

# ARABIC AUTOCOMPLETE SYSTEM

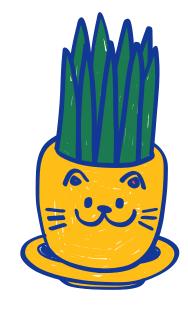


Natural Language Processing Project

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## Project Over view

This project focuses on developing an intelligent Arabic autocomplete system that predicts the next word in a sentence based on user input, aiming to enhance typing efficiency and support Arabic language users. Given Arabic's complex morphology and limited availability of high-quality autocomplete tools, this project leverages the Sanad Arabic text dataset to train an n-gram-based language model capable of understanding and completing user queries. The approach involves preprocessing and tokenizing Arabic text, constructing unigram to trigram models, and optimizing the system to provide real-time,

accurate word suggestions.

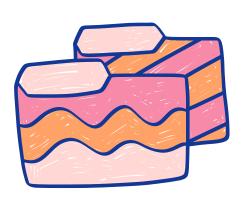


#### Tools and Libraries Used:-

- Programming Language: Python
- Libraries:
  - Transformers: Hugging Face for model and tokenizer.
  - PyTorch: Model training and inference.
  - NumPy: Numerical computations.
  - NLTK: BLEU score calculation.
- Environment: Google Colab.
- Model: AraGPT2 (pre-trained, fine-tuned).



# Dataset(SANAD):-



- Source: SANAD (Single-label Arabic News Articles Dataset).
- Description: Collection of Arabic news articles, suitable for language modeling contains seven categories [Culture, Finance, Medical, Politics, Religion, Sports and Tech], SANAD contains a total number of 190k+ articles.
- · Total number of articles: 190k+ articles.

# Preprocessing:-

- Text Cleaning:
  - Remove URLs and non-Arabic characters.
  - Normalize whitespace.
- Arabic Normalization:
  - Standardize alef variants.
  - Remove diacritics (e.g., fatha, kasra)
- Sentence Validation:
  - Ensure sentences are 3–50 words long.
  - Exclude sentences with only punctuation or low word diversity.
- Tokenization: AraGPT2 tokenizer for input IDs and attention masks.



#### Model Architecture:-



- Base Model: AraGPT2 (Arabic GPT-2 variant).
- Train and test subset:
  - Train: 20% randomly choosed from each category.
  - Test: 5% randomly choosed from each category.

## Training Procedures:-



#### Training Arguments:

- num\_train\_epochs=2: Model trains over the dataset twice.
- per\_device\_train\_batch\_size=2 with gradient\_accumulation\_steps=4:
  Effective batch size = 8.
- save\_steps=1000: Save checkpoints every 1000 steps.
- save\_total\_limit=3: Keeps only the latest 3 checkpoints.
- fp16=True: Enables faster training using half-precision.
- learning\_rate=2e-5: Optimized for fine-tuning stability.

### Results:

- Evaluation Metrics (2,660 test samples):
  - Word-Level Accuracy: 31.24% (exact match).
  - Top-3 Accuracy: 44.89% (target in top-3 suggestions).
  - Character-Level Accuracy: 38.42%.
  - Average BLEU Score: 0.3232 (n-gram similarity).



# Further Improvements:

#### •Extended Training:

- Increase epochs beyond 2 to reduce training loss (from 7.997).
- Use learning rate scheduling to stabilize convergence.

#### •Data Augmentation:

 Incorporate diverse Arabic corpora (e.g., social media, literature) to improve robustness.

• Generate synthetic prompt-target pairs for underrepresented contexts.

# THANK