

# **README\_RTL: Decimation Filter**

Module Hierarchy and Simulation Procedures

**Team 94**

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# 1 Project Overview

This folder implements a multi-stage **Digital Decimation Filter** for a Delta-Sigma ADC. The system processes a high-speed, low-resolution modulator bit-stream to produce high-resolution, low-speed PCM output. The architecture achieves a total decimation factor of **128** ( $R_{total}$ ) using a three-stage topology: **CIC** ( $R = 16$ ) → **FIR** ( $R = 2$ ) → **Halfband** ( $2 \times 2 = 4$ ).

## 2 Project File Inventory

The project folder contains the following source codes, memory files, and simulation data:

### 2.1 RTL & Testbench Files

- `decimation_filter.v`: Top-level module wiring the CIC, FIR, and Halfband stages together.
- `cic_filter.v`: Stage 1 implementation (Cascaded Integrator-Comb) for coarse decimation.
- `fir_filter.v`: Stage 2 implementation (FIR) for droop compensation.
- `halfband_filter.v`: Module for Stage 3 and Stage 4 decimation.
- `tb_decimation_filter.v`: Testbench for clock generation, file I/O, and verification.

### 2.2 Coefficient Files (Memory)

- `fir_coeffs.mem`: Hexadecimal coefficients for the Stage 2 FIR filter.
- `hb1_coeffs.mem`: Hexadecimal coefficients for the Stage 3 Halfband filter.
- `hb2_coeffs.mem`: Hexadecimal coefficients for the Stage 4 Halfband filter.

### 2.3 Input/Output Simulation Files

- `modulator_output1.txt`: Primary input bitstream generated by the Delta-Sigma Modulator.
- `modulator_output2.txt`: Alternative input dataset for testing different signal conditions.
- `modulator_output3.txt`: Third input dataset option.
- `output_filters.txt`: The filtered PCM output corresponding to `modulator_output1.txt`.

### 2.4 Generated Simulation Files

- `filters.out`: The compiled executable binary generated by Icarus Verilog from the source files.
- `wave_decimation_filter.vcd`: The Value Change Dump file containing signal transitions for waveform analysis.

**NOTE:** Both files are for the `modulator_output1.txt` input file.

## 3 Module Hierarchy

The top-level module (`decimation_filter.v`) integrates the specific filter stages. The testbench drives this module with file I/O operations.

- `tb_decimation_filter.v`: Testbench responsible for Clock/Reset generation and File I/O.
  - `decimation_filter.v`: Top-level wrapper.
  - `cic_filter.v`: Stage 1 (Coarse Decimation).
  - `fir_filter.v`: Stage 2 (Droop Compensation).
  - `halfband_filter.v`: Stages 3 & 4 (Final filtering, instances `u_hb1`, `u_hb2`).

## 4 Architecture and Data Flow

### 4.1 Stage 1: CIC Filter (cic\_filter.v)

The Cascaded Integrator-Comb (CIC) filter performs the initial coarse decimation ( $R = 16, N = 15, M = 1$ ) without hardware multipliers.

- **Data Flow:** 5-bit Input → 65-bit Output.
- **Detail:** To prevent overflow, the internal width is  $Width = Input + N \times \log_2(R \times M) = 65$  bits.

### 4.2 Stage 2: FIR Compensation Filter (fir\_filter.v)

This stage corrects the frequency response droop caused by the CIC stage and provides further decimation ( $R = 2$ ) using 26 taps.

- **Data Flow:** 65-bit Input → 50-bit Output (Truncated).
- **Detail:** Implements a parallel Multiply-Accumulate (MAC) architecture.

### 4.3 Stages 3 & 4: Halfband Filters (halfband\_filter.v)

Two identical instances ( $R = 2$  each, 7 Taps) are used to reach the final Nyquist rate.

- **Data Flow:** 50-bit Input → 50-bit Output.
- **Detail:** Uses a **Finite State Machine (FSM)** for serial operations to optimize area.

## 5 Simulation Steps

The project is verified using **Icarus Verilog v12.0** and analyzed with **GTKWave Analyzer v3.3.100** in Visual Studio Code.

### 5.1 Input File Configuration

The provided input files (modulator\_output1/2/3) are derived from the upstream Modulator.

- **Default Setup:** The testbench is currently configured to read modulator\_output1.txt.
- **Reference Output:** The file output\_filters.txt included in the folder is the pre-generated output for this default input.
- **Changing Inputs:** To test with modulator\_output2 or 3, open tb\_decimation\_filter.v, locate the file read command (around line 88), and update the filename:

```
// Example change:  
input_file = $fopen("modulator_output2.txt", "r");
```

*Note: For custom inputs, refer to the README\_MATLAB.*

### 5.2 Execution Commands

#### 1. Compilation

```
iverilog -o filters.out *.v
```

**Explanation:** The ‘iverilog’ command compiles all Verilog source files (\*.v) in the directory into a simulation executable named ‘filters.out’.

#### 2. Simulation

```
vvp .\filters.out
```

**Explanation:** The ‘vvp’ (Verilog Virtual Processor) command runs the compiled executable. It prints the simulation progress, sample counts, and decimation results to the console.

### 3. Waveform Analysis

```
gtkwave .\wave_decimation_filter.vcd
```

**Explanation:** This command launches the GTKWave GUI to visualize the signal waveforms stored in the ‘.vcd’ file generated during the simulation.

## 5.3 GTKWave Setup

1. **Hierarchy:** In the SST panel, navigate to tb\_decimation\_filter → dut.
2. **Signals:** Drag the following to the viewer:
  - **Input:** clk, in\_valid, in\_data.
  - **Stage 1:** dut.cic\_out\_valid (Observe rate drop by 16).
  - **Stage 2:** dut.fir\_out\_valid (Observe rate drop by 2).
  - **Output:** out\_valid, out\_data (Final Output).
3. **Verification:** Confirm that out\_valid asserts once for every 128 input valid pulses.