## How to grant all privileges in Oracle

This is a short paper showing how to grant "all privileges" to a user in Oracle and more importantly what privileges are needed to do this. Granting all privileges is a security risk as it means the user having those privileges can do just about anything in your database. Remember *use least privilege principle* at all times and grant what is needed. Do not grant **everything** just to get the job done quickly. Here is the example code!

```
Connected to:
       Personal Oracle9i Release 9.2.0.1.0 - Production
       With the Partitioning, OLAP and Oracle Data Mining options
       JServer Release 9.2.0.1.0 - Production
       SQL>
       SQL> sho user
       USER is "SYSTEM"
       SQL> select * from system_privilege_map
         2 where name like '%PRIV%';
        PRIVILEGE NAME
                                                            PROPERTY
             -167 GRANT ANY PRIVILEGE
                                                                     \cap
             -244 GRANT ANY OBJECT PRIVILEGE
                                                                     0
       SOL>
       SQL> -- Create a new user with just create session (to log on) and
grant
       SQL> -- any privilege to, well grant all privileges.
       SQL> create user emil identified by emil;
       User created.
       SQL> grant create session, grant any privilege to emil;
       Grant succeeded.
       SQL> -- because we want to test this privilege create a second user to
       SQL> -- test it with
       SQL> create user zulia identified by zulia;
       User created.
       SQL> -- connect as emil and grant all privileges to Zulia
       SQL> connect emil/emil@sans
       Connected.
       SQL> grant all privileges to zulia;
       Grant succeeded.
       SQL> -- connect as system and find out if it worked.
       SQL> connect system/manager@sans
       Connected.
       SQL> select count(*), grantee
         2 from dba_sys_privs
         3 where grantee in ('MDSYS','EMIL','ZULIA')
         4* group by grantee
```

SQL> /

COUNT(\*) GRANTEE

\_\_\_\_\_

2 EMIL

139 MDSYS

139 ZULIA

SQL>

We used MDSYS as a checkpoint as MDSYS has all privileges granted to

by default in a default installation of Oracle. The privilege you need therefore is GRANT ANY PRIVILEGE.

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