Table 4—Imports from China and Change of Working-Age Population in CZ, 1990–2007: 2SLS Estimates

Dependent variables: Ten-year equivalent changes in log population counts (in log pts)

	I. By education level			II. By age group		
	All (1)	College (2)	Noncollege (3)	Age 16–34 (4)	Age 35–49 (5)	Age 50–64 (6)
Panel A. No census divisio	on dummies or	other control	ls .			
$(\Delta \text{ imports from China to US})/\text{worker}$	-1.031** (0.503)	-0.360 (0.660)	$-1.097** \\ (0.488)$	-1.299 (0.826)	-0.615 (0.572)	-1.127*** (0.422)
R^2		0.03	0.00	0.17	0.59	0.22
Panel B. Controlling for c	ensus division	dummies				
$(\Delta \text{ imports from China} \text{ to US})/\text{worker}$	-0.355 (0.513)	0.147 (0.619)	-0.240 (0.519)	-0.408 (0.953)	-0.045 (0.474)	-0.549 (0.450)
R^2	0.36	0.29	0.45	0.42	0.68	0.46
Panel C. Full controls						
$(\Delta \text{ imports from China to US})/\text{worker}$	-0.050 (0.746)	-0.026 (0.685)	-0.047 (0.823)	-0.138 (1.190)	0.367 (0.560)	-0.138 (0.651)
R^2	0.42	0.35	0.52	0.44	0.75	0.60

Notes: N = 1,444 (722 CZs × two time periods). All regressions include a constant and a dummy for the 2000–2007 period. Models in panel B and C also include census division dummies while panel C adds the full vector of control variables from column 6 of Table 3. Robust standard errors in parentheses are clustered on state. Models are weighted by start of period commuting zone share of national population.