## zadanie

June 20, 2025

```
[]: import itertools
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    np.random.seed(1)
    def printSample(x1, x2, t, y=None):
        x1 = ''.join([str(int(d)) for d in x1])
        x1_r = int(''.join(reversed(x1)), 2)
        x2 = ''.join([str(int(d)) for d in x2])
        x2_r = int(''.join(reversed(x2)), 2)
        t = ''.join([str(int(d[0])) for d in t])
        t_r = int(''.join(reversed(t)), 2)
        if y is not None:
            y = ''.join([str(int(d[0])) for d in y])
        print(f'x1: {x1:s} {x1_r:4d}')
        print(f'x2: + \{x2:s\} \{x2\_r:4d\}')
        print(f' ----')
        print(f't: = \{t:s\} \{t_r:4d\}')
        if y is not None:
            print(f'y: = \{y:s\}')
    def create_sum_dataset(nb_samples, sequence_len):
        max_int = 2**(sequence_len-1)
        format_str = '{:0' + str(sequence_len) + 'b}'
        X = np.zeros((nb_samples, sequence_len, 2))
        T = np.zeros((nb_samples, sequence_len, 1))
        for i in range(nb_samples):
            nb1 = np.random.randint(0, max_int)
            nb2 = np.random.randint(0, max_int)
            X[i,:,0] = list(reversed([int(b) for b in format_str.format(nb1)]))
            X[i,:,1] = list(reversed([int(b) for b in format_str.format(nb2)]))
             T[i,:,0] = list(reversed([int(b) for b in format_str.format(nb1 +
      ⊸nb2)]))
        return X, T
```

```
[3]: sequence_len = 12
nb_train = 2000
X_train, T_train = create_sum_dataset(nb_train, sequence_len)
printSample(X_train[0,:,0], X_train[0,:,1], T_train[0,:,:])
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x1: 101001000010 1061
x2: + 110101110000 235
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t: = 000010001010 1296
```