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### Understanding IPSec IKEv2 negotiation on Wireshark



on 22-Jul-2019 05:08

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# 1 The Big Picture

There are just 4 messages:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	SrcPrt	DstPrt	Info	
	1 2018-07-13 17:39:28.056343	172.16.13.1	172.16.11.1	500	500	IN	s1/tmm0 : IKE_SA_INIT MID=00 Initiator Request
	2 2018-07-13 17:39:28.089963	172.16.11.1	172.16.13.1	500	500	IN	s1/tmm0 : IKE_SA_INIT MID=00 Responder Response
	3 2018-07-13 17:39:28.171021	172.16.13.1	172.16.11.1	500	500	IN	s1/tmm0 : IKE_AUTH MID=01 Initiator Request
	4 2018-07-13 17:39:28.217594	172.16.11.1	172.16.13.1	500	500	IN	s1/tmm0 : IKE_AUTH MID=01 Responder Response

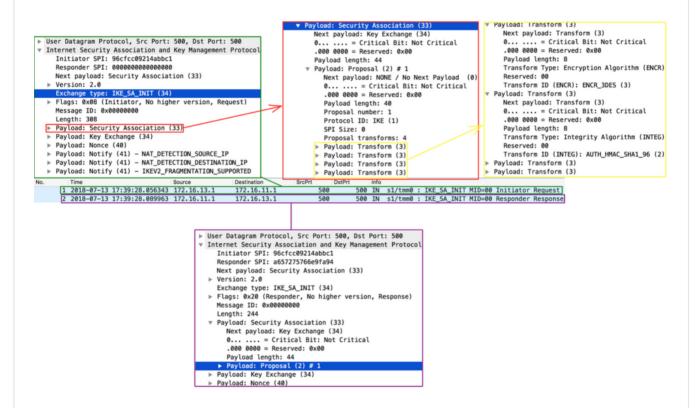
#### Summary:

- IKE\_SA\_INIT: negotiate security parameters to protect the next 2 messages (IKE\_AUTH)
- Also creates a seed key (known as SKEYSEED) where further keys are produced:
- SK\_e (encryption): computed for each direction (one for outbound and one for inbound) to encrypt IKE\_AUTH messages
- SK\_a (authentication): computed for each direction (one for outbound and one for inbound) to hash (using HMAC) IKE\_AUTH messages

- SK\_d (derivation): handed to IPSec to generate encryption and optionally authentication keys for production traffic
- IKE\_AUTH: negotiates security parameters to protect production traffic (CHILD\_SA)
- More specifically, the IPSec protocol used (ESP or AH typically ESP as AH doesn't support encryption), the Encryption algorithm (AES128? AES256?) and Authentication algorithm (HMAC\_SHA256? HMAC\_SHA384?).

# 2 IKE\_SA\_INIT

First the Initiator sends a **Security Association** —> **Proposal** —> **Transform**, **Transform**... payloads which contains the required security settings to protect **IKE\_AUTH** phase as well as to generate the seed key (**SK\_d**) for production traffic (child SA):

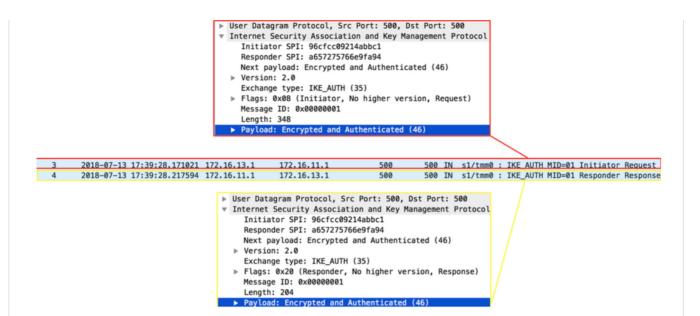


In this case here the Initiator only sent one option for Encryption, Integrity, Pseudo-Random Function (PRF) and Diffie Hellman group so there are only 4 corresponding transforms but there could be more.

Responder picked the 4 available security options also confirmed in **Security Association** — > **Proposal** —> **Transform**, **Transform**... payloads as seen above.

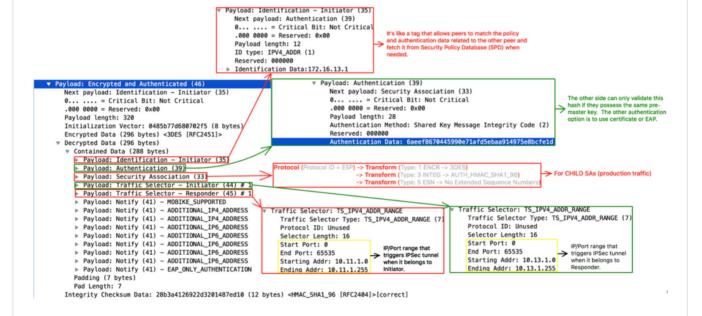
# 3 IKE\_AUTH

These are immediately applied to next 2 **IKE\_AUTH** messages as seen below:



The above payload is Encrypted using SK\_e and Integrity-protected using SK\_a (these keys are different for each direction).

The first **IKE\_AUTH** message negotiates the security parameters for production traffic (child SAs), authenticates each side and informs what is the source/destination IP/Port that is supposed to go through IPSec tunnel:



Now, last **IKE\_AUTH** message sent by Responder confirms which security parameters it picked (**Security Association** message), repeats the same **Traffic Selector** messages (if correctly configured) and sends hash of message using pre-master key (**Authentication** message)

#### Payload: Encrypted and Authenticated (46) Next payload: Identification - Responder (36) 0... = Critical Bit: Not Critical .000 0000 = Reserved: 0x00Payload length: 176 Initialization Vector: 446a9a7ff75ede1e (8 bytes) Encrypted Data (152 bytes) <3DES [RFC2451]> ▼ Decrypted Data (152 bytes) ▼ Contained Data (148 bytes) ▶ Payload: Identification - Responder (36) Payload: Notify (41) - INITIAL\_CONTACT ▶ Payload: Authentication (39) ▶ Payload: Security Association (33) ▶ Payload: Traffic Selector - Initiator (44) # 1 ▶ Payload: Traffic Selector - Responder (45) # 1 ▶ Payload: Notify (41) - SET\_WINDOW\_SIZE Padding (3 bytes) Pad Length: 3 Integrity Checksum Data: 95a619280e2845e820bd0aca (12 bytes) <HMAC\_SHA1\_96 [RFC2404]>[correct]

Note that I highlighted 2 Notify messages.

The **INITIAL\_CONTACT** signals to Initiator that this is the only IKE\_SA currently active between these peers and if there is any other IKE\_SA it should be terminated in favour of this one.

The **SET\_WINDOW\_SIZE** is a flow control mechanism introduced in IKEv2 that allows the other side to send as many outstanding requests as the other peer wants within the window size without receiving any message acknowledging the receipt.

From now on, if additional CHILD\_SAs are needed, a message called **CREATE\_CHILD\_SA** can be used to establish additional CHILD\_SAs

It can also be used to rekey **IKE\_SA** where **Notification** payload is sent of type **REKEY\_SA** followed by **CREATE\_CHILD\_SA** with new key information so new SA is established and old one is subsequently deleted.

#### Security





### Version history

Last update:

22-Jul-2019 05:08

**Updated by:** 

Rodrigo\_Albuque

#### **Contributors**





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