REG NO:22MIC0055

## **TASK 01**

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import <mark>seaborn</mark> as <mark>sns</mark>
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
df = pd.read_csv('/content/Titanic-Dataset.csv')
print("Basic Info:\n", df.info())
print("\nNull Values:\n", df.isnull().sum())
print("\nData Types:\n", df.dtypes)
for col in df.columns:
    if df[col].isnull().sum() > 0:
        if df[col].dtype in ['int64', 'float64']:
            df[col].fillna(df[col].mean(), inplace=True) # or use df[col].median()
            df[col].fillna(df[col].mode()[0], inplace=True) # for categorical
label_encoders = {}
for col in df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns:
    le = LabelEncoder()
    df[col] = le.fit_transform(df[col])
    label_encoders[col] = le
scaler = StandardScaler()
numeric_cols = df.select_dtypes(include=['int64', 'float64']).columns
df[numeric_cols] = scaler.fit_transform(df[numeric_cols])
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df[numeric_cols])
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.title("Boxplot to Visualize Outliers")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
for col in numeric_cols:
    Q1 = df[col].quantile(0.25)
    Q3 = df[col].quantile(0.75)
    IQR = Q3 - Q1
    lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
```

```
upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
  df = df[(df[col] >= lower_bound) & (df[col] <= upper_bound)]
print("\nFinal shape after outlier removal:", df.shape)</pre>
```

Output:

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
Data columns (total 12 columns):
     # Column
                      Non-Null Count Dtype
         PassengerId 891 non-null
                                      int64
                      891 non-null
         Survived
                      891 non-null
                                      int64
         Name
                      891 non-null
                                      object
                      891 non-null
                      714 non-null
         Age
                                      float64
         SibSp
                      891 non-null
                                      int64
         Parch
                      891 non-null
                                      int64
                      891 non-null
         Ticket
                                      object
                      891 non-null
                                      float64
         Fare
     10 Cabin
                                      object
     11 Embarked
                      889 non-null
                                      obiect
    dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5)
memory usage: 83.7+ KB
    Basic Info:
     None
    Null Values:
    PassengerId
                      0
    Survived
    Pclass
                     0
    Name
                     0
    Sex
                     0
    Age
    SibSp
                     0
    Parch
                     0
                     0
                     0
    Embarked
    dtype: int64
```

```
Data Types:

PassengerId int64
Survived int64
Pclass int64
Name object
Sex object
Age float64
SibSp int64
Parch int64
Ticket object
Fare float64
Cabin object
Embarked object
Embarked object
Cipython-input-2-7df8e85306c3>:13: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace meth The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a cc

for example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to put the behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a cc

for example, when doing 'df[col].mean(), inplace=True) # or use df[col].median()
<ipython-input-2-7df8e85306c3>:15: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method the behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a cc

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```

