公式(三角関数)

角の単位変換

度 ラジアン:
$$\alpha^{\circ} = \frac{\alpha\pi}{180}$$
 ラジアン 度: $\theta = \left(\frac{180\,\theta}{\pi}\right)^{\circ}$

一般角の公式

$$\sin(\alpha+2n\pi) = \sin\alpha$$
 $\cos(\alpha+2n\pi) = \cos\alpha$ $\tan(\alpha+2n\pi) = \tan\alpha$ (n は整数)

反角公式

$$\sin(-\alpha) = -\sin \alpha$$
 $\cos(-\alpha) = +\cos \alpha$ $\tan(-\alpha) = -\tan \alpha$

余角公式

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) = \cos\alpha \qquad \qquad \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) = \sin\alpha \qquad \qquad \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) = \frac{1}{\tan\alpha}$$

補角公式

$$\sin(\pi - \alpha) = +\sin\alpha$$
 $\cos(\pi - \alpha) = -\cos\alpha$ $\tan(\pi - \alpha) = -\tan\alpha$

相互関係

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$$

$$1 + \tan^2 \theta = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\frac{1}{\tan^2 \theta} + 1 = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta}$$

加法定理

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \qquad \sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta \qquad \cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta} \qquad \tan(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$

倍角公式

$$\sin 2\theta = 2\sin\theta \cos\theta$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \cos^2\theta - \sin^2\theta \qquad \cos 2\theta = 2\cos^2\theta - 1 \qquad \cos 2\theta = 1 - 2\sin^2\theta$$

$$\tan 2\theta = \frac{2\tan\theta}{1 - \tan^2\theta} \qquad \cos 2\theta = \frac{1 - \tan^2\theta}{1 + \tan^2\theta} \qquad \sin 2\theta = \frac{2\tan\theta}{1 + \tan^2\theta}$$

半角公式

$$\sin^2\frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{1-\cos\theta}{2}$$

$$\cos^2\frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{1+\cos\theta}{2}$$

三倍角公式

$$\sin 3\theta = 3\sin \theta - 4\sin^3 \theta$$

$$\cos 3\theta = 4\cos^3 \theta - 3\cos \theta$$

$$\sin^3 \theta = \frac{3\sin \theta - \sin 3\theta}{4}$$
$$\cos^3 \theta = \frac{3\cos \theta + \cos 3\theta}{4}$$

積和公式

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} \left(\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta) \right) \qquad \cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} \left(\sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta) \right)$$
$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} \left(\cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos(\alpha - \beta) \right) \qquad \sin \alpha \sin \beta = -\frac{1}{2} \left(\cos(\alpha + \beta) - \cos(\alpha - \beta) \right)$$

$$\cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} \left(\sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta) \right)$$
$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = -\frac{1}{2} \left(\cos(\alpha + \beta) - \cos(\alpha - \beta) \right)$$

和積公式

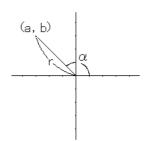
$$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \qquad \sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \qquad \cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2\cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$
$$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2\sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

合成

$$a\sin\theta + b\cos\theta = r\sin(\theta + \alpha)$$
 $a\cos\theta + b\sin\theta = r\cos(\theta - \alpha)$ ただし, $r = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ $\cos\alpha = \frac{a}{r}$, $\sin\alpha = \frac{b}{r}$



逆三角関数