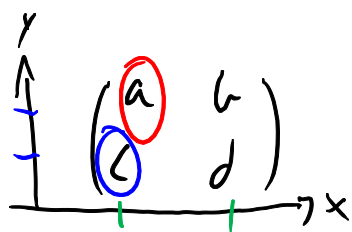


2.



$$M[1,1] = a$$

$$M[2,1] = c$$

$$a, b, c, d$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \lambda - a_{11} & -a_{12} \\ -a_{21} & \lambda - a_{22} \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda - a_{11})(\lambda - a_{22}) - (-a_{12} \cdot -a_{21})$$

$$(\lambda - a_{11})(\lambda - a_{22}) -$$

$$\lambda^2$$

$$- \lambda a_{22} - a_{11} \lambda - a_{11} \cdot -a_{22} - a_{12} \cdot a_{21}$$

$$c$$

$$\begin{cases} a_{11}x + a_{12}y = \lambda x \\ a_{21}x + a_{22}y = \lambda y \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{x(\lambda - a_{11})}{c} = y \\ \frac{-a_{12}x}{c - \lambda} = y \end{cases}$$

$$a_{11} \cdot a_{22} - a_{11} \lambda - a_{12} \cdot a_{21} - a_{22} \lambda + \lambda^2$$

$$(\lambda^2)(a_{11} \lambda - a_{22} \lambda) + (a_{11} \cdot a_{22} - a_{12} \cdot a_{21})$$

$$a_{22}x - \lambda x + c$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$x^2 = 4 - y^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{4 - y^2}$$

