## **MDP and RL Tutorial – Solutions**

**3.1** One form of MDP formulation  $\{S, A, T, R\}$  is as follows.

State space is  $S = \{0,1,2,...,W\}$ 

Action space  $A = \{0, 1, 2, ..., W\}$ 

The reward term  $R(s_t, a_t)$  consists of three components:

- the cost of buying  $a_t$  items are  $Buy(a_t)$
- cost for storing  $(s_t + a_t)$ . This cost is fixed and presumably it is equal to  $Store(s_t + a_t)$ .
- Assume the selling price of  $D_t$  items is  $f(D_t)$ . The total sale price is

$$Sell(s_t + a_t) = \sum_{d=0}^{s_a + a_t} p(D_t = d) f(d)$$

In summary, the reward function is

$$R(s_t, a_t) = Sell(s_t + a_t) - buy(a_t) - Store(s_t + a_t)$$

The transition function T(s' = j | s = i, a) has three cases:

- If j > i + a, then T(j|s = i, a) = 0. That means even after sale the remaining in the warehouse cannot exceed the current capacity.
- If  $j \le i + a$  and j > 0, that means the demands at time t does not exceed the capacity. Hence  $T(j|i,a) = p(D_t = i + a j)$
- If j = 0, that means the demand is equal to or exceeds the capacity. Hence

$$T(j|i,a) = p(D_t \ge i + a) = \sum_{d=i+a}^{\infty} p(D_t = d)$$

**3.2** (a) Apply the Bellman backups  $V_{i+1}(s) = \max_{a} (\sum_{s'} T(s, a, s') (R(s, a, s') + \gamma V_i(s')))$  twice. We just show the computation for the max actions. Most of the terms will be zero, which are omitted here for compactness.

S =	(1,1)	(1,2)	(1,3)	(2,1)	(2,2)	(2,3)
$V_0(S) =$	0	0	0	0	0	0
$V_1(S) =$	0	0	0	0	$0.8 \times 5 = 4.0$	0
$V_2(S) =$		$0.9 \times 0.8 \times 4 + 0.1 \times -5 = 2.38$	0	$0.8 \times 0.9 \times 4.0$ = 2.88	$0.8 \times 5$ + $0.1(0$ + $0.9 \times 4.0)$ = $4.36$	0

- (b) The agent must be able to explore the world by taking actions and observing the effects.
- (c) To compute the estimates, average the rewards received in the trajectories that went through the indicates states.

$$V((1,1)) = ((-5+5+5))/3 = 5/3 = 1.666$$
  
 $V((2,2)) = ((5+5))/2 = 5$ 

(d) The general Q-learning update is:

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{new}(s,a) &= Q_{old}(s,a) + \\ \alpha [r + \gamma \underset{a'}{max} Q_{old}(s',a') - Q_{old}(s,a)] \end{aligned}$$

After trial 1, all of the updates will be zero, expect for:

$$Q((1,2), right) = 0 + .1(-5 + 0.9 \times 0 - 0) = -0.5$$

After trial 2, the non-zero updates will be:

$$Q((1,2),right) = -0.5 + .1(0 + 0.9 \times 0 - (-0.5))$$
  
= -0.45  
$$Q((2,2),right) = 0 + .1(5 + 0.9 \times 0 - 0) = 0.5$$