to terminals, all supply circuits must be disconnected.
- 2. The rated voltage of the unit is as shown as table 4 and Table 5
- ③ . Before turning on, verify that the voltage is within the 198~264V range(for single phrase unit)
- ④. Always use a special branch circuit and install a special receptacle to supply power to the air conditioner.
- ⑤. Use a special branch circuit breaker and receptacle matched to the capacity of the air conditioner.
- ⑥. The special branch circuit breaker is installed in the permanent wiring. Always use a circuit that can trip all the poles of the wiring and has an isolation distance of at least 3mm between the contacts of each pole.
- ① . Perform wiring work in accordance with standards so that the air conditioner can be operated safely and positively.
- ®. Install a leakage special branch circuit breaker in accordance with the related laws and regulations and electric company standards.

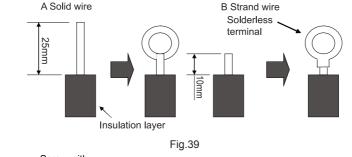
CAUTION !

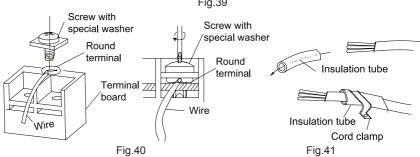
- ① . The power source capacity must be the sum of the air conditioner current and the current of other electrical appliances. When the current contracted capacity is insufficient, change the contracted capacity.
- When the voltage is low and the air conditioner is difficult to start, contact the power company to raise the voltage.

4.7.2 Electrical Wiring

- (1). For solid core wiring (Fig.39)
- i). Cut the wire end with a wire cutter or wire-cutting pliers, then strip the insulation about 25 mm (15/16").
- ii). Using a screwdriver, remove the terminal screw(s) on the terminal board.
- iii). Using pliers, bend the solid wire to form a loop suitable for the terminal screw.
- iv). Shape the loop wire properly, place it on the terminal board and tighten securely with the terminal screw using a screwdriver.
- (2). For strand wiring (Fig.39)
- i). Cut the wire end with a wire cutter or wire-cutting pliers, then strip the insulation about 10 mm (3/8").

- ii). Using a screwdriver, remove the terminal screw (s) on the terminal board.
- iii). Using a round terminal fastener or pliers, securely clamp a round terminal to each stripped wire end.
- iv). Position the round terminal wire, and replace and tighten the terminal screw with a screwdriver.(Fig.40)



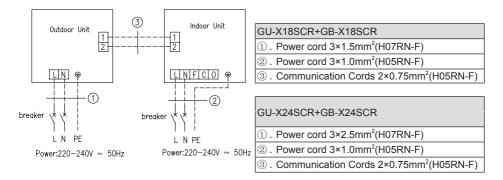


(3). How to fix connection cord and power cord by cord clamp
After passing the connection cord and power cord through the insulation tube, fasten it with the
cord clamp.(Fig.41)

↑ WARNING!

- Before starting work, check that power is not being supplied to the indoor unit and outdoor unit.
- ② . Match the terminal block numbers and connection cord colors with those of the indoor unit side.
- ③ . Erroneous wiring may cause burning of the electric parts.
- ④. Connect the connection cords firmly to the terminal block. Imperfect installation may cause a fire.
- Always fasten the outside covering of the connection cord with cord clamps. (If the insulator is not clamped, electric leakage may occur.)
- Always connect the ground wire.

(4). Electric wiring between the indoor and outdoor units Single-phase units (18K~24K)



Single-phase units (36K)

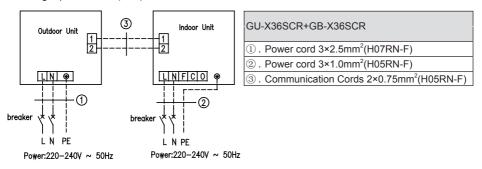
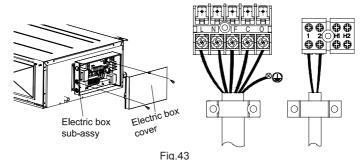


Fig.42

(5). Electric wiring of indoor unit side

Remove the electric box cover from the electric box sub-assy and then connect the wire.



The F, C, O connect to the COMMOM, CLOSE and OPEN terminal of the fresh air valve respectively.

↑ CAUTION!

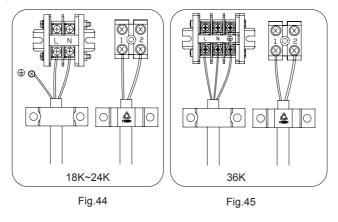
- The power cord and the wire of the fresh air valve are high-voltage, while the communication cord and connection wire of the wired controller are low-voltage. They should run separately against electromagnetic interference.
- ② . The high-voltage and low-voltage lines should pass through the rubber rings at different electric box covers.
- ③ . Do not bundle the connection wire of the wired controller and the communication cord together, or arrange them in parallel, otherwise improper operation would occur.
- ④ . The high-voltage and low-voltage lines should be fixed separately and securely, with internal big clamps for the former and small clamps for the latter.
- ⑤ . Tighten the indoor/outdoor connection cord and power cord respectively on the terminal boards with screws. Faulty connection may cause a fire.
- ⑥ . If the indoor unit connection cord (to the outdoor unit) and power supply are wired incorrectly, the air conditioner may be damaged.
- Tonnect the indoor unit connection cord properly based on the corresponding marks as shown in Fig.42.
- (8). Ground both the indoor and outdoor units by attaching a ground wire.
- Unit shall be grounded in compliance with the applicable local and national codes.

(6). Electric wiring of outdoor unit side

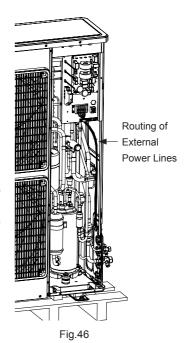
Note: When connecting the power supply cord, make sure that the phase of the power supply matches with the exact terminal board. If not, the compressor will rotate reversely and run improperly.

Remove the big handle of the outdoor unit and insert the end of the communication cord and the power cable into the terminal board.

Single phase:



Power lines should go along the right side plate and be fixed to the fixation hook with binding wires to keep no contact with pipelines. Communication lines between indoor and outdoor units also should go along the right side plate and keep away from power lines.



5 Installation of Controllers

Refer to the Installation Manual of the controller for more details.

6 Test Running

6.1 Trial Operation and Testing

(1). The meaning of error codes as shown below:

Table 11

Number	Error code	Error	Remarks
1	E1	Compressor high pressure protection	
2	E2	Indoor anti-freeze protection	
3	E3	Compressor low pressure protection, refrigerant lack	
	E3	protection and refrigerant colleting mode	
4	E4	Compressor high discharge temperature protection	
5	E6	Communication error	
6	E8	Indoor fan motor error	
7	E9	Full water protection	
8	F0	Indoor ambient temperature sensor error	
9	F1	Evaporator temperature sensor error	
10	F2	Condenser temperature sensor error	
11	F3	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor error	
12	F4	Discharge temperature sensor error	
13	F5	Temperature sensor error of wired controller	
15	C5	Capacity code error	
16	EE	Outdoor memory chip error	
17	PF	Electric box sensor error	
18	H3	Compressor overload protection	
19	H4	Overloading	
20	H5	IPM protection	
21	H6	DC fan motor error	
22	H7	Drive desynchronizing protection	
23	Hc	Pfc protection	
25	Lc	Activation failure	
26	Ld	Compressor phase sequence protection	
27	LE	Compressor stalling protection	
28	LF	Power protection	
29	Lp	Indoor and outdoor mismatch	
30	U7	4-way valve direction changing protection	
31	P0	Drive reset protection	
32	P5	Over-current protection	
33	P6	Communication error between main control and drive	
34	P7	Drive module sensor error	
35	P8	Drive module over temperature protection	
36	P9	Zero passage protection	
37	PA	AC current protection	

38	Pc	Drive current error	
39	Pd	Sensor connecting protection	
40	PE	Temperature drift protection	
41	PL	Bus low voltage protection	
42	PH	Bus high voltage protection	
43	PU	Charge loop error	
44	PP	Input voltage abnormality	
45	ee	Drive memory chip error	

Note: When the unit is connected with the wired controller, the error code will be simultaneously shown on it.

(2). Instructions to the Error Indicating Lamps on the Panel of the Duct Type Unit.

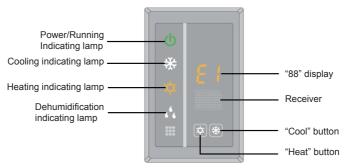


Fig.47

6.2. Working Temperature Range

Table 12

Test Condition	Indoor Side		Outdoor Side	
rest Condition	DB(°C)	WB(°C)	DB(°C)	WB(°C)
Nominal Cooling	27	19	35	24
Nominal Heating	20	-	7	6
Rated Cooling	32	23	48	_
Low Temp. Cooling	21	15	-15	_
Rated Heating	27	_	24	18
Low Temp. Heating	20	-	-10	-11

Note:

- ①. The air volume is measured at the relevant standard external static pressure.
- ②. Cooling (heating) capacity stated above is measured under nominal working conditions corresponding to standard external static pressure. The parameters are subject to change with the improvement of products, in which case the values on nameplate shall prevail.
- ③ . In this table, there are two outside DB values under the low temp cooling conditions, and the one in the brackets is for the unit which can operate at extreme low temperature.

7 Unit Function

7.1 Setting of Double Indoor Room Sensors

This series of ducted air-conditioning unit has two indoor room sensors. One is located at the air intake of the indoor unit and the other one is located inside the wire controller.

User can select one from the two indoor room sensors on the basis of the engineering requirement.

(Refer to the section of wire controller instructions for detailed operation.)

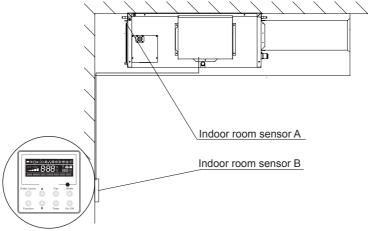


Fig.48

7.2 Checking of Outdoor Ambient Temperature

The outdoor ambient temperature can be checked on the wire controller for the convenience of users before going out. (Refer to the section of wire controller instructions for detailed operation.)

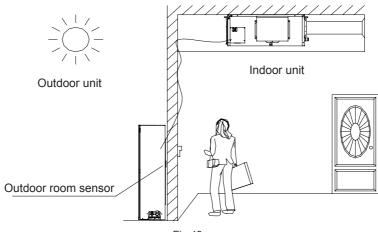


Fig.49

7.3 Fresh Air Control

11-levels control can be realized for the amount of fresh air taken in. The function not only facilitates the health of users, but also controls the electricity consumption loss because of taking in fresh air. This kind of control can be carried out through the wire controller. The function can set at any time, goes into effect at any time, and features very simple operation. (Refer to the section of wire controller instructions for detailed operation.)

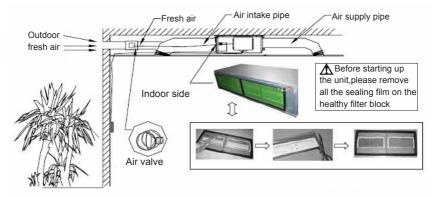


Fig.50

8 Troubleshooting and Maintenance

8.1 Troubleshooting

If your air-conditioning unit suffers from abnormal operation or failure, please first check the following points before repair:

Failure	Possible Reasons		
	① . The power supply is not connected.		
	$\ensuremath{@}\xspace$. Electrical leakage of air-conditioning unit causes tripping of the leakage		
The unit cannot be started.	switch.		
	③ . The operating keys are locked.		
	④ . The control loop has failure.		
	① . There is obstacle in front of the condenser.		
The unit operates for a	② . The control loop is abnormal.		
while and then stops.	$\ensuremath{\Im}$. Cooling operation is selected when the outdoor ambient temperature is		
	above 48°C.		
	① . The air filter is dirty or blocked.		
	② . There is heat source or too many people inside the room.		
	③ . The door or window is open.		
Poor cooling effect.	④ . There is obstacle at the air intake or outlet.		
	⑤ . The set temperature is too high.		
	⑥ . There is refrigerant leakage.		
	$\ensuremath{{\mbox{${\mathcal T}$}}}$. The performance of room temperature sensor becomes worse		
	① . The air filter is dirty or blocked.		
	② . The door or window is not firmly closed.		
Poor heating effect	$\ensuremath{\Im}$. The set room temperature is too low .		
1 001 Heating effect	④ . There is refrigerant leakage.		
	⑤ . The outdoor ambient temperature is lower than -5°C.		
	⑥ . Control loop is abnormal.		

After carrying out the check of the above items and taking relevant measures to solve the problems found but the air-conditioning unit still does not function well, please stop the operation of the unit immediately and contact the local service agency designated by SHARP. Only ask professional serviceman to check and repair the unit.

8.2 Routine Maintenance

Only a qualified service person is allowed to perform maintenance.

Before accessing to terminal devices, all power supply circuits must be disconnected.

Do not use water or air of 50°C or higher for cleaning air filters and outside panels.

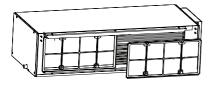
Note:

- ①. Do not operate the air conditioner with the filter uninstalled, otherwise dust would come into the unit.
- ②. Do not remove the air filter except for cleaning. Unnecessary handling may damage the filter.
- ③. Do not clean the unit with gasolene, benzene, thinner, polishing powder or liquid insecticide,

otherwise it would cause discoloration and deformation of the unit.

- ④ . Do not wet the indoor unit in case of electric shock or fire hazard. Increase the frequency of cleaning if the unit is installed in a room where the air is extremely contaminated.(As a yardstick for yourself, consider cleaning the filter once a half year.)
 If dirt becomes impossible to clean, change the air filter. (Air filter for exchange is optional.)
 - i). Removing the air filter from the duct.
 - ii). Cleaning the air filter

Remove dust from the air filter using a vacuum cleaner and gently rinse them in cool water. Do not use detergent or hot water to avoid filter shrinking or deformation. After cleaning dry them in the shade.



iii). Replacing the air filter Reinstall the filter as before. Press the return air inlet filter downward against the guide groove sponge and take it off along the arrow direction. There are two return air inlet filters.



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