# Module Interface Specification for $\dots$

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# 1 Revision History

Date	Version	Notes
Date 1	1.0	Notes
Date 2	1.1	Notes

# 2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

See SRS Documentation at [give url —SS] [Also add any additional symbols, abbreviations or acronyms —SS]

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#### 3 Introduction

The following document details the Module Interface Specifications for Breaking Effect.

Breaking effect presents how the pieces of an object move after it separates into parts with suddenness or violence.

This project implements running time breaking effect in codes for 3-D models in unity3D without help from any similar plug-in. Including different shapes 3-D objects breaking based on physics and pieces interacting with the momentum provided by the breaking force. The breaking effect program simulates 3-D objects destruction process in vision by implementing scientific computing functions.

This project concentrates on calculation while HCI or GUI are not important parts. Applied force is decided in codes in advance as input and trace of motion is the output after calculation.

Complementary documents include the System Requirement Specifications and Module Guide. The full documentation and implementation can be found at https://github.com/MaXiaoye/cas741.

#### 4 Notation

[You should describe your notation. You can use what is below as a starting point. —SS]

The structure of the MIS for modules comes from Hoffman and Strooper (1995), with the addition that template modules have been adapted from Ghezzi et al. (2003). The mathematical notation comes from Chapter 3 of Hoffman and Strooper (1995). For instance, the symbol := is used for a multiple assignment statement and conditional rules follow the form  $(c_1 \Rightarrow r_1 | c_2 \Rightarrow r_2 | ... | c_n \Rightarrow r_n)$ .

The following table summarizes the primitive data types used by Program Name.

Data Type	Notation	Description
character	char	a single symbol or digit
integer	$\mathbb{Z}$	a number without a fractional component in $(-\infty, \infty)$
natural number	N	a number without a fractional component in $[1, \infty)$
real	$\mathbb{R}$	any number in $(-\infty, \infty)$

The specification of Program Name uses some derived data types: sequences, strings, and tuples. Sequences are lists filled with elements of the same data type. Strings are sequences of characters. Tuples contain a list of values, potentially of different types. In addition, Program Name uses functions, which are defined by the data types of their inputs and outputs. Local functions are described by giving their type signature followed by their specification.

## 5 Module Decomposition

The following table is taken directly from the Module Guide document for this project.

Level 1	Level 2
Hardware-Hiding Module	
Behaviour-Hiding Module	Input Module Obtaining gravity center module Angle calculation module Displacement in the air calculation module Displacement on the ground calculation module
Software Decision Module	Object cutting module Output Module

Table 1: Module Hierarchy

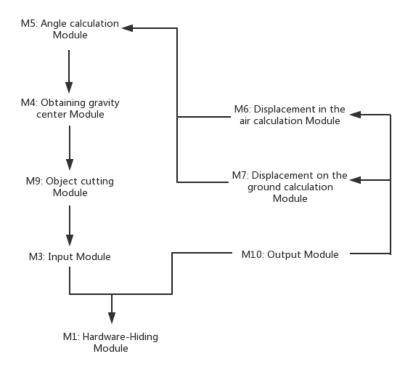


Figure 1: Use hierarchy among modules

## 6 MIS of Input Module(M3)

This module collect input data to do verification and store in corresponding variables. Include position of target object, explosion level, coefficient of ground friction. [Time is input provided by Unity3D.—Author]

[Can I put description here? —Author]

#### 6.1 Module

Input Module

#### 6.2 Uses

Hardware-Hiding Module (M1)

#### 6.3 Syntax

#### 6.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
GetInitPos	TargetObject	$\mathbb{R}$	InvalidObject
InputVerifiy	$\mathbb{R}$	void	OutOfScope

#### 6.4 Semantics

#### 6.4.1 State Variables

[Input module may not have state variables. But it do return different result depends on input data? —Author]

InputVerify: Boolean

#### 6.4.2 Access Routine Semantics

GetInitPos():

- transition: [No transition —Author]
- output: X = Object.X; Y = Object.Y; Z = Object.Z.  $(X, Y, Z) : \mathbb{R}$  [No output but assignment —Author]
- exception:  $exc := (TargetObject = null \Rightarrow NoObjectException)$

InputVerifiy():

- transition: N/A
- output: Exceptions or None.

• exception: [Different kinds of exceptions for different errors. —Author]

```
exc := (\mu_k = \text{null} \Rightarrow \text{NoMuException})

exc := (ExplosionLv = null \Rightarrow NoELvException)

exc := (X, Y, Z \notin \mathbb{R} \lor (X, Y, Z \le -1000) \lor (X, Y, Z \ge 1000) \Rightarrow \text{InvalidCoorException})

exc := (E \notin \mathbb{R} \lor (E \le 0) \lor (E \ge 10) \Rightarrow \text{InvalidELvException})

exc := (\mu_k \notin \mathbb{R} \lor (\mu_k \le 0) \lor (\mu_k \ge 1) \Rightarrow \text{InvalidMuException})
```

# 7 MIS of Obtaining gravity center module (M4)

Call cutting function provided by Unity3D to split target object then do a traversal to obtain location of gravity centers for all pieces. [Each piece is an objects, gravity center is one attribute in PiecePbj —Author]

#### 7.1 Module

ObtainGCModule

#### 7.2 Uses

Input Module(M3)
Object cutting module(M11)

#### 7.3 Syntax

#### 7.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
CuttingFun	TargetObject	PieceObj	ExternalException
Traverse	$PieceObj;\mathbb{R}$	List of PieceObj	-

[Put all functions in the table or in Access Routine Semantics part? —Author]

#### 7.4 Semantics

#### 7.4.1 State Variables

[No state variables —Author]

#### 7.4.2 Access Routine Semantics

[Do I need to put variables here? —Author] Traverse():

• transition: PieceObj → List of PieceObj [data type transition? —Author]

• output: List of PieceObj

• exception: None

# 8 MIS of Angle calculation module(M5)

Calculate the angle between initial speed  $v_0$  and horizontal  $\theta_1$ . Calculate the angle between x axiom and projection on horizontal of initial speed  $\theta_2$ .  $[\theta_1 \text{ and } \theta_2 \text{ are values of each PieceObj}$ —Author]

[Can I put equations in IM here? —Author]

$$\theta_1 = \arctan \frac{|z_n|}{\sqrt{(x_n - X)^2 + (y_n - Y)^2}}$$

$$\theta_2 = \arctan \frac{|y_n - Y|}{|x_n - X|}$$

#### 8.1 Module

AngleCalModule

#### 8.2 Uses

Input  $Module(M_3)$ 

Obtaining gravity center module (M4)

## 8.3 Syntax

#### 8.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
AngleSH	R;PieceObj	$\mathbb R$	-
AngleXV	ℝ;PieceObj	$\mathbb{R}$	

#### 8.4 Semantics

#### 8.4.1 State Variables

None

#### 8.4.2 Access Routine Semantics

AngleSH():

• transition: [No transition —Author]

• output:  $\theta_1 : \mathbb{R}$ 

• exception: None

AngleXV():

• transition: [No transition —Author]

• output:  $\theta_2 : \mathbb{R}$ 

• exception: None

# 9 MIS of Displacement in the air calculation module (M6)

Calculate and output trace of motion for each piece in the air by using follow equations.

$$S_x = v_0 \cdot cos\theta_1 \cdot cos\theta_2 \cdot t$$

$$S_y = v_0 \cdot cos\theta_1 \cdot sin\theta_2 \cdot t,$$

 $S_z = v_0 \cdot sin\theta_1 \cdot t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$  [S is displacement in one frame, t is the gap between each frame  $(\delta t)$ . —Author]

#### 9.1 Module

DisAirCalModule

#### 9.2 Uses

Input Module(M3)

Angle calculation module(M5)

### 9.3 Syntax

#### 9.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
DisAirCal	$\mathbb{R}$ ; PieceObj; Targe-	$\mathbb{R}$	_
	tObject		

#### 9.4 Semantics

#### 9.4.1 State Variables

onGround: Boolean [It is a variable in each PieceObj. That means program checks this variable each frame to call different IM as well as using equations —Author]

#### 9.4.2 Access Routine Semantics

DisAirCal():

• transition: None

• output:  $S_x, S_y, S_z : \mathbb{R}$ 

• exception: None

# 10 MIS of Displacement on the ground calculation module(M7)

Calculate and output trace of motion for each piece on the ground by using follow equations.

$$S_x = v_0 \cdot \cos\theta_1 \cdot \cos\theta_2 \cdot t - \frac{1}{2}at^2$$
  

$$S_y = v_0 \cdot \cos\theta_1 \cdot \sin\theta_2 \cdot t - \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

#### 10.1 Module

DisGroCalModule

#### 10.2 Uses

Input Module(M3) Angle calculation module(M5)

#### 10.3 Syntax

#### 10.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
DisGroCal	$\mathbb{R}$ ; PieceObj; Targe-	$\mathbb{R}$	_
	tObject		

#### 10.4 Semantics

#### 10.4.1 State Variables

onGround: Boolean

#### 10.4.2 Access Routine Semantics

DisGroCal():

• transition:  $a = \mu_k g$  [a is intermediate result. —Author]

• output:  $S_x, S_y, S_z : \mathbb{R}$ 

• exception: None

## 11 MIS of Object cutting Module(M11)

External function provided by platform

#### 11.1 Module

ObjCutModule

#### 11.2 Uses

Input Module(M3)

#### 11.3 Syntax

#### 11.3.1 Exported Access Programs

$\mathbf{Name}$	${ m In}$	Out	Exceptions
cut()	TargetObj	PieceObj	-

#### 11.4 Semantics

#### 11.4.1 State Variables

None

#### 11.4.2 Access Routine Semantics

cut():

 $\bullet$ transition: TargetObj $\rightarrow$ PieceObj

• output: PieceObj

• exception: None

## 12 MIS of Output Module(M10)

[Unity3D interface with codes by calling function update() each frame. Unity3D convert data into visualization. —Author]

#### 12.1 Module

Output Module

#### 12.2 Uses

Displacement in the air calculation module(M6) Displacement on the ground calculation module(M7)

#### 12.3 Syntax

#### 12.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
update()	-	Visualization	-
traverseDi	s() List of PieceObj	=	-
translate()	$\mathbb{R}$	Visualization	-

[Call translate() function for all PieceObj each frame —Author]

#### 12.4 Semantics

#### 12.4.1 State Variables

#### 12.4.2 Access Routine Semantics

update():

• transition:  $\mathbb{R} \to \text{Visualization}$ 

• output: None

• exception: None

## References

Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, and Dino Mandrioli. Fundamentals of Software Engineering. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA, 2nd edition, 2003.

Daniel M. Hoffman and Paul A. Strooper. Software Design, Automated Testing, and Maintenance: A Practical Approach. International Thomson Computer Press, New York, NY, USA, 1995. URL http://citeseer.ist.psu.edu/428727.html.

# 13 Appendix

 $[{\bf Extra~information~if~required~--SS}]$