

Prova Escrita de: Física I

Ano Lectivo de 2023

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Curso: LEIT Turma: 13 Ano: 1º

Nº 6881

Classificação: _____ (_____) Pontos

Assinatura do Professor: _____

1. Dados	Classif.
$x(t) = ct$	
$y(t) = ct(1 - Bt)$	
a) $\begin{cases} x = ct \\ y = ct(1 - Bt) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} t = \frac{x}{c} \\ - \\ y = c \cdot \frac{x}{c} (1 - B \frac{x}{c}) \end{cases}$	
$\begin{cases} - \\ y = x - \frac{Bx^2}{c} \end{cases}$	
b) $v_x = \frac{dx}{dt} = (ct)' = c \text{ m/s}$ $v_y = \frac{dy}{dt} = [ct(1 - Bt)]' = c - 2Bct$	
$v = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2} = \sqrt{c^2 + (c - 2Bct)^2} \text{ m/s}$	

c)

2. Dados

$$\vec{F} = 2xy\vec{i} + x^2\vec{j}$$

$$A = (0, 0)$$

$$B = (2, 4)$$

$$y = 2x$$

$$x = \frac{y}{2}$$

$$a) W = \int_0^2 F_x dx + \int_0^4 F_y dy$$

$$W = \int_0^2 2xy dx + \int_0^4 x^2 dy$$

$$W = \int_0^2 2x \cdot 2x dx + \int_0^4 y^2 dy$$

$$W = \frac{4x^3}{3} \Big|_0^2 + \frac{y^3}{12} \Big|_0^4$$

$$W = \frac{4 \cdot 2^3}{3} + \frac{4^3}{12} \Rightarrow W = \frac{16}{3} + \frac{64}{12}$$

$$W = \frac{64}{12} + \frac{64}{12} = \frac{128}{12} = \frac{64}{6} = \frac{32}{3}$$

$$b) W = \int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

$$W = \int_0^4 x^2 dy + \int_0^2 2x dx$$

$$W = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 8x^2 = 4 \cdot 2^2 - 0 = 16 \text{ J}$$

c) A força não é

3. Datos

$$m = 5g = 5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Kg}$$

$$h_{AB} = 80 \text{ cm} = 0,8 \text{ m}$$

$$\alpha = 60^\circ$$

$$a) \vec{F}_V = F_{cv}$$

$$F_V = m \cdot \frac{v^2}{R}$$

$$F_{cv} = m \frac{(\sqrt{2gh})^2}{R}$$

$$F_V = \frac{2mgh}{R}$$

$$F_{mA} \neq F_{mB}$$

$$F_{cA} + F_{cp} = F_{cB} + F_{pB}$$

$$mgh = m \frac{v_B^2}{2}$$

$$2gh = v_B^2$$

$$v_B = \sqrt{2gh} \Rightarrow v_B = \sqrt{2 \cdot 10 \cdot 0,8} = \sqrt{16} = 4$$

$$b) F_N = F_r \cdot \cos \alpha$$

$$= 2mgh \cdot \cos \alpha$$

$$= \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 10 \cdot 0,8 \cdot \cos 60^\circ}{0,2}$$

$$= 0,4 \cdot 0,8 = 0,32 \text{ N}$$

4. Datos

$$\vec{v}_B = v_B \hat{x}$$

$$v_B = v_B, \theta_1 = 55^\circ$$

$$\vec{v}_c = v_c, \theta_2 = 35^\circ$$

$$a) \vec{F} = m \cdot \vec{a}_{cm}$$

$$\vec{a}_{cm} = \frac{\vec{F}_c}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3} \Rightarrow \frac{\vec{F}_c}{M}$$

$$\vec{a}_{cm} = \frac{-10 \hat{x}}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$b) \vec{a}_{cm} = \frac{d\vec{v}_{cm}}{dt}$$

$$d\vec{v}_{cm} = \vec{a}_{cm} dt$$

$$\int d\vec{v}_{cm} = \int -10 dt$$

$$m_1 + m_2 + m_3$$

$$\vec{v}_{cm} = -10 \hat{x} + \vec{v}_{acm}$$

$$m_1 + m_2 + m_3$$

$$\vec{v}_{cm} = -10 \hat{x} + \frac{m_1 (v_B \cos \theta_1 \hat{x} + v_B \sin \theta_1 \hat{y}) + m_2 (v_c \cos \theta_2 \hat{x} + v_c \sin \theta_2 \hat{y})}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3}$$

$$m_1 + m_2 + m_3$$

$$m_1 + m_2 + m_3$$

Classif.

$$v_c = \frac{1}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3} \left[10t^2 - m_1 v_{1i}^2 + m_2 v_{2i}^2 + m_3 v_{3i}^2 \right]$$

m_1, m_2, m_3

c) $\vec{r}_{cm} = \int d\vec{r}_{cm} \, d\vec{t}$

$$\vec{r}_{cm} = \int \frac{1}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3} \left[10t^2 - m_1 v_{1i}^2 + m_2 v_{2i}^2 + m_3 v_{3i}^2 \right] d\vec{t}$$

$$\vec{r}_{cm} = \frac{1}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3} \left[10t^2 - m_1 v_{1i}^2 + m_2 v_{2i}^2 + m_3 v_{3i}^2 \right] t$$

d)