## Lab 2





- Using vi write your CV in the file mycv. Your CV should include your name, age, school, college, experience,...
- 2. Open mycv file using vi command then: (Without using arrows state how to)
- Move the cursor down one line at time.
- 4. Move the cursor up one line at time.
- 5. Search for word age
- 6. Step to line 5 (assuming that you are in line 1 and file is more than 5 lines).
- 7. Delete the line you are on and line 5.
- 8. How to step to the end of line and change to writing mode in one-step.
- 9. Create a user account with the following attribute
  - username: islam
  - Fullname: Islam Askar
  - Password: islam
- 10. Create a user account with the following attribute
  - Username: baduser
  - Full name: Bad User
  - Password: baduser
- 11. Create a supplementary (Secondary) group called pgroup with group ID of 30000
- 12. Create a supplementary group called badgroup
- 13. Add islam user to the pgroup group as a supplementary group
- 14. Modify the password of islam's account to password
- 15. Modify islam's account so the password expires after 30 days
- 16.Lock bad user account so he can't log in
- 17. Delete bad user account
- 18. Delete the supplementary group called badgroup.
- 19. Which file system has the most free disk space on your machine
- 20. Which top level directory n / uses the most space on your machine
- 21. Which top level directory in /home uses the least space on your machine.
- 22.Launch nautilus
- 23. Create a folder called myteam
- 24. Change its permissions to read only for the owner.







- 25.Log out and log in by another user
- 26. Try to access the folder
- 27. Using the command Line
- 28. Change the permissions of mycv file to give owner read and write permissions and for group write and execute and execute only for the others (using chmod in 2 different ways )
- 29. Change your default permissions to be as above.
- 30. What is the maximum permission a file can have, by default when it is just created? And what is that for directory.
- 31. Change your default permissions to be no permission to everyone then create a directory and a file to verify.
- 32. Copy a file from another user to your home directory. Note the permissions allowed to you before and after. Specify why?
- 33. What are the minimum permission needed for :
- 34. Copy a directory (source and target)
- 35. Copy a file (source and target)
- 36.Delete a file
- 37. Change to a directory
- 38.List a directory content
- 39. View a file content
- 40. Modify a file content
- 41. Create a file with permission 444. Try to edit in it and to remove it? Note what happened. (notice write protection in Linux)
- 42. What is the difference between the "x" permission for a file and for a directory
- 43. Copy the rm program to your home directory, naming it myrm, grant set-uid permission, what happens if one of the users starts your ~username/myrm to edit one of your own files?
- 44. What is the difference between the set-uid and set-gid?
- 45. Create a directory with sticky-bit and write permissions on, grant all the users to access the directory, will any user be able to create and delete files from the directory?
- 46.Create a directory with set-gid permission, what do you notice when you deate a new file or a directory?

