Appendix

Some Notations

The following notations are used throughout this book.

General

- X := Y means X is defined to be (or, is interpreted as) Y
- $X \leftrightarrow Y$ means X corresponds to Y
- $X \Leftrightarrow Y$ means X if and only if Y
- LHS means left-hand-side
- RHS means right-hand-side
- ∃ means *there exists*
- ∀ means for all
- \checkmark means ok
- means not ok

Concerning Sets

- Ø means the empty set
- \mathbb{R} means the set of all real numbers
- \mathbb{R}^+ means the set of all positive real numbers
- [0, 1] means the set of real numbers between 0 and 1 (inclusive)
- $x \in X$ means x is an element of X
- $X \subseteq Y$ means X is a subset of Y
- X Y means the set of all elements of X that are not in Y
- $X \cong Y$ means X is isomorphic to Y
- $\{X \mid Y\}$ means the set of all X such that Y holds

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Concerning Functions and Relations

- $x \mapsto y$ means x is mapped to y
- $f: X \to Y$ means f is a function from set X to set Y
- $f :: x \mapsto y$ means function or relation f maps x to y

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$$f :: \begin{cases} x_1 \mapsto y_1 \\ x_2 \mapsto y_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \mapsto y_n \end{cases}$$
 means function (or relation) f maps ..., x_i to y_i , ...
• $R :: \begin{cases} x_1 \mapsto Y_1 \\ x_2 \mapsto Y_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \mapsto Y_n \end{cases}$ means relation R maps ..., x_i to all $y_i \in Y_i$, ...
• $f(a)$ means those elements function (or relation) f maps to

• f(a) means those elements function (or relation) f maps to

Concerning Diagrams

- means the empty diagram
- 0 means any zero diagram