

WiFi Penetration Test Checklist

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WiFi Penetration Test Checklist.....	1
Potential Required Tools.....	3
Configuration:.....	4
Monitoring:.....	4
Cracking:.....	4
Network Segmentation and Isolation Checks:.....	4
Encryption and Authentication:.....	5
Access Control and User Management:.....	5
Monitoring and Intrusion Detection:.....	5
Rogue Access Point Detection:.....	5
Firmware and Software Patching:.....	5
Logging and IR:.....	5
References:.....	6

Potential Required Tools

- **aircrack-ng suite** - Tools for monitoring and cracking WiFi networks.
- **hcxtools** - For capturing and converting PMKID hashes.
- **Wireshark** - For capturing and analyzing network traffic.
- **sslstrip** - For redirecting HTTP traffic to HTTPS and capturing credentials.
- **ettercap** - For performing man-in-the-middle attacks on networks.
- **reaver** - For exploiting WPS vulnerabilities on WiFi networks.
- **hashcat** - For cracking hashes efficiently using GPU acceleration.
- **Kismet** - For wireless network detection, sniffing, and intrusion detection.
- **macchanger** - For changing the MAC address of a network interface.
- **nmap** - For network discovery and security auditing.
- **airbase-ng** - For setting up fake access points.
- **tcpdump** - For capturing network packets.
- **cowpatty** - For cracking WPA/WPA2 handshakes using dictionary attacks.
- **wpscrack** - For cracking WPS PINs.

Configuration:

- ☐ View network interface configurations
- ☐ Turn the network interface on/off
- ☐ Restart the network manager
- ☐ Check and set WLAN regulatory domain
- ☐ Adjust wireless interface power

Monitoring:

- ☐ Set wireless interface to monitoring mode
- ☐ Set wireless interface to specific channel in monitoring mode
- ☐ Kill interfering services
- ☐ Set wireless interface back to managed mode
- ☐ Search for WiFi networks in range
- ☐ Install reaver/wash on WiFi Pineapple (not necessary as this is remote)
- ☐ Monitor the network for handshakes/requests

Cracking:

- WPA/WPA2 Handshake:
 - ☐ Monitor network to capture handshake
 - ☐ Deauthenticate clients if necessary
 - ☐ Start dictionary attack against the captured handshake
- PMKID Attack:
 - ☐ Capture PMKID hashes for nearby networks
 - ☐ Extract PMKID hashes from PCAP file
 - ☐ Start dictionary attack against PMKID hashes
- ARP Request Replay Attack:
 - ☐ Conduct fake authentication to WiFi network
 - ☐ Monitor captured IVs
 - ☐ Start standard ARP request replay attack
 - ☐ Crack the WEP authentication
- HITRE Attack:
 - ☐ Set up fake access point for client targets

Network Segmentation and Isolation Checks:

- ☐ Guest Network Isolation, and no unintended access to internal resources

- ☐ Client-to-Client communication is disabled in Guest network
- ☐ Check for VLANs to separate WiFi traffic by department, user roles, or type

Encryption and Authentication:

- ☐ Verify WPA3 encryption where supported, WPA2 minimum
- ☐ WPA2/3-Enterprise mode with RADIUS authentication
- ☐ SSID visibility

Access Control and User Management:

- ☐ MAC Address Filtering for small or high-risk areas
- ☐ Access Control Policies in place to limit authorized devices
- ☐ Guest Access Policies are in place

Monitoring and Intrusion Detection:

- ☐ WIDS/WIPS presence
- ☐ Log Review Procedures

Rogue Access Point Detection:

- ☐ Site Surveys completed to detect unauthorized APs
- ☐ Automated tool usage for detection and alerts

Firmware and Software Patching:

- ☐ AP firmware update
- ☐ Patching Policies

Logging and IR:

- ☐ Centralized Logging
- ☐ IR Procedures for WiFi-related incidents

References:

WiFi Pentesting Guide

<https://github.com/ricardojoserf/wifi-pentesting-guide>

Wireless Penetration Testing Checklist

<https://gbhackers.com/wireless-penetration-testing-checklist-a-detailed-cheat-sheet/>

WiFi Penetration Testing Cheat Sheet

<https://github.com/ivan-sincek/wifi-penetration-testing-cheat-sheet>

NIST Technical Guide to Information Security Testing and Assessment

<https://csrc.nist.gov/pubs/sp/800/115/final>