## Event Analysis: Blocked Website Access Attempt

These analysed events occurred when a website specified by a Suricata rule was accessed, in this case Facebook.

Information captured by Suricata is fairly similar to the firewall event information with a few differences. The Destination Port field in Suricata shows 53 instead of 443, which is used for DNS requests. The Suricata rule monitors both DNS and TLS requests for Facebook rather than HTTP/HTTPS. It also includes the additional field "data.flow.bytes" for the server and the client, describing the movement of data in bytes, which the firewall events lack. There are also various DNS-specific flags, describing the version and the name of the requested domain.

```
data.dns.answer.rcode
                           NOERROR
  data.dns.answer.rd
                           true
 data.dns.answer.rrname
                           facebook.com
t data.dns.answer.rrtype
                           HTTPS
t data.dns.answer.type
                           answer
 data.dns.answer.version
                           2
t data.dns.version
t data.event_type
                           alert
 data.flow.bytes_toclient 2702
t data.flow.bytes_toserver 1689
t data.flow.dest_ip
                           fe80:0000:0000:0000:0670:56ff:fe56:d899
  data.flow.dest_port
                           53
```

Figure 1: Some Important Suricata Fields