## **DMDII ASSIGMENT I**

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#### BS18-01

Spring 2020

# Introduction

For this assignment I used the following environment:

- 1. PostgreSQL launched via Docker
- 2. MongoDB cloud database service Atlas
- 3. Python 3.7

### Transfering data from SQL to NoSQL

- 1. Establishing connections to MongoDB and PostgreSQL
- 2. Get data from postgres in JSON format

```
SELECT row_to_json(t) FROM <table_name> t;
```

3. Just insert JSON one by one

Later I unserstand that I am able to use function <code>insert\_many</code>, but it was too late 😅

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#### Queries

Every MongoDB request needs function **aggregate**. Also, when we call the function, we need to provide **pipeline** argument. Also, sometimes I use python tools to get answer quickier.

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### Query I

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Main idea is:

1. Get info about customer with all ids of inventory items they ever get

```
Format:

_id: customer id

count: # of rentals

in_ids: list of

inventory item id

rental year
```

- 2. Retrieve information about categories for films
- 3. Join everything, in case to get needed information

#### Query II

Main idea is:

- 1. Get information from collection film\_actor, grouped by actor\_id
- 2. Get information from collection **film\_actor**, grouped by *film\_id*
- 3. Go trough all actors crossed with all actors and find if they were in the same film
- 4. Calculate needed data during 3rd step

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## Query III

Main idea is:

- 1. Get information from collections **inventory** and **rental**, grouped by *film\_id*
- 2. Get information from collections **category** and **film\_category**, to get info about category of a particular film
- 3. Cross every thing, then calculate

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## Query IV

Main idea is:

- 1. Get info about films, that customers take from stores
- 2. Get info about fit\_rate between two people

$$\begin{split} &\text{fit\_rate}_{A,B} = 1 - \text{len}(\{\text{'films, watched by A'}\} - \\ &\text{\{'films, watched by B'\}}) \text{len}(\{\text{'films, watched by A'}\}) \end{split}$$

- Shortly say, fit\_rate means how much B in fit with A in their taste of films
- 3. Add to possibly suggested films {'films, watched by B'}-{'films, watched by A'}
- 4. Rerate everything there by formula

 $film\ rate=film\_rate+fit\_rate_{A,B}2$ 

- 5. Sort
- 6. Return 10 best films for suggesting

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## Query V

Main idea is:

- 1. Use *output from second query* as weights for graph
- 2. Just find length of the path between our **actor1** and every other actor

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## **Components diagram**

## Conclusion

NoSQL databases are the best tools for databasing. MongoDB, I choose you.

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