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AIM:	Prims Algorithm
ALGORITHM/ THEORY:	The working of Prim's algorithm can be described by using the following steps: Step 1: Determine an arbitrary vertex as the starting vertex of the MST. Step 2: Follow steps 3 to 5 till there are vertices that are not included in the MST (known as fringe vertex). Step 3: Find edges connecting any tree vertex with the fringe vertices. Step 4: Find the minimum among these edges. Step 5: Add the chosen edge to the MST if it does not form any cycle. Step 6: Return the MST and exit
PROGRAM:	<pre>#include <stdio.h> #include <stdlib.h> #include <stdbool.h> #include <limits.h> #define MAX_VERTICES 100 // Maximum number of vertices #define INF INT_MAX // Infinity typedef struct { int u, v, weight; // Edge with vertices u and v and weight W } Edge; int parent[MAX_VERTICES]; // Parent of each vertex</limits.h></stdbool.h></stdlib.h></stdio.h></pre>

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Edge edges[MAX VERTICES]; // Edges in the MST
int num_edges = 0; // Number of edges in the MST
int find(int \nu) {
    if (parent[v] != v) {
        parent[v] = find(parent[v]);
    return parent[v];
void union_sets(int u, int v) {
    parent[find(u)] = find(v);
int compare_edges(const void* a, const void* b) {
    Edge* e1 = (Edge*)a;
    Edge* e2 = (Edge*)b;
    return e1->weight - e2->weight;
void mst(int n, int m, Edge* edges) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        parent[i] = i;
    qsort(edges, m, sizeof(Edge), compare_edges);
    for (int i = 0; i < m && num_edges < n - 1; i++) {</pre>
        int u = edges[i].u;
        int v = edges[i].v;
        if (find(u) != find(v)) {
            union_sets(u, v);
            edges[num_edges++] = edges[i];
int main() {
    int n, m;
```

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printf("Enter the number of vertices: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the number of edges: ");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    printf("Enter the edges:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
        scanf("%d%d%d", &edges[i].u, &edges[i].v,
&edges[i].weight);
    mst(n, m, edges);
    printf("The MST is:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < num_edges; i++) {</pre>
        printf("%d - %d: %d\n", edges[i].u, edges[i].v,
edges[i].weight);
    return 0;
```

RESULT:

```
PS C:\Users\maazs\OneDrive\Desktop\Studies\DAA\DAA Coding> cd "c:\Users\maazs\OneDrive\Desktop\Studies\DAA\DAA Coding\" ; if ($?) { gcc pri ms.c -0 prims } ; if ($?) { .\prims }
Enter the number of vertices: 6
Enter the number of edges: 6
 Enter the edges:
The MST is:
2 - 10: 1
2 - 4: 2
```

CONCLUSION:

Understood how Prims Algorithm work to find out Minimum Spanning Tree.