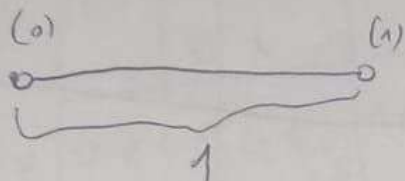


Bus 5 P.L. Eficacitate (optimizare)

Metlică

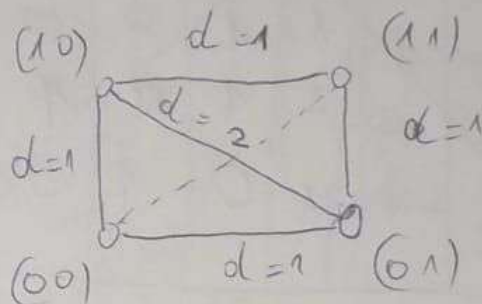
Numărul de biti care se modifică între două stări adiacente

$$y: z^2 \rightarrow z^1$$

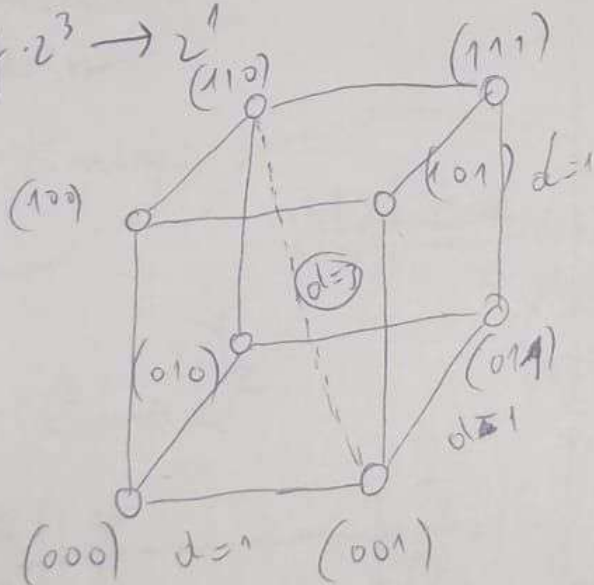


$$y: z^2 \rightarrow z^1$$

$$U = \{ (00), (01), (10), (11) \}$$



$$y: z^3 \rightarrow z^1$$

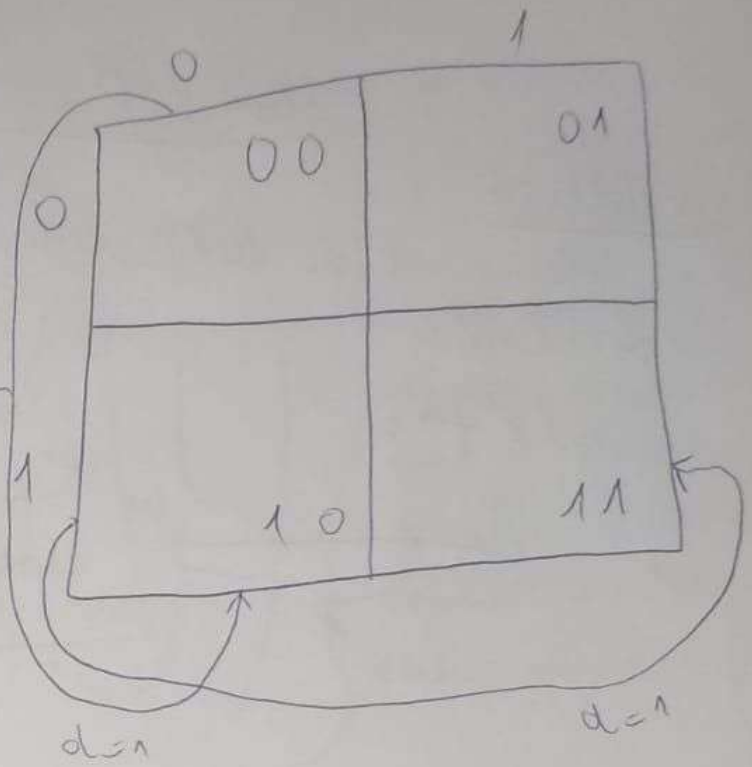


- Numărătoare secrete ale care numără prin incrementarea LSB

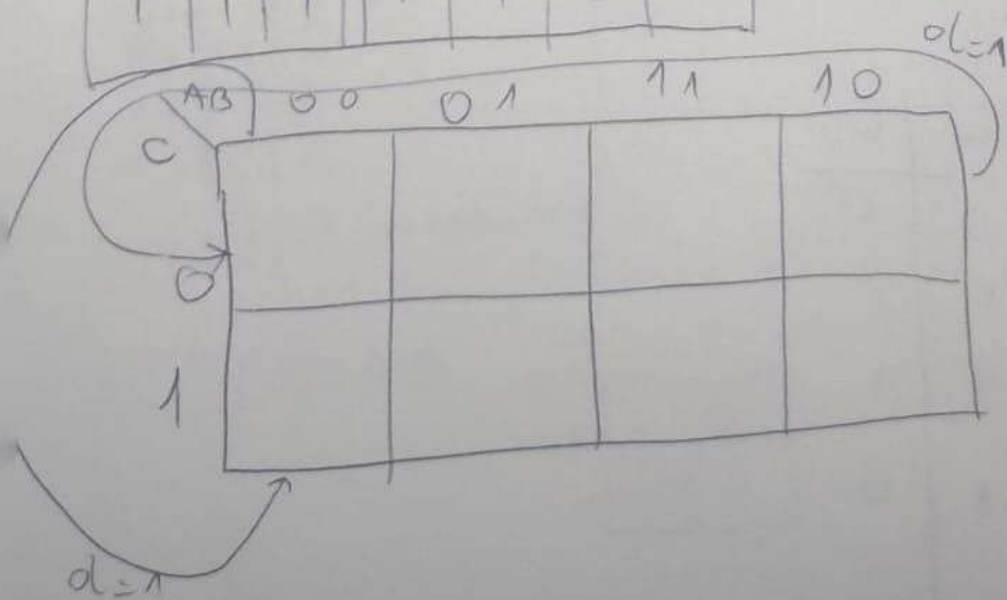
- Numărătoare secrete numărator (Gray) care are metlica 1 între 2 stări consecutive

#	A	B	d	GA	GB
0	0	0	2 (3)	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	1
2	1	0	2	1	1
3	1	1	1	1	0

A	B	C	d	GA	GB	GC
0	0	0	-	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	2	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	3	1	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	2	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0



A	B	C	d	GA	GB	GC
0	0	0	-	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	2	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	1	0
1	0	0	3	1	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	0	2	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1	0	0



AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	0000 0	0100 4	1100 12	1000 8
01	0001 1	0101 5	1101 13	1001 9
11	0011 3	0111 7	1111 15	1011 11
10	0010 2	0110 6	1110 14	1010 10

În probleme de optimizare, PAOs-urile se pot fi formate atât din minteloni cât și maxteloni, grupând doar după alocare tip Karnaugh să păs-

teru // grupului.

minteloni -
maxteloni -

V-K maps

Aplicatie Semisumator (Half Adder)

C - carry (bit de transport)

$$y: 2^2 \rightarrow 2^2$$

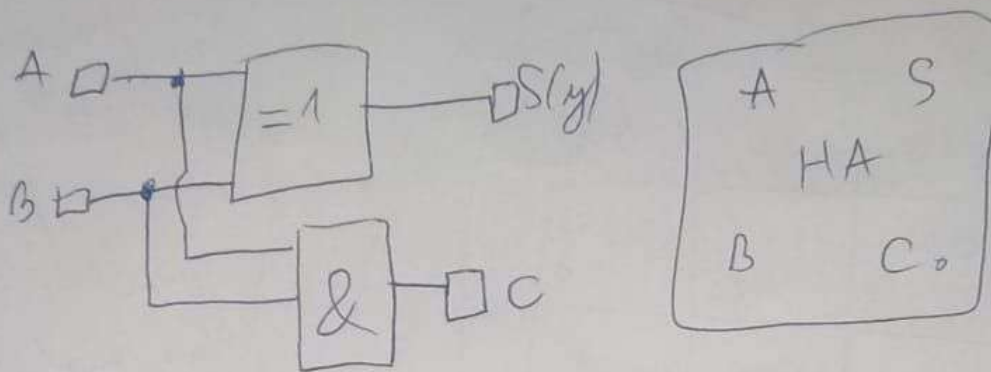
A	B	y	C
0	0	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0 (in total 10)	1

$$C = \sum(3) = AB$$

A \ B	0	1
0	0	0
1	0	1

$$y = \sum(1, 2) \bar{A}B + A\bar{B} = A \oplus B$$

A \ B	0	1
0	0	1
1	1	0



Sumatorul Compt (Full adder)

A	B	C _i	S	C _o
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1

$$y: 2^3 \rightarrow 2^2$$

$$S = \sum(1, 2, 4, 7)$$

$$C_o = \sum(3, 5, 6, 7)$$

$$S = \bar{A}\bar{B}C_i + \bar{A}B\bar{C}_i + A\bar{B}\bar{C}_i + ABC_i$$

$$C_o = \bar{A}BC_i + A\bar{B}C_i + AB\bar{C}_i + ABC_i$$

~~THEOREM~~

	AB 00	01	11	10
C _o 0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	0

$$\bar{C}_i(\bar{A}B + A\bar{B}) + C_i(AB + \bar{A}\bar{B})$$

F

$$F\bar{C}_i + F C_i = F \oplus C_i = (A \oplus B \oplus C_i)$$

$\begin{matrix} A \\ B \end{matrix}$	00	01	11	10
0	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1

$$C_0 = BC + AC + AB$$

$$AB + C(A + B)$$

