

The Truth About CORS

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Cross Origin Resource Sharing

What is CORS

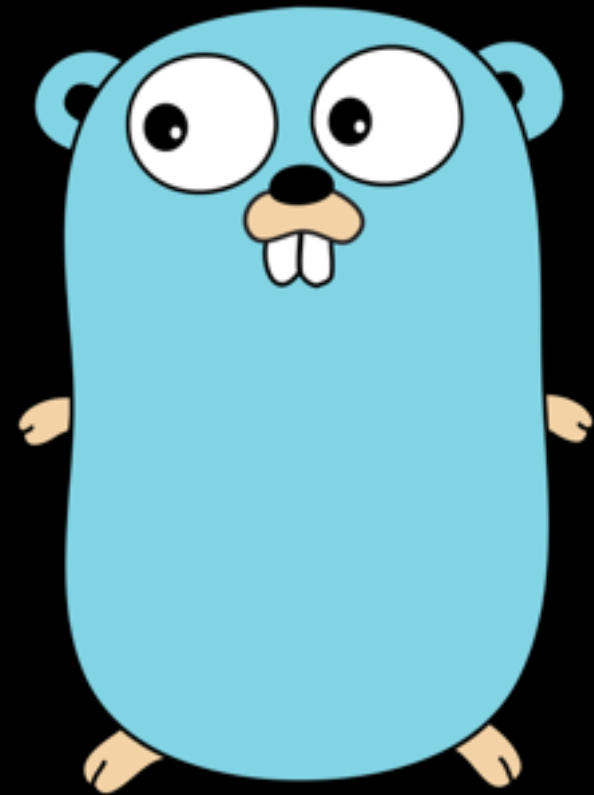
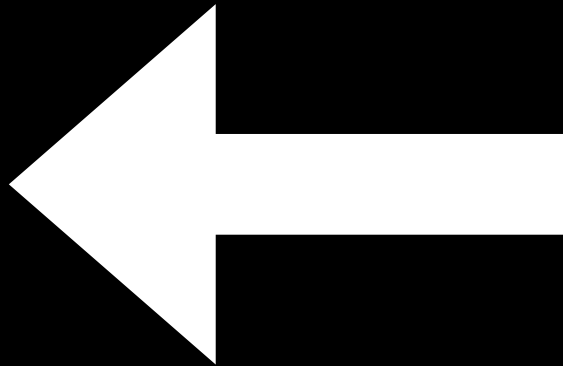
- Allows sharing resources from an origin with other origins, **exempting Same Origin Policy**
- CORS is there to protect **YOU** and/or a **SERVICE** from **XSS** attacks (typically code injections)
- Its restrictions are completely **CLIENT-SIDE!**

CORS

- Applies to JavaScript constructs that can fetch info from other origins
- XMLHttpRequests (AJAX)
- And to getImageData/toDataURL on Images from a different Origin

CORS

- If you think it applies to IFRAME or IMG you are confused
- JSONP is a different topic
- Want to show off? Also applies to Web Fonts and WebGL Textures



Setup



Origin

- Origins are understood and determined by Browsers
- Cannot be changed by JavaScript
- Usually relates to the address bar of the frame

Origin Equality

- `start.showpad.dev` \neq `http://start.showpad.dev`
- `http://start.showpad.dev` \neq `https://start.showpad.dev`
- `https://start.showpad.dev` \neq `https://start.showpad.dev:8080`
- `file://` \neq `http://start.showpad.dev`
- Does not apply to `data://`

Preflight

- On **SOME** AJAX calls, MOST browsers will send PREFLIGHT requests
- They use the HTTP Verb “OPTIONS”
- They expect a 200 OK to succeed, and are used to consult SOME headers

Preflight

- When successful, the 'real request' is sent
- Preflight requests do not respect typical Cache-Control
- No way to programmatically alter/intercept the Preflights

When is there a Preflight?

- Non-traditional HTTP methods always require a Preflight (like HONK)
- Whenever you send some kind of custom header, Browsers will send a Preflight
- Whenever you send a cookie
- Whenever you POST data that is not `application/x-www-form-urlencoded`, `multipart/form-data`, or `text/plain`
- *Slight differences across browsers (Firefox sends more Preflights)

Cookies

- By default, AJAX requests do NOT send COOKIES to a different Domain
- XMLHttpRequests that have “.withCredentials = true” will send Cookie data
- This only happens *if a certain Preflight check succeeded (see later)*

The CORS family

Preflight **responses**
Cross Origin **responses**

ACAO

- Access-Control-Allow-Origin: <origin> | *

Allows cross origin requests from <origin> or all origins.

No multiple origins :(

- If using specific origin, use:
 - Vary: Origin

ACEH

- Access-Control-Expose-Headers: X-My-Custom-Header, X-Another-Custom-Header

Filters headers coming back from other origins

ACMA

- Access-Control-Max-Age: <delta-seconds>

Allows Browsers to CACHE preflight requests

ACAC

- `Access-Control-Allow-Credentials: true | false`

This needs to be set to TRUE to allow cookies to be sent

Browsers do not accept this to be set TRUE when a wildcard origin is used

ACAM

- Access-Control-Allow-Methods: <method>[, <method>]

Allows only certain HTTP Methods to access cross origin resources

ACAH

- Access-Control-Allow-Headers: <field-name>[, <field-name>]*

Allows only certain HTTP Headers to be sent on cross origin requests

The CORS family

Preflight/request parameters

Origin

- Origin: <origin> | null | “”

Lets the server know what Origin is used

ACRM

- Access-Control-Request-Method: <method>

Lets the server know what method will be used,
during preflight

ACAH

- Access-Control-Request-Headers

Lets the server know what headers will be sent,
during preflight

Redirects

- Clears “Origin” on most browsers and sets it to “null”, take this into account!
- When your request is ‘preflighted’, no redirects are allowed!

Safari vs Chrome

- file:// locations

How to turn off CORS

- In Develop menu in Safari
- Startup parameter for Chrome

AMA