Gues Knalista 8 Illozital. Brop lui Dalboux

Jeolema Fie f: (a, le) -> IR obervaleila pe (a, le).

Ituna f' all properletatea lui Dalbons.

Jem Fie x,y E (a, ly ai memmente 3i d=f(a) si

accidela B=f(d)

Bronzieleräm $g(a,b) \rightarrow R g(x) = f(x) - yx = 0$ =) g'(x) = f'(x) - y

File m = inff(x) =)] * o t [c,d] or f(xo)= m = inff(c,d))

* E[c,ol]

CAZI XOE (K,OL) = 1 g'(KO) = 0 = 1 f'(XO) = ye

CAZI XO + R g'(K) = f'(R) - ye = 1 - ye (O

g'(d)=B- je>0

lim g(A-g(c)=g'(c)=2-8c0=1 (1);
** TE X-E = g'(c)=2-8c0=1

=1 g(x) + x E(c, c+E) => x = x

CAZ3 X0+0L

T. lihopital Fie f, y = (a,b) -> R or 3 fl zi Jg!

p (a,b) si g'(x/+ o + x e (a,b)

If so I lim of Get = lim og Get)= le {0, to} si

* The * Che

I lim of (%)

y'(%)

J lim of (%)

y'(%)

J lim of (%)

y'(%)

J lim of (%)

y'(%)

Dem 130 65+20 LS+20

 $\frac{(AZI)}{\widehat{f},\widehat{g}}: \{a,b\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad \widehat{f}(x) = \begin{cases} \widehat{f}(x) & x \in (a,b) \\ 0 & x = b \end{cases}$ $\widehat{g}(x) = \begin{cases} g(x), & x \in (a,b) \\ 0, & x = b \end{cases}$

I continue & ∈ (a,b). Aflicam T. Couchy porten
I, ig pe [*,b]=) Jex € (*,lef ai

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{f(x) - o}{g(x) - o} = \frac{\tilde{f}(x) - \tilde{f}(b)}{\tilde{g}(x) - \tilde{g}(b)} = \frac{f'(cx)}{\tilde{g}'(cx)} = \frac{f(cx)}{g(cx)}$$

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x) - \tilde{g}(b)} = \frac{f'(cx)}{\tilde{g}'(cx)} = \frac{f'(cx)}{g(cx)}$$

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lim $f(x) = \lim_{x \neq 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \neq 0} f(y) = L$ $x \neq 0$ $g(x) = \lim_{x \neq 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \neq 0} f(y)$ CAE2 b = +0 a > 0 $(a_1 + o) = 0$ f(x) = f(x) = 0 f(x) = 0

$$\lim_{y \to 0} \frac{f'(y)}{G'(y)} \stackrel{\text{fin}}{=} \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\left(f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\right)'}{\left(g\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\right)'} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{f'\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{g'\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{f'\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{g'\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{x}}$$

= lim f(y) = L

DBS f: (a,b) -> R continua =) I Price R(X) av ai Prim f pe [a,b] ln(1=1 2 mn = 1 = 1, on = n

for ment delineateile zi for mu ste delineateilà in o $a_n = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} |f_n(x) - f(x)| = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} |f_n(x) - |x|| = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} |x| - \max_{x \in \mathbb{R}} |x|$ $\leq \frac{1}{n} + \frac{n}{n} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n} = \frac{2}{n} \to 0$

Jeorema Fie fm, g:(a,le)->R(a, BBER) au I fon Ymy, fon → g pe (a, le) zi Ic ∈ (a, le) ai (fn' c) non så fie convergent. Utanci exista for f: (a, ly) + si for f si f'=g Jedema Fie fn: (a, b) -> R oblivabile as s (*/= E for (*/ så fie conseigenta si SI (XI = \(\int \) for fix uniforme commengento Atumai s'= 31

Det 6 relie fm: (asle) -> R sn. molmal Correllysta doca j anyo ai sup I for (X) (am 3 E on L+ & X E(ayle) Bry O selie normal consergente de folmatii este (obso-lut junifolm convergente & File & my 1 mir emx |x = (-2,-1); fuly-1) fulx = 1 enx Ifor (x) = 1 En L+P=1serte mornal con. @ nx lo enx 61 D1 (x/= \sum fn'(x/= \sum 1 n) en (fm) = 1 = 2 = 1 (+ p=) si sile normal con. 0 =10 gi @ (0'=01) Dr Ge/= E for (x/= E 1 e m nex 1 for (x/(= n4 \ \in n4 (+ 0=) =1 on este mormal come=, si = si=) s' = si

=, sh sete moderal come this = sh-1

=) s(h)=sh

15(h) = (m) 4 2 m

Weitz 11 fm 1 mo 2) | \sum_{k=1}^{m} gh | \left(\sum_{k=1}^{m} \tau_{k} \sum_{k=1}^{m} \tau_{k} \sum_{k=1}^{m} \tau_{k} \tau_{k} \sum_{k=1}^{m} \tau_{k} \

Chlit Abel 11 an to

4 | \\ \bar{\mathba} \bar{\mat

13 (XI = \(\int \) (-1)^n \(\frac{1}{m+x} \) for \(\int \) \(\left(\frac{m}{k=1} \) (-1)^n \(\frac{1}{m+x} \)

150 fm=1-1 ifn:(0,+0) -> R gm (261-E1)ⁿ
05 fm(2615 m => fm => o fm => fm+1

Wef O selie of SCHI= \sum (x-e)^m s.n. selie de putdi B= 1 - 2000 de convergenta D= {XER | s(x) este con.} domeniel de con. T. Bouchy-Fladamoelal Jie serie s (x) = \sum an x Atuna: 1) ou docă 9=+0=, 0= |R a) docă p=0=1 =1 D = {0} 2i () daca ocf(+0=) (-9,8) C: Dc (-3, P) 2) Waca s'este molmal como. gre [-R,R] + RCS 31 Fil s1(x1= \sum an \n.x^n-1 stunci f(= fsn)=f ni 4) Fix sh(x)= \(\frac{1}{m_{2}k} \) dm \(\frac{n(m-1)-...}{m_{2}k} \) \(\frac{1}{m_{2}k} \) sh (o)=ahk' ah= 2 ki -) 3h=9=) s(h)=sh 1) lim The CIST este who. Don blit T T= En 2) lim Jan >1=1 Tolire.

lim Vanx" = tim 1x6 Van = |x| tim Val = 1x6 = 1x6 x 5 s. con = 1 x1 > 9 s. dire

126/2R (3)

lim Ton xn | \(\frac{R}{g} \) (d(1)

myno | \(\text{an} \times^n | \(\text{L}^m = \) | \(\text{pn} \times^n | \(\text{R} \text{d}^m \text{ + myn} \) |\(\text{\text{E}} \) |\(\text{E} \) |

 $2^{\times} = \sum_{n \geq 0} \frac{\times n}{n!} = o(96) o'(36) = o(96)$

Def Fie $f:(a,b) \rightarrow R$ & Ce(a,b) faste oblivable $2n e(a) \rightarrow e(a$