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Podstawy Baz Danych

**Projekt:
System wspomagania działalności firmy świadczącej usługi
Gastronomiczne**

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Wstęp	4
Ogólne informacje	4
Schemat Bazy Danych	5
Opisy Tabel	6
Restaurant	6
IndividualCustomer	7
Discount	7
TemporaryDiscountDetails	8
DiscountDetails	9
Tables	10
TableReservation	11
Reservation	11
OnSiteOrder	12
MealIngredients	12
Products	13
ProductProvided	14
Suppliers	14
Categories	15
Meals	15
Menu	16
OrderDetails	16
PaymentMethod	17
Manager	18
Employees	19
Order	20
CompanyStaff	20
TakeAwayOrder	21
Customers	22
CompanyCustomer	23
Widoki	24
MenuView	24
LoalityCustomerView	24
StoreroomStatusView	24
TemporaryDiscountCustomerView	25
Widoki Parametryzowane	25
GenerateCompanyReport	25
GenerateIndividualCustomerReport	28
SumOrder	31

CustomerDiscountView	34
ShowFreeTables	36
ShowReservedTables	37
ShowMenuForGivenDay	38
ShowDisactiveMeals	39
GenerateInvoice	40
GenerateMonthlyInvoice	45
ShowIngredientsMeal	50
ShowOrderDates	51
ShowMostFrequentlyMeal	52
ShowProductSuppliers	56
ShowNotConfirmedReservation	57
ShowAllMeals	59
GenerateMonthlyRestaurantReport	59
GenerateWeeklyRestaurantReport	66
GenerateWeeklyIndividualCustomersReport	72
GenerateWeeklyCompanyReport	76
GenerateMonthlyIndividualCustomersReport	79
GenerateMonthlyCompanyReport	83
MonthlyIncomeView	86
GetOrdersBetweenDates	89
Funkcje zwracające wartości skalarne	92
GetDiscount	92
IsIndividualCustomer	93
IsTakeSiteOrder	94
SumOrderValue	94
Procedury	95
AddNewMeal	95
AddNewIndividualCustomer	96
AddNewCompany	98
AddNewIngredientsToMeal	99
ActivateMeal	100
AddReservation	100
AddTakeAwayOrder	101
AddOnSiteOrder	103
AddMealToOrder	104
AddTableToReservation	105
AddEmployee	106
AddProduct	108
AddNewSupplier	108
ConfirmReservation	109
AddNewRestaurant	110
AddNewManager	111

AddNewCategory	112
AddProductFromSupplier	113
SetOrderAsFinished	114
Triggery	114
UpperCaseNameCheck	114
CheckAmountOrders	114
CheckReservationNumberCustomers	115
CheckReorderLevel	116
CheckLoyaltyCustomer	117
CheckTemporaryDiscount	118
CheckMinOrderValue	119
SeaFoodOrder	120
Role w systemie	121
Administrator	121
Menadżer restauracji	121
Pracownik	121
Klient Indywidualny	122
Klient firmowy	122
Funkcje systemowe	122

1. Wstęp

Celem projektu było zaplanowanie i implementacja systemu bazodanowego dla firmy świadczącej usługi gastronomiczne dla klientów indywidualnych oraz firm.

Ogólne informacje

W ofercie firmy jest żywność oraz napoje bezalkoholowe. Usługi świadczone są na miejscu oraz na wynos. Zamówienie na wynos może być zlecone na miejscu lub z wyprzedzeniem.. Firma dysponuje ograniczoną liczbą stolików. Istnieje możliwość wcześniejszej rezerwacji stolika dla co najmniej dwóch osób. Klientami są osoby indywidualne oraz firmy. Istnieje możliwość wystawienia faktury dla danego zamówienia lub faktury zbiorczej raz na miesiąc.

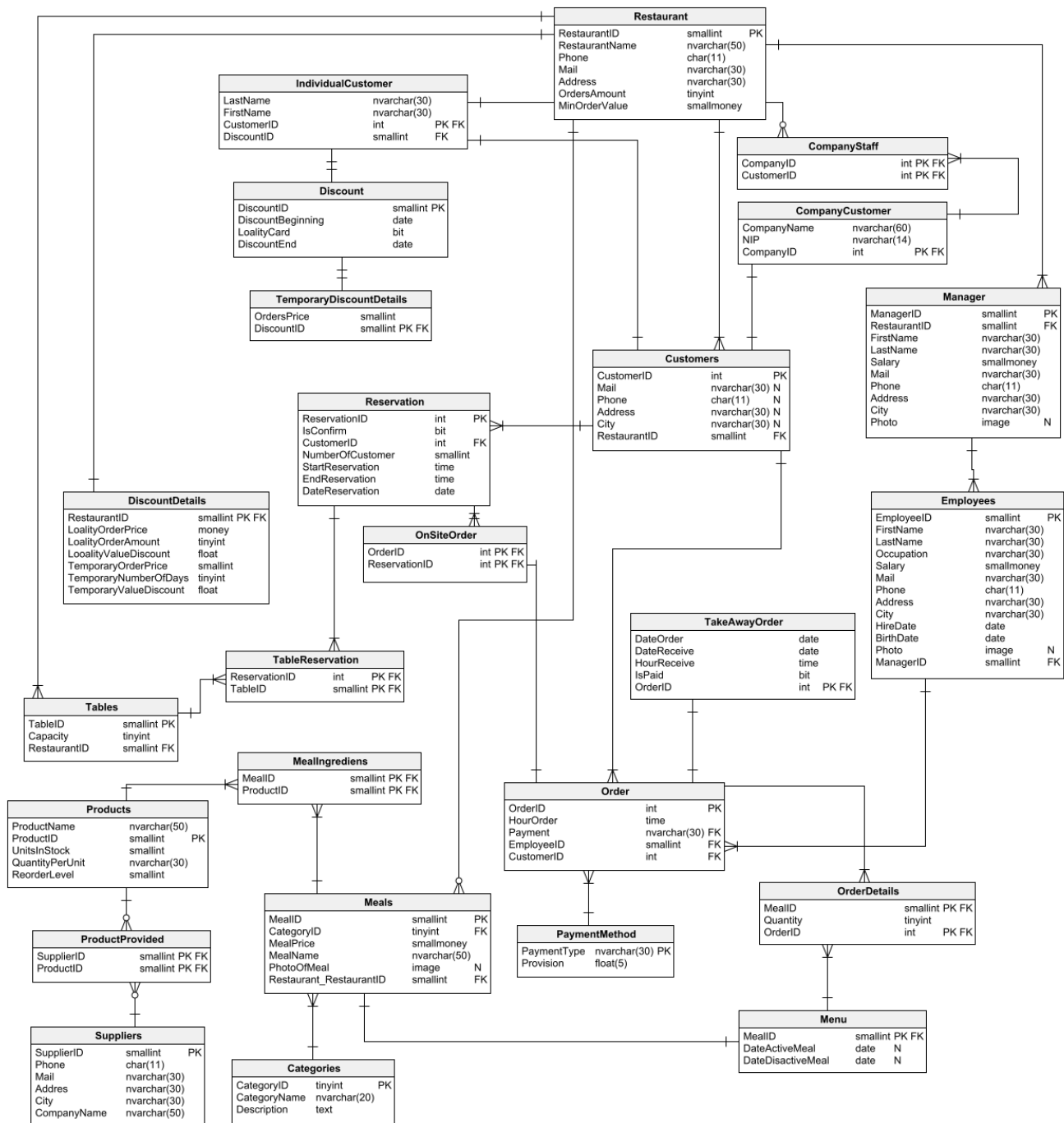
Menu ustalane jest co najmniej dziennym wyprzedzeniem. W firmie panuje zasada, że co najmniej połowa pozycji menu zmieniana jest co najmniej raz na dwa tygodnie. W dniach czwartek-piątek-sobota istnieje możliwość wcześniejszego zamówienia dań zawierających owoce morza. Z uwagi na indywidualny import takie zamówienie powinno być złożone maksymalnie do poniedziałku poprzedzającego zamówienie.

Internetowy formularz umożliwia klientowi indywidualnemu rezerwację stolika, przy jednoczesnym złożeniu zamówienia, z opcją płatności przed lub po zamówieniu, przy minimalnej wartości zamówienia , w przypadku klientów, którzy dokonali wcześniej co najmniej k zamówień . Internetowy formularz umożliwia także rezerwację stolików dla firm, w dwóch opcjach: rezerwacji stolików na firmę i/lub rezerwację stolików dla konkretnych pracowników firmy.

System umożliwia realizację programów rabatowych dla klientów indywidualnych przy spełnieniu określonych warunków dotyczących całkowitej ilości zamówień i wydanej kwoty. Klient może dostać jednorazowy rabat do wykorzystania w określonym czasie lub rabat bezterminowy, czyli tak zwaną kartę stałego klienta.

System umożliwia generowanie raportów miesięcznych i tygodniowych, dotyczących rezerwacji stolików, rabatów, menu, a także statystyk zamówienia oraz generowanie raportów dotyczących zamówień i rabatów dla klienta indywidualnego oraz firm.

2. Schemat Bazy Danych



3. Opisy Tabel

1. Restaurant

Tabela zawiera informacje o restauracjach, które mogą świadczyć usługi gastronomiczne. Posiada ona klucz główny *RestaurantID*, nazwę restauracji *RestaurantName*, *OrdersAmount* liczba zamówień jakie klient musi spełnić aby móc zrobić zamówienie przy rezerwacji i *MinOrderValue* minimalny koszt zamówień, które będą liczone do dostania możliwości zrobienia zamówienia przy rezerwacji przez klienta, numer telefonu *PhoneNumber*, adres email *Mail*, adres oraz miasto *Address* i *City*.

Warunki integralności:

1. RestaurantID jest unikalne
2. Phone w formacie + xx xxx-xxx-xxx, gdzie x to [0-15]
3. Mail zawiera znaki '@' i '.' oraz jest unikalny

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Restaurant] (
    [RestaurantID] [smallint] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [RestaurantName] [nvarchar](50) NOT NULL,
    [Phone] [char](15) NOT NULL,
    [Mail] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [Address] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [OrdersAmount] [tinyint] NOT NULL,
    [MinOrderValue] SMALLMONEY NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [RestaurantID] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [RestaurantID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Restaurant] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Phone] like
'+[0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]'))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Restaurant] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Mail] like
'%@%.%'))
GO
```

2. IndividualCustomer

Tabela zawiera informacje o indywidualnych klientach. Kluczem głównym jest *CustomerID*, klucz obcy do tabeli Discount *DiscountID*. Posiada ona informacje o imieniu klienta *FirstName*, oraz jego nazwisku *LastName*.

Warunki integralności:

- 1.CustomerID i DiscountID są parą unikalną

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[IndividualCustomer] (
    [LastName] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [FirstName] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [CustomerID] [int] NOT NULL,
    [DiscountID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [IndividualCustomer_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [CustomerID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO
```

3. Discount

Tabela zawiera informacje o rabatach dla klientów indywidualnych. Posiada ona klucz główny *DiscountID*, informacje o tym kiedy czasowa zniżka się rozpoczęła *DiscountBeginning*, czy klient posiada kartę lojalnościową *LoalityCard* oraz kiedy zniżka czasowa się kończy *DiscountEnd*.

Warunki integralności:

- 1.DiscountID jest unikalne
- 2.DiscountEnd nie może być wcześniejsze niż DiscountBeginning
- 3.LoalityCard jest 0 lub 1

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Discount] (
    [DiscountID] [smallint] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [DiscountBeginning] [date] NOT NULL,
    [LoalityCard] [bit] NOT NULL,
    [DiscountEnd] [date] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Discount_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [DiscountID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO
```



```

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Discount] ADD DEFAULT ((0)) FOR [LoalityCard]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Discount] WITH CHECK ADD CONSTRAINT [check_Date]
CHECK (([DiscountBeginning]<[DiscountEnd]))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Discount] CHECK CONSTRAINT [check_Date]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Discount] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([LoalityCard]=(0)
OR [LoalityCard]=(1)))
GO

```

4. TemporaryDiscountDetails

Tabela zawiera informacje o stanie dostępu do zniżki tymczasowej dla klienta indywidualnego. Posiada klucz główny *DiscountID* oraz informacje o sumie wydanej podczas wizyt w restauracji *OrdersPrice*.

Warunki integralności:

- 1.OrdersPrice nie może być mniejsze od 0
- 2.DiscountID jest unikalne

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[TemporaryDiscountDetails] (
    [OrdersPrice] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [DiscountID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [TemporaryDiscountDetails_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [DiscountID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[TemporaryDiscountDetails] ADD DEFAULT ((0)) FOR
[OrdersPrice]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[TemporaryDiscountDetails] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
(([OrdersPrice]>=(0)))
GO

```

5. DiscountDetails

Tabela posiada informacje o tym jakie warunki trzeba spełniać, aby móc otrzymać rabat oraz szczegóły dotyczące rabatów. Posiada klucz główny, którym jest *RestaurantID*. Zawiera także informacje o kwocie którą trzeba wydać, aby otrzymać rabat tymczasowy *TemporaryOrdersPrice*, ile dni taki rabat jest ważny *TemporaryNumberOfDays* oraz wartość takiego rabatu *TemporaryValueDiscount*, wartość rabatu dla karty lojalnościowej *LoalityValueDiscount*, ilość zamówień, które trzeba zrealizować i za jaką kwotę, aby otrzymać taką kartę *LoalityOrderAmount*, *LoalityOrderPrice*.

Warunki integralności:

1. *TemporaryValueDiscount* jest z przedziału [0,1]
2. *LoalityValueDiscount* jest z przedziału [0,1]
3. *TemporaryNumberOfDays* jest liczbą większą od 0
4. *TemporaryOrderPrice* jest liczbą większą od 0
5. *LoalityOrderPrice* jest liczbą większą od 0
6. *LoalityOrderAmount* jest liczbą większą od 0

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[DiscountDetails] (
    [RestaurantID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [LoalityOrderPrice] [money] NOT NULL,
    [LoalityOrderAmount] [tinyint] NOT NULL,
    [LoalityValueDiscount] [float] NOT NULL,
    [TemporaryOrderPrice] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [TemporaryNumberOfDays] [tinyint] NOT NULL,
    [TemporaryValueDiscount] [float] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [DiscountDetails_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [RestaurantID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
    OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DiscountDetails] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
(((LoalityOrderPrice)>(0)))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DiscountDetails] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
(((LoalityOrderAmount)>(0)))
GO
```

```

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DiscountDetails] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
((([LocalityValueDiscount]>=(0) AND [LocalityValueDiscount]<=(1)))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DiscountDetails] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
((([TemporaryOrderPrice]>(0)))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DiscountDetails] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
((([TemporaryNumberOfDays]>(0)))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DiscountDetails] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
((([TemporaryValueDiscount]>=(0) AND [TemporaryValueDiscount]<=(1)))
GO

```

6. Tables

Tabela zawiera informacje o stolikach dostępnych w restauracji. Zawiera ona klucz główny *TableID*, klucz obcy do tabeli *RestaurantID* oraz informacje o ilości miejsc danego stolika *Capacity*.

Warunki integralności:

1. *TableID* jest unikalne
2. *Capacity* jest liczbą większą od 0

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Tables] (
    [TableID] [smallint] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [Capacity] [tinyint] NOT NULL,
    [RestaurantID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Tables_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [TableID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Tables] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK ((([Capacity]>(0)))
GO

```

7. TableReservation

Tabela posiada dwa klucze główne *ReservationID* i *TableID*.

Warunki integralności:

1. *TableID* i *ReservationID* są unikalną parą

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[TableReservation] (
    [ReservationID] [int] NOT NULL,
    [TableID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [TableReservation_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [ReservationID] ASC,
    [TableID] ASC
) WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO
```

8. Reservation

Tabela zawiera informacje o szczegółach rezerwacji dokonywanych przez klientów. Posiada klucz główny *ReservationID* i klucz obcy do tabeli Customers *CustomerID*. Informacje o ilości gości rezerwacji *NumberOfCustomer*, dacie rezerwacji *DateReservation*, godzinie rozpoczęcia i zakończenia *StartReservation*, *EndReservation* oraz o tym czy rezerwacja jest już zatwierdzona przez pracownika *IsConfirm*.

Warunki integralności:

1. *ReservationID* jest unikalne
2. *StartReservation* jest mniejsze od *EndReservation*
3. *IsConfirm* jest 0 lub 1

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Reservation] (
    [ReservationID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [IsConfirm] [bit] NOT NULL,
    [CustomerID] [int] NOT NULL,
    [NumberOfCustomer] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [StartReservation] [time](7) NOT NULL,
    [EndReservation] [time](7) NOT NULL,
    [DateReservation] [date] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Reservation_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [ReservationID] ASC
) WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
```

```

GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Reservation] ADD DEFAULT ((0)) FOR [IsConfirm]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Reservation] WITH CHECK ADD CONSTRAINT [CheckTime]
CHECK (([StartReservation]<[EndReservation]))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Reservation] CHECK CONSTRAINT [CheckTime]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Reservation] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([IsConfirm]=(1)
OR [IsConfirm]=(0)))
GO

```

9. OnSiteOrder

Tabela zawiera informacje o zamówieniach złożonych wewnątrz restauracji. Posiada dwa klucze główne *OrderID*, *ReservationID*.

Warunki integralności:

1. Para (OrderID, ReservationID) jest unikalna

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[OnSiteOrder] (
    [OrderID] [int] NOT NULL,
    [ReservationID] [int] NOT NULL,
    [OrderDate] DATE,
    CONSTRAINT [OnSiteOrder_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [OrderID] ASC,
    [ReservationID] ASC
) WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

```

10. MealIngredients

Tabela zawiera informacje o produktach potrzebnych do przygotowania konkretnego dania. Posiada dwa klucze główne *MealID*, *ProductID*.

Warunki integralności:

1. Para (MealID, ProductID) jest unikalna

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[MealIngredients] (
    [MealID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [ProductID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [MealIngredients_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [MealID] ASC,
    [ProductID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

```

11. Products

Tabela zawiera informacje o produktach używanych w restauracji. Posiada klucz główny *ProductID*, nazwę produktu *ProductName*, ilość w magazynie *UnitsInStock*, minimalnej ilości jaka musi być dostępna *ReorderLevel*.

Warunki integralności:

- 1.ProductID jest unikalne
- 2.UnitsInStock jest liczbą większą lub równą od 0
- 3.ReorderLevel jest liczbą większą lub równą od 0

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Products] (
    [ProductName] [nvarchar](50) NOT NULL,
    [ProductID] [smallint] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [UnitsInStock] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [QuantityPerUnit] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [ReorderLevel] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Products_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [ProductID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Products] ADD DEFAULT ((0)) FOR [UnitsInStock]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Products] ADD DEFAULT ((0)) FOR [ReorderLevel]
GO

```

```

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Products] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
([ReorderLevel]>=(0))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Products] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
([UnitsInStock]>=(0))
GO

```

12. ProductProvided

Tabela zawiera informacje o produktach i ich dostawcach. Posiada dwa klucze główne *SupplierID*, *ProductID*.

Warunki integralności:

1. Para (SupplierID, ProductID) jest unikalna

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[ProductProvided] (
    [SupplierID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [ProductID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [ProductProvided_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [SupplierID] ASC,
    [ProductID] ASC
) WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

```

13. Suppliers

Tabela zawiera informacje o dostawcach. Posiada klucz główny *SupplierID*, numer telefonu *Phone*, email *Mail*, nazwę firmy *CompanyName* oraz dokładny adres i miasto *Address*, *City*.

Warunki integralności:

1. SupplierID jest unikalne
2. Phone w formacie + xx xxx-xxx-xxx, gdzie x to [0-15]
3. Mail zawiera '@' i '.'

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Suppliers] (
    [SupplierID] [smallint] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [Phone] [char](15) NOT NULL,
    [Mail] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [Address] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [City] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [CompanyName] [nvarchar](50) NOT NULL,

```

```

CONSTRAINT [Suppliers_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [SupplierID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Suppliers] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Mail] like
'%@%.%'))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Suppliers] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Phone] like
'+[0-9][0-9] [0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]'))
GO

```

14. Categories

Tabela zawiera informacje o kategoriach posiłków serwowanych w restauracji. Posiada ona klucz główny *CategoryID*, nazwę kategorii *CategoryName* oraz jej opis *Description*.

Warunki integralności:

1. *CategoryID* jest unikalne

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Categories] (
    [CategoryID] [tinyint] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [CategoryName] [nvarchar](20) NOT NULL,
    [Description] [text] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Categories_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [CategoryID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY] TEXTIMAGE_ON [PRIMARY]
GO

```

15. Meals

Tabela zawiera informacje o daniach dostępnych w restauracji. Posiada klucz główny *MealID*, klucze obce do tabel *Restaurant* i *Categories* *RestaurantID*, *CategoryID*, cene dania *MealPrice*, jego nazwę *MealName* oraz zdjęcie *PhotoOfMeal*.

Warunki integralności:

1. *MealID* jest unikalne
2. *MealPrice* jest liczbą większą lub równą od 0


```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Meals] (
    [MealID] [smallint] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [CategoryID] [tinyint] NOT NULL,
    [MealPrice] [smallmoney] NOT NULL,
    [MealName] [nvarchar](50) NOT NULL,
    [PhotoOfMeal] [image] NULL,
    [RestaurantID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Meals_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [MealID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY] TEXTIMAGE_ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Meals] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([MealPrice]>=(0)))
GO

```

16. Menu

Tabela zawiera informacje o czasie aktywności danego dania w menu. Posiada klucz główny *MealID* oraz daty aktywacji i dezaktywacji dania w menu *DateActivateMeal*, *DateDisactivateMeal*.

Warunki integralności:

- 1.MealID jest unikalne
- 2.DateActiveMeal jest mniejsze od DateDisactiveMeal

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Menu] (
    [MealID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [DateActiveMeal] [date] NULL,
    [DateDisactiveMeal] [date] NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Menu_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [MealID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

```

17. OrderDetails

Tabela zawiera informacje o szczegółach zamówień. Posiada dwa klucze główne *MealID*, *OrderID*, a także informacje o ilości która została zamówiona *Quantity*.

Warunki integralności:

1. Para (MealID, OrderID) jest unikalna
2. Quantity jest liczbą większą 0

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[OrderDetails] (  
    [MealID] [smallint] NOT NULL,  
    [Quantity] [tinyint] NOT NULL,  
    [OrderID] [int] NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT [OrderDetails_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED  
    (  
        [OrderID] ASC,  
        [MealID] ASC  
    ) WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,  
    OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]  
    ) ON [PRIMARY]  
GO  
  
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[OrderDetails] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK  
    (([Quantity]>(0)))  
GO
```

18. PaymentMethod

Tabela zawiera informacje płatnościach. Posiada klucz główny *PaymentType* oraz informacje o prowizji *Provision*.

Warunki integralności:

1. PaymentType jest unikalne
2. Provision jest liczbą większą lub równą od 0

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[PaymentMethod] (  
    [PaymentType] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,  
    [Provision] [real] NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT [PaymentMethod_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED  
    (  
        [PaymentType] ASC  
    ) WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,  
    OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]  
    ) ON [PRIMARY]  
GO  
  
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[PaymentMethod] ADD DEFAULT ((0)) FOR [Provision]  
GO
```

```
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[PaymentMethod] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK
(( [Provision]>=(0) ))
GO
```

19. Manager

Tabela zawiera informacje o menadżerach restauracji. Posiada ona klucz główny *ManagerID* i klucz obcy do tabeli Restaurant *RestaurantID*, imię i nazwisko menadżera *FirstName LastName*, wysokość jego pensji *Salary*. Informacje kontaktowe takie jak adres email *Mail*, numer telefonu *Phone*, jego adres oraz miasto *Address, City*, a także zdjęcie *Photo*.

Warunki integralności:

1. ManagerID jest unikalne
2. Phone w formacie + xx xxx-xxx-xxx, gdzie x to [0-15]
3. Mail zawiera '@' i '.'
4. Salary jest liczbą większą od 0

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Manager] (
    [ManagerID] [smallint] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [RestaurantID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [FirstName] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [LastName] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [Salary] [smallmoney] NOT NULL,
    [Mail] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [Phone] [char](15) NOT NULL,
    [Address] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [City] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [Photo] [image] NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Manager_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [ManagerID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
    OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY] TEXTIMAGE_ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Manager] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Mail] like
'%@%.%'))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Manager] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Phone] like
'+[0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]'))
GO
```

```
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Manager] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Salary]>(0)))
GO
```

20. Empolyees

Tabela zawiera informacje o pracownikach restauracji. Posiada ona klucz główny *EmployeeID* i klucz obcy do tabeli *Manager* *ManagerID* informujący o tym jakiemu menadżerowi podlega, *imię i nazwisko pracownika* *FirstName LastName*, wysokość jego pensji *Salary*. Informacje kontaktowe takie jak adres email *Mail*, numer telefonu *Phone*, jego adres oraz miasto *Address, City*, a także zdjęcie *Photo*. Zawiera także datę urodzenia pracownika *BirthDate* i datę zatrudnienia *HireDate* oraz stanowisko na jakim pracuje *Occupation*.

Warunki integralności:

- 1.EmployeeID jest unikalne
- 2.Phone w formacie + xx xxx-xxx-xxx, gdzie x to [0-15]
- 3.Mail zawiera '@' i '.'
- 4.Salary jest liczbą większą od 0

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Employees] (
    [EmployeeID] [smallint] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [FirstName] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [LastName] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [Occupation] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [Salary] [smallmoney] NOT NULL,
    [Mail] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [Phone] [char](15) NOT NULL,
    [Address] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [City] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [HireDate] [date] NOT NULL,
    [BirthDate] [date] NOT NULL,
    [Photo] [image] NULL,
    [ManagerID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Employees_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [EmployeeID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY] TEXTIMAGE_ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Employees] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Mail] like
'%@%.%' ))
GO
```

```

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Employees] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Phone] like
'+[0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]'))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Employees] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Salary]>(0)))
GO

```

21. Order

Tabela zawiera informacje o zamówieniach. Posiada klucz główny *OrderID* oraz trzy klucze obce do tabel *PaymentMethod*, *Employees*, *Customers* - *Payment*, *EmployeeID*, *CustomerID* oraz informacje o godzinie złożenia zamówienia *HourOrder*, *Finished* informuje czy zamówienie zostało już zakończone.

Warunki integralności:

1. *OrderID* jest unikalne

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Order] (
    [OrderID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [HourOrder] [time](7) NOT NULL,
    [Payment] [nvarchar](30) NOT NULL,
    [EmployeeID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    [CustomerID] [int] NOT NULL,
    [Finished] [bit] NOT NULL,

    CONSTRAINT [Order_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [OrderID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Order] ADD DEFAULT (CONVERT([time],getdate())) FOR
[HourOrder]
GO

```

22. CompanyStaff

Zawiera informacje o pracownikach firmy, którzy są też klientami indywidualnymi. Posiada ona dwa klucze główne *CompanyID* i *CustomerID*.

Warunki integralności:

1. Para CompanyID i CustomerID jest unikalna

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[CompanyStaff] (  
    [CompanyID] [int] NOT NULL,  
    [CustomerID] [int] NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT [CompanyStaff_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED  
(  
        [CompanyID] ASC,  
        [CustomerID] ASC  
) WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,  
    OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]  
) ON [PRIMARY]  
GO  
  
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[CompanyStaff] WITH CHECK ADD CONSTRAINT  
[CompanyStaff_CompanyCustomer] FOREIGN KEY([CompanyID])  
REFERENCES [dbo].[CompanyCustomer] ([CompanyID])  
GO  
  
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[CompanyStaff] CHECK CONSTRAINT  
[CompanyStaff_CompanyCustomer]  
GO  
  
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[CompanyStaff] WITH CHECK ADD CONSTRAINT  
[CompanyStaff_IndividualCustomer] FOREIGN KEY([CustomerID])  
REFERENCES [dbo].[IndividualCustomer] ([CustomerID])  
GO  
  
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[CompanyStaff] CHECK CONSTRAINT  
[CompanyStaff_IndividualCustomer]  
GO
```

23. TakeAwayOrder

Tabela zawiera informacje o zamówieniach złożonych na wynos. Posiada klucz główny *OrderID*, datę złożenia zamówienia *DateOrder*, datę odbioru zamówienia i jego godzinę *DateReceive*, *HourReceive* oraz informacje o tym czy zamówienie zostało już opłacone *IsPaid*.

Warunki integralności:

1. DateRecive ma być późniejsza lub taka sama jak DateOrder

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[TakeAwayOrder] (
    [DateOrder] [date] NOT NULL,
    [DateReceive] [date] NOT NULL,
    [HourReceive] [time](7) NOT NULL,
    [IsPaid] [bit] NOT NULL,
    [OrderID] [int] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [TakeAwayOrder_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [OrderID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[TakeAwayOrder] ADD DEFAULT
(CONVERT([date],getdate())) FOR [DateOrder]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[TakeAwayOrder] WITH CHECK ADD CONSTRAINT
[DateCheck] CHECK (([DateReceive]>=[DateOrder]))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[TakeAwayOrder] CHECK CONSTRAINT [DateCheck]
GO

```

24. Customers

Tabela zawiera ogólne informacje o klientach takie jak adres mailowy *Mail*, numer telefonu *Phone*, adres i miasto *Address*, *City*. Posiada ona klucz główny *CustomerID* oraz klucz obcy do tabeli Restaurant *RestaurantID*.

Warunki integralności:

- 1.CustomerID jest unikalne
- 2.Phone w formacie + xx xxx-xxx-xxx, gdzie x to [0-15]
- 3.Mail zawiera '@' i '.'

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Customers] (
    [CustomerID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [Mail] [nvarchar](30) NULL,
    [Phone] [char](15) NULL,
    [Address] [nvarchar](30) NULL,
    [City] [nvarchar](30) NULL,
    [RestaurantID] [smallint] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [Customers_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(

```

```

        [CustomerID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Customers] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Mail] like
'%@%.%' ))
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Customers] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([Phone] like
'+[0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]-[0-9][0-9][0-9]'))
GO

```

25. CompanyCustomer

Tabela zawiera informacje o firmach. Posiada klucz główny *CompanyID*, nazwę firmy *CompanyName* oraz jej numer NIP *NIP*.

Warunki integralności:

- 1.NIP -dwa pierwsze znaki z zakresu [A-Z]

```

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[CompanyCustomer] (
    [CompanyName] [nvarchar](60) NOT NULL,
    [NIP] [nvarchar](14) NOT NULL,
    [CompanyID] [int] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [CompanyCustomer_pk] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [CompanyID] ASC
)WITH (STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE_DUP_KEY = OFF,
OPTIMIZE_FOR_SEQUENTIAL_KEY = OFF) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[CompanyCustomer] WITH CHECK ADD CONSTRAINT
[CompanyCustomer_Customers] FOREIGN KEY([CompanyID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Customers] ([CustomerID])
GO

```



```
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[CompanyCustomer] CHECK CONSTRAINT
[CompanyCustomer_Customers]
GO

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[CompanyCustomer] WITH CHECK ADD CHECK (([NIP] like
'[A-Z] [A-Z] %'))
GO
```

4. Widoki

1. MenuView

Wyświetlanie aktualnych dań w menu z datą aktywacji i dezaktywacji

```
CREATE VIEW [dbo].[MenuView]
AS
SELECT ml.MealName, mn.DateActiveMeal, mn.DateDisactiveMeal FROM Menu AS
mn
INNER JOIN Meals AS ml ON mn.MealID = ml.MealID
WHERE mn.DateActiveMeal <= CAST(GETDATE() as date) AND
mn.DatedisactiveMeal >= CAST(GETDATE() as date);
GO
```

2. LoalityCustomerView

Wyświetlanie stałych klientów

```
CREATE VIEW [dbo].[LoyaltyCustomerView]
AS
SELECT ic.CustomerID, ic.FirstName + ' ' + ic.LastName as Name FROM
IndividualCustomer as ic
INNER JOIN Discount as d ON d.DiscountID = ic.DiscountID
WHERE LoalityCard = 1;
GO
```

3. StoreroomStatusView

Wyświetlenie stanu magazynu

```
CREATE VIEW [dbo].[StoreroomStatusView]
AS
SELECT ProductID, ProductName, ReorderLevel, UnitsInStock FROM Products;
GO
```

4. TemporaryDiscountCustomerView

Wyświetlenie klientów, którzy mogą skorzystać z rabatu tymczasowego

```
CREATE VIEW [dbo].[TemporaryDiscountCustomerView]
AS
SELECT ic.CustomerID, ic.FirstName + ' ' + ic.LastName as Name FROM
IndividualCustomer as ic
INNER JOIN Discount as d ON d.DiscountID = ic.DiscountID
WHERE d.DiscountBeginning <= CAST(GETDATE() as date) AND d.DiscountEnd
>= CAST(GETDATE() as date);
GO
```

5. Widoki Parametryzowane

1. GenerateCompanyReport

Generowanie raportu dla wybranej firmy

```
AS ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateCompanyReport] (@companyName
NVARCHAR(60))
RETURNS @companyReport TABLE
(
    companyName NVARCHAR(60),
    amoutOfOrders INT,
    sumOfOrders FLOAT,
    totalSavings FLOAT
)
AS
BEGIN
    IF @companyName NOT IN (SELECT CompanyName FROM CompanyCustomer)
    BEGIN
        RETURN
    END

    DECLARE @companyOrders TABLE
    (
        orderId INT
    )
```

```

DECLARE @companyID INT
DECLARE @orderID INT
SET @companyID = (SELECT CompanyID FROM CompanyCustomer WHERE
CompanyName = @companyName)
DECLARE infoCustomers CURSOR FOR
SELECT OrderID FROM "Order" WHERE CustomerID = @companyID
OPEN infoCustomers
FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @companyOrders
    (
        orderId
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @orderID
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderID
END
CLOSE infoCustomers
DEALLOCATE infoCustomers

DECLARE @withoutDiscounts FLOAT
SET @withoutDiscounts = 0
DECLARE @total FLOAT
SET @total = 0
DECLARE @totalText VARCHAR(100)
DECLARE infoOrders CURSOR FOR
SELECT orderId FROM @companyOrders
OPEN infoOrders
FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    DECLARE sumOrderInfo CURSOR FOR
    SELECT param_value FROM [dbo].[SumOrder](@orderID) WHERE
param_text LIKE 'In total:%'
    OPEN sumOrderInfo
    FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        SET @total = @total + CAST(SUBSTRING(@totalText, 1,
LEN(@totalText)-2) AS FLOAT)
    
```

```

        FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
    END
    CLOSE sumOrderInfo
    DEALLOCATE sumOrderInfo

    DECLARE @mealId SMALLINT
    DECLARE infoDetails CURSOR FOR
    SELECT MealID FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID = @orderID
    OPEN infoDetails
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        SET @withoutDiscounts = @withoutDiscounts + (SELECT Quantity
FROM OrderDetails WHERE MealID = @mealID AND OrderID = @orderID) *
(SELECT MealPrice FROM Meals WHERE MealID = @mealId)

        FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
    END
    CLOSE infoDetails
    DEALLOCATE infoDetails

    FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
END
CLOSE infoOrders
DEALLOCATE infoOrders

INSERT @companyReport
(
    companyName,
    amoutOfOrders,
    sumOfOrders,
    totalSavings
)
VALUES
(
    @companyName,
    (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM @companyOrders),@total,
    (@withoutDiscounts - @total)
)
RETURN
END

```

2. GenerateIndividualCustomerReport

Generowanie raportu dla wybranego klienta indywidualnego

```
ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateIndividualCustomerReport] (@firstName
NVARCHAR(30), @lastName NVARCHAR(30))
RETURNS @companyReport TABLE
(
    customerName NVARCHAR(60),
    amoutOfOrders INT,
    sumOfOrders FLOAT,
    totalSavings FLOAT
)
AS
BEGIN
    IF (@firstName+@lastName) NOT IN (SELECT FirstName+LastName FROM
IndividualCustomer)
    BEGIN
        RETURN
    END

    DECLARE @individualOrders TABLE
    (
        orderId INT
    )

    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE @orderID INT
    SET @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM IndividualCustomer WHERE
FirstName = @firstName AND LastName = @lastName)
    DECLARE infoCustomers CURSOR FOR
    SELECT OrderID FROM "Order" WHERE CustomerID = @customerID
    OPEN infoCustomers
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        INSERT @individualOrders
        (
            orderId
        )
        VALUES
        (
            @orderID
        )
    END
```

```

        FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderId
    END
    CLOSE infoCustomers
    DEALLOCATE infoCustomers

    DECLARE @withoutDiscounts FLOAT
    SET @withoutDiscounts = 0
    DECLARE @total FLOAT
    SET @total = 0
    DECLARE @totalText VARCHAR(100)
    DECLARE infoOrders CURSOR FOR
    SELECT orderId FROM @individualOrders
    OPEN infoOrders
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderId
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        DECLARE sumOrderInfo CURSOR FOR
        SELECT param_value FROM [dbo].[SumOrder](@orderId) WHERE
param_text LIKE 'In total:%'
        OPEN sumOrderInfo
        FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
        WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
        BEGIN
            SET @total = @total + CAST(SUBSTRING(@totalText, 1,
LEN(@totalText)-2) AS FLOAT)
            FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
        END
        CLOSE sumOrderInfo
        DEALLOCATE sumOrderInfo

        DECLARE @mealId SMALLINT
        DECLARE infoDetails CURSOR FOR
        SELECT MealID FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID = @orderId
        OPEN infoDetails
        FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
        WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
        BEGIN
            SET @withoutDiscounts = @withoutDiscounts + (SELECT Quantity
FROM OrderDetails WHERE MealID = @mealID AND OrderID = @orderId) *
(SELECT MealPrice FROM Meals WHERE MealID = @mealId)

            FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
        END
    END

```

```

        CLOSE infoDetails
        DEALLOCATE infoDetails

        FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
    END
    CLOSE infoOrders
    DEALLOCATE infoOrders

    INSERT @companyReport
    (
        customerName,
        amoutOfOrders,
        sumOfOrders,
        totalSavings
    )
    VALUES
    (
        (@firstName + ' ' + @lastName),
        (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM @individualOrders),@total,
        (@withoutDiscounts - @total)
    )
    RETURN
END

```

3. SumOrder

Zsumowanie konkretnego zamówienia

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[SumOrder] (@orderID INT)
RETURNS @summary TABLE
(
    param_text VARCHAR(100),
    param_value VARCHAR(100)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @restaurantID SMALLINT
    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE @name VARCHAR(61)
    DECLARE @type BIT

    SET @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM [Order] WHERE OrderID =
@orderID)

```

```

        SET @restaurantID = (SELECT RestaurantID FROM Customers WHERE
CustomerID = @customerID)
        IF(dbo.IsIndividualCustomer(@customerID) = 1)
        BEGIN
            SET @name = (SELECT FirstName + ' ' + LastName FROM
IndividualCustomer WHERE @customerID = CustomerID)
        END
        ELSE
        BEGIN
            SET @name = (SELECT CompanyName FROM CompanyCustomer WHERE
@customerID = CompanyID)
        END
        INSERT @summary
            (
                param_text,
                param_value
            )
        VALUES
            (
                'Name: ',
                @name
            )
        SET @type =
        (
            SELECT CASE WHEN EXISTS
                (
                    SELECT OrderID FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE OrderID = @orderID
                )
            THEN 1
            ELSE 0
        END
        )

        DECLARE @billDate DATE
        IF (@type = 1)
        BEGIN
            IF((SELECT IsPaid FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE @orderID = OrderID) =
1)

            BEGIN
                SET @billDate = (SELECT DateOrder FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE
@orderID = OrderID)
            END
        ELSE

```



```

        BEGIN
            SET @billDate = (SELECT DateReceive FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE
@orderId = OrderID)
        END
    END
ELSE
    BEGIN
        SET @billDate = GETDATE()
    END
    INSERT @summary
    (
        param_text,
        param_value
    )
    VALUES
    (
        'Day Received: ',
        @billDate
    )

    DECLARE @quantity TINYINT
    DECLARE @price MONEY
    DECLARE @mealName NVARCHAR(50)

    DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
    SELECT MealName, MealPrice, Quantity FROM Meals as ml
    INNER JOIN OrderDetails as od ON ml.MealID = od.MealID
    WHERE @orderId = OrderID
    GROUP BY MealName, MealPrice, Quantity
    OPEN info

    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName, @price, @quantity
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        INSERT @summary
        (
            param_text,
            param_value
        )
        VALUES
        (
            CONCAT('Meal: ', @mealName, ' Quantity:', @quantity),
            CONCAT(' ', @quantity, ' x ', @price, ' $')
        )
    END

```

```

    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName, @price, @quantity
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info
DECLARE @total MONEY
DECLARE @discount float
SET @total = [dbo].[SumOrderValue](@orderID)
INSERT @summary
(
    param_text,
    param_value
)
VALUES
(
    'In total: ',
    CONCAT(@total, ' $')
)
RETURN
END

```

4. CustomerDiscountView

Wyświetlanie rabatów dla danego klienta

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[CustomerDiscountView](@customerID INT)
RETURNS @discount TABLE
(
    param_text VARCHAR(100),
    param_value VARCHAR(100)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @discountID SMALLINT
    DECLARE @discountStart DATE
    DECLARE @discountEnd DATE
    DECLARE @loyaltyCard BIT
    DECLARE @name VARCHAR(61)
    DECLARE @restaurantID SMALLINT
    SET @name = (SELECT FirstName + ' ' + LastName FROM
IndividualCustomer WHERE @customerID = CustomerID)
    SET @discountID = (SELECT DiscountID FROM dbo.IndividualCustomer
WHERE @customerID = CustomerID)

```

```

    SET @discountStart = (SELECT DiscountBeginning FROM dbo.Discount
WHERE @discountID = DiscountID)

    SET @discountEnd = (SELECT DiscountEnd FROM dbo.Discount WHERE
@discountID = DiscountID)

    SET @loyaltyCard = (SELECT LoalityCard FROM dbo.Discount WHERE
@discountID = DiscountID)

    SET @restaurantID = (SELECT RestaurantID FROM Customers WHERE
@customerID = CustomerID)

    INSERT @discount
    (
    param_text,
    param_value
    )
VALUES
    (
    'Name: ',
    @name
    )

    IF (@loyaltyCard = 1)
    BEGIN
        DECLARE @loyaltyDetails VARCHAR(5)
        SET @loyaltyDetails = FORMAT((SELECT LooalityValueDiscount FROM
DiscountDetails WHERE @restaurantID = RestaurantID), 'P0')
        INSERT @discount
        (
        param_text,
        param_value
        )
VALUES
        (
        'Loyalty discount: ',
        @loyaltyDetails
        )
    END

    IF (@discountStart IS NOT NULL AND @discountStart < GETDATE() AND
@discountEnd > GETDATE())
    BEGIN
        DECLARE @temporaryDetails VARCHAR(5)
        SET @temporaryDetails = FORMAT((SELECT TemporaryValueDiscount
FROM DiscountDetails WHERE @restaurantID = RestaurantID), 'P0')
        INSERT @discount
        (

```

```

        param_text,
        param_value
    )
VALUES
(
    'Temporary discount: ',
    @temporaryDetails
)
END
IF (NOT (@discountStart IS NOT NULL AND @discountStart < GETDATE()
AND @discountEnd > GETDATE()) AND @loyaltyCard = 0)
BEGIN
    INSERT @discount
    (
        param_text,
        param_value
    )
VALUES
(
    'Discount' ,
    'No discount available'
)
END
RETURN
END

```

5. ShowFreeTables

Wyświetlanie, które stoliki są wolne danego dnia w danej godzinie

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowFreeTables] (@date DATE, @hour TIME,
@restaurantID SMALLINT)
RETURNS @tables TABLE
(
    "table" VARCHAR(100)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @table SMALLINT
    DECLARE CUR CURSOR FOR
    SELECT t.TableID FROM Tables t
    WHERE TableID NOT IN
    (
        SELECT tr.TableID FROM TableReservation tr
    )

```

```

        INNER JOIN Reservation r ON r.ReservationID = tr.ReservationID
        WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID AND DateReservation = @date
        AND NOT ((StartReservation <= @hour AND EndReservation <= @hour)
OR (StartReservation >= dateadd(HOUR, 2, @hour) AND EndReservation >=
dateadd(HOUR, 2, @hour)))
    )
    OPEN CUR
        FETCH NEXT FROM CUR INTO @table
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        INSERT @tables
            (
                "table"
            )
        VALUES
            (
                @table
            )
        FETCH NEXT FROM CUR INTO @table
    END
    CLOSE CUR
    DEALLOCATE CUR
    RETURN
END

```

6. ShowReservedTables

Wyświetlanie, które stoliki są zarezerwowane danego dnia i w jakich godzinach.

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowReservedTables](@date DATE, @restaurantID
SMALLINT)
RETURNS @tables TABLE
(
    "table" VARCHAR(100),
    "start" VARCHAR(100),
    "end"    VARCHAR(100)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @tableID SMALLINT
    DECLARE @begining TIME
    DECLARE @ending TIME
    DECLARE info CURSOR FOR

```

```

SELECT t.TableID, StartReservation, EndReservation FROM Reservation
r
INNER JOIN TableReservation t ON t.ReservationID = r.ReservationID
INNER JOIN Tables tb ON tb.TableID = t.TableID
WHERE @restaurantID = RestaurantID AND DateReservation = @date
OPEN info
FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @tableID, @begining, @ending
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @tables
    (
        "table",
        "start",
        "end"
    )
VALUES
    (
        @tableID,
        @begining,
        @ending
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @tableID, @begining, @ending
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info
RETURN
END

```

7. ShowMenuForGivenDay

Wyświetlanie menu w danym dniu

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowMenuForGivenDay] (@restaurantID SMALLINT, @day
DATE)
RETURNS @menu TABLE
(
    meal NVARCHAR(50)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @mealName NVARCHAR(50)
    DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
    SELECT MealName FROM Menu m
    INNER JOIN Meals ml ON ml.MealID = m.MealID

```

```

WHERE @restaurantID = RestaurantID AND
DateActiveMeal IS NOT NULL AND
DateActiveMeal <= @day AND
(DateDisactiveMeal IS NULL OR DateDisactiveMeal >= @day)
OPEN info
FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @menu
        (
            meal
        )
    VALUES
        (
            @mealName
        )
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info
RETURN
END

```

8. ShowDisactiveMeals

Wyświetlanie dań które nie są aktywne aktualnie i można je wpisać do menu. Pokazuje również jak długo dane danie nie było w menu.

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowDisactiveMeals](@restaurantID SMALLINT)
RETURNS @menu TABLE
(
    meal NVARCHAR(50),
    timeWaiting NVARCHAR(7)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @mealName NVARCHAR(50)
    DECLARE @disactiveTime DATE
    DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
    SELECT MealName, DateDisactiveMeal FROM Menu m
    INNER JOIN Meals ml ON ml.MealID = m.MealID
    WHERE @restaurantID = RestaurantID AND
        NOT (DateActiveMeal IS NOT NULL AND
            DateActiveMeal <= GETDATE()) AND

```

```

(DateDisactiveMeal IS NULL OR DateDisactiveMeal >= GETDATE()))
OPEN info
FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName, @disactiveTime
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @menu
        (
            meal,
            timeWaiting
        )
    VALUES
        (
            @mealName,
            DATEDIFF(day, @disactiveTime, GETDATE())
        )
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName, @disactiveTime
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info
RETURN
END

```

9. GenerateInvoice

Generowanie faktury dla danego zamówienia

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateInvoice](@orderID INT)
RETURNS @invoice TABLE
(
    messageGiven NVARCHAR(80),
    answer NVARCHAR(80)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE @invoiceTime DATE
    DECLARE @restaurantID SMALLINT

    SET @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE @orderID =
OrderID)
    SET @restaurantID = (SELECT RestaurantID FROM Customers WHERE
@customerID = CustomerID)

    INSERT @invoice

```



```

        (
            messageGiven,
            answer
        )
VALUES
    (
        'Name: ',
        (SELECT RestaurantName FROM Restaurant WHERE
RestaurantID = @restaurantID)
    )

INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Place: ',
        (SELECT Address FROM Restaurant WHERE RestaurantID =
@restaurantID)
    )
IF ([dbo].[IsTakeSiteOrder](@orderId) = 1)
BEGIN
    INSERT @invoice
        (
            messageGiven,
            answer
        )
VALUES
    (
        'Order date: ',
        CONVERT(varchar, getdate(), 1)
    )
    INSERT @invoice
        (
            messageGiven,
            answer
        )
VALUES
    (
        'Service day: ',
        CONVERT(varchar, getdate(), 1)
    )

```

```

    )
END
ELSE
BEGIN
    INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Order date: ',
        (SELECT DateOrder FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE @orderId =
OrderID)
    )
    INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Service day: ',
        (SELECT DateReceive FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE @orderId =
OrderID)
    )
END

IF ([dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer](@customerID) = 1)
BEGIN
    INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Name: ',
        (SELECT FirstName + ' ' LastName FROM IndividualCustomer
WHERE CustomerID = @customerID)
    )

```

```

        IF ((SELECT Address FROM Customers WHERE CustomerID =
@customerID) IS NOT NULL)
        BEGIN
            INSERT @invoice
            (
                messageGiven,
                answer
            )
            VALUES
            (
                'Address: ',
                (SELECT Address FROM Customers WHERE CustomerID =
@customerID)
            )
        END
    END
ELSE
    BEGIN
        INSERT @invoice
        (
            messageGiven,
            answer
        )
        VALUES
        (
            'Name: ',
            (SELECT CompanyName FROM CompanyCustomer WHERE CompanyID
= @customerID)
        )
        IF ((SELECT Address FROM Customers WHERE CustomerID =
@customerID) IS NOT NULL)
        BEGIN
            INSERT @invoice
            (
                messageGiven,
                answer
            )
            VALUES
            (
                'Address: ',
                (SELECT Address FROM Customers WHERE CustomerID =
@customerID)
            )
        END
    END

```

```

END
INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'NIP: ',
        (SELECT NIP FROM CompanyCustomer WHERE CompanyID =
@customerID)
    )
END

DECLARE @quantity TINYINT
DECLARE @price MONEY
DECLARE @mealName NVARCHAR(50)

DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
SELECT MealName, MealPrice, Quantity FROM Meals as ml
INNER JOIN OrderDetails as od ON ml.MealID = od.MealID
WHERE @orderId = OrderID
GROUP BY MealName, MealPrice, Quantity
OPEN info

FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName, @price, @quantity
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        CONCAT('Meal: ', @mealName, ' Quantity:', @quantity),
        CONCAT(' ', @quantity, ' x ', @price, ' $')
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName, @price, @quantity
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info
DECLARE @total MONEY

```

```

SET @total = [dbo].[SumOrderValue] (@orderID)

INSERT @invoice
(
    messageGiven,
    answer
)
VALUES
(
    'Discout: ',
    FORMAT((1 - [dbo].[GetDiscount] (@customerID)), 'P0')
)

INSERT @invoice
(
    messageGiven,
    answer
)
VALUES
(
    'Total: ',
    CONCAT(@total, ' $')
)

RETURN
END

```

10. GenerateMonthlyInvoice

Generowanie faktury zbiorczej miesięcznej dla konkretnego klienta.

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateMonthlyInvoice] (@customerID INT)
RETURNS @invoice TABLE
(
    messageGiven NVARCHAR(150),
    answer NVARCHAR(150)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @invoiceTime DATE
    DECLARE @restaurantID SMALLINT
    DECLARE @month TINYINT

    SET @restaurantID = (SELECT RestaurantID FROM Customers WHERE
@customerID = CustomerID)

```

```

SET @month = MONTH(GETDATE()) - 1
IF (@month = 0)
BEGIN
    SET @month = 12
END
INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Name: ',
        (SELECT RestaurantName FROM Restaurant WHERE
RestaurantID = @restaurantID)
    )

INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Place: ',
        (SELECT Address FROM Restaurant WHERE RestaurantID =
@restaurantID)
    )

INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Invoice date: ',
        CONVERT(varchar, getdate(), 1)
    )
INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )

```

```

    )
VALUES
    (
        'Invoice month: ',
        @month
    )

IF ([dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer](@customerID) = 1)
BEGIN
    INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Name: ',
        (SELECT FirstName + ' ' LastName FROM IndividualCustomer
WHERE CustomerID = @customerID)
    )
    IF ((SELECT Address FROM Customers WHERE CustomerID =
@customerID) IS NOT NULL)
    BEGIN
        INSERT @invoice
        (
            messageGiven,
            answer
        )
VALUES
        (
            'Address: ',
            (SELECT Address FROM Customers WHERE CustomerID =
@customerID)
        )
    END
END
ELSE
BEGIN
    INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )

```

```

    )
    VALUES
    (
        'Name: ',
        (SELECT CompanyName FROM CompanyCustomer WHERE CompanyID
= @customerID)
    )
    IF ((SELECT Address FROM Customers WHERE CustomerID =
@customerID) IS NOT NULL)
    BEGIN
        INSERT @invoice
        (
            messageGiven,
            answer
        )
        VALUES
        (
            'Address: ',
            (SELECT Address FROM Customers WHERE CustomerID =
@customerID)
        )
    END
    INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
    VALUES
    (
        'NIP: ',
        (SELECT NIP FROM CompanyCustomer WHERE CompanyID =
@customerID)
    )
END

DECLARE @orderDate DATE
DECLARE @price MONEY
DECLARE @orderID INT
DECLARE @total MONEY
DECLARE @yearDate INT
DECLARE @monthDate INT
SET @total = 0
SET @yearDate = YEAR(GETDATE())

```



```

SET @monthDate = MONTH(GETDATE()) - 1
IF (@monthDate = 0)
BEGIN
    SET @yearDate = YEAR(GETDATE()) - 1
    SET @monthDate = 12
END

DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
SELECT OrderID FROM "Order" WHERE CustomerID = @customerID
OPEN info
FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    IF ([dbo].IsTakeSiteOrder(@orderID) = 1)
    BEGIN
        SET @price = [dbo].SumOrderValue(@orderID)
        SET @orderDate = (SELECT DateReservation FROM OnSiteOrder o
        INNER JOIN Reservation r ON r.ReservationID =
o.ReservationID
        WHERE @orderID = OrderID)
        IF (MONTH(@orderDate) = @monthDate AND YEAR(@orderDate) =
@yearDate)
        BEGIN
            INSERT @invoice
            (
                messageGiven,
                answer
            )
            VALUES
            (
                CONCAT('OrderID: ', @orderID, ' Cost:', @price, '
$',
                CONCAT('Date: ', @orderDate)
            )
            SET @total = @total + @price
        END
    END
ELSE
BEGIN
    SET @price = [dbo].SumOrderValue(@orderID)
    SET @orderDate = (SELECT DateOrder FROM TakeAwayOrder
    WHERE @orderID = OrderID)

```

```

        IF (MONTH(@orderDate) = @monthDate AND YEAR(@orderDate) =
@yearDate)

        BEGIN
            INSERT @invoice
                (
                    messageGiven,
                    answer
                )
            VALUES
                (
                    CONCAT('OrderID: ', @orderID, ' Cost:', @price,
' $'),
                    CONCAT('Date: ', @orderDate)
                )
            SET @total = @total + @price
        END
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderID
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info
SET @total = @total*dbo.GetDiscount(@customerID)
INSERT @invoice
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Total: ',
        CONCAT(@total, ' $')
    )
RETURN
END

```

11. ShowIngredientsMeal

Wyświetlanie składników danego dania

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowIngredientsMeal] (@mealID SMALLINT)
RETURNS @names TABLE
(
    productName NVARCHAR(50)
)

```

```

AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @product NVARCHAR(50)
    DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
    SELECT ProductName FROM MealIngrediens mi
    INNER JOIN Products p ON p.ProductID = mi.ProductID
    WHERE MealID = @mealID
    OPEN info
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @product
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        INSERT @names
        (
            productName
        )
        VALUES
        (
            @product
        )
        FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @product
    END
    CLOSE info
    DEALLOCATE info
    RETURN
END

```

12. ShowOrderDates

Wyświetlanie dni kiedy klient składał zamówienia.

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowOrderDates] (@customerID INT)
RETURNS @dates TABLE
(
    orderDate NVARCHAR(50)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @orderID INT
    DECLARE @date DATE
    DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
    SELECT OrderID FROM "Order" WHERE CustomerID = @customerID
    OPEN info
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0

```

```

BEGIN
    IF([dbo].IsTakeSiteOrder(@orderId) = 1)
    BEGIN
        INSERT @dates
            (
                orderDate
            )
        VALUES
            (
                CONVERT(varchar,
                    (SELECT DateReservation FROM OnSiteOrder o
                     INNER JOIN Reservation r ON o.ReservationID =
r.ReservationID
                     WHERE @orderId = OrderID),
                    1)
            )
    END
    ELSE
    BEGIN
        INSERT @dates
            (
                orderDate
            )
        VALUES
            (
                CONVERT(varchar,
                    (SELECT DateOrder FROM TakeAwayOrder t
                     WHERE @orderId = OrderID),
                    1)
            )
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderId
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info
RETURN
END

```

13. ShowMostFrequentlyMeal

Wyświetlanie 5 najczęściej zamawianych dań w danym przedziale dni

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowMostFrequentlyMeal] (@restaurantId SMALLINT,
@startDate DATE, @endDate DATE)

```

```

RETURNS @topMeals TABLE
(
    mealName NVARCHAR(50)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @restaurantCustomers TABLE
    (
        customerID INT
    )

    DECLARE @customer INT
    DECLARE infoCustomers CURSOR FOR
    SELECT CustomerID FROM Customers WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantId
    OPEN infoCustomers
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @customer
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        INSERT @restaurantCustomers
        (
            customerID
        )
        VALUES
        (
            @customer
        )
        FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @customer
    END
    CLOSE infoCustomers
    DEALLOCATE infoCustomers

    DECLARE @ordersBetweenDates TABLE
    (
        idOrder INT
    )

    DECLARE @orderekID INT
    DECLARE infoFromTakeAways CURSOR FOR
    SELECT OrderID FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE DateOrder BETWEEN @startDate
AND @endDate
    OPEN infoFromTakeAways
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoFromTakeAways INTO @orderekID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0

```

```

BEGIN
    INSERT @ordersBetweenDates
    (
        idOrder
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @orderekID
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoFromTakeAways INTO @orderekID
END
CLOSE infoFromTakeAways
DEALLOCATE infoFromTakeAways

DECLARE infoFromReservations CURSOR FOR
SELECT OrderID FROM OnSiteOrder INNER JOIN Reservation ON
Reservation.ReservationID = OnSiteOrder.ReservationID WHERE
Reservation.DateReservation BETWEEN @startDate AND @endDate
OPEN infoFromReservations
FETCH NEXT FROM infoFromReservations INTO @orderekID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @ordersBetweenDates
    (
        idOrder
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @orderekID
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoFromReservations INTO @orderekID
END
CLOSE infoFromReservations
DEALLOCATE infoFromReservations

DECLARE @ordersBetweenDatesFromRestaurant TABLE
(
    idOrder INT
)

DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
SELECT idOrder FROM @ordersBetweenDates
OPEN info

```

```

    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderekID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        IF @orderekID IN (SELECT OrderID FROM "Order" WHERE CustomerID
IN (SELECT customerID FROM @restaurantCustomers))
        BEGIN
            INSERT @ordersBetweenDatesFromRestaurant
            (
                idOrder
            )
            VALUES
            (
                @orderekID
            )
        END
        FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderekID
    END
    CLOSE info
    DEALLOCATE info

    DECLARE @sortedMealsFreq TABLE
    (
        mealID SMALLINT
    )

    DECLARE @mealID SMALLINT
    DECLARE infoMeals CURSOR FOR
    SELECT TOP 5 MealID FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID IN (SELECT
idOrder from @ordersBetweenDatesFromRestaurant) GROUP BY MealID ORDER BY
SUM(Quantity) DESC
    OPEN infoMeals
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoMeals INTO @mealID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        INSERT @sortedMealsFreq
        (
            mealID
        )
        VALUES
        (
            @mealID
        )
        FETCH NEXT FROM infoMeals INTO @mealID
    
```

```

END
CLOSE infoMeals
DEALLOCATE infoMeals

DECLARE @mealName NVARCHAR(50)
DECLARE mealInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT MealName FROM Meals WHERE MealID IN (SELECT mealID FROM
@sortedMealsFreq)
OPEN mealInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM mealInfo INTO @mealName
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @topMeals
    (
        mealName
    )
VALUES
    (
        @mealName
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM mealInfo INTO @mealName
END
CLOSE mealInfo
DEALLOCATE mealInfo
RETURN
END

```

14. ShowProductSuppliers

Wyświetlenie dostawców danego produktu

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowProductSuppliers] (@productName NVARCHAR(50))
RETURNS @productSuppliers TABLE
(
    supplierName NVARCHAR(50)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @productid SMALLINT
    SET @productId = (SELECT ProductID FROM Products WHERE ProductName =
@productName)

    DECLARE @suppliersIds TABLE

```



```

(
    supplierID SMALLINT
)

DECLARE @supplierID SMALLINT
DECLARE productProviderInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT SupplierID FROM ProductProvided WHERE ProductID = @productId
OPEN productProviderInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM productProviderInfo INTO @supplierID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @productSuppliers
    (
        supplierName
    )
    VALUES
    (
        (SELECT CompanyName FROM Suppliers WHERE SupplierID =
@supplierID)
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM productProviderInfo INTO @supplierID
END
CLOSE productProviderInfo
DEALLOCATE productProviderInfo
RETURN
END

```

15. ShowNotConfirmedReservation

Wyświetlanie rezerwacji które nie są jeszcze zaakceptowane

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowNotConfirmedReservation] (@restaurantID
SMALLINT)
RETURNS @notConfirmedIds TABLE
(
    ReservationID INT
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @reservations TABLE
    (
        reservationID INT
    )

```

```

)

DECLARE @table SMALLINT
DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
SELECT TableID FROM Tables WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID
OPEN info
FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @table
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @reservations
    (
        reservationID
    )
    VALUES
    (
        (SELECT ReservationID FROM TableReservation WHERE TableID =
@table)
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @table
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info

DECLARE @reservationID INT
DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
SELECT ReservationID FROM Reservation WHERE ReservationID IN (SELECT
reservationID FROM @reservations) AND IsConfirm = 0
OPEN info
FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @reservationID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @notConfirmedIds
    (
        ReservationID
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @reservationID
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @reservationID
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info

```

```
RETURN  
END
```

16. ShowAllMeals

Wyświetlenie całej bazy dań

```
ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[ShowAllMeals] (@restaurantID SMALLINT)  
RETURNS @meals TABLE  
(  
    MealName NVARCHAR(50)  
)  
AS  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE @mealName NVARCHAR(50)  
    DECLARE info CURSOR FOR  
    SELECT MealName FROM Meals WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID  
    OPEN info  
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName  
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0  
    BEGIN  
        INSERT @meals  
        (  
            MealName  
        )  
        VALUES  
        (  
            @mealName  
        )  
        FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @mealName  
    END  
    CLOSE info  
    DEALLOCATE info  
    RETURN  
END
```

17. GenerateMonthlyRestaurantReport

Generowanie miesięcznego raportu dla restauracji

```
ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateMonthlyRestaurantReport] (@month SMALLINT,  
@year SMALLINT, @restaurantID SMALLINT)
```

```

RETURNS @restaurantReport TABLE
(
    totalNumberOfTables INT,
    totalSumOfDiscounts FLOAT,
    mostPopularMeals NVARCHAR(260),
    totalNumberOfCompanyOrders INT,
    totalSumOfCompanyOrders FLOAT,
    totalNumberOfIndividualCustomersOrders INT,
    totalSumOfIndividualCustomersOrders FLOAT,
    mostPopularTimeForIndividualCustomers NVARCHAR(20),
    mostPopularTimeForCompanyCustomers NVARCHAR(20)
)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @OrdersBetweenDates TABLE
    (
        orderId INT
    )

    INSERT @OrdersBetweenDates
    SELECT idOrder FROM [dbo].[GetOrdersBetweenDates](@restaurantID,
DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, 1), EOMONTH(DATETIMEFROMPARTS(@year, @month,
1)))

    DECLARE @companyBefore12 INT = 0, @companyBetween12And15 INT = 0,
@companyAfter15 INT = 0
    DECLARE @individualBefore12 INT = 0, @individualBetween12And15 INT =
0, @individualAfter15 INT = 0
    DECLARE @totalNumbersOfTables INT = 0
    DECLARE @reservation INT
    DECLARE @orderHour INT
    DECLARE tableinfo CURSOR FOR
    SELECT DISTINCT ReservationID FROM OnSiteOrder WHERE OrderID IN
(SELECT orderId from @OrdersBetweenDates)
    OPEN tableInfo
    FETCH NEXT FROM tableInfo INTO @reservation
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        SET @totalNumbersOfTables = @totalNumbersOfTables + (SELECT
COUNT(*) FROM TableReservation WHERE ReservationID = @reservation)

        SET @orderHour = (SELECT DATETIMEPART(HOUR, StartReservation) FROM
Reservation WHERE ReservationID = @reservation)

```

```

        If [dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer]((SELECT CustomerID FROM
Reservation WHERE ReservationID = @reservation)) = 1
        BEGIN
            IF @orderHour > 15
            BEGIN
                SET @individualAfter15 = @individualAfter15 + 1
            END
            ELSE IF @orderHour > 12
            BEGIN
                SET @individualBetween12And15 =
@individualBetween12And15 + 1
            END
            ELSE
            BEGIN
                SET @individualBefore12 = @individualBefore12 + 1
            END
        END
    ELSE
    BEGIN
        IF @orderHour > 15
        BEGIN
            SET @companyAfter15 = @companyAfter15 + 1
        END
        ELSE IF @orderHour > 12
        BEGIN
            SET @companyBetween12And15 = @companyBetween12And15 + 1
        END
        ELSE
        BEGIN
            SET @companyBefore12 = @companyBefore12 + 1
        END
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM tableInfo INTO @reservation
END
CLOSE tableInfo
DEALLOCATE tableInfo

DECLARE @orderId INT
DECLARE takeawayinfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT OrderID FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE OrderID IN (SELECT orderId
FROM @OrdersBetweenDates)
OPEN takeawayinfo
FETCH NEXT FROM takeawayinfo INTO @orderId

```

```

WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @orderHour = (SELECT DATEPART(HOUR, HourReceive) FROM
TakeAwayOrder WHERE OrderID = @orderID)

    If [dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer]((SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order"
WHERE OrderID = @orderID)) = 1
    BEGIN
        IF @orderHour > 15
        BEGIN
            SET @individualAfter15 = @individualAfter15 + 1
        END
        ELSE IF @orderHour > 12
        BEGIN
            SET @individualBetween12And15 =
@individualBetween12And15 + 1
        END
        ELSE
        BEGIN
            SET @individualBefore12 = @individualBefore12 + 1
        END
    END
    ELSE
    BEGIN
        IF @orderHour > 15
        BEGIN
            SET @companyAfter15 = @companyAfter15 + 1
        END
        ELSE IF @orderHour > 12
        BEGIN
            SET @companyBetween12And15 = @companyBetween12And15 + 1
        END
        ELSE
        BEGIN
            SET @companyBefore12 = @companyBefore12 + 1
        END
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM takeawayinfo INTO @reservation
END
CLOSE takeawayinfo
DEALLOCATE takeawayinfo

DECLARE @mostPopularMeals NVARCHAR(260) = ''

```

```

DECLARE @oneMeal NVARCHAR(50)
DECLARE mealInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT mealName FROM [dbo].[ShowMostFrequentlyMeal] (@restaurantID,
DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, 1), EOMONTH(DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month,
1)))
OPEN mealInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM mealInfo INTO @oneMeal
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @mostPopularMeals += ', ' + @oneMeal
    FETCH NEXT FROM mealInfo INTO @oneMeal
END
CLOSE mealInfo
DEALLOCATE mealInfo

IF @mostPopularMeals != ''
BEGIN
    SET @mostPopularMeals = SUBSTRING(@mostPopularMeals, 3,
LEN(@mostPopularMeals))
END

DECLARE @popularIndividualHours NVARCHAR(20), @popularCompanyHours
NVARCHAR(20)

IF @companyAfter15 >= @companyBetween12And15 AND @companyAfter15 >=
@companyBefore12
BEGIN
    SET @popularCompanyHours = 'After 15'
END
ELSE IF @companyBetween12And15 >= @companyBefore12
BEGIN
    SET @popularCompanyHours = 'Between 12 and 15'
END
ELSE
BEGIN
    SET @popularCompanyHours = 'Before 12'
END

IF @individualAfter15 >= @individualBetween12And15 AND
@individualAfter15 >= @individualBefore12
BEGIN
    SET @popularIndividualHours = 'After 15'
END

```

```

ELSE IF @individualBetween12And15 >= @individualBefore12
BEGIN
    SET @popularIndividualHours = 'Between 12 and 15'
END
ELSE
BEGIN
    SET @popularIndividualHours = 'Before 12'
END

DECLARE @totalDiscounts FLOAT = 0
DECLARE @numberOfCompanyOrders INT = 0, @sumOfCompanyOrders FLOAT =
0
DECLARE @numberOfIndividualOrders INT = 0, @sumOfIndividualOrders
FLOAT = 0

DECLARE @report TABLE
(
    customerName NVARCHAR(60),
    amoutOfOrders INT,
    sumOfOrders FLOAT,
    totalSavings FLOAT
)

INSERT @report
SELECT * FROM
[dbo].[GenerateMonthlyIndividualCustomersReport] (@month, @year, @restauran
tID)

DECLARE @customerName NVARCHAR(60)
DECLARE individualInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT customerName FROM @report
OPEN individualInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM individualInfo INTO @customerName
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @numberOfIndividualOrders = @numberOfIndividualOrders +
(SELECT amoutOfOrders FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    SET @sumOfIndividualOrders = @sumOfIndividualOrders + (SELECT
sumOfOrders FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    SET @totalDiscounts = @totalDiscounts + (SELECT totalSavings
FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    FETCH NEXT FROM individualInfo INTO @customerName
END

```



```

CLOSE individualInfo
DEALLOCATE individualInfo

DELETE FROM @report
INSERT @report
SELECT * FROM
[dbo].[GenerateMonthlyCompanyReport] (@month,@year,@restaurantID)

DECLARE customerInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT customerName FROM @report
OPEN customerInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM customerInfo INTO @customerName
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @numberOfCompanyOrders = @numberOfCompanyOrders + (SELECT
amoutOfOrders FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    SET @sumOfCompanyOrders = @sumOfCompanyOrders + (SELECT
sumOfOrders FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    SET @totalDiscounts = @totalDiscounts + (SELECT totalSavings
FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    FETCH NEXT FROM customerInfo INTO @customerName
END
CLOSE customerInfo
DEALLOCATE customerInfo

INSERT @restaurantReport
(
    totalNumberOfTables,
    totalSumOfDiscounts,
    mostPopularMeals,
    totalNumberOfCompanyOrders,
    totalSumOfCompanyOrders,
    totalNumberOfIndividualCustomersOrders,
    totalSumOfIndividualCustomersOrders,
    mostPopularTimeForIndividualCustomers,
    mostPopularTimeForCompanyCustomers
)
VALUES
(
    @totalNumbersOfTables,
    @totalDiscounts,
    @mostPopularMeals,
    @numberOfCompanyOrders,

```

```

        @sumOfCompanyOrders,
        @numberOfIndividualOrders,
        @sumOfIndividualOrders,
        @popularIndividualHours,
        @popularCompanyHours
    )
    RETURN
END

```

18. GenerateWeeklyRestaurantReport

Generowanie tygodniowego raportu dla restauracji

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateWeeklyRestaurantReport] (@day SMALLINT,
@month SMALLINT, @year SMALLINT, @restaurantID SMALLINT)
RETURNS @restaurantReport TABLE
(
    totalNumberOfTables INT,
    totalSumOfDiscounts FLOAT,
    mostPopularMeals NVARCHAR(260),
    totalNumberOfCompanyOrders INT,
    totalSumOfCompanyOrders FLOAT,
    totalNumberOfIndividualCustomersOrders INT,
    totalSumOfIndividualCustomersOrders FLOAT,
    mostPopularTimeForIndividualCustomers NVARCHAR(20),
    mostPopularTimeForCompanyCustomers NVARCHAR(20)
)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @OrdersBetweenDates TABLE
    (
        orderId INT
    )

    INSERT @OrdersBetweenDates
    SELECT idOrder FROM [dbo].[GetOrdersBetweenDates] (@restaurantID,
DATEADD(day, -6, DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, @day)),
DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, @day))

    DECLARE @companyBefore12 INT = 0, @companyBetween12And15 INT = 0,
@companyAfter15 INT = 0
    DECLARE @individualBefore12 INT = 0, @individualBetween12And15 INT =
0, @individualAfter15 INT = 0

```

```

DECLARE @totalNumbersOfTables INT = 0
DECLARE @reservation INT
DECLARE @orderHour INT
DECLARE tableinfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT DISTINCT ReservationID FROM OnSiteOrder WHERE OrderID IN
(SELECT orderId from @OrdersBetweenDates)
OPEN tableInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM tableInfo INTO @reservation
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @totalNumbersOfTables = @totalNumbersOfTables + (SELECT
COUNT(*) FROM TableReservation WHERE ReservationID = @reservation)

    SET @orderHour = (SELECT DATEPART(HOUR, StartReservation) FROM
Reservation WHERE ReservationID = @reservation)
    If [dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer]((SELECT CustomerID FROM
Reservation WHERE ReservationID = @reservation)) = 1
    BEGIN
        IF @orderHour > 15
        BEGIN
            SET @individualAfter15 = @individualAfter15 + 1
        END
        ELSE IF @orderHour > 12
        BEGIN
            SET @individualBetween12And15 =
@individualBetween12And15 + 1
        END
        ELSE
        BEGIN
            SET @individualBefore12 = @individualBefore12 + 1
        END
    END
    ELSE
    BEGIN
        IF @orderHour > 15
        BEGIN
            SET @companyAfter15 = @companyAfter15 + 1
        END
        ELSE IF @orderHour > 12
        BEGIN
            SET @companyBetween12And15 = @companyBetween12And15 + 1
        END
        ELSE

```

```

        BEGIN
            SET @companyBefore12 = @companyBefore12 + 1
        END
    END

    FETCH NEXT FROM tableInfo INTO @reservation
END
CLOSE tableInfo
DEALLOCATE tableInfo

DECLARE @orderID INT
DECLARE takeawayinfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT OrderID FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE OrderID IN (SELECT orderId
FROM @OrdersBetweenDates)
OPEN takeawayinfo
FETCH NEXT FROM takeawayinfo INTO @orderID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @orderHour = (SELECT DATEPART(HOUR, HourReceive) FROM
TakeAwayOrder WHERE OrderID = @orderID)

    If [dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer]((SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order"
WHERE OrderID = @orderID)) = 1
    BEGIN
        IF @orderHour > 15
        BEGIN
            SET @individualAfter15 = @individualAfter15 + 1
        END
        ELSE IF @orderHour > 12
        BEGIN
            SET @individualBetween12And15 =
@individualBetween12And15 + 1
        END
        ELSE
        BEGIN
            SET @individualBefore12 = @individualBefore12 + 1
        END
    END
    ELSE
    BEGIN
        IF @orderHour > 15
        BEGIN
            SET @companyAfter15 = @companyAfter15 + 1
        END
    END

```

```

        ELSE IF @orderHour > 12
        BEGIN
            SET @companyBetween12And15 = @companyBetween12And15 + 1
        END
    ELSE
    BEGIN
        SET @companyBefore12 = @companyBefore12 + 1
    END
END

FETCH NEXT FROM takeawayinfo INTO @reservation
END

CLOSE takeawayinfo
DEALLOCATE takeawayinfo

DECLARE @mostPopularMeals NVARCHAR(260) = ''
DECLARE @oneMeal NVARCHAR(50)
DECLARE mealInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT mealName FROM [dbo].[ShowMostFrequentlyMeal] (@restaurantID,
DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, 1), EOMONTH(DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month,
1)))
OPEN mealInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM mealInfo INTO @oneMeal
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @mostPopularMeals += ', ' + @oneMeal
    FETCH NEXT FROM mealInfo INTO @oneMeal
END
CLOSE mealInfo
DEALLOCATE mealInfo

IF @mostPopularMeals != ''
BEGIN
    SET @mostPopularMeals = SUBSTRING(@mostPopularMeals, 3,
LEN(@mostPopularMeals))
END

DECLARE @popularIndividualHours NVARCHAR(20), @popularCompanyHours
NVARCHAR(20)

IF @companyAfter15 >= @companyBetween12And15 AND @companyAfter15 >=
@companyBefore12
BEGIN
    SET @popularCompanyHours = 'After 15'

```

```

END
ELSE IF @companyBetween12And15 >= @companyBefore12
BEGIN
    SET @popularCompanyHours = 'Between 12 and 15'
END
ELSE
BEGIN
    SET @popularCompanyHours = 'Before 12'
END

IF @individualAfter15 >= @individualBetween12And15 AND
@individualAfter15 >= @individualBefore12
BEGIN
    SET @popularIndividualHours = 'After 15'
END
ELSE IF @individualBetween12And15 >= @individualBefore12
BEGIN
    SET @popularIndividualHours = 'Between 12 and 15'
END
ELSE
BEGIN
    SET @popularIndividualHours = 'Before 12'
END

DECLARE @totalDiscounts FLOAT = 0
DECLARE @numberOfCompanyOrders INT = 0, @sumOfCompanyOrders FLOAT =
0
DECLARE @numberOfIndividualOrders INT = 0, @sumOfIndividualOrders
FLOAT = 0

DECLARE @report TABLE
(
    customerName NVARCHAR(60),
    amoutOfOrders INT,
    sumOfOrders FLOAT,
    totalSavings FLOAT
)

INSERT @report
SELECT * FROM
[dbo].[GenerateMonthlyIndividualCustomersReport] (@month,@year,@restauran
tID)

```

```

DECLARE @customerName NVARCHAR(60)
DECLARE individualInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT customerName FROM @report
OPEN individualInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM individualInfo INTO @customerName
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @numberOfIndividualOrders = @numberOfIndividualOrders +
(SELECT amoutOfOrders FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    SET @sumOfIndividualOrders = @sumOfIndividualOrders + (SELECT
sumOfOrders FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    SET @totalDiscounts = @totalDiscounts + (SELECT totalSavings
FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    FETCH NEXT FROM individualInfo INTO @customerName
END
CLOSE individualInfo
DEALLOCATE individualInfo

DELETE FROM @report
INSERT @report
SELECT * FROM
[dbo].[GenerateMonthlyCompanyReport] (@month,@year,@restaurantID)

DECLARE customerInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT customerName FROM @report
OPEN customerInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM customerInfo INTO @customerName
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @numberOfCompanyOrders = @numberOfCompanyOrders + (SELECT
amoutOfOrders FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    SET @sumOfCompanyOrders = @sumOfCompanyOrders + (SELECT
sumOfOrders FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    SET @totalDiscounts = @totalDiscounts + (SELECT totalSavings
FROM @report WHERE customerName = @customerName)
    FETCH NEXT FROM customerInfo INTO @customerName
END
CLOSE customerInfo
DEALLOCATE customerInfo

INSERT @restaurantReport
(
    totalNumberOfTables,

```

```

        totalSumOfDiscounts,
        mostPopularMeals,
        totalNumberOfCompanyOrders,
        totalSumOfCompanyOrders,
        totalNumberOfIndividualCustomersOrders,
        totalSumOfIndividualCustomersOrders,
        mostPopularTimeForIndividualCustomers,
        mostPopularTimeForCompanyCustomers
    )
VALUES
(
    @totalNumbersOfTables,
    @totalDiscounts,
    @mostPopularMeals,
    @numberOfCompanyOrders,
    @sumOfCompanyOrders,
    @numberOfIndividualOrders,
    @sumOfIndividualOrders,
    @popularIndividualHours,
    @popularCompanyHours
)
RETURN
END

```

19. GenerateWeeklyIndividualCustomersReport

Generowanie raportu tygodniowego odnośnie wszystkich klientów indywidualnych

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateWeeklyIndividualCustomersReport] (@day
SMALLINT, @month SMALLINT, @year SMALLINT, @restaurantID SMALLINT)
RETURNS @monthReport TABLE
(
    customerName NVARCHAR(60),
    amoutOfOrders INT,
    sumOfOrders FLOAT,
    totalSavings FLOAT
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @individualCustomers TABLE
    (

```



```

        customerId INT
    )

    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE restaurantCustomersInfo CURSOR FOR
    SELECT CustomerID FROM Customers WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID
    OPEN restaurantCustomersInfo
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        IF [dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer](@customerID) = 1
        BEGIN
            INSERT @individualCustomers
            (
                customerId
            )
            VALUES
            (
                @customerID
            )
        END

        FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
    END
    CLOSE restaurantCustomersInfo
    DEALLOCATE restaurantCustomersInfo

    DECLARE @individualOrders TABLE
    (
        orderId INT
    )

    DECLARE @orderId INT
    DECLARE infoCustomers CURSOR FOR
    SELECT idOrder FROM [dbo].[GetOrdersBetweenDates](@restaurantID,
DATEADD(day, -6, DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, @day)),
DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, @day))
    OPEN infoCustomers
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderId
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        IF (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE OrderID = @orderId) IN
        (SELECT customerId FROM @individualCustomers)
        BEGIN

```

```

        INSERT @individualOrders
        (
            orderId
        )
VALUES
    (
        @orderID
    )
END
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderID
END
CLOSE infoCustomers
DEALLOCATE infoCustomers

DECLARE @withoutDiscounts FLOAT
DECLARE @total FLOAT
DECLARE @totalText VARCHAR(100)
DECLARE @amoutOfOrders INT

DECLARE restaurantCustomersInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT customerID FROM @individualCustomers
OPEN restaurantCustomersInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @withoutDiscounts = 0
    SET @total = 0
    SET @amoutOfOrders = 0
    DECLARE infoOrders CURSOR FOR
    SELECT orderId FROM @individualOrders
    OPEN infoOrders
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        IF @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE
OrderID = @orderID)
        BEGIN
            SET @amoutOfOrders = @amoutOfOrders + 1
            DECLARE sumOrderInfo CURSOR FOR
            SELECT param_value FROM [dbo].[SumOrder] (@orderID) WHERE
param_text LIKE 'In total:%'
            OPEN sumOrderInfo
            FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText

```

```

        WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
        BEGIN
            SET @total = @total + CAST(SUBSTRING(@totalText, 1,
LEN(@totalText)-2) AS FLOAT)
            FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
        END
        CLOSE sumOrderInfo
        DEALLOCATE sumOrderInfo

        DECLARE @mealId SMALLINT
        DECLARE infoDetails CURSOR FOR
        SELECT MealID FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID = @orderId
        OPEN infoDetails
        FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
        WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
        BEGIN
            SET @withoutDiscounts = @withoutDiscounts + (SELECT
Quantity FROM OrderDetails WHERE MealID = @mealId AND OrderID =
@orderId) * (SELECT MealPrice FROM Meals WHERE MealID = @mealId)

            FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
        END
        CLOSE infoDetails
        DEALLOCATE infoDetails
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderId
END
CLOSE infoOrders
DEALLOCATE infoOrders

INSERT @monthReport
(
    customerName,
    amoutOfOrders,
    sumOfOrders,
    totalSavings
)
VALUES
(
    (SELECT FirstName + ' ' + LastName FROM IndividualCustomer
WHERE CustomerID = @customerId),
    @amoutOfOrders,
    @total,

```

```

        (@withoutDiscounts - @total)
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
END
RETURN
END

```

20. GenerateWeeklyCompanyReport

Generowanie raportu tygodniowego odnośnie wszystkich firm.

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateWeeklyCompanyReport] (@day SMALLINT, @month
SMALLINT, @year SMALLINT, @restaurantID SMALLINT)
RETURNS @monthReport TABLE
(
    companyName NVARCHAR(60),
    amoutOfOrders INT,
    sumOfOrders FLOAT,
    totalSavings FLOAT
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @companyCustomer TABLE
    (
        customerId INT
    )

    DECLARE @companyID INT
    DECLARE restaurantCustomersInfo CURSOR FOR
    SELECT CustomerID FROM Customers WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID
    OPEN restaurantCustomersInfo
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @companyID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        IF [dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer](@companyID) = 0
        BEGIN
            INSERT @companyCustomer
            (
                customerId
            )
            VALUES
            (

```

```

        @companyID
    )
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @companyID
END
CLOSE restaurantCustomersInfo
DEALLOCATE restaurantCustomersInfo

DECLARE @companyOrders TABLE
(
    orderId INT
)

DECLARE @orderId INT
DECLARE infoCustomers CURSOR FOR
SELECT idOrder FROM [dbo].[GetOrdersBetweenDates] (@restaurantID,
DATEADD(day, -6, DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, @day)),
DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, @day))
OPEN infoCustomers
FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderId
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    IF (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE OrderID = @orderId) IN
(SELECT customerId FROM @companyCustomer)
    BEGIN
        INSERT @companyOrders
        (
            orderId
        )
        VALUES
        (
            @orderId
        )
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderId
END
CLOSE infoCustomers
DEALLOCATE infoCustomers

DECLARE @withoutDiscounts FLOAT
DECLARE @total FLOAT
DECLARE @totalText VARCHAR(100)
DECLARE @amoutOfOrders INT

```

```

DECLARE restaurantCustomersInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT customerID FROM @companyCustomer
OPEN restaurantCustomersInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @companyID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @withoutDiscounts = 0
    SET @total = 0
    SET @amoutOfOrders = 0
    DECLARE infoOrders CURSOR FOR
    SELECT orderID FROM @companyOrders
    OPEN infoOrders
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        IF @companyID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE
OrderID = @orderID)
        BEGIN
            SET @amoutOfOrders = @amoutOfOrders + 1
            DECLARE sumOrderInfo CURSOR FOR
            SELECT param_value FROM [dbo].[SumOrder](@orderID) WHERE
param_text LIKE 'In total:%'
            OPEN sumOrderInfo
            FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
            BEGIN
                SET @total = @total + CAST(SUBSTRING(@totalText, 1,
LEN(@totalText)-2) AS FLOAT)
                FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
            END
            CLOSE sumOrderInfo
            DEALLOCATE sumOrderInfo

            DECLARE @mealId SMALLINT
            DECLARE infoDetails CURSOR FOR
            SELECT MealID FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID = @orderID
            OPEN infoDetails
            FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
            BEGIN

```

```

        SET @withoutDiscounts = @withoutDiscounts + (SELECT
Quantity FROM OrderDetails WHERE MealID = @mealID AND OrderID =
@orderID) * (SELECT MealPrice FROM Meals WHERE MealID = @mealID)

        FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealID
    END
    CLOSE infoDetails
    DEALLOCATE infoDetails
END
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
END
    CLOSE infoOrders
    DEALLOCATE infoOrders

INSERT @monthReport
(
    companyName,
    amoutOfOrders,
    sumOfOrders,
    totalSavings
)
VALUES
(
    (SELECT CompanyName FROM CompanyCustomer WHERE CompanyID =
@companyID),
    @amoutOfOrders,
    @total,
    (@withoutDiscounts - @total)
)
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @companyID
END
RETURN
END

```

21. GenerateMonthlyIndividualCustomersReport

Generowanie raportu miesięcznego odnośnie wszystkich klientów indywidualnych

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateMonthlyIndividualCustomersReport] (@month
SMALLINT, @year SMALLINT, @restaurantID SMALLINT)
RETURNS @monthReport TABLE
(

```

```

customerName NVARCHAR(60),
amoutOfOrders INT,
sumOfOrders FLOAT,
totalSavings FLOAT
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @individualCustomers TABLE
    (
        customerId INT
    )

    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE restaurantCustomersInfo CURSOR FOR
    SELECT CustomerID FROM Customers WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID
    OPEN restaurantCustomersInfo
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        IF [dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer](@customerID) = 1
        BEGIN
            INSERT @individualCustomers
            (
                customerId
            )
            VALUES
            (
                @customerID
            )
        END

        FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
    END
    CLOSE restaurantCustomersInfo
    DEALLOCATE restaurantCustomersInfo

    DECLARE @individualOrders TABLE
    (
        orderId INT
    )

    DECLARE @orderId INT
    DECLARE infoCustomers CURSOR FOR

```



```

        SELECT idOrder FROM [dbo].[GetOrdersBetweenDates](@restaurantID,
DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, 1), EOMONTH(DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month,
1)))

    OPEN infoCustomers
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        IF (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE OrderID = @orderID) IN
(SELECT customerId FROM @individualCustomers)
        BEGIN
            INSERT @individualOrders
            (
                orderId
            )
            VALUES
            (
                @orderID
            )
        END
        FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderID
    END
    CLOSE infoCustomers
    DEALLOCATE infoCustomers

    DECLARE @withoutDiscounts FLOAT
    DECLARE @total FLOAT
    DECLARE @totalText VARCHAR(100)
    DECLARE @amoutOfOrders INT

    DECLARE restaurantCustomersInfo CURSOR FOR
    SELECT customerId FROM @individualCustomers
    OPEN restaurantCustomersInfo
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerId
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        SET @withoutDiscounts = 0
        SET @total = 0
        SET @amoutOfOrders = 0
        DECLARE infoOrders CURSOR FOR
        SELECT orderId FROM @individualOrders
        OPEN infoOrders
        FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
        WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0

```

```

        BEGIN
            IF @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE
OrderID = @orderID)
                BEGIN
                    SET @amoutOfOrders = @amoutOfOrders + 1
                    DECLARE sumOrderInfo CURSOR FOR
                    SELECT param_value FROM [dbo].[SumOrder](@orderID) WHERE
param_text LIKE 'In total:%'
                    OPEN sumOrderInfo
                    FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
                    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                        BEGIN
                            SET @total = @total + CAST(SUBSTRING(@totalText, 1,
LEN(@totalText)-2) AS FLOAT)
                            FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
                        END
                    CLOSE sumOrderInfo
                    DEALLOCATE sumOrderInfo

                    DECLARE @mealId SMALLINT
                    DECLARE infoDetails CURSOR FOR
                    SELECT MealID FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID = @orderID
                    OPEN infoDetails
                    FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
                    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                        BEGIN
                            SET @withoutDiscounts = @withoutDiscounts + (SELECT
Quantity FROM OrderDetails WHERE MealID = @mealID AND OrderID =
@orderID) * (SELECT MealPrice FROM Meals WHERE MealID = @mealId)

                            FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
                        END
                    CLOSE infoDetails
                    DEALLOCATE infoDetails
                END
            FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
        END
    CLOSE infoOrders
    DEALLOCATE infoOrders

    INSERT @monthReport
    (
        customerName,

```

```

        amoutOfOrders,
        sumOfOrders,
        totalSavings
    )
VALUES
(
    (SELECT FirstName + ' ' + LastName FROM IndividualCustomer
WHERE CustomerID = @customerID),
    @amoutOfOrders,
    @total,
    (@withoutDiscounts - @total)
)
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
END
RETURN
END

```

22. GenerateMonthlyCompanyReport

Generowanie raportu miesięcznego odnośnie wszystkich firm

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GenerateMonthlyCompanyReport] (@month SMALLINT,
@year SMALLINT, @restaurantID SMALLINT)
RETURNS @monthReport TABLE
(
    companyName NVARCHAR(60),
    amoutOfOrders INT,
    sumOfOrders FLOAT,
    totalSavings FLOAT
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @companyCustomers TABLE
    (
        customerId INT
    )

    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE restaurantCustomersInfo CURSOR FOR
    SELECT CustomerID FROM Customers WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID
    OPEN restaurantCustomersInfo
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0

```

```

BEGIN
    IF [dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer](@customerID) = 0
    BEGIN
        INSERT @companyCustomers
        (
            customerId
        )
        VALUES
        (
            @customerID
        )
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
END
CLOSE restaurantCustomersInfo
DEALLOCATE restaurantCustomersInfo

DECLARE @companyOrders TABLE
(
    orderId INT
)

DECLARE @orderId INT
DECLARE infoCustomers CURSOR FOR
SELECT idOrder FROM [dbo].[GetOrdersBetweenDates](@restaurantID,
DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month, 1), EOMONTH(DATEFROMPARTS(@year, @month,
1)))
OPEN infoCustomers
FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderId
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    IF (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE OrderID = @orderId) IN
(SELECT customerId FROM @companyCustomers)
    BEGIN
        INSERT @companyOrders
        (
            orderId
        )
        VALUES
        (
            @orderId
        )
    END
END

```

```

        FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @orderID
    END
    CLOSE infoCustomers
    DEALLOCATE infoCustomers

    DECLARE @withoutDiscounts FLOAT
    DECLARE @total FLOAT
    DECLARE @totalText VARCHAR(100)
    DECLARE @amoutOfOrders INT

    DECLARE restaurantCustomersInfo CURSOR FOR
    SELECT customerID FROM @companyCustomers
    OPEN restaurantCustomersInfo
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        SET @withoutDiscounts = 0
        SET @total = 0
        SET @amoutOfOrders = 0
        DECLARE infoOrders CURSOR FOR
        SELECT orderID FROM @companyOrders
        OPEN infoOrders
        FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
        WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
        BEGIN
            IF @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE
OrderID = @orderID)
                BEGIN
                    SET @amoutOfOrders = @amoutOfOrders + 1
                    DECLARE sumOrderInfo CURSOR FOR
                    SELECT param_value FROM [dbo].[SumOrder](@orderID) WHERE
param_text LIKE 'In total:%'
                    OPEN sumOrderInfo
                    FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
                    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                    BEGIN
                        SET @total = @total + CAST(SUBSTRING(@totalText, 1,
LEN(@totalText)-2) AS FLOAT)
                        FETCH NEXT FROM sumOrderInfo INTO @totalText
                    END
                    CLOSE sumOrderInfo
                    DEALLOCATE sumOrderInfo
                END
            ELSE
                CONTINUE
        END
    END
    CLOSE restaurantCustomersInfo
    DEALLOCATE restaurantCustomersInfo

```

```

        DECLARE @mealId SMALLINT
        DECLARE infoDetails CURSOR FOR
        SELECT MealID FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID = @orderID
        OPEN infoDetails
        FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
        WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
        BEGIN
            SET @withoutDiscounts = @withoutDiscounts + (SELECT
Quantity FROM OrderDetails WHERE MealID = @mealID AND OrderID =
@orderID) * (SELECT MealPrice FROM Meals WHERE MealID = @mealId)

            FETCH NEXT FROM infoDetails INTO @mealId
        END
        CLOSE infoDetails
        DEALLOCATE infoDetails
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoOrders INTO @orderID
END
CLOSE infoOrders
DEALLOCATE infoOrders

INSERT @monthReport
(
    companyName,
    amoutOfOrders,
    sumOfOrders,
    totalSavings
)
VALUES
(
    (SELECT CompanyName FROM CompanyCustomer WHERE CompanyID =
@customerID),
    @amoutOfOrders,
    @total,
    (@withoutDiscounts - @total)
)
    FETCH NEXT FROM restaurantCustomersInfo INTO @customerID
END
RETURN
END

```

23. MonthlyIncomeView

Wyświetlanie miesięcznego przychodu restauracji.

```
ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[MonthlyIncomeView] (@restaurantID SMALLINT)
RETURNS @result TABLE
(
    messageGiven NVARCHAR(150),
    answer NVARCHAR(150)
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @month TINYINT
    DECLARE @year SMALLINT

    SET @year = YEAR(GETDATE())
    SET @month = MONTH(GETDATE()) - 1
    IF (@month = 0)
    BEGIN
        SET @month = 12
        SET @year = YEAR(GETDATE()) - 1
    END
    END
    INSERT @result
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
    VALUES
    (
        'Name: ',
        (SELECT RestaurantName FROM Restaurant WHERE
RestaurantID = @restaurantID)
    )

    INSERT @result
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
    VALUES
    (
        'Date: ',
        CONVERT(varchar, getdate(), 1)
    )
)
```

```

INSERT @result
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Month: ',
        @month
    )

INSERT @result
    (
        messageGiven,
        answer
    )
VALUES
    (
        'Year: ',
        @year
    )

DECLARE @orderID INT
DECLARE @total MONEY

SET @total = 0
DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
SELECT o.OrderID FROM "Order" as o
    INNER JOIN TakeAwayOrder as tao ON (MONTH(tao.DateOrder) =
@month AND YEAR(tao.DateOrder) = @year AND o.OrderID = tao.OrderID)

OPEN info
FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @total = @Total + [dbo].[SumOrderValue](@orderID)
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderID
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info

```



```

DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
SELECT o.OrderID FROM "Order" as o
    JOIN OnSiteOrder as oo ON (oo.OrderID = o.OrderID)
    JOIN Reservation as r ON (r.ReservationID = oo.ReservationID AND
MONTH(r.DateReservation) = @month AND YEAR(r.DateReservation) = @year)
OPEN info
FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    SET @total = @Total + [dbo].[SumOrderValue](@orderID)
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderID
END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info

INSERT @result
(
    messageGiven,
    answer
)
VALUES
(
    'Total income: ',
    CONCAT(@total, ' $')
)
RETURN
END

```

24. GetOrdersBetweenDates

Zwraca tabelę wszystkich OrderID które zostały złożone między danymi datami

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[GetOrdersBetweenDates] (@restaurantId SMALLINT,
@startDate DATE, @endDate DATE)
RETURNS @ordersBetweenDatesFromRestaurant TABLE
(
    idOrder INT
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @restaurantCustomers TABLE
    (
        customerID INT
    )

```

```

DECLARE @customer INT
DECLARE infoCustomers CURSOR FOR
SELECT CustomerID FROM Customers WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantId
OPEN infoCustomers
FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @customer
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @restaurantCustomers
    (
        customerID
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @customer
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoCustomers INTO @customer
END
CLOSE infoCustomers
DEALLOCATE infoCustomers

DECLARE @ordersBetweenDates TABLE
(
    idOrder INT
)

DECLARE @orderekID INT
DECLARE infoFromTakeAways CURSOR FOR
SELECT OrderID FROM TakeAwayOrder WHERE DateOrder BETWEEN @startDate
AND @endDate
OPEN infoFromTakeAways
FETCH NEXT FROM infoFromTakeAways INTO @orderekID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @ordersBetweenDates
    (
        idOrder
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @orderekID
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoFromTakeAways INTO @orderekID
END

```

```

CLOSE infoFromTakeAways
DEALLOCATE infoFromTakeAways

DECLARE infoFromReservations CURSOR FOR
SELECT OrderID FROM OnSiteOrder INNER JOIN Reservation ON
Reservation.ReservationID = OnSiteOrder.ReservationID WHERE
Reservation.DateReservation BETWEEN @startDate AND @endDate
OPEN infoFromReservations
FETCH NEXT FROM infoFromReservations INTO @orderekID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    INSERT @ordersBetweenDates
    (
        idOrder
    )
VALUES
    (
        @orderekID
    )
    FETCH NEXT FROM infoFromReservations INTO @orderekID
END
CLOSE infoFromReservations
DEALLOCATE infoFromReservations

DECLARE info CURSOR FOR
SELECT idOrder FROM @ordersBetweenDates
OPEN info
FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderekID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    IF @orderekID IN (SELECT OrderID FROM "Order" WHERE CustomerID
IN (SELECT customerID FROM @restaurantCustomers))
    BEGIN
        INSERT @ordersBetweenDatesFromRestaurant
        (
            idOrder
        )
VALUES
        (
            @orderekID
        )
    END
    FETCH NEXT FROM info INTO @orderekID

```

```

END
CLOSE info
DEALLOCATE info
RETURN
END

```

6. Funkcje zwracające wartości skalarne

1. GetDiscount

Zwrócenie wartość rabatu dla danego klienta

```

CREATE FUNCTION [dbo].[GetDiscount] (@customerID INT)
RETURNS FLOAT
AS
BEGIN
    IF ([dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer] (@customerID) = 0)
        BEGIN
            RETURN 1
        END

    DECLARE @discountID INT
    DECLARE @result FLOAT
    DECLARE @loyalty BIT
    DECLARE @temporary BIT
    DECLARE @restaurantID SMALLINT

    SET @result = 1
    SET @discountID = (SELECT DiscountID FROM IndividualCustomer WHERE
@customerID = CustomerID)
    SET @restaurantID = (SELECT RestaurantID FROM Customers WHERE
@customerID = CustomerID)
    SET @loyalty =
    (
    SELECT CASE WHEN
    (SELECT LoalityCard FROM Discount WHERE @discountID = DiscountID) =
1
        THEN 1
        ELSE 0
    END
    )
END

```

```

SET @temporary =
(
    SELECT CASE WHEN EXISTS
    (
        SELECT DiscountID FROM Discount WHERE
        @discountID = DiscountID AND
        DiscountBeginning IS NOT NULL AND
        DiscountEnd IS NOT NULL AND
        DiscountBeginning <= GETDATE() AND
        DiscountEND >= GETDATE()
    )
    THEN 1
    ELSE 0
END
)
IF (@loyalty = 1 AND @result > (1-(SELECT LooalityValueDiscount
FROM DiscountDetails WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID)))
BEGIN
    SET @result = (1-(SELECT LooalityValueDiscount FROM
DiscountDetails WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID))
END
IF (@temporary = 1 AND @result > (1-(SELECT TemporaryValueDiscount
FROM DiscountDetails WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID)))
BEGIN
    SET @result = (1-(SELECT TemporaryValueDiscount FROM
DiscountDetails WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID))
END
RETURN @result
END

```

2. IsIndividualCustomer

Sprawdzenie czy klient jest indywidualnym, czy jest firmą

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer] (@customerID INT)
RETURNS BIT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @result BIT
    SET @result =
    (
        SELECT CASE WHEN EXISTS
        (

```

```

        SELECT CustomerID FROM IndividualCustomer WHERE @customerID
= CustomerID
    )
    THEN 1
    ELSE 0
END
)
RETURN @result
END

```

3. IsTakeSiteOrder

Sprawdzenie czy dane zamówienie jest na miejscu

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[IsTakeSiteOrder] (@orderID INT)
RETURNS BIT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @result BIT
    SET @result =
    (
        SELECT CASE WHEN EXISTS
            (
                SELECT OrderID FROM OnSiteOrder WHERE @orderID = OrderID
            )
        THEN 1
        ELSE 0
    END
    )
    RETURN @result
END

```

4. SumOrderValue

Wyświetlenie zsumowanej wartości danego zamówienia

```

ALTER FUNCTION [dbo].[SumOrderValue] (@orderID INT)
RETURNS MONEY
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @result MONEY
    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE @discount float
    SET @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM "Order" WHERE @orderID =
OrderID)

```

```

SET @discount = [dbo].[GetDiscount] (@customerID)
SET @result =
(
SELECT SUM(Quantity * MealPrice * @discount) FROM OrderDetails o
INNER JOIN Meals m ON m.MealID = o.MealID
WHERE OrderID = @orderID
)
RETURN @result
END

```

7. Procedurey

1. AddNewMeal

Dodanie nowego dania do bazy wszystkich dań.

```

CREATE Procedure [dbo].[AddNewMeal]
(
@categoryID TINYINT,
@mealPrice SMALLMONEY,
@mealName NVARCHAR(50),
@photo IMAGE = NULL,
@restaurantID SMALLINT
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @mealID SMALLINT
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Meals ON
    SET @mealID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Meals') + 1

    INSERT INTO dbo.Meals
    (
        MealID,
        CategoryID,
        MealPrice,
        MealName,
        PhotoOfMeal,
        RestaurantID
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @mealID,
        @categoryID,

```

```

        @mealPrice,
        @mealName,
        @photo,
        @restaurantID
    )
SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Meals OFF

INSERT INTO dbo.Menu
(
    MealID,
    DateActiveMeal,
    DateDisactiveMeal
)
VALUES
(
    @mealID,
    NULL,
    NULL
)
END
GO

```

2. AddNewIndividualCustomer

Dodanie nowego klienta indywidualnego do bazy danych.

```

ALTER PROCEDURE [dbo].[AddNewIndividualCustomer]
(
    @firstName NVARCHAR(30),
    @lastName NVARCHAR(30),
    @restaurantID SMALLINT,
    @mail NVARCHAR(30) = NULL,
    @phone CHAR(15) = NULL,
    @address NVARCHAR(30) = NULL,
    @city NVARCHAR(30) = NULL
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @customerID INT
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Customers ON
    SET @customerID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Customers') + 1
    INSERT INTO dbo.Customers

```



```

(
    CustomerID,
    Mail,
    Phone,
    "Address",
    City,
    RestaurantID
)
VALUES
(
    @customerID,
    @mail,
    @phone,
    @address,
    @city,
    @restaurantID
)

SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Customers OFF
SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Discount ON
DECLARE @discountID SMALLINT
SET @discountID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Discount') + 1

INSERT INTO dbo.Discount
(
    DiscountID,
    DiscountBeginning,
    LoalityCard,
    DiscountEnd
)
VALUES
(
    @discountID,
    NULL,
    0,
    NULL
)

INSERT INTO dbo.TemporaryDiscountDetails
(
    OrdersPrice,
    DiscountID
)

```

```

VALUES
(
    0,
    @discountID
)

SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Discount OFF

INSERT INTO dbo.IndividualCustomer
(
    CustomerID,
    FirstName,
    LastName,
    DiscountID
)
VALUES
(
    @customerID,
    @firstName,
    @lastName,
    @discountID
)
END
GO

```

3. AddNewCompany

Dodanie nowej firmy do bazy danych.

```

ALTER PROCEDURE [dbo].[AddNewCompany]
(
    @companyName NVARCHAR(60),
    @NIP NVARCHAR(14),
    @restaurantID SMALLINT,
    @mail NVARCHAR(30) = NULL,
    @phone CHAR(15) = NULL,
    @address NVARCHAR(30) = NULL,
    @city NVARCHAR(30) = NULL
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @customerID INT
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Customers ON
    SET @customerID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Customers') + 1
    INSERT INTO dbo.Customers

```

```

(
    CustomerID,
    Mail,
    Phone,
    "Address",
    City,
    RestaurantID
)
VALUES
(
    @customerID,
    @mail,
    @phone,
    @address,
    @city,
    @restaurantID
)

INSERT INTO dbo.CompanyCustomer
(
    CompanyID,
    CompanyName,
    NIP
)
VALUES
(
    @customerID,
    @companyName,
    @NIP
)

SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Customers OFF
END

```

4. AddNewIngredientsToMeal

Dodanie nowych produktów do składników dania.

```

CREATE Procedure [dbo].[AddNewIngredientsToMeal]
(
    @ProductID SMALLINT,
    @MealID SMALLINT
)

```

```

AS
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO [dbo].[MealIngrediens]
    (
        MealID,
        ProductID
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @MealID,
        @ProductID
    )
END

```

5. ActivateMeal

Aktywowanie dania w aktualnym menu

```

ALTER PROCEDURE [dbo].[ActivateMeal]
(
    @mealID SMALLINT,
    @startDate DATE,
    @endDate DATE
)
AS
BEGIN
    UPDATE Menu
    SET
        DateActiveMeal = @startDate,
        DateDisactiveMeal = @endDate
    WHERE @mealID = MealID
END

```

6. AddReservation

Dodanie nowej rezerwacji

```

CREATE Procedure [dbo].[AddReservation]
(
    @IsConfirm BIT,
    @CustomerID INT,
    @NumberOfCustomer SMALLINT,
    @StartReservation TIME,
    @DateReservation DATE
)

```

```

AS
BEGIN
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Reservation ON
    DECLARE @ReservationID INT
    SET @ReservationID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Reservation') + 1

    IF (@StartReservation IS NULL)
    BEGIN
        SET @StartReservation = CONVERT(TIME, GETDATE())
    END

    IF (@DateReservation IS NULL)
    BEGIN
        SET @DateReservation = GETDATE()
    END

    DECLARE @EndReservation TIME
    SET @EndReservation = DATEADD(HOUR, 2, @StartReservation)

    INSERT INTO dbo."Reservation"
    (
        ReservationID,
        IsConfirm,
        CustomerID,
        NumberOfCustomer,
        StartReservation,
        EndReservation,
        DateReservation
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @ReservationID,
        @IsConfirm,
        @CustomerID,
        @NumberOfCustomer,
        @StartReservation,
        @EndReservation,
        @DateReservation
    )
END

```

7. AddTakeAwayOrder

Stworzenie nowego zamówienia na wynos

```
CREATE Procedure [dbo].[AddTakeAwayOrder]
(
    @EmployeeID SMALLINT,
    @CustomerID INT,
    @DateReceive DATE,
    @HourReceive TIME,
    @IsPaid BIT,
    @Payment NVARCHAR(30)
)
AS
BEGIN
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo."Order" ON
    DECLARE @OrderID SMALLINT
    SET @OrderID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Order') + 1

    DECLARE @HourOrder TIME
    SET @HourOrder = CONVERT(TIME, GETDATE())

    INSERT INTO dbo."Order"
    (
        OrderID,
        HourOrder,
        Payment,
        EmployeeID,
        CustomerID
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @OrderID,
        @HourOrder,
        @Payment,
        @EmployeeID,
        @CustomerID
    )

    DECLARE @DateOrder DATE
    SET @DateOrder = GETDATE()

    INSERT INTO dbo.TakeAwayOrder
    (
```

```

        DateOrder,
        DateReceive,
        HourReceive,
        IsPaid,
        OrderID
    )
VALUES
(
    @DateOrder,
    @DateReceive,
    @HourReceive,
    @IsPaid,
    @OrderID
)
END

```

8. AddOnSiteOrder

Stworzenie nowego zamówienia na miejscu

```

ALTER Procedure [dbo].[AddTakeOnSite]
(
    @EmployeeID SMALLINT,
    @CustomerID INT,
    @Payment NVARCHAR(30),
    @reservationID INT
)
AS
BEGIN
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo."Order" ON
    DECLARE @OrderID SMALLINT
    SET @OrderID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Order') + 1

    DECLARE @HourOrder TIME
    SET @HourOrder = CONVERT(TIME, GETDATE())

    INSERT INTO dbo."Order"
    (
        OrderID,
        HourOrder,
        Payment,
        EmployeeID,
        CustomerID
    )

```

```

    )
VALUES
(
    @OrderID,
    @HourOrder,
    @Payment,
    @EmployeeID,
    @CustomerID
)
SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo."Order" OFF
DECLARE @orderDate DATE
SET @orderDate = GETDATE()

INSERT INTO dbo.OnSiteOrder
(
    OrderID,
    ReservationID,
    OrderDate
)
VALUES
(
    @OrderID,
    @reservationID,
    @orderDate
)
END

```

9. AddMealToOrder

Dodanie dań do zamówienia

```

ALTER Procedure [dbo].[AddMealToOrder] (
    @MealID SMALLINT,
    @Quantity TINYINT,
    @OrderID SMALLINT
)
AS
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO dbo.OrderDetails
    (
        MealID,
        Quantity,

```



```

        OrderID
    )
VALUES
(
    @MealID,
    @Quantity,
    @OrderID
)

DECLARE @productID SMALLINT
DECLARE productInfo CURSOR FOR
SELECT ProductID FROM MealIngredients WHERE MealID = @MealID
OPEN productInfo
FETCH NEXT FROM productInfo INTO @productID
WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
BEGIN
    UPDATE Products
    SET
        UnitsInStock = UnitsInStock - @Quantity
    WHERE ProductID = @productID

    FETCH NEXT FROM productInfo INTO @productID
END
CLOSE productInfo
DEALLOCATE productInfo
END

```

10. AddTableToReservation

Przydzielenie stolika do rezerwacji

```

ALTER PROCEDURE [dbo].[AddTableToReservation]
(
    @ReservationID INT,
    @TableID SMALLINT,
    @RestaurantID SMALLINT
)
AS
BEGIN
    IF @TableID IS NULL
    BEGIN
        DECLARE @date DATE
        DECLARE @hour TIME
    END

```

```

        DECLARE @NumberOfCustomers SMALLINT

        SET @hour = (SELECT StartReservation FROM Reservation WHERE
ReservationID = @ReservationID)
        SET @date = (SELECT DateReservation FROM Reservation WHERE
ReservationID = @ReservationID)
        SET @NumberOfCustomers = (SELECT NumberOfCustomer FROM
Reservation WHERE ReservationID = @ReservationID)

        SET @TableID = (SELECT TOP 1 "table" FROM
dbo.GetTableForREservation(@date, @hour, @RestaurantID,
@NumberOfCustomers))

        INSERT INTO [dbo].[TableReservation]
        (
            ReservationID,
            TableID
        )
        VALUES
        (
            @ReservationID,
            @TableID
        )
    END
ELSE
    BEGIN
        INSERT INTO [dbo].[TableReservation]
        (
            ReservationID,
            TableID
        )
        VALUES
        (
            @ReservationID,
            @TableID
        )
    END
END

```

11. AddEmployee

Dodanie nowego pracownika.

```

CREATE Procedure [dbo].[AddEmployee]
(
    @FirstName NVARCHAR(30),
    @LastName NVARCHAR(30),
    @Occupation NVARCHAR(30),
    @Salary SMALLMONEY,
    @Mail NVARCHAR(30),
    @Phone CHAR(11),
    @Address NVARCHAR(30),
    @City NVARCHAR(30),
    @HireDate DATE,
    @BirthDate DATE,
    @Photo IMAGE,
    @ManagerID SMALLINT
)
AS
BEGIN
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Employees ON
    DECLARE @EmployeeID SMALLINT
    SET @EmployeeID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Employees') + 1
    INSERT INTO [dbo].[Employees]
    (
        EmployeeID,
        FirstName,
        LastName,
        Occupation,
        Salary,
        Mail,
        Phone,
        "Address",
        City,
        HireDate,
        BirthDate,
        Photo,
        ManagerID
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @EmployeeID,
        @FirstName,
        @LastName,
        @Occupation,
        @Salary,

```

```

        @Mail,
        @Phone,
        @Address,
        @City,
        @HireDate,
        @BirthDate,
        @Phone,
        @ManagerID
    )
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Categories OFF
END

```

12. AddProduct

Dodanie nowego składnika do bazy

```

CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[AddProduct]
(
    @ProductaName varchar(50),
    @UnitsInStock SMALLINT,
    @QuantityPerUnit nvarchar(30),
    @ReorderLevel SMALLINT
)
AS
BEGIN
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Products ON
    DECLARE @ProductID SMALLINT
    SET @ProductID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Products') + 1
    INSERT INTO [dbo].[Products]
        (
            ProductName,
            ProductID,
            UnitsInStock,
            QuantityPerUnit,
            ReorderLevel
        )
    VALUES
        (
            @ProductaName,
            @ProductID,
            @UnitsInStock,
            @QuantityPerUnit,
            @ReorderLevel
        )

```

```
SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Products OFF
END
```

13. AddNewSupplier

Dodanie nowego dostawcy do bazy

```
ALTER Procedure [dbo].[AddNewSupplier]
(
    @phone CHAR(15),
    @mail NVARCHAR(30),
    @address NVARCHAR(30),
    @city NVARCHAR(30),
    @companyName NVARCHAR
)
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @supplierID SMALLINT
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Customers ON
    SET @supplierID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Suppliers') + 1

    INSERT INTO dbo.Suppliers
    (
        SupplierID,
        Phone,
        Mail,
        "Address",
        City,
        CompanyName
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @supplierID,
        @phone,
        @mail,
        @address,
        @city,
        @companyName
    )
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Customers OFF
END
GO
```

14. ConfirmReservation

Potwierdzenie rezerwacji

```
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[ConfirmReservation]
(
    @ReservationID INT
)
AS
BEGIN
    UPDATE dbo.Reservation SET IsConfirm = 1 WHERE ReservationID =
@ReservationID;
END
```

15. AddNewRestaurant

Dodanie nowej restauracji

```
ALTER Procedure [dbo].[AddNewRestaurant]
(
    @RestaurantName nvarchar(50),
    @Phone Char(15),
    @Maill nvarchar(30),
    @Address nvarchar(30),
    @LoalityOrderPrice money,
    @LoalityOrderAmount tinyint,
    @LoalityValueDiscount float,
    @TemporaryOrderPrice smallint,
    @TemporaryNumberOfDays tinyint,
    @TemporaryValueDiscount float,
    @OrderAmount tinyint,
    @MinOrderValue smallmoney
)
AS
BEGIN
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Restaurant ON
    DECLARE @RestaurantID SMALLINT
    SET @RestaurantID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Restaurant') +1

    INSERT INTO dbo.Restaurant
    (
        RestaurantID,
        RestaurantName,
        Phone,
        Mail,
```

```

        "Address",
        OrdersAmount,
        MinOrderValue
    )
VALUES
(
    @RestaurantID,
    @RestaurantName,
    @Phone,
    @Mail,
    @Address,
    @OrderAmount,
    @MinOrderValue
)

INSERT INTO dbo.DiscountDetails
(
    RestaurantID,
    LoalityOrderPrice,
    LoalityOrderAmount,
    LooalityValueDiscount,
    TemporaryOrderPrice,
    TemporaryNumberOfDays,
    TemporaryValueDiscount
)
VALUES
(
    @RestaurantID,
    @LoalityOrderPrice,
    @LoalityOrderAmount,
    @LooalityValueDiscount,
    @TemporaryOrderPrice,
    @TemporaryValueDiscount,
    @TemporaryValueDiscount
)
END

```

16. AddNewManager

Dodanie nowego menadżera

```

CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[AddNewManager]
(

```

```

@RestaurantID SMALLINT,
@FirstName NVARCHAR(30),
@LastName NVARCHAR(30),
@Salary SMALLMONEY,
@Mail NVARCHAR(30),
@Phone CHAR(15),
@Address NVARCHAR(30),
@City NVARCHAR(30),
@Photo IMAGE
)
AS
BEGIN
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Manager ON
    DECLARE @ManagerID SMALLINT
    SET @ManagerID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Manager') +1

    INSERT INTO dbo.Manager
    (
        ManagerID,
        RestaurantID,
        FirstName,
        LastName,
        Salary,
        Mail,
        Phone,
        "Address",
        City,
        Photo
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @ManagerID,
        @RestaurantID,
        @FirstName,
        @LastName,
        @Salary,
        @Mail,
        @Phone,
        @Address,
        @City,
        @Photo
    )
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Manager OFF

```


END

17. AddNewCategory

Dodanie nowej kategorii

```
CREATE Procedure [dbo].[AddNewCategory]
(
    @CategoryName NVARCHAR(20),
    @Description TEXT
)
AS
BEGIN
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Categories ON
    DECLARE @CategoryID TINYINT
    SET @CategoryID = IDENT_CURRENT('dbo.Categories') +1
    INSERT INTO [dbo].[Categories]
    (
        CategoryID,
        CategoryName,
        "Description"
    )
    VALUES
    (
        @CategoryID,
        @CategoryName,
        @Description
    )
    SET IDENTITY_INSERT dbo.Categories OFF
END
```

18. AddProductFromSupplier

Dodanie produktu dostarczanego przez dostawcę

```
ALTER Procedure [dbo].[AddProductFromSupplier]
(
    @supplierID SMALLINT,
    @productID SMALLINT
)
AS
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO dbo.ProductProvided
    (
        SupplierID,
```

```

        ProductID
    )
VALUES
    (
        @supplierID,
        @productID
    )
END

```

19. SetOrderAsFinished

Ustawienie zamówienia jako zakończone.

```

CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[SetOrderAsFinished]
(
    @orderID INT
)
AS
BEGIN
    UPDATE [dbo].[Order] SET Finished = 1 WHERE OrderID = @orderID;
END

```

8. Triggery

1. UpperCaseNameCheck

Sprawdzenie czy użytkownik podał dużą literę w imieniu.

```

ALTER TRIGGER [dbo].[UpperCaseNameCheck] ON
[dbo].[IndividualCustomer]
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @name NVARCHAR(30)
    SET @name = (SELECT FirstName FROM inserted)
    IF (CAST(UPPER(SUBSTRING(@name, 1, 1)) AS BINARY) !=
CAST(SUBSTRING(@name, 1, 1) AS BINARY))
    BEGIN
        RAISERROR('FIRST NAME SHOULD START WITH UPPER CASE', 16,
1)

        ROLLBACK TRANSACTION
    END
END

```

2. CheckAmountOrders

Sprawdzenie czy klient spełnia warunki, aby dokonać zamówienia przy rezerwacji.

```
CREATE TRIGGER [dbo].[CheckAmountOrders] ON [dbo].[Order]
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE @orderID INT
    SET @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM inserted)
    SET @orderID = (SELECT OrderID FROM inserted)
    IF (dbo.IsIndividualCustomer(@customerID) = 1 AND
dbo.IsTakeSiteOrder(@orderID) = 1)
    BEGIN
        DECLARE @reservationID INT
        DECLARE @startReservation TIME
        DECLARE @dateReservation DATE
        SET @reservationID = (SELECT ReservationID FROM
OnSiteOrder WHERE OrderID = @orderID)
        SET @dateReservation = (SELECT DateReservation FROM
Reservation WHERE ReservationID = @reservationID)
        SET @startReservation = (SELECT StartReservation FROM
Reservation WHERE ReservationID = @reservationID)
        IF (@dateReservation != CAST(GETDATE() as DATE) OR
@startReservation > CAST(GETDATE() AS TIME))
        BEGIN
            DECLARE @ordersAmount SMALLINT
            DECLARE @amount SMALLINT
            SET @ordersAmount = (SELECT OrdersAmount FROM
Restaurant WHERE RestaurantID = (SELECT RestaurantID FROM Customers
WHERE CustomerID = @customerID))
            SET @amount = (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM "Order" WHERE
@customerID = CustomerID AND Finished = 1)

            IF (@amount < @ordersAmount)
            BEGIN
                RAISERROR('NOT ENOUGH ORDERS', 16, 1)
                ROLLBACK TRANSACTION
            END
        END
    END
END
```

GO

3. CheckReservationNumberCustomers

Sprawdzenie czy są minimum dwie osoby przy rezerwacji.

```
CREATE TRIGGER [dbo].[CheckReservationNumberCustomers ] ON
[dbo].[Reservation]
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
    IF (SELECT (NumberOfCustomer) FROM Inserted) < 2
    BEGIN
        RAISERROR('RESERVATION FOR AT LEAST 2 PEOPLE!', 16, 1)
        ROLLBACK TRANSACTION
    END
END

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Reservation] ENABLE
TRIGGER[CheckReservationNumberCustomers]
END
```

4. CheckReorderLevel

Sprawdzenie czy jest wystarczająca ilość produktów w magazynie.

```
ALTER TRIGGER [dbo].[CheckReorderLevel] ON [dbo].[OrderDetails]
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @mealID SMALLINT = (SELECT MealID FROM Inserted)
    DECLARE @productID SMALLINT
    DECLARE @productName NVARCHAR(50)
    DECLARE productInfo CURSOR FOR
    SELECT ProductID FROM MealIngrediens WHERE MealID = @mealID
    OPEN productInfo
    FETCH NEXT FROM productInfo INTO @productID
    WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
    BEGIN
        IF (SELECT (ReorderLevel - UnitsInStock) FROM Products WHERE
ProductID = @productID) > 0
        BEGIN
            SET @productName = (SELECT ProductName FROM Products WHERE
ProductID = @productID)
            PRINT CONCAT('WATCH OUT! QuantityPerUnit < ReorderLevel FOR
PRODUCT: ', @productName)
```

```

        END
        FETCH NEXT FROM productInfo INTO @productID
    END
    CLOSE productInfo
    DEALLOCATE productInfo

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[OrderDetails] ENABLE TRIGGER [CheckReorderLevel]
END

```

5. CheckLoyaltyCustomer

Sprawdzenie czy klient może dostać już kartę stałego klienta

```

ALTER TRIGGER [dbo].[CheckLoyaltyCustomer] ON [dbo].[Order]
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @customerID INT = (SELECT CustomerID FROM Inserted)

    IF ([dbo].[IsIndividualCustomer](@customerID) = 1)
    BEGIN
        DECLARE @discountID SMALLINT = (SELECT DiscountID FROM
IndividualCustomer WHERE CustomerID=@customerID)
        IF ((SELECT LoalityCard FROM Discount WHERE DiscountID =
@discountID) = 0 AND UPDATE(Finished) AND (SELECT Finished FROM
Inserted) = 1)
        BEGIN
            DECLARE @numberOfProperOrders SMALLINT = 0
            DECLARE @restaurantID SMALLINT = (SELECT RestaurantID FROM
Customers WHERE CustomerID = @customerID)
            DECLARE @minNumbersOfOrders TINYINT = (SELECT
LoalityOrderAmount FROM DiscountDetails WHERE RestaurantID =
@restaurantID)
            DECLARE @minPriceOfOrder MONEY = (SELECT LoalityOrderPrice
FROM DiscountDetails WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID)

            DECLARE @orderId INT
            DECLARE ordersInfo CURSOR FOR
            SELECT OrderID FROM "Order" WHERE CustomerID = @customerID
            OPEN ordersInfo
            FETCH NEXT FROM ordersInfo INTO @orderId
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
            BEGIN

```

```

        IF ((SELECT Finished FROM "Order" WHERE OrderID =
@orderID) = 1 AND [dbo].[SumOrderValue](@orderID) >= @minPriceOfOrder)
        BEGIN
            SET @numberOfProperOrders = @numberOfProperOrders +
1
        END

        FETCH NEXT FROM ordersInfo INTO @orderID
    END

    IF (@numberOfProperOrders >= @minNumbersOfOrders)
    BEGIN
        UPDATE [dbo].[Discount] SET LoalityCard = 1 WHERE
DiscountID = @discountID;
        PRINT 'WOOOW, YOU ARE OUR LOYALTY CUSTOMER NOW!'
    END
    ELSE
    BEGIN
        DECLARE @howManyToLoyalty NVARCHAR(30) =
CAST((@minNumbersOfOrders-@numberOfProperOrders) AS NVARCHAR(30))
        PRINT CONCAT('UNFORTUNATELY YOU NEED
',@howManyToLoyalty , ' MORE TO BE OUT LOYALTY CUSTOMER :(')
    END
    END
END

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Order] ENABLE TRIGGER [CheckLoyaltyCustomer]
END

```

6. CheckTemporaryDiscount

Sprawdzenie czy klient może dostać tymczasową zniżkę.

```

ALTER TRIGGER [dbo].[CheckTemporaryDiscount] ON [dbo].[Order]
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE @orderID INT
    DECLARE @restaurantID SMALLINT
    DECLARE @discountID SMALLINT
    DECLARE @temporaryPrice SMALLINT
    DECLARE @restaurantPrice SMALLINT

```

```

        DECLARE @money MONEY
        SET @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM inserted)
        SET @orderID = (SELECT OrderID FROM inserted)
        SET @restaurantID = (SELECT RestaurantID FROM Customers WHERE
@customerID = CustomerID)
        SET @discountID = (SELECT DiscountID FROM IndividualCustomer
WHERE @customerID = CustomerID)
        SET @temporaryPrice = (SELECT OrdersPrice FROM
TemporaryDiscountDetails WHERE @discountID = DiscountID)
        SET @money = dbo.SumOrderValue(@orderID)
        SET @restaurantPrice = (SELECT TemporaryValueDiscount FROM
DiscountDetails WHERE @restaurantID = RestaurantID)
        IF(@temporaryPrice + @money >= @restaurantPrice)
        BEGIN
            UPDATE TemporaryDiscountDetails
            SET OrdersPrice = 0
            WHERE DiscountID = @discountID
            DECLARE @days TINYINT
            SET @days = (SELECT TemporaryNumberOfDays FROM
DiscountDetails WHERE RestaurantID = @restaurantID)
            UPDATE Discount
            SET DiscountBeginning = CAST(GETDATE() AS DATE),
                DiscountEnd = DATEADD(DAY ,@days, CAST(GETDATE() AS
DATE))
            WHERE @discountID = DiscountID
            PRINT 'Temporary discount activated'
        END
    END
END

```

7. CheckMinOrderValue

Sprawdzenie czy wartość zamówienia jest większa niż wartość, która umożliwia zwiększenie ilości zamówień, po których można dokonywać rezerwacji razem ze złożeniem zamówienia.

```

CREATE TRIGGER [dbo].[CheckMinOrderValue] ON [dbo].[Order]
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @customerID INT
    DECLARE @orderID INT
    SET @customerID = (SELECT CustomerID FROM inserted)
    SET @orderID = (SELECT OrderID FROM inserted)

```

```

    IF (dbo.IsIndividualCustomer(@customerID) = 1 AND
    dbo.IsTakeSiteOrder(@orderID) = 1)
    BEGIN
        DECLARE @reservationID INT
        DECLARE @startReservation TIME
        DECLARE @dateReservation DATE
        SET @reservationID = (SELECT ReservationID FROM OnSiteOrder
    WHERE OrderID = @orderID)
        SET @dateReservation = (SELECT DateReservation FROM Reservation
    WHERE ReservationID = @reservationID)
        SET @startReservation = (SELECT StartReservation FROM
    Reservation WHERE ReservationID = @reservationID)
        IF (@dateReservation != CAST(GETDATE() as DATE) or
    @startReservation > CAST(GETDATE() AS TIME))
        BEGIN
            DECLARE @minOrderValue SMALLMONEY
            DECLARE @price SMALLMONEY
            SET @minOrderValue = (SELECT MinOrderValue FROM Restaurant
    WHERE RestaurantID = (SELECT RestaurantID FROM Customers WHERE
    CustomerID = @customerID))
            SET @price = dbo.SumOrderValue(@orderID)

            IF (@price >= @minOrderValue)
            BEGIN
                RAISERROR('NOT ENOUGH MONEY', 16, 1)
                ROLLBACK TRANSACTION
            END
        END
    END
END
GO

```

8. SeaFoodOrder

Sprawdzenie czy zamówienie z owocami morza jest zrobione w odpowiednim terminie

```

CREATE TRIGGER [dbo].[SeaFoodOrder] ON [dbo].[OrderDetails]
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @orderID INT
    DECLARE @mealID SMALLINT
    DECLARE @orderDate DATE

```



```

DECLARE @orderFulfillment DATE
DECLARE @categoryName NVARCHAR(20)

SET @orderId = (SELECT OrderID FROM inserted)
SET @mealID = (SELECT MealID FROM inserted)
SET @orderDate = (SELECT OrderDate FROM OnSiteOrder WHERE OrderID =
@orderId)
SET @orderFulfillment = (SELECT DateReservation FROM Reservation
WHERE (SELECT ReservationID FROM OnSiteOrder WHERE OrderID =
@orderId) = ReservationID)
SET @categoryName = (SELECT CategoryName FROM Categories
WHERE (SELECT CategoryID FROM Meals WHERE MealID = @mealID) =
CategoryID)

IF @CategoryName LIKE 'Seafood' AND (DATEPART(dw, @orderFulfillment)
NOT IN (5,6,7)
OR DATEDIFF(DAY, @orderDate, @orderFulfillment) < 3)
BEGIN
    RAISERROR('Cannot place an order! You are late', 16, 1)
    ROLLBACK TRANSACTION : (
END
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[OrderDetails] ENABLE TRIGGER [SeaFoodOrder]

```

9. Role w systemie

1. Administrator

- dodanie nowej restauracji
- dodanie nowego menadżera

2. Menadżer restauracji

- dodanie nowego pracownika
- generowanie raportów
- dodawanie nowych dań do bazy wszystkich dań
- sprawdzanie stanu magazynu
- zmiana daty aktywności dań
- dodanie nowych dostawców
- dodanie nowych produktów

3. Pracownik

- tworzenie zamówień na wynos i na miejscu
- dodanie nowych klientów zarówno indywidualnych jak i firm
- anulowanie zamówień
- akceptowanie rezerwacji

- sprawdzenie rabatów dla klientów
- generowanie faktur
- sprawdzanie stanu magazynu
- dodawanie pozycji do zamówień
- Sprawdzanie stałych klientów

4. Klient Indywidualny

- złożenie zamówienia
- dokonanie rezerwacji z możliwością jednoczesnego zamówienia
- generowanie raportu dla klienta indywidualnego dotyczącego historii zamówień

5. Klient firmowy

- złożenie zamówienia
- dokonanie rezerwacji firmowej i imiennej dla pracownika
- generowanie raportu dla firmy

6. Funkcje systemowe

- obliczanie wartości zamówienia
- sprawdzanie poprawności zamówień zawierających owoce morza
- kontrolowanie ilości produktów w magazynie
- przydzielanie stolika do rezerwacji
- przydzielenie rabatów dla klientów