Task (Purchase Prediction)

```
In [1]: import numpy
   import urllib.request
   import scipy.optimize
   import random
   from collections import defaultdict
   import nltk
   import string
   import os
   from nltk.stem.porter import *
   from sklearn import linear_model
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
Problem 1
In [2]:
        def parseData(fname):
            for 1 in urllib.request.urlopen(fname):
                yield eval(1)
In [3]: print("Reading data...")
        data = list(parseData("file:train.json"))
        print("done")
          Reading data...
          done
In [4]: train data = data[:100000]
        valid data = data[100000:]
In [5]: allset = tuple([[data[i]['reviewerID'],data[i]['itemID']] for i in range(len
        train set = [[train data[i]['reviewerID'], train data[i]['itemID']] for i in
        valid set1 = [[valid data[i]['reviewerID'],valid data[i]['itemID']] for i in
        # allset = ([[data[i]['reviewerID'], data[i]['itemID']] for i in range(len(d
        # train set = ([[train data[i]['reviewerID'], train data[i]['itemID']] for i
        # valid set1 = ([[valid data[i]['reviewerID'], valid data[i]['itemID']] for
In [10]: valid set2 = []
         reviewerID = []
         itemID = []
         for 1 in data:
             reviewerID.append(l['reviewerID'])
             itemID.append(l['itemID'])
         reviewers = list(set(reviewerID))
         items = list(set(itemID))
```

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In [11]: i = 0
while i <= 100000:
    reviewerID = reviewers[random.randint(0, len(reviewers) - 1)]
    itemID = items[random.randint(0, len(items) - 1)]
    non_visited_pairs = [reviewerID, itemID]
    if tuple(non_visited_pairs) not in allset:
        valid_set2.append(non_visited_pairs)
        i += 1</pre>
```

```
In [12]: itemCount = defaultdict(int)
totalPurchases = 0

for l in train_set:
    reviewer, item = l[0], l[1]
    itemCount[item] += 1
    totalPurchases += 1

mostPopular = [(itemCount[x], x) for x in itemCount]
mostPopular.sort()
mostPopular.reverse()
```

```
In [25]: return1 = set()
count = 0
for ic, i in mostPopular:
    count += ic
    return1.add(i)
    if count > totalPurchases /2:
        break
```

```
In [26]: pre_v = []
    pre_unv = []
    for i in range(len(train_set)):
        r = train_set[i][0]
        b = train_set[i][1]
        if i in return1:
            pre_v.append([r, b])
    else:
        pre_unv.append([r, b])
```

```
In [27]: cnt = 0
    for r, b in valid_set1:
        if b in return1:
            cnt += 1
        for r, b in valid_set2:
        if b not in return1:
            cnt += 1
        print("Performance/accuracy of the baseline model on the validation set is:
```

Performance/accuracy of the baseline model on the validation set is:0.629

Problem 2

```
In [18]: percent = [0.3, 0.4, 0.45, 0.526, 0.527, 0.53, 0.6, 0.65, 0.7, 0.75, 0.8]
         for p in percent:
             return1 = set()
             count = 0
             for ic, i in mostPopular:
                 count += ic
                 return1.add(i)
                 if count > totalPurchases * p:
                     break
             cnt = 0
             for r, i in valid_set1:
                 if str(i) in return1:
                     cnt += 1
             for r, i in valid_set2:
                 if str(i) not in return1:
                     cnt += 1
             print("percent at " + str(p) + ": accuracy is " + str(cnt/200000))
          percent at 0.3: accuracy is 0.601625
          percent at 0.4: accuracy is 0.620565
          percent at 0.45: accuracy is 0.626465
          percent at 0.526: accuracy is 0.630545
          percent at 0.527: accuracy is 0.63054
          percent at 0.53: accuracy is 0.63046
          percent at 0.6: accuracy is 0.628415
          percent at 0.65: accuracy is 0.621955
          percent at 0.7: accuracy is 0.614135
          percent at 0.75: accuracy is 0.60274
          percent at 0.8: accuracy is 0.590885
In [76]: # plt.plot(percent, threshold accuracy)
         # plt.xlabel("Values of different threshold percentiles")
         # plt.ylabel("Accuracy measures")
         # plt.show()
In [ ]:
```

A better value of accuracy is 0.630545, which occurs at 52.6 percentile.

Problem 3

```
In [22]: reviewer visited = defaultdict(list)
         item_category = defaultdict(list)
         reviewerID = []
         itemID = []
         for 1 in data:
             reviewer, item, category = l['reviewerID'], l['itemID'], l['categories']
             reviewerID.append(reviewer)
             itemID.append(item)
             reviewer_visited[reviewer].append(category)
             item_category[item] = category
In [23]: pre_category = defaultdict(list)
         for r, i in train_set:
             for c in item category[i]:
                 pre_category[r].append(c)
In [24]: cnt = 0
         for r, i in valid_set1:
             if sum([c in pre_category[r] for c in item category[i]]) > 0:
                 cnt += 1
         for r, i in valid_set2:
             if sum([c in pre_category[r] for c in item_category[i]]) == 0:
                 cnt += 1
         print('accuracy is ' + str(cnt/200000))
          accuracy is 0.59574
In [ ]:
```

Problem 4

```
In [25]: reviewer visited = defaultdict(list)
           item_category = defaultdict(list)
           reviewerID = []
           itemID = []
           for 1 in data:
               reviewer, item, category = l['reviewerID'], l['itemID'], l['categories'
               reviewerID.append(reviewer)
               itemID.append(item)
               reviewer_visited[reviewer].append(category)
               item category[item] = category
 In [26]: pre_category = defaultdict(list)
           for r, i in train_set:
               for c in item category[i]:
                   pre_category[r].append(c)
 In [27]: predictions = open("predictions Purchase.txt", 'w')
           for 1 in open("pairs_Purchase.txt"):
               if l.startswith("reviewerID"):
                   predictions.write(1)
                   continue
               reviewer, item = l.strip().split('-')
               if sum([c in pre_category[reviewer] for c in item_category[item]]) > 0:
                   predictions.write(reviewer + '-' + item + ",1\n")
               if sum([c in pre category[reviewer] for c in item category[item]]) == 0
                   predictions.write(reviewer + '-' + item + ",0\n")
           predictions.close()
 In [28]: itemCount = defaultdict(int)
           totalPurchases = 0
           for 1 in train set:
               reviewer, item = 1[0], 1[1]
               itemCount[item] += 1
               totalPurchases += 1
M In [29]: mostPupular = [(itemCount[x], x) for x in itemCount]
           mostPopular.sort()
           mostPopular.reverse()
 In [42]: return1 = set()
           count = 0
           for ic, i in mostPopular:
               count += ic
               return1.add(i)
               if count > totalPurchases* 0.526:
                   break
```

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In [43]: predictions = open("predictions_Purchase.csv", 'w')
for l in open("pairs_Purchase.txt"):
    if l.startswith("reviewerID"):
        predictions.write(l)
        continue
    r, i = l.strip().split('-')
    if i in return1:
        predictions.write(r + '-' + i + ",1\n")
    else:
        predictions.write(r + '-' + i + ",0\n")
    predictions.close()
```

Kaggle Name: Macchiato

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In [ ]:
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