

Linneuniversitetet

Kalmar Växjö

Programming for Web 2.0

Final documentation

Star Wars Timeline
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Introduction

The final project of Programming for Web 2.0 is a scrollable timeline with content of our choice. We decided to display all "Star Wars" movies in a scroll view. For each movie facts like description, title, release date, trailer, title picture, etc. are shown.

An admin can login to the dashboard via the login-page. There it is possible to create new movies and to edit or delete existing ones.

The project includes creating the server side and the client side software using a Javabased application server.

A screencast of the program can be found at YouTube¹, the source code is public at Github².

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¹ https://youtu.be/MghPEZ6xmxY

² https://github.com/MaJaLNU/Timeline

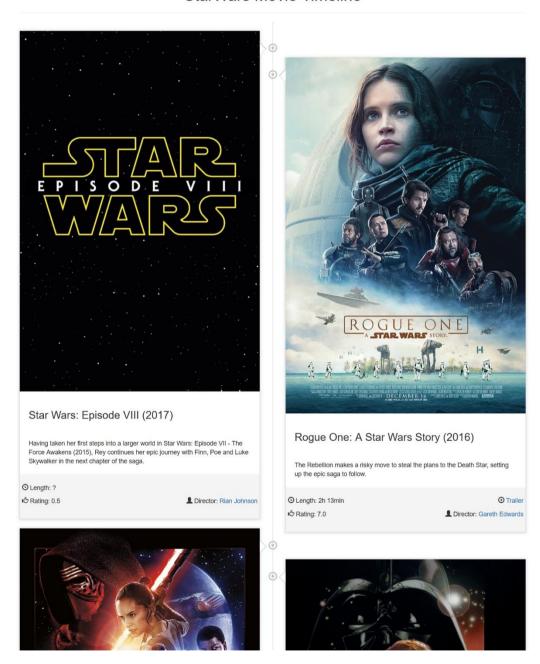
1 Usage

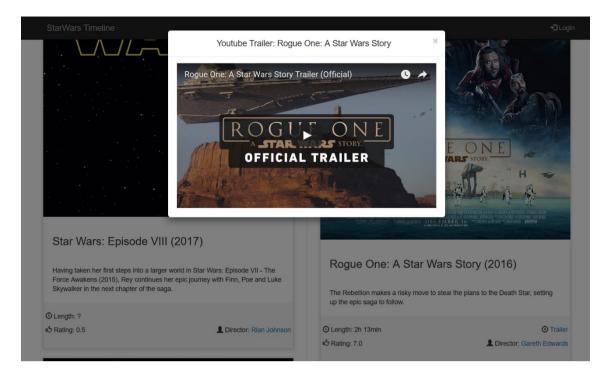
1.1 Landing Page

The landing page of the StarWars Timeline shows the existing Star Wars movies with image, title, description, length, rating, director (linking to a Google search about the director) and a trailer from YouTube (embedded in the website). The movies are sorted by publishing date, the date can additionally be seen with a mouse-over on the central time line.

StarWars Timeline • Login

StarWars Movie Timeline





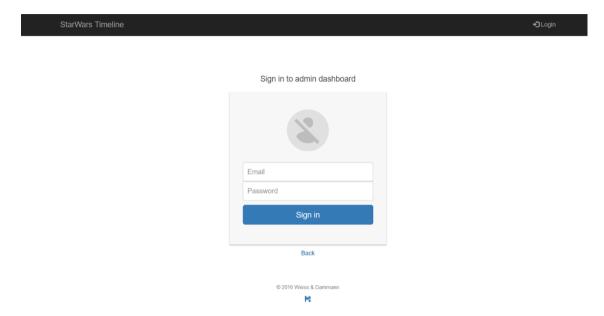
Clicking on a trailer link below one of the movie entries, a pop-up opens ontop of the current screen, showing the title of the movie and the embedded YouTube video. The background is darkened slightly to highlight the video. The trailer can be exited with the X in the right top corner or with a click besides the pop-up.

In the top right corner of the landing page is a link to the login screen (see 1.2). When already logged in, it changes to offer the logout.

The top left corner always links to the landing page.

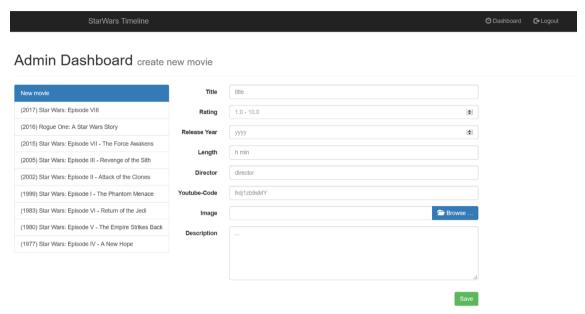
1.2 Admin access

The admin access is kept simple: A form to enter email and password is provided to login to the dashboard where movies shown in the timeline can be edited. The back button links to the landing page. All administrators emails and passwords are stored in the database. If the email or password doesn't match, an error message will be shown.

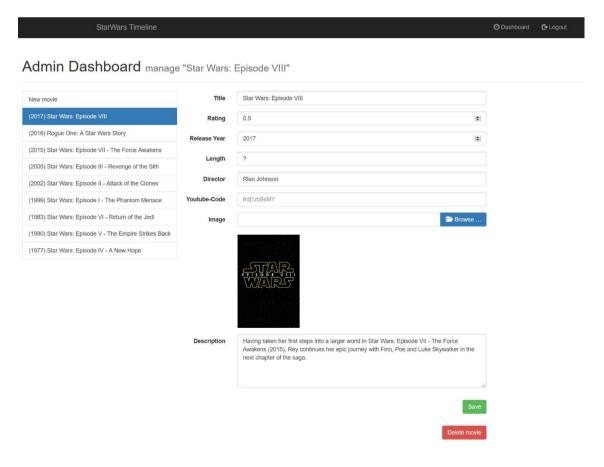


1.3 Dashboard

The dashboard offers two options: Creating a new movie or editing an existing one. When logging in, the login screen automatically directs to the dashboard, showing an empty form for a new movie. The form elements provide placeholders to indicate the correct input, on "Save" the input is validated additionally.



When choosing an already existing movie from the list on the left, its entries are loaded into the form. The user can edit the movie details and save with the "Save" button or delete the complete entry with "Delete". On save, the input is validated again. When editing or deleting a movie, after the save/ delete click the dashboard gets reloaded.



2 Technologies

2.1 Frontend

Our frontend is created with Java Server Pages with JSP Standard Tag Library (JSTL) and the design will be adjusted using CSS and Twitter Bootstrap and JavaScript, including jQuery.

We provide three different web pages:

- Homepage (Timeline) (see 1.1)
 - o Showing the timeline including the Star Wars movies
 - Accessible for all users
- Login (see 1.2)
 - o Showing a login form
 - o Lets users saved in the database login and access Dashboard afterwards
 - o Accessible for all users
- Dashboard (see 1.3)
 - The content management dashboard for administrator, showing currently stored Star Wars movies
 - Shows list of all stored movies and allows to create new one, alter existing ones or even delete them
 - o Accessible for logged in administrators

2.1.1 Use Cases

There are six main Use Cases, shown in realtion to the user in the Figure 1 Use Cases within the application. Details in the following paragraphbelow. They are described in more detail in the subsections below.

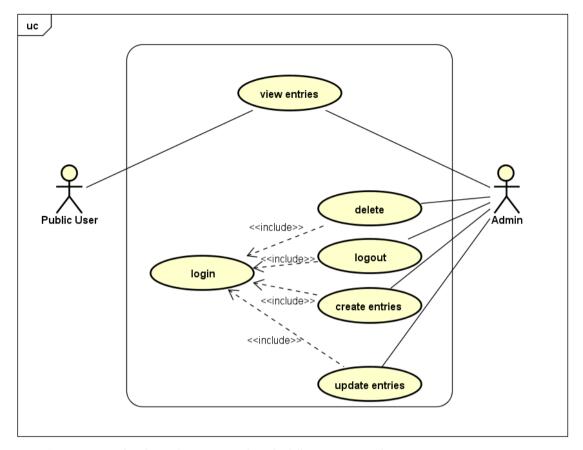


Figure 1 Use Cases within the application. Details in the following paragraph

2.1.1.1 Admin Interface

Use Cases within the timeline, done from the Administrator and/ or from the dashboard.

Name	D1: create new movie	
User	Administrator	
Prerequirement	Administrator is logged in and viewing	
	the Dashboard	
Steps	1. Administrator clicks on 'New	
	Movie' in the list on the left	
	2. An empty form is shown to enter	
	the movie data	
	3. Administrator fills in the form	
	and clicks 'Save' to save movie	
	4. The movie gets stored in the	
	database	
Special cases	If there are fields not filled or filled	
	wrongly (checking data type) an error	
	will be shown and the movie not saved in	
	the database	
Postcondition	The movie is now stored in the database	
	and will be shown on the public user	
	interface, the timeline. After submitting a	

new movie the site reloads, listing the
movie in the list on the left

Name	D2: edit existing movie	
User	Administrator	
Prerequirement	Administrator is logged in and viewing	
	the Dashboard	
Steps	Administrator clicks on a stored	
	movie in the list on the left	
	2. A form is shown with the	
	currently stored information	
	about the movie	
	3. Administrator does changes	
	within the form and clicks 'Save'	
	to save movie	
	4. The movie gets edited in the	
	database	
Special cases	If there are fields not filled or filled	
	wrongly (checking data type) an error	
	will be shown and the movie not edited in	
	the database	
Postcondition	The movie is now updated in the database	
	and will be shown like this on the public	
	user interface, the timeline. After editing	
	a movie the site reloads	

Name	D3: delete existing movie
User	Administrator
Prerequirement	Administrator is logged in and viewing
	the Dashboard
Steps	5. Administrator clicks on a stored
	movie in the list on the left
	6. A form is shown with the
	currently stored information
	about the movie
	7. Administrator clicks on 'Delete'
	underneath the form
	8. A pop-up asks to confirm the
	deletion, on confirmation
	9. The movie gets deleted in the
	database

Special cases	The Administrator cancels from the
	confirmation-dialogue and the movie will
	not be deleted
Postcondition	The movie is now deleted from the
	database and will not be shown on the
	public user interface, the timeline,
	anymore. After deleting a movie the site
	reloads, not listing the movie in the list
	on the left anymore

Name	D4: Logout	
User	Administrator	
Prerequirement	Administrator is logged in	
Steps	 10. Administrator clicks on 'Logout' in the top-bar on any site within the timeline website 11. The administrator will be logged out. 	
Special cases	-	
Postcondition	The administrator is logged out and can't	
	watch the dashboard anymore. The public	
	user interface, the timeline, will load	

Name	D5: Login
User	Administrator
Prerequirement	Administrator is not logged in
Steps	12. Administrator clicks on 'Login'
	in the top-bar on the public user
	interface, the timeline
	13. A new website loads, holding a
	login-form
	14. Administrator enters his email
	address and password
	15. Administrator clicks on 'Login'
	underneath the form
	16. Server checks input against
	database, the administrator gets
	logged-in with session attribute
Special cases	If the login credentials are wrong, an
	error is shown and the administrator does
	not get logged in

Postcondition	The administrator is logged in and gets
	redirected to the dashboard

2.1.1.2 Public User Interface

Use Case performed by an user from the home page, the time line.

Name	U1: watching trailer	
User	Administrator or public user	
Prerequirement	User is watching the public user	
	interface, the timeline	
Steps	1. User browses through the movies	
	on the timeline	
	2. User clicks on one of the	
	'Trailer' buttons of a movie	
	3. A pop-up opens, holding an	
	embedded YouTube video, the	
	trailer of the movie	
	4. User can click play to watch	
	5. User can click on 'X' or besides	
	pop-up to close the pop-up and	
	stop the video from playing	
Special cases	If there is no video stored for a movie, no	
	video will be shown	
Postcondition	-	

2.2 Backend

We use Spring MVC and Java Server Pages as our backend.

We need two main classes for our content: One for the movies containing all attributes of the movies and one class for the administrators which are allowed to access the dashboard and edit the movie database.



Figure 2 Class diagram

A session manager included in Spring MVC will be used to control the user management. The session manager is used to restrict access to the dashboard to users stored in the database being administrators.

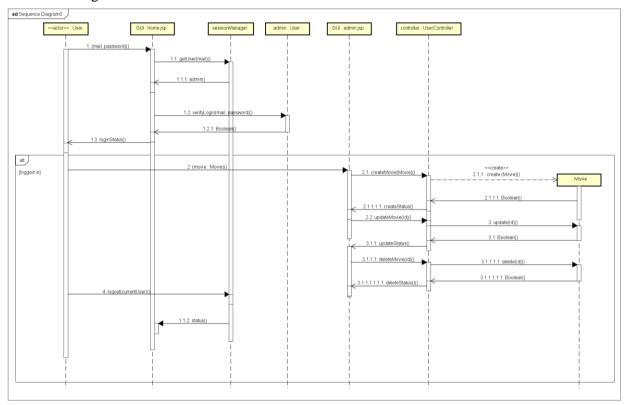


Figure 3 Actions possible to perform within the website. Compare with Figure 1 Use Cases within the application. Details in the following paragraph

2.3 Database

The database holds all data needed to run the Star Wars timeline. Within the project we mainly have the information about the different movies. Additionally we have a user management and save the login information within the database.

As database management system we use MySQL as it is an open-source relational database management system which is a well-known and approved management system and easy to use.

We created two tables: One for the movies and one for the users.

2.3.1 The movie database table

•	id	int
•	title	varchar
•	rating	double
•	releaseDate	varchar
•	director	varchar
•	length	varchar
•	youtubeLink	varchar
•	description	varchar
•	image	longtext

Primary key: id

2.3.2 The user database table

id intemail varcharpassword varchar

Primary key: id

3 Deployment

We used XAMPP to create a local server holding our database. XAMPP provides an phpMyAdmin installation we are using to maintain the database. We provide a SQL document we can use to set up the database including Star Wars movies to easily set up the database from a phpMyAdmin dashboard.

For our server we use Wildfly as a JBoss instance and include it within IntelliJ IDEA which we use as IDE.