

Quiz name: **Java 111 Chapter 6 (from version 1)**Date: **11/03/2015**Question with Most Correct Answers: **#9**Total Questions: **10**Question with Fewest Correct Answers: **#8**

1. When instantiating an ArrayList, a size must be provided.

- 1/12 ☐ A True
- 10/12 ☒ B False

2. What is the proper way to create an ArrayList that will hold Egg objects?

- 0/12 ☐ A `ArrayList myEggList = new Eggs();`
- 0/12 ☐ B `ArrayList myEggList = new Array();`
- 11/12 ☒ C `ArrayList<Egg> myEggList = new ArrayList<Egg>();`
- 0/12 ☐ D `ArrayList myEggList = new Egg();`

3. What is the proper way to add an Egg object to an ArrayList of Eggs called myEggList? Assume I have created an Egg object like this: `Egg myEgg = new Egg();`

- 0/12 ☐ A `myEggList.egg = newEgg();`
- 0/12 ☐ B `myEggList[0] = new Egg();`
- 11/12 ☒ C `myEggList.add(myEgg);`
- 0/12 ☐ D `myEggList[1].add(myEgg);`

4. What is the proper way to find out how many eggs are in an ArrayList named myEggList?

- 0/12 ☐ A `int eggQuantity = myEggList.length;`
- 0/12 ☐ B `int eggQuantity = myEggList.size;`
- 0/12 ☐ C `int eggQuantity = myEggList.eggCount;`
- 10/12 ☒ D `int eggQuantity = myEggList.size();`
- 0/12 ☐ E `int eggQuantity = myEggList.count();`

5. What is the proper way to determine if the ArrayList named myEggList contains myPinkEgg?

- 10/12 ☒ A `boolean isPinkyInList = myEggList.contains(myPinkEgg);`
- 0/12 ☐ B `String isPinkyInList = myEggList.contains(myPinkEgg);`
- 0/12 ☐ C `boolean isPinkyInList = myEggList.(0) == myPinkEgg;`
- 1/12 ☐ D `myEggList.equals myPinkEgg;`

6. What is the proper way to check if the ArrayList named myEggList is empty?

0/12

A

`int idx = myEggList.indexOf(myEgg);`

11/12

B

`boolean hasEggs = myEggList.isEmpty();`

0/12

C

`boolean hasEggs = myEggList.contains(new Egg());`

0/12

D

`boolean hasEggs = myEggList.length > 0;`

7. Write the code to remove myPinkEgg from the ArrayList named myEggList.

Anon 0f371

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg);`

Anon 95f45

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg);`

Anon ea75f

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg);`

Anon a63c7

`myEggList.rmeove(myPinkEgg);`

Anon 907be

`really not sure. :/`

Anon 2ef9f

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg);`

Anon 01376

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg);`

Anon 45ee6

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg);`

Anon eb0bc

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg);`

Anon 27689

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg);`

Anon cf683

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg)`

Anon 78835

`myEggList.remove(myPinkEgg);`

8. Write the code to retrieve the second item in the ArrayList named myStrings and store it in a String variable called theString.

Anon 0f371

`String theString = myStrings[1];`

Anon 95f45

`String theString = myStrings.get(1);`

Anon ea75f

`String theString = myStrings.indexOf(1);`

Anon a63c7

`myStrings.get(1);`

Anon 2ef9f

```
String theString = myStrings[2];
```

Anon 01376

```
String theString = myStrings.indexOf(1);
```

Anon 45ee6

```
String theString = myStrings.get(2)
```

Anon eb0bc

```
String theString = myStrings[1];
```

Anon 27689

```
String theString = myStrings.get(1);
```

Anon cf683

```
String theString = myStrings.index(2);
```

Anon 78835

```
not sure :(
```

9. An import statement saves you from having to type out the full name of classes.

12/12



True

0/12



False

10.

Import statements will make your classes bigger because they actually compile the imported class or package into your code.

4/12



True

8/12



False